

Nett amount of sales of Ram Lambs,	7 0 0
Nett amount of sales of Garden Seeds,	0 18 0
Subscriptions and Donations received to 1st January 1853,	6 15 0
	171 17 10
EXPENDITURE.	
Premiums paid at Grain Show 10th February, 1852.	23 8 0
Secretary's Salary for past year, ending February 1852,	7 10 0
Wm Branch, Premiums at Show and Matting Bags,	1 6 6
Stationary omitted last year's acct.	0 5 0
Mr Pierce, Printing and Advertising Grain Show,	3 8 0
Invoice 2 bbls Clover Seed imported,	12 11 3
Smith and Hadley, for Hay Seed,	2 6 3
Invoice of Grain Riddles, and Charges and Duties,	31 8 1
Invoice of Ram Lambs, and Charges,	23 15 1
Robert Moody, for carriage of articles to Exhibition,	3 0 0
Prizes at Cattle Show in October 1852,	16 5 0
Mr Pierce Printing in full to Annual Meeting,	5 9 0
Postages,	0 8 4
Office Rent and Fuel,	1 0 6
Balance unappropriated, 1st January 1853,	49 17 5
	£271 17 10

(To be continued.)

## WEDNESDAY'S MAIL.

## CALIFORNIA.

The steamship United States, Captain Wm. C. Berry, with the details of the California intelligence of the 1st instant, arrived at New York on Monday morning last. She left Aspinwall on the 18th inst, at half past 5 P. M., and Kingston, J. A., on the 21st, at 3 P. M.

The news from California is of little interest.

The floods had nearly subsided, but the roads were still in an almost impassable condition, and the sufferings of the inhabitants of the interior, from the want of provisions, were truly heart-rending. The supply of flour at Nevada and its vicinity was entirely exhausted. The miners in some places were sustaining life on scraps they had previously thrown away.

We have accounts of the terrible destruction of property by freshet in Oregon. Several buildings had been swept away in Oregon City, and the face of the Willamette river was at one time covered with floating dwellings, saw mills, &c.

The health of the Isthmus continued good and the mines were improving.

The shock of an earthquake was felt at Santa Barbara on the 29th ult.

**GREAT EXCITEMENT IN CALAVERAS COUNTY.—GENERAL EXPULSION OF THE MEXICANS.**—It is well known that during the winter months a band of Mexican marauders have infested Calaveras county and weekly we received the details of dreadful murders and outrages committed in the lonely gulches and solitary outposts of that region. The farmers lost their cattle and horses, the trader's tent was pillaged, and the life of every traveller was insecure. Success had recently emboldened this band of villains to commence a system of outrage more daring still in the very heart of the populous settlements. From the neighbourhood of Andreas, in one night, they stole seventy horses, and every evening the news arrived in camp of some fresh murder or robbery.

This band is led by a robber named Joaquin, a very desperate man, who was concerned in the murder of four Americans some time ago at Turnersville.

On Friday night another man was murdered at Yankee Camp, and about the same time a Chinaman was found dead at Bay State Ranch, and an American at Foreman's Ranch.

This was beyond human endurance, and five men, on Saturday, left Yankee Camp, resolved to find the camp of the villains and came upon some twelve of them in the neighbourhood of San Andreas, with a large number of animals in their possession. The party found they were not strong enough to make the attack, and they returned to San Andreas for an addition to their force. In the meantime, the robbers proceeded (in the night time,) to the Phoenix mills. Two men were asleep in the house at the time, but were awoke by the firing of guns by the Mexicans. Both of these Americans were killed, though not until they had mortally wounded one of the gang. The robbers then left, leaving their wounded comrade to take care of himself. He crawled to a tent some distance down the river, but was tracked by his blood on the following morning, and disposed of by the enraged people. Joaquin

(as we understand,) committed other outrages on the same night.

We are glad to hear that one of the gang has been caught at Yankee Camp, and another at Cherokee Branch. Both were immediately strung up.

The entire Mexican population has been driven from San Andreas and the forks of the Calaveras. The greatest excitement prevails in every direction. If an American meets a Mexican, he takes his horse, his arms, and bids him leave. The Americans engaged in the band are divided into gangs, and are stationed in every part of the county.

The Columbia Gazette of January the 22nd, says: Although we had not visited many of the camps this week, yet we are pleased to learn that the miners generally are doing better than they have at any time previous since last summer. Columbia Gulch is crowned with "toms," and the miners in many of the claims are making wages.

The miners generally in the vicinity of Gold Springs are doing well. On the flat, about a mile below the town, new and rich diggings have been discovered. The gold is very fine and pure. Some of the claims on this flat are paying twenty dollars a day to the hand.

Gold dust comes in abundance, and the diggings, wherever heard from, are better than ever previous to the flood.

**STILL LATER.**—The Steamer Georgia from Aspinwall with the California mails, nearly two million and a-half in gold, and 317 passengers, arrived at New York on Tuesday last at noon. She brings nothing additional of interest, however.—*San Joaquin Republican.*

## NOVA SCOTIA.

**EXCITEMENT.**—The shameful treatment which the female passengers on board the ship Winchester, now in this port, received from numbers of the crew of that vessel, has caused great excitement among a portion of our population, whose national sympathies were warmly aroused. Several of the sailors, we are sorry to learn, met with in the streets on the evening Wednesday, were badly beaten; it may turn out that the innocent, alike with the guilty, suffered. Yesterday several of the female passengers were brought before his Honor the Custos. The Hon. Attorney General being present, they were examined and sworn as to the complaints urged, and the usage received. There was a large concourse of people in the market square during the day, and some rough usage was given to one of the Winchester's crew in charge of Constables proceeding to the Police Office.

In the afternoon the Captain and Doctor of the Winchester, who had been at the Police Office, passed by our window, under an escort of constables and citizens, followed by a mob furious with demonstrations of hostility. Immediately the mob closed upon their victims, and attacked them fiercely. The Captain mysteriously escaped, but the poor Doctor, who was nearest to the street, was fearfully and savagely beaten. Being hard pressed, he fired a Pistol into the crowd twice, wounding a lad in the calf of the leg. This indiscreet act further enraged his assailants, and it is God's mercy that he was not murdered on the spot. Numerous respectable citizens, magistrates, and others, interfered to save him, but their efforts were of little avail—He was finally conveyed to the Police Office, where his wounds were dressed.

It was found necessary, in the evening, to procure a military force of 100 men, to protect those of the Ship's Crew, who were under arrest, while being removed from the Police Office to the County Jail.

George Masters was found dead in the cabin of the schooner Lark, from Windsor, at the Market Wharf, yesterday. Verdict—Suffocation from the effects of charcoal—the cabin having been closed since Tuesday night. Only two men on board.—*Halifax Sun, March 4.*

A Proclamation has been issued by His Worship the Mayor, offering a Reward of Two Hundred Dollars, "to any persons, who shall give evidence which shall lead to the conviction of any of the ringleaders or principal actors in the disturbance, on Wednesday and Thursday."

## WEST INDIES.

**FROM JAMAICA.**—The Provincial Assembly was in Session. The Governor having made the usual demand on the House for the supplies requisite to carry on the government, a debate sprung up amongst the Representatives, and continued for six hours. Ultimately the following Resolution was carried on a division:

"Under the present deeply distressed condition of the Colony, coupled with the expressed determination of the Imperial Government not to render such material aid as will afford immediate and substantial relief to the inhabitants generally, the House, feeling the absolute necessity of at once reducing the excessive amount of taxation, will not raise a sum exceeding £165,

000 to defray the public expenditure for the year 1853, exclusive of what may be necessary to meet the interest on existing debts, or any further loans that it may be deemed expedient to enter into under enactments of the present Session."

The Chairman of the committee on the Estimates of Ways and Means, in presenting his report, proposed in his speech developing his views, the abolition of the following taxes:

All Tonnage Dues, with the exception of Light House dues, a relief of	£14,000
Hereditament Tax at 61. in the pound	16,000
Income Tax	9,000
The Additional Imports	20,000
And Tax on Stock & Wheels	3,000
	£62,500

Four vessels were to arrive at Kingston during this month to convey the Coolies to Madras and Calcutta. The withdrawal of these people is condemned by the Press, on the ground that "if they leave at this juncture, few estates will be enabled to take off crop. It is estimated that from 1000 to 1200 will leave the north west side of this island."

## FRIDAY'S MAIL.

## EUROPE.

The Earl of Carlisle is likely this year to be chosen Lord Rector of Marischal College and University of Aberdeen.

The Athenæum states the advertisement duty will not be continued longer than the current year.

By Lord Melbourne's death, Lord Palmerston is said, in right of Lady Palmerston to come into possession of £20,000 a-year.

Orders have been issued to place Tilbury Fort in a good state of defence. A full company of artillery, comprising officers, non-commissioned officers, and gunners, are to be quartered there.

Mr. George Hudson, M. P. for Sunderland, has just taken possession of the Merlin Park estate in Galway. He is largely engaged in mining speculations in different parts of Ireland.

**ANOTHER OFFER FROM THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT TO A BRITISH SHIPBUILDER.**—It will be remembered that a short time ago it was rumored that the French government had made an offer to Mr. Napier the well-known Clyde shipbuilder and machinist, to build six war steamers, which, after consulting with the Admiralty, he declined. An offer has since been made to a no less eminent Clyde builder, Mr. John Wood, of Port Glasgow, to build a French men-of-war, which was promptly and decidedly refused.

**LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.**—London 3 P. M.—A despatch has just been received at the Foreign Office, announcing that an attempt has been made to assassinate the Emperor of Austria, who was slightly wounded. The assassin had been arrested.

General Radetsky has issued a proclamation confiscating the property of the insurgents at Milan.

The University of Pavia is shut until further orders.

Slight disturbances had taken place throughout the Roman states.

A telegraph despatch at the News Room via Quebec, announces the arrival at New York, on Sunday evening, of the steamship Baltic, with Liverpool dates to the 23d ult., four days later.

The Africa arrived at Liverpool on the 23d.

The attempt to assassinate the Emperor of Austria was made by a Hungarian, who slightly wounded the Emperor with a poignard.

At Liverpool, Wheat was from 1d to 2d lower, and Four 6d lower. Corn to arrive 6d lower; on the spot, dull but unchanged. Doubtful rumours prevail of contemplated relations between England and France as a counterpoise to the northern powers.

The frontier of Lombardy is closely blockaded.

Several parties connected with the Milan insurrection have been hung.

The London Advertiser says that an extensive conspiracy has been discovered in Hungary, and the country was very unsettled.

Hostilities were resumed between Turkey and the Montenegrins, but not, as reported between Turkey and Austria.

The Austrian Mission to Constantinople was unsuccessful.

## WEST INDIES.

**LATER FROM HAVANA.**—The U. S. mail steamship Crescent City, Capt. Rodney Baxter, commander, has arrived at New York from New Orleans via Havana, in five days and 11 hours from the latter port. A letter of the 20th says:

Mr King was upon the estate of Mr Jenks, near the city. His health is not improved materially.

The British line of battle ship Cumber-

land, Sir John Seymour, left port yesterday, arrived 17th; having asked a few questions of the Captain General, and received satisfactory replies, in relation to the slave trade, &c.

The U. S. mails, after leaving the office of the agents of the steamer, on their way to the vessels, have been seized and searched by order of the Captain General; last mails by the Black Warrior, and also by the Empire City for New Orleans yesterday.

## UNITED STATES.

**ANOTHER WEBSTER AND PARKMAN TRAGEDY.**—A letter in the Lynchburg (Va) Express, from the Kanawha Salines, states that a man named Stogbin went to the house of a neighbour to pay him several hundred dollars he owed him. As he was not seen afterwards, his friends instituted inquiries for him, and finally searched the house where he had gone, without success, until one of them commenced scraping the ashes off a large fire place, and to his surprise found several human teeth and the cheek bone; also part of the flesh supposed to be that of the missing man. The occupant of the house was immediately arrested.

**INAUGURATION OF THE NEW PRESIDENT.**—Gen Pierce, the now President of the United States, was inaugurated at Washington on Friday last.—The ceremonies were opened with prayer, for the first time since the inauguration of the elder Adams.

The New York Herald announces the Cabinet of President Pierce as follows:—W. L. Marcy, Secretary of State; James Guthrie, Secretary of the Treasury; R. McLelland, Secretary of the Interior; J. C. Dobbin, Navy; Caleb Cushing, Attorney General; James Campbell, Post Master General.

Col. Benton is quite dissatisfied with the selection of Gen. Cushing as a member of the Cabinet. He has stated he called on General Pierce and denounced the appointment.

**FIREMAN'S RIOT.**—A terrible riot took place at New York on Saturday night, among some fire companies, in which several members were very seriously injured.

Gen. Pierce attended the Presbyterian Church in Ninth street to-day.

The Presidential Inauguration Ball has been abandoned, in deference to the feelings of General Pierce.

**STUPENDOUS FRAUDS BY THE NEW YORK COMMON COUNCIL.**—Two Aldermen indicted!—A good deal of excitement has been occasioned in New York by the discovery of a systematic system of bribery and corruption, carried on for some time past by the Common Council of that City, and which has just been brought to light. Rumours of fraud and malfeasance on the part of public officers connected with the City Government, having obtained currency, the Recorder directed the Grand Jury to investigate the matter. The result has been that the most flagrant acts of bribery and corruption have been proven against the common Council, notwithstanding the difficulty of obtaining witnesses, and the reluctance of those who attend to give proper answers. The presentment of the Grand Jury goes fully into the matters under investigation.

The Grand Jury rendered true bills of indictment against Alderman W. Smith and Alderman Jas. M. Baird.

The frauds perpetrated by the Council have been on a most extensive scale, and it is estimated by the New York Mirror that the city has been robbed of one million of dollars by its rulers! A reform of the Charter is loudly demanded.

## SATURDAY'S MAIL.

## CANADA.

**THE HOUSE.**—On Wednesday night the discussion on the second reading of the Bill to increase the representation, was resumed. Mr Brown moved the following amendment:—"That the representation of the people in Parliament should be based upon population, and the number of members of the House of Assembly gradually enlarged, with the progressive increase of population, upon a fixed ratio of representation, and without any regard to any separating line between Upper and Lower Canada." On this amendment, considerable discussion took place, and it is hardly to be wondered at, for a more ungenerous motion, to say the least of it, could hardly have been introduced.

We observe by a paragraph in the London Morning Advertiser that the English Ministry have requested Lord Elgin to prolong his stay in Canada.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

## UNITED STATES.

The following paragraph is taken from the New York Herald:—

Intense anxiety still exists in Charlestown, Mass. concerning the fate of the young Irish girl who was recently converted to Protest-