

Second Edition.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 20, 1852.

We are requested to intimate, that the Northumberland Agricultural Society's Annual Exhibition will take place To-morrow, (Wednesday) in the Hall of the Soas of Temperance, Chatham.

The Judges will have awarded the Prizes, and the articles brought for competition will be ready for public inspection by 11 o'clock, A. M.

As the Hall will be warm and comfortable, the public—male and female—are invited to step up and examine the productions of the County. We are much mistaken if they do not see as fine samples of Grains, home-manufactured Cloth, and Dairy Produce as the Province can boast of.

During the afternoon some of the prized Grains, &c., will be sold at Public Auction in small lots.

Jan. 20.

By Telegraph to Miramichi.

ST. JOHN, January 19.

The Asia, with Liverpool dates to the 3d of January, arrived at New York, time not stated. The America arrived home on the 29th instant.

Cotton had declined one-eighth of a penny on all the lower sorts. Flour had advanced from six pence to one shilling per barrel, and Wheat two pence per seventy pounds.

Business at Manchester and other manufacturing towns was quite brisk.

The Loan for the Canadian and Western Railroad had been completed.

Paris was perfectly tranquil. Austria was greatly agitated on account of Louis Napoleon's movements.

Turkey was very much excited since the Premier's death. The Sultan had issued a decree protecting the Christians.

The schr Daring, Fought, master, from Newfoundland, supposed to have been lost off Cutera, reached St. Thomas, on the 23d December, with damage.

In the Supreme Court, to-day, a man named Abraham Loudy, was convicted of uttering and passing forged notes of the Bank of New Brunswick, and sentenced to four years imprisonment in the Provincial Penitentiary.

Nothing of local interest. Weather very cold.

VIA QUEBEC AND ST. JOHN.

Boston, 16th January.

The Governor of Massachusetts, in his Message to the State Legislature, recommends intervention on the part of the United States in the affairs of Europe, and the requirement of a distinct declaration on the part of Austria and Russia, as to their future purposes.

At the latest dates from France, Paris was perfectly tranquil. The result of the Elections was as follows—

Whole number of votes,	8,116,773
For Louis Napoleon,	7,439,216
His actual majority,	6,788,479

He was inaugurated on Thursday, the 1st instant. The ceremony passed off quietly.

On Wednesday evening M. Barochy addressed a speech to the President in presenting the result of the election; to which Napoleon replied at some length.

A correspondent of the London Globe says that Napoleon constitutionally assures persons about him, and the diplomatic corps, that he desires peace, as it is the only means of placing the commerce and agriculture of France on a good footing. The Tuilleries will henceforth be the official residence of the President.

Louisville, January 16.

The Steamer Martha Washington, bound to New Orleans, was burnt at Island No. 65, below Memphis. A man, his wife, and two children, passengers in the cabin, and one deck passenger, were burnt to death. Three minutes after the boat took fire she was completely enveloped in flames.

St. John, January 19.

Messrs Hincks, Young, and Tache, of Canada, are expected in Fredericton, to-morrow, (Tuesday).

No other news of importance.

FRANCE.—If anything could add to the horror and detestation generally felt in this country for the enormous treason of Louis Napoleon, it would be the details of the Parisian massacres which we this morning publish. Of all the miscreants who have waded through blood to thrones, none was ever guilty of blacker crime than he. The unprovoked and wanton slaughter in which his Pretorian guards quenched their ferocity

and their thirst for vengeance upon the people who three years before drove them from the capital, is as much the act of their master as the massacres of May 15, at Naples, were the act of the Bourbon butcher who ordered them. They will doom that master to a greater depth of infamy.

The same carnage took place in the Provinces. The people there made a much more determined resistance than the Government accounts—which alone have been allowed to see the light in France—have indicated, and the butchery has been in full proportion. It is certain that the upholders of law and the peoples' rights yielded only to bayonets and bullets, disheartened as they were by the suddenness of the blow, its success in Paris, and the almost universal recreancy of the magistrates and officials residing among them. To this an admirable exception is found in the action of the Council-General of Morbihan, which solemnly protested against the usurpation, and was treated accordingly by the usurper. The Government has held up every attempt at armed resistance as the proof of a general desire to kill and rob,—which it calls Socialism,—among the working people of the country. This has no doubt been an efficacious bugbear, and has secured the support of many of the wealthy and trading classes. And it is more than probable that, in some places, the turbulent and starving, feeling themselves freed from all restraints of law, made haste to spoliat their wealthy neighbors; and certainly they were not without an authoritative example in the act of the president himself. But it is out of the question to suppose that the mass of the population, who, without concert or preparation, rose simultaneously in all parts of the country, to save France from the threatened outrage, was actuated by a desire for pillage and bloodshed. So absurd a calumny should be universally scouted, at least in the United States.—N. Y. Tribune.

Persons desirous of having their Children Vaccinated, will please call upon Dr. THOMSON, at his residence in Chatham, on Mondays. And on Thursdays at his Surgery in Newcastle, from 10, A. M., to 4, P. M.

Notice.

At a General Session of the Peace of our Lady the Queen, held at the Court House, Newcastle, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, in the year of our Lord one Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty Two,

Ordered, That Alexander Davidson, Esq., Oak Point, William Parker, Donald McKay, Jared Tozer, James L. Price, Edward Williston, and Alexander Saunders, be a Committee, to prepare a FISHERY LAW for this County, and make a Report of the same on Saturday the 24th inst., to the General Sessions, and that Edward Williston be the convener of the Committee.

Extract from the Minutes.

EDWARD WILLISTON, Deputy Clerk of the Peace, Northumberland.

The above Committee will meet at the Clerk's Office, Newcastle, on WEDNESDAY, next, the twenty first instant, at ten o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of preparing the necessary Fishery Law, to lay before the General Sessions, in pursuance of the above order, when it is expected and requested that all the Members of the Committee will be punctual in their attendance; and any inhabitant that can furnish any useful information on the subject, the committee will be much obliged for such information, and would request all persons possessed thereof to impart the same to the committee within the time named.

EDWARD WILLISTON, Newcastle, 17th January, 1852.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

The Subscribers beg to inform the inhabitants of Miramichi and the surrounding country, that they have on hand a large STOCK of the following GOODS, which they offer for sale cheap for Cash or approved credit.

- Chests, half chests, and boxes TEA,
- Hhds Brown SUGAR,
- Barrels Crushed Sugar,
- Punchons Molasses,
- Punchons RUM,
- Boxes Tobacco,
- Boxes Soap and Candles.
- Barrels CORN MEAL,
- Barrels BEEF and PORK,
- Boxes Raspberry and Lemon SYRUP,
- Boxes assorted CONFECTIONS,
- Half boxes assorted Window Glass,
- Boxes Starch,
- Boxes, half boxes, & quarter-boxes Raisins,
- Boxes Ground Pepper,
- Boxes Ground Ginger,
- Kegs Green and White Paint,
- Barrels Pilot and Navy Broad,
- Barrels ONIONS,
- Kegs Cut Nails,
- Boxes Cigars.

With a good assortment of Mens', Boys', and Children's BOOTS and SHOES.

- Satinets and Tweeds,
- Printed and unbleached COTTONS,
- Tick, and Striped Shirting,
- ROOM PAPERS,
- Chairs and Trunks,
- Looking Glasses,
- Wool Cards,
- Corn Brooms, Buckets, and a great variety of other articles.

BURKE & NOONAN.

Fall and Winter Goods.

GLASGOW HOUSE,

Commercial Building, Chatham, Miramichi.

The Proprietor of this Cheap Store, returns his most grateful thanks to the inhabitants of Chatham, and the surrounding country, for the very liberal patronage he has received since he has been in business, and begs to inform them that he has received a large and well-selected stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

per brig Marsden, from Liverpool, which he is determined to sell at unusually low prices. The Stock consists of—black, brown, blue, and other shades of heavy Beaver and Pilot CLOTHS; superfine Broad Cloths; plain, checked and striped double milled Cassimeres and Doeskins; heavy twilled Flannels; red, blue, green, yellow, and printed Salisbury Flannel; Blankets, and heavy flannel Quilts, wadded and quilted; mens' and boys' glazed, cloth, Tweed, fur, Ceneth, plush, Venetian, sable, and seamens' comical leather CAPS; India-rubber and glazed Sou'-westers; plain and figured Orleans, Coburgs, Alpaccas, and Lama Cloths, all shades and colors; black flowered Aprons; 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, and 8-4 quarter wool handkerchiefs and shawls; 7-4, 8-4 long shawls; black Indiana handkerchiefs and shawls; printed calicoes, all prices and patterns; blue and white tiro blues, and blue and orange stout calicoes; heavy Scotch Gingham; apron check; striped and fancy regatta shirting; bed tick, grey and white cottons, long cloths, Scotch holland long lawn, cambric and muslin handkerchiefs, laces, edgings, blonds, sprig and plain nets, check, medium, mull, book, Swiss, tarleton, striped and flowered window blind Muslins; brown and white stays, umbrellas, carpet bags, cashmere and cloth gloves, lambs wool and worsted socks and stockings, childrens' Paisley socks and mitts, warm shaded cravats and mufflers, cotton, silk and cotton, and all silk pocket and neck handkerchiefs, satin scarfs, ladies' black straw, colored and grey Manilla Bonnets, cap and bonnet frames, bonnet and cap ribbons, cuffs and victorines, gale and worsted plaids, ladies' made cloaks and cloak materials and trimmings, twilled and plain colored linings, Sileases, Casbans, black and brown hollands, bleached Irish Linens, plain and check'd drills and mole-skins, tailors' trimmings, buttons, threads silk twist, bindings, black, drab and colored silk and cotton Velvets, black, white and colored cotton spools, pins, needles, hooks and eyes, knitting, cotton and worsted tapes, &c.

Ready-made Clothing,

Consisting of plain, striped and check doe skin shooting jackets, camel's hair, mixed, whitney, brown, beaver, and blue over coats, flushing, pilot and beaver reefers, dark valentia, black satin, tweed, and other warm sleeve vests; ladies' and gent's boots, shoes, and slippers; gentlemen's long wollen plaids, &c. Business will be carried on as usual under the fair system of no second price.

M. RYAN, Proprietor.

Chatham, October 6, 1851.

N.B.—Having arranged with a first-rate Tailor, to make for the establishment, persons wishing to select the cloth for themselves can get Coats, Vests, and Trowsers made to measure, cheap, and a good fit warranted.

M. R.

FOR SALE.

The DWELLING HOUSE and LANDS, on the West side of King Street, formerly occupied by the late William Porteous, deceased, now occupied by Michael Leonard. The Two Acre FIELD with the BARN thereon, fronting the South side of the Wellington Road, bounded below by Lands of M. Samuel, Esq., and above by the Peter Brown Lands; also, about nine Acres of LAND, on the James Brown Lot, lately occupied by William Crain. The Two Story DWELLING HOUSE, at the Corner of Queen and Water Streets, occupied by William Johnston. The One Story DWELLING HOUSE, fronting on Water Street, lately occupied by Mr Andrew Mason. The DWELLING HOUSE fronting the East side of Queen Street, containing three tenements, at present occupied by Tenants. A Lot fronting 54 feet on the North side of Water Street, and extending back 70 feet. The above properties were recently owned by Mr WILLIAM JOHNSTON, and will be sold in Lots to suit purchasers, and on reasonable terms. For particulars apply at the office of

KERR & THOMSON.

Chatham, 6th December 1851.

Notice to the Public.

The Post Office Act passed during the last Session of the Legislature of this Province, authorising the transmission by Post, to and from the United Kingdom, of Books, Pamphlets, &c., at reduced rates of Postage, not having received the Royal Assent, the Public are hereby cautioned that all Books, Pamphlets, &c., at present forwarded through the Post, to and from the United Kingdom, are liable to full Letter Rates of Postage.

Due notice will be given when the provisions of the Book Post, above referred to, come into operation.

J. HOWE, P. M. G.

General Post Office, St. John, 20th Dec., 1851.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of MILLER & BELL, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said Firm will make payment to, and all claims against the said Firm will be presented to Benjamin Miller for payment.

BENJAMIN MILLER, GEORGE B. BELL.

The Business will be carried on in the same shop, by Benjamin Miller. December 31, 1851.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened the shop adjoining the store of Mr Wm. E. Samuel, where he intends keeping a stock of every description of LEATHER for sale, wholesale and retail. Purchasers can obtain any quantity, from a hide to a half-sole. He expects shortly to receive from Boston an assortment of

SHOEMAKERS' FINDINGS

of all kinds, which he will dispose of at low prices. Cash or leather given for Hides.

JOHN NICHOLSON.

Chatham, October 18, 1851.

FOR SALE.

All that Valuable FARM and Premises situate near the town of Newcastle, owned and lately occupied by the Hon. J. A. STREET, containing about 200 acres, 60 of which are fenced, cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. The premises are well watered, and have a good, comfortable Dwelling House, and the necessary Barns and Outhouses thereon. Also, together with the above, or separately, the Wood Lot, containing 200 acres, situate in rear thereof.

Also, the Lot A, situate on both sides of the Semiwan River, in the Parish of Nelson, containing 250 acres, granted to Mr Street, and known as the Semiwan Meadows.

Also, the Lot of Land, containing 295 acres, situate between the Semiwan and the South West branch of the Miramichi River, in the Parish of Nelson, known as Lot No. 1, granted to George McGrigor, deceased.

If the above premises are not disposed of by private bargain on or before the First day of May next, they will on that day, at twelve o'clock, noon, be offered for sale by Public Auction, in front of Hamill's Hotel, Newcastle. For terms and particulars apply to the Hon. J. A. Street, Fredericton, or to Messrs Street & Davidson, Newcastle. If by letter post paid.

Newcastle, December 1, 1851.

NOTICE.

All persons having any just claims against the Estate of JAMES FOREIN, late of Bathurst, in the County of Gloucester, Farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested, to the Subscriber, within three months; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

MARY FOREIN, Administratrix. Bathurst, December 8, 1851.

Notice.

All persons having just claims against the Estate of JOHN MANDERSON, late of Chatham, Farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within three months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

GEORGE KERR, Administrator. Chatham, December 19, 1851. 3m

NOTICE.

All persons having any just claims against the Estate of JOHN LYNCH, late of the Parish of Newcastle, Farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, to the subscriber, within three months; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

ALEX. GOODFELLOW, Administrator. Newcastle, 11th October, 1851.

New Brunswick.

House of Assembly.

The following were adopted as Standing Rules in the Session of 1851:

37th. That no Bill of a private nature, or Petition for money or relief, shall be received by the House after the fourteenth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive; and that the Clerk of this House do, one month previous to the opening of the Legislature, cause fifty printed copies of this Rule to be sent to each of the Clerks of the Peace in the several Counties for distribution, and cause the same to be inserted in the Royal Gazette, and two Newspapers in such County where Newspapers are published.

38th. That this House will sustain no application for allowance to Teachers of Common or Parish Schools, unless it shall be certified by at least two Trustees of Schools for the Parish where such School has been taught, shewing the time actually taught—the Teacher to be licensed—the cause why such Teacher was not certified to the Sessions in the ordinary way—and that such Teacher was not compelled to discontinue his or her School on account of any improper conduct.

CHAS. P. WETMORE, Clerk.