

neighbourhood. The smallest of these is about 300 tons burthen—the largest 1200—average of the whole 16, say 800 tons. The demand for ships next year, it is said, will be greater than has ever yet been known to our builders, which will certainly be cheering news to the Province.—*Morning News.*

**CANADA GOLD.**—The Sherbrook Gazette says, in reference to the discovery of gold in that town, that on the bank of the Mogog, from a shovel full of dirt, several small lumps were obtained, indicating that an experienced hand would earn from two or three dollars a day, by washing similar dirt. The editor hopes that the tide of emigration may be turned from California to Canada.—*St. John Newbrunswick.*

**GOLD IN CANADA.**—Mr Logan, the provincial geologist, has returned to Montreal, from Sherbrooke, and reports much larger deposits of gold there than on the Chaudiere.

**WEST INDIES.**

**Jamaica.**—We have files of the Kingston papers to the 11th instant.

Two shocks of an earthquake were felt at Kingston, early on the morning of the 9th inst. Both of them were very slight.

The Kingston Journal, on authority of a letter from a member of the Provincial Legislature, on a visit to England, states that Lord Harris, the present Governor of Trinidad, has accepted the Governorship of Jamaica, and that it is expected he will assume the government before the end of the present year.

The Jamaica papers furnish some particulars of the late earthquake in St. Jago de Cuba, on the 26th November, a brief mention of which has been previously made. The following is an abridgement of a translation from El Redactor de Santiago, published in the Kingston Standard:—

An earthquake as violent and of longer continuance than that which occurred on the 20th of August last took place soon after 3 o'clock this morning.

According to the best calculations we have made, the direction of the earthquake was from north to south.

The destruction is great. We can only at this moment afford our readers a brief detail of the disasters that have emanated from the event.

[Here follows a long list of buildings destroyed and injured.]

The mercantile establishments have suffered much and great loss is sustained. In fact, so destructive an earthquake has never before been felt in Cuba.

In the house attached to the Exchequer Office, there were two girls, a black and a brown, who escaped with only a few bruises about the ruins. We are informed of the following strange event that transpired in the house of Don Jose Maria Rodriguez: During the commotion of the earth a female child was asleep in its bed, beside one of the walls within the house, while its mother and a little girl were reposing at the other side in an adjoining chamber, and near to a third wall. Both walls fell, yet neither of the three received any injury.

Among the shipping, some individuals were playing at draughts, during the earthquake, some of whom threw themselves into the sea, so violent were the undulations.

The edifices attached to the estate called Ignoranda have all been destroyed; fortunately there were no persons in them at the time.

**SUNDAY'S MAIL.**

**NOVA SCOTIA.**

**The Railways.**—We understand that Mr Howe had an interview with the Earl of Derby, and three or four with the Colonial Secretary. We are pleased to learn that the Government have re-opened the negotiations, and that Her Majesty's Ministers will be prepared to give the most favorable consideration to any propositions which the Province may make in due form, on the basis of Major Robinson's Line.

The responsibility, resources, and capacity of Messrs. Sykes, Brookfield, and Kings, have been ascertained to be all that their best friends could wish.

An important clause in Mr Jackson's proposition, by which it appeared that in case the Bonds of the Province did not rise to 15 per cent the Government was to make up the difference has been struck out.

So far, so well. But Mr Howe has not been content to leave his country at the mercy of any contractors, however high-minded or adventurous. He has therefore brought with him estimates from disinterested parties, backed by tenders from persons who will supply, at the prices named, every article that Nova Scotia would require to import to make 300 miles of Railroad. He has also completed an arrangement with one of the first houses in London, by which Nova Scotia can command a million sterling on her own credit, to do the work, if she so decides, with cash in hand, and without reference to who may be the Contractors.

The upshot of all this is, that the country is

now free to make either the Main Trunk Line by itself or the Main Line and both the branches. It can do its own work, on the strength of its own resources, even if no aid be given by the Imperial Government; and it has the near prospect of that aid, if the kindly disposition of the present Cabinet is rendered available, by wise and prudent conduct, for the elevation and advancement of British America.

**Cape Breton.**—A railway meeting was held in Sydney on the 16th instant.

To take into consideration the prospective action of the Legislature of this province with reference to the construction of railways in Nova Scotia proper—whether any and what advantages are likely to accrue to the inhabitants of this island from their completion; and further, to take into consideration the steps necessary to be adopted towards furthering the project of opening St. Peter's Canal, and a canal on the Portage of this country.

**NEW-BRUNSWICK.**

**Reciprocity.**—The importance to the United States of a Reciprocal Free trade with the Provinces is daily becoming more felt in the manufacturing States, and in newspapers, lectures pamphlets, &c., the question is now discussed with much earnestness. The object of the writers in all these cases necessarily is to prove, that while Reciprocity would be highly advantageous to many interests it could cause little or no injury to any.—*St. John Freeman.*

**EUROPE.**

By the arrival of the U. S. Mail Steamer Franklin, (short of coals,) we have accounts from London, Southampton and Havre, to 13th inst. inclusive; and from Paris by Telegraph to 12th inst.

Owing to the Sunday intervening between the departure of the last steamer from Liverpool and the Franklin, there is little commercial or political news by this packet.

The U. S. Mail Steamship Washington, which left Southampton, 8th inst., for New York, and put back in consequence of being struck by a heavy sea, was promptly repaired at Southampton and left that port again for New York, on 13th instant.

The opposition throughout England to the Budget of the Tory Ministry; was on the increase, and there was no doubt that if the Government did not withdraw it for amendment and consideration, they would be beaten in the House of Commons and a resignation would necessarily follow.

Great activity characterizes the manufacturing districts.

The Captain and other officers of the Franklin, with passengers, attended the funeral of Mr Livingstone, late American Consul at Halifax who died suddenly on Sunday, and was buried to-day (Monday) at 1-2 past 3 o'clock. Minute guns during the procession was fired from the Citadel.—*Halifax 27th December.*

**NOTICE.**

The Annual Meeting of the Highland Society, will be held at Mr White's Hotel, Chatham, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of January, 1853, at 11 o'clock, A. M.  
ALEX. MORRISON, Secretary.  
Miramichi, 30th December, 1852.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENT.**

The Subscriber has received per schooner 'Stranger,' from New York Boston, and Halifax, a large

**STOCK of GOODS,**

which he offers for sale on most reasonable terms for Cash, or three months' credit on security. Consisting of—

200 chests and half chests fine Souchong, Congou, and English breakfast Teas; 10 puncheons and five hhds. bright Porto Rico Sugar and Molasses; 200 Sides Sole, and 50 Sides best New York LEATHER; 50 boxes, half boxes, and quarter boxes Honey Dew and Cavendish Tobaccos, choice brands; a large assortment of Youths', Boys', and Childrens' Shoes; 100 bbls. extra and superfine Flour; 60 do. Cornmeal; 50 bbls. No. 1 Fat Herring; 50 quintals Halifax large shore Fish. **READY MADE CLOTHING,** in Dress, Frock, Shooting, and Sack Coats, Reefing Jackets and heavy Top Coats, suitable for the season; Pantaloons, Vests, in various styles and material; American Satinets, in different shades and colors; grey and white Cottons, printed Cottons, Cotton Flannels, Bed Ticking, Cotton Drills, striped Shirting, Jeans Denims, Galaplaids, blue, red, and white Cotton Warps, black, brown, red, green and spotted Wool; Hats, Cloth Caps in various styles, glazed, seated and plush Caps; three oxles Salmon and Herring Twines; Soap, Candles, Starch, Pepper, Mustard, Allspice, Raisins, fresh and good Apples, Onions, best Annapolis Cheese, Root and Ground Ginger, Salarates, &c., Corn Brooms, Buckets, and Crockery Ware; Patent Medicines, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, Hooper's Pills, Lee's Antibilious Pills, Medicamentum, Perry Davis's Vegetable Pain Killer, B. A. Fabenstock's Vermifuge, by the gross, dozen, or single vial, warranted the genuine; Castor Oil, Salts, &c.

The above STOCK being selected by the Subscriber for cash, enables him to sell as low as any others in the trade, by Wholesale and Retail.

JOHN BEGNALL.

Newcastle, 22nd October, 1852.

**CROWN LAND NOTICES.**

CROWN LAND OFFICE,  
November 24, 1852.

Notice is hereby given, that all Logs, Timber or other Lumber, cut without Licence upon vacant Crown Lands, or upon Lands located under the act Act 12th Victoria, Chapter 4 known as the Labour Act, or upon Lands located, on which any part of the purchase money will remain due, will be seized; and the parties found cutting or trespassing will subject themselves to all the pains and penalties of the Acts 14th Victoria, cap. 29, intituled 'An Act to revive and continue an Act to provide for the more effectual prevention of trespasses, and protection of Timber growing on the Crown Lands within this Province,' and 13th Victoria, cap. 7, intituled 'An Act for the better prevention of trespass on Crown Lands and Private Property.'

And all Seizing Officers and Deputy Surveyors are hereby required to give immediate notice to me of any trespass that may come to their knowledge.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,  
November 6, 1852.

The subjoined amended Regulations, regarding future Sales of Mining Rights, are published for the information of all concerned.

**MINING REGULATIONS.**

1. Owners of Land may apply for a Lease of the Mining Rights reserved by the Crown in the Grants of Such Lands, and the same will then be offered at public Auction, after sixty days notice. The application to be accompanied by evidence of the title, and by a plan of survey of the Land made by a Deputy Surveyor.

2. The term of the Lease will be twenty five years, and will contain a clause of renewal, or that the Government may resume and take the improvements at a valuation, to be made by Arbitrators mutually chosen by the Surveyor General for the time being, and by the Lessee or his Assigns.

3. The upset preference price to be five pounds, and payment to be made within one hour after the time of sale. A fixed rent of one shilling per chaldron on coal, and five per cent on the value of all other minerals raised, to be paid quarterly, on the first days of January, April, July and October, each year, to the Receiver General, or an Agent for that purpose to be appointed by the Government. The statement on which such payments are to be made, to be on oath.

4. That if the Lessee or his Assigns shall not actually raise coal or other mineral to the value of one hundred pounds, from his ground within any one year after the first, during the continuance of the Lease, the same shall become forfeited.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,  
December 1, 1852.

The undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Tuesday the fourth day of January next, at noon, by the respective Deputies at their offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May 1843, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.

(The right of granting Licenses for the cutting of Logs and Timber is to be reserved by the Government, after the Land has been surveyed and improved to the value of not less than ten pounds, until the first day of May next following such survey and improvements.)

(No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.)

**GLoucester.**

By Hon. James Davidson, at Pokemouche.  
60 acres, lot 8, block 44, Caraquet, O. Ache improved.  
100 acres, lot 50, block 47, Caraquet, L. Perise.

100 acres, lot 51, block 47, Caraquet, A. Albert.

100 acres, lot 52, block 47, Caraquet, J. B. Albert.

45 acres, lot 13, block A. Saippegan, Island, J. Savoy improved.

50 acres, lot 14, block A, Shippegan Island, J. Savoy.

**NORTHUMBERLAND.**

By Deputy Peters at Chatham.  
94 acres, lot 45, block 6, north side Bay du Vin, A. Buckley.

**KENT.**

By Deputy Douglas, at Pocouche.  
100 acres, lot Z, block D. Cocagne River, Jackson Miller.

100 acres, lot 102, block O, Wellington, C. McEachran.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,  
November 29, 1852.

Public Notice is hereby given, that no transfer or assignment of ungranted lands, or any interest therein, will in future be recognised by the Government, until all the purchase money is paid, nor will any Petition founded on any such assignment be submitted for the consideration of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,  
October 23, 1852.

Lot No. 10, south side of Tabusintac River, in the Indian Reserve, containing 117 acres will be offered for sale at Auction, by the Indian Commissioners, at Newcastle, on Wednesday, the 29th day of December next. Upset price 4s. per acre.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,  
December 22, 1852.

The right of Licence to cut and carry away Timber and Lumber from berths applied for by the following persons, in the under-mentioned situations, will be offered for sale by Public Auction at this Office, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of Wednesday, the 5th day of January 1853. Sale to commence at noon.

(Surveyed Lots of Land heretofore applied for, and improved to the value of ten pounds, are excepted.)

In the event of competition, the purchaser will be required to make payment within half an hour after all the berths advertised have been offered; and in case of default, the berths not paid for will be offered, for sale immediately.

Name	Sq. Miles.	Situation.
W. S. Smith	3	Upsalquitch River
do	2	Jacquet River
Wm. Loch	2	Sevogle River
John Ferguson	2	Tattagouche
do	2	Bathurst Road
R. Johnstone	2	Bay des Vent River
L. P. DesBrisay	3 1/2	North Branch Richibucto

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

**Newcastle and Douglstown Mechanics' Institute.**

The course of Lectures for the Season, in connection with the above Institution, will commence on the Evening of MONDAY, the 27th instant, at the School House in Douglstown, and on FRIDAY, the 31st inst. at the Institute in Newcastle, and will be continued weekly in each place, during the season.

The opening Lecture will be delivered by JAMES CAIE, Esq., and the Public will be admitted free. Lectures to commence at half past seven, P. M. precisely.

GEORGE WATT, Secretary.  
Newcastle, 14th December, 1852.

**Gloucester County, To Wit.**

At a Surrogate Court, holden on Wednesday, the first day of December, A. D., 1852. In the matter of the Estate of ALEXANDER McNEIL, late of the Parish of Bathurst, County aforesaid, Deceased:

Whereas, Francis Ferguson, Administrator of the Estate and Effects of the said Alexander McNeil, hath applied to me by Petition according to Law, in which it is set forth that there are no personal estate and effects of the said Intestate, to pay the debts of the Estate; and prays that a license may be granted to the Petitioner, to sell such part of the real Estate of the said Intestate, as may be deemed necessary for the payment of his debts.

I do therefore cite the Heirs, Creditors, and all others interested in the said Estate, to appear before me at my Office, in Bathurst, in the County aforesaid, on FRIDAY, the Seventh day of January next, at Eleven of the clock in the forenoon, to shew cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the said Petition should not be complied with.

HENRY W. BALDWIN,  
Surrogate Judge of Probates.

ROBERT GORDON, Registrar of Probates.

**New Fall and Winter Goods**

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

**GLASGOW HOUSE,**

Commercial Building, Chatham, Miramichi, per "Eliza Keith," from Liverpool

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

**English and Scotch Goods,**

Suitable for the season, consisting of:—

Heavy Pilots, Beavers, Broad Cloths, Doakins, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Russell Cord, Vestings, Blankets, Flannels, Quilts, Sheets, Bed Tick, Furniture Calicoes, striped and plain Onaburgs, Towels, Diaper, oil cloth and linen Table Covers, fine bleached Irish Linen and Lawns, Orleans, Lustras, Alpaccas, Coburgs, Lamas, Delaines, Printed Cashmeres, Gala Plaids, plain and fancy Tweed Cloakings, Ladies' made Cloaks, elt Bonnets, sabbie, squirrel and fitch Muffs, Cuffs and Victorines, black and coloured Zinde Naples, long and square superior Wool Shawls and Handkerchiefs—all prices and patterns, printed Calicoes, Gingham, Druggets, stripe and fancy Regatta Shirting, grey and white Cottons, Scotch Hollands, Derby Dowlas, Long Cloths, black and colored Glazed Linings, Silesias and Cashans, Muslins, Edgings, Netts, Laces, Insertions, Caps, Frames, Bonnet Cane, Ribbons, Flowers, Gloves, Stockings, Lace Veils, blue and green Gossamer, Muslin Collars and Habit Shirts, Chemizette, Mens' and Boys' for cloth, tweed, plush, glazed and sealet Caps, silk spun and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Scarfs, Neck Ties, black and colored silk and cotton Velvets, brown, black, and slate Hollands, plain and printed Drills and Moleskins, Battons, Gimps, Fringes, Jewellery and Trimmings, Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Also, a good lot of Toys, together with various small articles too numerous to mention.

M. RYAN, Proprietor.

NO SECOND PRICE.

Chatham, September 25, 1852.

Garments, as usual, made to Measure, and a good Fit warranted.

N. B. Highest price allowed for Home spun Cloth, Socks, and Mitts.