

AGRICULTURE.

From the New England Farmer.
MANURES.

Many a farmer possessed of acres of cultivated land, which in its present state is a source of neither pleasure or profit, is convinced of the necessity of increasing its productivity, but is in the dark as to how the work is to be done.

He may be unable to purchase specific manures; or from the many in general use not know which to select. Or—as many have done—he may have erred in applying foreign fertilizers. Perhaps gypsum sown on low, wet land, proved less valuable than sand from the wayside; and guano placed in the hill, killed the young corn.

Now to all who, in use of specific manures, have failed to reap the anticipated reward, we beg leave to speak of a way, in which your farms can be made more productive, and that too, at a very trifling expense. And the expenditure is an item which should enter the account of every farmer, for economy is essential prosperity.

Add first—your barn-yard, in which perhaps for want of a cellar, all your manure is thrown to be dried by the sun, and drenched by the rain, till little is left, except the worthless vegetable fibre, with which to dress your soil. Cannot some thing be done here? As it is, it may be the highway or the brook receive the liquid manure, for which your fields are languishing. And is not the air, for rods around surcharged with ammonia, which conduces to the destruction of animal life, instead of contributing to the support of the vegetable kingdom?

Why not drain that unsightly bog, or dig the turf from beside that wall, where brakes and briars grow deforming the whole field, and cart the sods and muck to your yard. The muck and loam may be of little worth if spread upon your land in their crude state; but incorporate them with your manure heap, and they become valuable by absorbing what now escapes.

And you pig styel Is it not a fit companion for the barn-yard? Is it not flooded with water? Does not your hog for want of better employment, undermine his fence, and break forth from his enclosure, to the serious injury of the garden or cornfield? Give your hog plenty of leaves, potato-tops and grass sods, and his labor will be turned to some account. He will earn you from ten to twenty dollars in the course of the season, and in the fall fill just as large a barrel as if he had spent his life in idleness or mischief.

But perhaps you say, "the substances above spoken of, as materials from which to manufacture manure, are worthless,—that spread upon the field they will not increase the crop." In their present or natural state they may be indifferent fertilizers; and so is hay, before eaten by stock and wood before reduced to ashes.

THE POTATOE ROT.

H. Penoyer, of Union County Ill., writes to St Louis Republican that he has found a perfect cure and preventive of the potato rot and which also "restores the potato to its primitive vigour and the product is not only sound but double the size consequently producing twice the quantity, on the same ground, and the vines grow much larger and retain their freshness and vitality until the frost kills them." The remedy is as follows:

"Take one peck of fine salt and mix it thoroughly half a bushel of Nova Scotia plaster or gypsum, (the plaster is the best) and immediately after hoeing the potatoes the second time, or just as the young potato begins to set, sprinkle on main vines next to the ground, a table-spoon full of the mixture to each hill and be sure to get it on the main vines as it is found that the rot proceeds from the sting of an insect in the vine, and the mixture coming in contact with the vine, kill the effects of it, before it reaches the potato.

FOLLOWING.

I put all my manure in the spring on my corn and try to get my corn where my thistles are spreading it as I plow. Within a week after my corn is dressed for the last time, I then take a spade or as many spades as I have men to work them and go at them (am sure to be there myself). Each takes a spade between the rows and passes to and fro through a patch taking every thistle out, root and branch, that the spade will fetch up. Shake off the dirt, and throw them on the ground passed over; and let the weather be moist or dry the first few hours sun will kill them dead. When this is once done, the whole work is then at least half done. I then follow them up, at intervals of a week or ten days in the same way until the corn is off the ground, or until all the thistles in the field could be put in a snuff box. They must not be suffered to get far above ground—must not be neglected. This week may be done by catching half hours, or in wet weather when plowing them would do little good.

MINIATURE FARM FOR BOYS.

Farmers furnish your boys with light, neat and good tools, and teach them how to keep them in good order, if you would have them love agriculture, and give them a little lot for their own use. If you wish to discourage them and drive them off to the city, to sea or to California give them rusty hoes, broken shovels, dull scythes, &c., to work with and not allow them to plant a seed or a tree for themselves. Every boy may have a row of corn, a row of potatoes, a patch of wheat, oats, beans, grass, and if you keep animals give him a calf, a pig, or a lamb to raise. With the products of his little farm he can supply himself with books, clothes &c.—Portland Feature Boat.

Health for New Brunswick.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF LOSS OF HEALTH, DISORDERED STOMACH, INDIGESTION AND DETERMINATION OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD.

Copy of a Letter from Mr John Lloyd, of Exeter, near Harlech, Merionethshire.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I avail myself of the first opportunity of informing you, that for a very long period I was afflicted with a dangerous giddiness and frequent swimings in the head, attended by loss of appetite, disordered stomach, and generally impaired health. Every means had failed to give me any permanent relief, and at length it became so alarming that I was really afraid of going about without an attendant. In this melancholy condition I waited personally upon Mr Hughes, Chemist, Harlech, for the purpose of consulting him as to what I had better do; he kindly recommended your Pills, I tried them without delay, and after taking them for a short time I am happy to bear testimony to their wonderful efficacy. I am now restored to perfect health, and enabled to resume my usual duties. You are at liberty to publish this letter in any way you may think proper. I am Sir, your obedient servant.

(Signed) JOHN LLOYD.

June 6th, 1852.
MIRACULOUS CURE OF DROPSY.
Extract of a Letter from Edward Rowley, Esq., of India Walk, Tobago, dated April 8, 1852.

To Professor Holloway,

Dear Sir,—I deem it a duty I owe to you and the public at large to inform you of a most miraculous recovery from that dreadful disease, Dropsy, and which, under God, was effected by your invaluable Pills. I was lapped five times within eight months, and skillfully treated by two medical practitioners, but could not get cured, until I had recourse to your remedy, and notwithstanding all I had undergone, this miraculous medicine cured me in the course of six weeks.

(Signed) EDWARD ROWLEY.
INEFFABLE CURE OF A STOMACH COMPLAINT, WITH INDIGESTION AND VIOLENT HEAD-ACHES.

Extract of a Letter from Mr S. Gowen, Chemist, of Clifton, near Bristol, dated July 14th 1852.

To Professor Holloway,

Dear Sir,—I am requested by a Lady named Thomas, just arrived from the West Indies, to acquaint you that for a period of eight years herself and family suffered from continual bad health, arising from disorders of the Liver and Stomach, Indigestion, loss of Appetite, violent Head-aches, pains in the side, weakness and general debility, for which she consulted the most eminent men in the colony, but without any beneficial result; at last, she had recourse to your invaluable Pills, which in a very short time effected so great a change for the better, that she continued them, and the whole family were restored to health and strength. Further she desires me to say, that she has witnessed their extraordinary virtues in those incidental to children, particularly in cases of Measles and Scarlatina, having effected positive cures of these diseases with no other remedy.

(Signed) S. GOWEN.
A DANGEROUS LIVER COMPLAINT AND SPASMS IN THE STOMACH EFFECTUALLY CURED.

Copy of a Letter from Mr Bostock Druggist of Ashton, under Lyne, dated July 31, 1852.

To Professor Holloway,

Dear Sir,—I have much pleasure in handing to you a testimonial of the efficacy of your Medicines. A person in this neighbourhood with whom I am well acquainted, was afflicted for a long time with violent spasmodic pains in the stomach and liver, arising from frequent colds, smells of paint, and the effects of a stooping position which he had been obliged to assume in his business. The spasms were of an alarming character, and frequently left him in a week and debilitated condition. At length he heard of the salutary effects of your invaluable Pills, and was induced to give them a trial. The first dose gave him considerable relief, and by following them up in accordance with your directions, they have acted so wonderfully in cleansing the liver and stomach, and strengthening the digestive organs that he has been restored to the enjoyment of good health. I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

(Signed) WILLIAM BOSTOCK.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Dropsy	Inflammation
Asthma	Dysentery	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Female Irregularities	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Fever of all kinds	Piles
Cancer	Gout	Rheumatism
Constipation	Head-aches	Retention of Urine
Croup	Indigestion	Sciatica
Croup	Debilty	King's evil
Croup	Stomach and Second	Symptoms
Croup	Ulcera	Venerical
Croup	Weakness from Affections	What ever cause
Croup	Weakness from Affections	What ever cause
Croup	Weakness from Affections	What ever cause

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World.

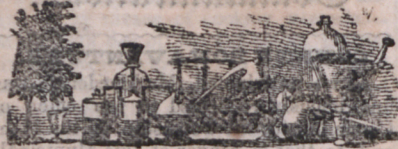
There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed on the Box.

To the Ladies—Most Important.

Just received, and for sale by the Subscribers, a large quantity of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
K. R. & W. FORBES
Chatham, September 1st, 1852.

JUDSON'S

CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF



CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,

FOR THE CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma, Liver Complaints, and

CONSUMPTION

AZOR'S

Oriental Turkish Wine.

The great remedy for General Debility, Weakness, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Bilious Disorders, a certain preventive of Fevers, &c. &c. This WINE is the most pleasant and effective Remedy for any of the above complaints, and for many others not mentioned, that has ever discovered. It is so agreeable to the taste that any one taking it soon prefers it to any Wine; while its action on the stomach and bowels is prompt and efficient, cleansing them thoroughly, and thus, by keeping the organ in which the basis of the blood is formed, in a healthy and pure state, necessarily keeps the blood pure and healthful. It is a stimulant without reaction, unlike the alcoholic preparations, which leave the system in a state of prostration. THIS WINE sends a gentle and agreeable feeling through every nerve, and its tonic properties are such that it will restore the weak and debilitated to their natural STRENGTH and VIGOR. It is composed of the Pure Wine of many of the most tonic and rare Plants in the Materia Medica, the recipe for which was obtained from a celebrated Turkish Physician, and one bottle is equal to ten of any Sarsaparilla or Blood Purifier ever before known. Then give this Oriental Wine a trial: it will speak for itself better than any recommendation or certificate; and he who tries it once will never be without it, nothing can equal it as a Diet Drink in hot climates, or on Shipboard, and no traveller should be without it. Caution.—Find the name of Comstock & Brother, and the Stamp of the Turkish Flag, on the label and cork of each bottle, WITHOUT this it cannot be genuine. All orders should be addressed to COMSTOCK & BROTHER, No. 2 St. Peter's Place, New York.

DEAFNESS.

Use Dr. LAMETTE'S ACUSTIC OIL, for the cure of Deafness. Also all those disagreeable noises, like the buzzing of insects, falling of water, whizzing of steam, which are symptoms of approaching Deafness. Persons who have been deaf for twenty years, and were subject to see ear trumpets, have after using one bottle, been made well.

Caution.—All the above named articles are sold only by Comstock & Brother, 2 St. Peter's Place, directly in rear of the Astor House, between Barclay and Vesey sts., one door from Barclay and one Block from Broadway, New York, to whom all orders must be directed. Also by Wm. Forbes and Wm. Muirhead, Chatham, Wm. Masson & Co., Geo. Watt, and M. Sargent, Newcastle. Park & Alexander, Douglastown. And by our Agents in every town in New Brunswick.

HEAR DR. POMROY.

Positive Proof—Sceptics Read.

Hampden, Feb. 24, 1846.

Messrs. J. Curtis, Jr. & Co.—Gentlemen,

I have a word to say to you, in favor of HUNTER'S COUGH SYRUP. I have the last year used in my practice two dozen bottles of it which I had of you, and every bottle has done good. For eight years past I have been in the practice of medicine, and I have never found anything so well calculated to operate so favorably in all diseases of the lungs as that is. I have known a hard, distressing cough, cured in forty-eight hours, by using (in broken doses) one bottle of it. One case here in particular, of a man who was thought to have a seated consumption, troubled with a hard, distressing cough. I let him have one bottle, and he had two more of your gift, Mr. Whitmore. After using one of these 3 bottles, he told me well, and that Hunter's Cough Syrup was the means and only means of his cure. I have given it to infants, to children, to adults, and have the pleasure to inform you that it has done good in every case.

You need not hesitate to recommend it for a cough, and also all diseases of the lungs. I shall be in my power to recommend it in the cases above named, not wholly for your benefit, but for the benefit of suffering humanity.

Yours truly,
BENJAMIN L. POMROY.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an aid and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the Ladies to her soothing Syrup for children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflammation, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand and the last year. We believe it is the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhoea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard of a complaint from any one using it—nor was a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and afflicting cures—relief is absolutely sure.

CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, Bangor, Me.

Sold by Agents in nearly every town in the State.

Thousands have been cured, why may not you?

The Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp of the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, biliousness, turn, sore throat, and gravel. It is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents—you may be positively sure of relief if you use it.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations, and will deceive and injure the patient. Price 12 1/2, 25, 50 cents per bottle, according to size.

Sold by BORN & PAUL, No. 40, Cornhill at New York.
For sale by Wm. Forbes and W. A. Letson, Chatham; Park & Alexander, Douglastown; M. M. Sargent, Newcastle; John Nickerson, J. E. Christen, and G. A. Smith, Bathurst; and by Agents in almost every town in New Brunswick.

CROWN LAND NOTICES.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,
June 4, 1853.

The undermentioned Lots of Land in the Tabusintac Indian Reserve, will be offered for sale by Auction, by the Indian Commissioners at Newcastle, on the 11th of August next, at noon upst price 4s. per acre:—

Lot A, 100 acres, north side Tabusintac River;	7, 115	do.	do.
	38, 153	do.	do.
	14, 67	do.	do.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,
June 17, 1853.

The undermentioned Lots of Land will be offered for sale by Auction, by the Indian Commissioners at Newcastle, on the 24th of August next, at noon:—

100 acres, lot 3, Big Hole, Indian Reserve;	upst price, 5s. an acre.
200 acres, lots 8 and 9, Tabusintac Reserve,	upst price, 4s. an acre.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,
June 29, 1853.

The upset rate of Mileage this year will be Twenty Shillings, and the purchasers are to have the option of taking the grounds for one year only, at the rates at which they are bid in, or for two or three years, (including the first), at the rate of Fifty Shillings per square mile for each year; unless the ground is bid off at a rate exceeding Fifty Shillings, in which case such higher rate will also be the rate on each renewal.

The mileage on all renewals to be paid in advance before the 1st of June in each year, and unless so paid the privilege to renew will be forfeited. The exceptions from each renewal of Licence will be the lots of Land applied for within it during the previous year.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,
July 5, 1853.

The undermentioned Lots of Crown Land will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Tuesday the second day of August, at noon by the respective Deputies, at their offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May 1843, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.

(The right of granting Licences for the cutting of Logs and Timber is to be reserved by the Government, after the Land has been surveyed and improved to the value of not less than ten pounds, until the first day of May next following such survey and improvements.)
(No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres, payable by instalments.)

By Deputy Douglas, at Bathurst.

60 acres, lot 75, Saint Anthony's D. Legros.
100 acres, lot 10, Township 3, S. Melanson.
100 acres, lot 11, Township 3, R. B. Cutler.
100 acres, lot 12, Township 3, S. Bourk.
160 acres, lot 60, south Township, T. Hicks

serve to be paid, 16s.

50 acres, lot 75, west, block 5, Wellington, A. Hebert improved.

50 acres, lot 57, block O, Wellington, A. Bushe.

100 acres, lot 99, block O, Wellington, N. M. McEachran.

100 acres, lot 102, block O, Wellington, D. McEachran.

100 acres, lot 4, Block N, Weldford, J. Stewart.

42 acres, lot 33, block R, Carleton, A. Bobbain.

100 acres, lot 76, block S, Carleton L. Dagle.

100 acres, lot 19, block 11, Tweedie's Brook W. S. Cate; improvements to be paid for.

(4w) R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,
July 6, 1853.

Lot No 7, south side Tabusintac, Indian Reserve, 100 acres will be offered for sale at Auction by the Indian Commissioners at Newcastle, on Wednesday the 14th day of September next, at noon; upset price 4s. an acre.

(10w) R. D. WILMOT Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,
July 1, 1853.

The Petitions of the undermentioned persons for Land under the Labour act, are complied with, but subject to a condition which will be inserted in each grant, that any ground hereafter required for the Line of Stations of any Railway, may be taken without compensation; and no Commission or order under the said Act is to be made to be done in payment for any Land as present in the occupation of any other person.

RESIDUOUS.

Daniel McAllister	Samuel Harper
William Hunter	William Harper
George Thompson	John Young
William Thompson	Robt Henderson
William Young	William Mann
William Parker	William Jones
George Young	Isaac Arsenau
Thomas Young	

ALOUETTE.

John Coombs	John Coughlan
John P. Blanchard	John Hillocks
Edward Hoduet	Robert Seeley
John B. Blanchard	Joshua LeGresley
David Coughlan	John Cowbig
Alexander Neilson	James Reardon
Patrick Flanagan	John Castin
Arsene Godin	Peter M. Kormia
John L. Boudreau	Daniel Abern
Thomas Kerr	Joseph Boudreau
Patrick M. Naughton	Hubert Landry
John Keardon	John Young
Pierre Boudreau	James Withnell
Simon Abern	William Batesman
Patrick Corway	John M. Brown
Charles LeGresley	William Smith
Michael McKernin	Robert Boyle
John Hornbrook	William Barley
Richard Coombs	John Good
Richard Seeley	James Galbraith, Jr
William Walsh	John B. Terrio
Georgie Arsenneuet	Eacholson Landry
Robert Barber, Jr	Narcis Ache
Dominic Terrio	Odilon Ache
Joseph Terrio	Pierre Ache
Joseph Terrio	Francis Dache
John Calnan	Thomas Roy
Alexander Meur	James Lisk
Nicholas Bateman	Charles Ache
Placide Boudreau	Tranquille Blanchard
Valaire Godin	Nell Godin
Avier Griseau	Joseph Porrier
Vital Lousteur	Thomas Blanchard
Just Ache	Mamuel Blanchard
Argentine Ache	William Godin
John B. Godin	Alexander Brown
Urban Coombs	George Taylor

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Patrick M. Naughton	Hubert Landry
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