

THE GLEANER:

AND NORTHUMBERLAND, KENT, GLOUCESTER AND RESTIGOUCHE
COMMERCIAL AND AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL.

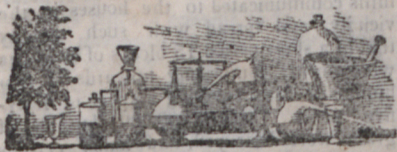
[Old Series] NEC ARANEARUM SANE TEXTUS IDEO MELIOR, QUIA EX SE FILA GIGNUNT, NEC NOSTER VILIOR QUIA EX ALIENIS LIBAMUS UT APES. [Comprised 13 Vol-

NEW SERIES VOL. XII.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 18, 1853.

NO. 29.

JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF



CHEERRY AND LUNGWORT,
FOR THE CURE OF
**Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting
of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma,
Liver Complaints, and
CONSUMPTION**

AZOR'S
Oriental Turkish Wine.

The great remedy for General Debility, Weakness, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Bilious Disorders, a certain preventive of Fevers, &c., &c. This WINE is the most pleasant and effectual Remedy for any of the above complaints, and for many others not mentioned, that has ever discovered. It is so agreeable to the taste, that any one taking it soon prefers it to any Wine; while its action on the stomach and bowels is prompt and efficient, cleansing them thoroughly, and thus, by keeping the organ in which the basis of the blood is formed, in a healthy and pure state, necessarily keeps the blood pure and healthful. It is a stimulant without reaction, unlike the alcoholic preparations, which leave the partaker in a state of prostration. THIS WINE sends a gentle and agreeable feeling through every nerve, and its tonic properties are such that it will restore the weak and debilitated to their natural STRENGTH and VIGOR. It is composed of the Pure Wine of many of the most tonic and rare Plants in the Materia Medica, the recipe for which was obtained from a celebrated Turkish "Hakim."—Physician,—and one bottle is equal to ten of any Sarsaparilla or Blood Purifier ever before known. Then give this Oriental Wine a trial: it will speak for itself better than any recommendation or certificate; and he who tries it once will never be without it, nothing can equal it as a Diet Drink in hot climates, or on Shipboard, and no traveller should be without it.

Caution—Find the name of Comstock & Brother, and the Stamp of the Turkish Flag, on the label and cork of each bottle, WITHOUT this it cannot be genuine.

All orders should be addressed to COMSTOCK & BROTHER, No. 2 St. Peter's Place, New York.

DEAFNESS.

Use Dr. LAZETTE'S ACOUSTIC OIL, for the cure of Deafness. Also all those disagreeable noises, like the buzzing of insects, falling of water, whizzing of steam, which are symptoms of approaching Deafness. Persons who have been deaf for twenty years, and were subject to use ear trumpets, have after using one bottle, been made well.

Caution.—All the above named articles are sold only by Comstock & Brother, 2 St. Peter's Place, directly in rear of the Astor House, between Barclay and Vesey sts., one door from Barclay and one Block from Broadway, New York, to whom all orders must be directed, also only by Wm. Forbes and Wm. Muirhead, Chatham. Wm. Masson & Co., Geo. Watt, and M. Sergeant, Newcastle. Park & Alexander, Douglastown. And by our Agents in every town in New Brunswick.

FOR SALE.

By the Subscriber at the AUCTION MART, on the old Peabody Wharf, Chatham.
Brls. No. 1 Superfine and Rye FLOUR,
OAT MEAL and K. D. CORN MEAL,
Crackers, Coffee and Biscuit, in variety,
Tobacco, Baking, and Confections,
Oranges and Lemons,
Gents and Boys Boots, Gum Shoes &c.,
Hats, Books, Quills, Pencils, &c. &c.,
Carts, Waggon, Harness, &c. &c.,
Stoves, Cooking Ranges, Casks, Barrels,
Kegs, Nests Measures, Tubs, Buckets, &c.,
Brooms, Smeath, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, &c.
TEA in 6, 8, 10, 14 & 16 lb. Boxes, at 1s. per lb.
Three sets Waggon Wheels,
One American Ensign,
With a variety of other Articles.
Terms Cash.

C. L. HAWBOLT, Proprietor.
N. B.—The Proprietor of the Auction Mart intend visiting the United States shortly, in his absence J. T. Williston, Esq., Auctioneer, will have possession of the Auction Mart.
Chatham, 13th June, 1853.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the late CHRISTOPHER WISHART, late of Douglastown Merchant, deceased, are required to call and arrange the same with

RICHARD HUTCHISON.
Miramichi, June 10, 1853

NOTICE.

I forbid all persons indebted to the Estate of the late CHRISTOPHER WISHART, of Douglastown, Merchant and Shoemaker, recently deceased, from making any payments to RICHARD HUTCHISON, or any other person, so long as I remain the next of kin in British America.

WILLIAM SMITH.
Newcastle, Miramichi, June 14, 1853.

NEW GOODS.

FORBES & CO.

Have just received by late arrivals from Liverpool and Glasgow, an extensive and well assorted stock of

British & Foreign Dry Goods
now opening at the store adjoining Messrs Johnson & Mackie, and consisting of—

Ladies' Dress Materials, in plain and printed DeLaines, printed Muslins, plain and figured Silk Lustres, Madores, Montijoos, Peplins, Coburgs, Moriantiqua Circassians, Alpacos, Orleans, &c. Ladies BONNETS, in plain and fancy Straw, Danstable and Tuscan, fancy Gordanet, Girls' fancy Tuscan and Batiste Hats, Ladies' Blind Dress Caps, a splendid lot of Parasols, Ribbons and Flowers, Laces and Edgings, Mustins, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, Russel Cord, Gambroon, Silk and Satin Vestings, Moleskins, Flannels, Blankets, Kidder and Hemp Carpets, printed Druggette, Gents' Paris Hats and Cloth Caps, Wool Hats, plain and printed Cottons, Cotton Warp, Union Damasks, Fringes and Laces, Silk and Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs, black and colored Gros de Napl., Corded Skirts, Oil Table Covers, Oil Floor Cloth, silk and cotton Umbrellas, Carpet Bags, Gloves and Hosiery, Cashmere, Barge and Indiana SHAWLS, Chemizettes, Muslin Collars and Sleeves, Silk and Satin Neck Ties, Lace Veils, Silk Persians, white and colored Table Cloths, Diaper, Ladies' Cashmere Boots and Shoes,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Gents' White Shirts, Shirt Fronts and Collars, Reversible Water-proof Over Coats, Water-proof Overall; Threads, Tapes, Gimps and Braids, German Wools, Elastic Braces, Vest Backs, White and Colored Stays, Brown, Davis & Co.'s Patent average Tapes, and Gutta Percha Thread, &c., &c., &c.

The above Goods stand unrivalled for quality and cheapness, having been selected by themselves in the best markets and upon the most advantageous terms.

A few Chests very Superior TEA, for sale low for Cash.

Chatham, 4th June, 1853.

N. B. Agents for all the popular Magazines and other Periodicals, published in Britain and in the United States.

Cheap Wholesale and Retail Establishment.

GLASGOW HOUSE, Commercial Building Chatham, Miramichi.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF
BRITISH & FOREIGN DRY GOODS
is now open for sale at the above well-known Cheap Store.

Consisting of black, blue, and other Shades of West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, Russel Cord, Gambroons, Satinets, Vestings, plain and printed Drills and Moleskins, Flannels, Blankets, printed Druggette Mens' Tuscan Paramatta and Wool Hats, Cloth Tweed, Gambroon, Alpaca and Glazed Caps, Cotton Flannels, Grey and White Cotton, Long Cloth, Scotch Holland, long Lams and fine Linen, brown, black, and slate Holland, Towels, Diaper, brown and white Linen Table Cloths, Oil Cloth, Damask and printed Cloth Covers, Osnaburg, Stripe Hessian, printed Calicoes and Furniture, Scotch Ginghams, strong and fancy Striped shirting, Bed Tick, Selvies, plain and embossed Linings, plain and printed Orleans, Coburgs, DeLaines and Lama Cloths, printed Muslins, Organdies, Opaline Barges, and embroidered Circassian Dresses, Poplins, black and colored Silks, Satins and Persians, Edgings, Laces, Netts, Lace Veils, Gossamere, Silk and Cotton Hair Netts, brown and white Stays, Ladies Silk Neck Ties, Muslin Collars, Habit Shirts, Chemizettes, Sleeves, Frock Bodies, Babies' Caps, Corded Petticoats, dark and light Shawls, Bonnets, Cap and Bonnet Ribbons, Flowers, Cap Borders, Black Crape, Stockings, Gloves, &c. &c., Wadding, Baking, Cotton Warps, **READY-MADE CLOTHING**, Cotton, Silk, and Spun pocket Handkerchiefs; Silk and Satin Neck Ties; Carpet Bags, Buttons, Threads, (Silk,) Twists, Padding and Canvas, Umbrellas, Parasols, Boots and Shoes, Jewellery, &c., &c., &c. A large lot of good Tea and Tobacco.

The above STOCK has been selected personally, and principally, purchased for Cash, the goods will be sold at unusually low prices, so as to defy competition.

M. RYAN.

N. B. parties wishing to choose the cloth, can have Coats, Vest, and Trowsers made to measure Cheap and Good, and a fit warranted.

M. R.

Chatham, 23th May, 1852.

FOR SALE.

The FARM adjoining Mr. CREIGHTON'S in Napan, containing fifty Acres, Twelve of which are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation; together with the House and BARN thereon.

For further particulars enquire of the Subscriber on the premises.

GEORGE DICK.

Napan, 18th June, 1853.
N. B. There is a good Well of Water adjoining the House.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

EGYPT.—Letters from Alexandria of the 7th state that the government of the Viceroy had formed a camp at a short distance from the city, composed of chosen troops, destined to succour Constantinople. All the regiments ordered to join the camp had arrived.

The railway is so far advanced that locomotive carriages had been run out for a distance of several miles from town; and the directing engineers state that there is every reason to believe the first section of the line to the Nile at Kafr-Kyat, will be ready for traffic considerably before the end of the present year.

IRELAND.—The Lord-Lieutenant and the Countess of St. Germans honoured the Dublin Exhibition with a visit on Wednesday. The number of visitors was about 7000.

ARREST OF RIBBONMAN.—Thirty persons, many of them respectable-looking farmers, have been arrested and committed to prison in Enniskillen, on a charge of ribbonism, and several others have fled from the country. The arrests took place in a neighbourhood where several agrarian outrages has been perpetrated, among the rest the murder of Mr Hansard, and of a man named Craige.

DEATH OF MAURICE O'CONNELL.—Mr Maurice O'Connell, M. P. for Clare, expired on Saturday morning at his London residence. He had been to the House of Commons up to the hour of its rising on Friday morning; and during the day complained of illness; but before medical aid arrived he sunk into a lethargic state, which terminated in his death shortly after midnight.

THE EXODUS.—The emigration mania is said to have somewhat abated in parts of the kingdom, the approach of harvest being probably the main cause, but the western counties still contribute their full contingent to the vast Irish population now settling down beyond the two great oceans.

THE OVERLAND MAIL.—The London papers publish the details of the intelligence brought by the overland mail. The dates of the advices are—Calcutta, May 5; Bombay, May 23; Delhi, May, 16; and Hong Kong, April 22. The following is the letter of the London Times' correspondent at Bombay, dated May 23:—

The past fortnight in India has been as barren of incident as the one that preceded it. The season is said to be the hottest on record during the last fifteen years, and every one who can get away from the plains has departed for the nearest hill station. There is nothing new from Burmah, except the evidence of a disposition on the part of the authorities to keep the public from ascertaining the true state of affairs. At the commencement of the war, every action was minutely detailed by the Burmese correspondents of the Calcutta papers. It was said that these gentlemen were officers on the staff of the expedition, and their names, and the amount of their remuneration, was mentioned without any attempt at concealment. If these reports were true, of course the military authorities of the expedition had it any time in their power to stop the communication of intelligence through such channels, and it is to be surmised that they have done so, from the present defective information of the Indian press regarding the affairs of Burmah. Two mails ago I mentioned that copies of an issue of the Rangoon Chronicle, stating that Beling had been captured by the Burmese, having been received at Calcutta, one of the secretaries to Government had written officially to the papers to contradict the report, and stating that it was entirely without foundation.—This denial was generally credited, and for a fortnight it was supposed that Beling was safe. The arrival of intelligence of the recapture of that town by the English, with the loss of 30 killed and wounded, and of the consequent liberation of 12 of its former garrison, proved, however, that the Rangoon Chronicle had been right, and that the authorities had succeeded in suppressing intelligence of the reverse until it had been retrieved. This insurrection in Pegu is said to be checked for the present; it was headed by the ex-Tsoetkays of Mar-

taban and Beling, the latter named Pangtha. A third chief, named Mory Goore, with a large body of Burmese, threatened Sitang, but succours were despatched from Shogyn, and drove him off. These leaders are said to be acting under order of the court of Ava. On the recapture of Beling, Pangtha took to the jungles, and applied for assistance to a chief, who, thinking to conciliate the English was the more prudent course, had him assassinated, and sent his head, preserved with salt in a box, to the English commissioner of Beling.

Nothing further has transpired regarding the progress of our negotiations with the court of Ava.

Sir J. Cheape's despatches relative to the operations against Matoon, have been published; they are extremely voluminous, and are thought by no means satisfactory. It is very remarkable that no private accounts of this action have as yet transpired. Our loss appears to have been as follows:—Killed and wounded, 143; died of cholera, 103; total 246.

From the north-west frontier there is nothing of any moment to communicate.—At Cabool, Gholam, Hyder Khan, the son of Dost Mahomed has pitched his camp near that city, with the view of going to Kandaha to aid the chiefs against the intended march of the Herat troops. The King of Bokhara is said to be threatening an attack upon Balk, which belongs to the Dost, in revenge for the murder of Mahomed Kan by a Cabool chief.

The Nizam has decided upon ceding to British government the territory which is demanded of him in lieu of his debt, and stipulated annual payment to the contingent. The terms of the agreement are certainly favourable to his highness: in consideration of a revenue of 36 lacs of rupees (£360,000) being given up, the English government foregoes the entire debt due by the Nizam, and remits an annual payment of 40 lacs (£400,000.) The newly ceded district, Berar, is a continuation of the valley of Kanderish; it immediately adjoins the Company's collectorates of Kanderish and Ahmednugger, and is the richest cotton district in India.

THE MAILS TO AUSTRALIA VIA INDIA.—The Australian mail via India will, it is understood, be brought home by way of Ceylon instead of Singapore. By this arrangement several hundreds of miles will be saved. The outward mail however, via India, will still be forwarded by way of Singapore. The first mail via India from Australia is not expected before the 4th of August next. It is in contemplation to run large serew steamers between Ceylon and Sydney than the present ones, and to establish a monthly instead of a two monthly communication between England and Australia, irrespective of mail contracts.

ITALIAN BRIGANDS.—On the 10th inst., an English gentleman named Brand, and his wife, an Italian lady, travelling by the malle-poste from Florence to Rome, by the Siena road, were attacked by three brigands within a quarter of a mile of the town of Monterosi (25 miles from Rome), at half-past eight in the evening. The lady met with that courtesy which real brigands are traditionally said to observe towards the fair sex, but the English gentleman and the courier in charge of the mail bags were compelled to fight and kneel down in the road whilst the demand for their money was enforced by the approximation of a brace of pistols to their temples. All the courier's money was taken from him, and two or three Napoleons from Mr. Brand—the latter however, had no fewer than eighty gold Napoleons in a leathern belt round his body; which the brigands, in their hurry and apprehension of the patrol, did not discover, so that their victims escaped with but small pecuniary loss, although with great bodily fear.

THE NUNNERIES.—A deputation from the Protestant Alliance had an interview with Viscount Palmerston on Monday, to present a memorial to her Majesty on the subject of Nunneries, praying the Queen to grant her sanction to a measure which will prove to women in convents such facilities as are requisite for the unrestricted enjoyment of the rights assured to British subjects, and the privileges granted in general to the inhabitants of her majesty's domain.