

Editor's Department.

MIRAMICHI :  
CHATHAM, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 30, 1853

TERMS.—New subscribers Fifteen Shillings per annum, in all cases in advance. Old subscribers 15s. in advance, or 20s. at the end of the year. We prefer the advance price, and as it effects a saving of 25 per cent., we hope soon to see all our subscribers avail themselves of it.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

In a Telegraphic despatch published in our sheet of Saturday, we gave a summary of the important news received by the mail steamer America, at Halifax. Her mail was received here on Monday morning, and we have made copious extracts from the papers, which furnish a more detailed account of the operations of the armies in the seat of war. It is pleasing to perceive that these operations have not as yet had any injurious effect on the commercial prosperity of Britain.

CANADA.

The Montreal Herald contains an article on the subject of the trade of that port, and the amount of revenue collected the present year. It is gratifying to learn that both have been increased, in a most extraordinary manner. We clip the following extract from the article alluded to:—

"The whole collection of duties last year in this port amounted to £333,298, so that with the importations after the 10th October still unaccounted for, we are already more than £48,000 in advance of the whole customs collected last year at the port of Montreal alone. From these figures we may therefore begin to form some proximate estimate of the probable increase of the revenue of the country, for the current twelve months. In 1852 of £739,263 gross collections for customs £333,298, or not quite one half were received in the port of Montreal. If then, we take it for granted, that the importation in other ports has kept pace with the importation to Montreal, we cannot put down the increase of revenue at much less than £200,000, that is to say about one third of what the whole revenue of the country was only some four or five years ago."

GOOD ADVICE.

UNDER the head of "Begin Right," an American Editor gives some wholesome advice to his readers. We annex a paragraph. Even in this comparatively small community, how many instances have we seen of the truth of the writer's remarks. We wish they could be deeply impressed on the minds of the rising generation, too many of whom, it is distressing to witness, are indulging in the baser passions of our nature. Truly did Judge Wilnot remark in one of his recent public addresses here, that we had growing up in our midst a host of young men, whose present course, if unchecked by the public authorities, would terminate in vicious manhood:

"But above all things, life should be begun right. Young men rarely know how much their conduct during the first few years affects their subsequent success. It is not only that older persons in the same business, form their opinions of them at this time, but that every beginner acquires, during these years, habits for good or ill which color his whole future career. We have seen some of the ablest young men, with every advantage of fortune and friends, the seed of ruin and early death by indulging too freely in the first fears of manhood. We have seen others, with far less capacity, and without any backing, but industry and energy, rise gradually to fortune and influence. Franklin is a familiar illustration of what a man can do who begins right. If he had been too proud to eat rolls in the street when he was a poor boy, he would never have been minister plenipotentiary to the court of France.

"Always begin right. Survey the whole ground before you commence any undertaking, and you will then be prepared to go forward successfully. Neglect this, however, and you are almost sure to fall. In other words, begin right. A good commencement is half the battle. A false first step is almost certain defeat. BEGIN RIGHT."

MIRAMICHI SHIPS.

We have much satisfaction in transferring to our columns the annexed paragraphs, copied from English papers which were forwarded by a friend by the last English Steamer. Both the vessels alluded to, were built at the yard of Messrs Johnson & Mackie, in Chatham, and the handsome accommodations passed on the sailing qualities of these fine ships, must be highly gratifying to this enterprising firm:

"QUICK PASSAGE TO AUSTRALIA.—The steamer Argo has brought intelligence of the arrival at Melbourne, from Liverpool, of the ships Indian Queen and Falcon, after passages of 83 and 84 days respectively from port to port. The Indian Queen sailed from Liverpool on the 17th of May, with upwards of 400 passengers,

and arrived at Melbourne on the 8th of August, with nine days' later news than taken out by the overland mail or steamer Argo, and the passengers all well, not having had any deaths on board. The Falcon sailed from Liverpool on the 24th of May, and arrived at Melbourne on the 16th of August, with all her passengers in good health. The Indian Queen was to sail on her return for Liverpool about the 28th of August; at last accounts a large amount of gold dust was engaged for her. The Indian Queen is the sister ship to the Marco Polo, and next to that ship has made the quickest passage out this year. She is one of the Black Ball line of packets, belonging to Messrs. James Baines and Co. The Falcon belongs to Messrs. Gibbs, Bright, and Co.'s Eagle line."—London Times.

"QUICK PASSAGE.—The fine new ship Lincluden Castle, arrived at this port on Wednesday from Miramichi, having preformed the passage in the short space of fourteen days nine hours. Had it not been for some disobedience on the part of the crew she would have reached the port full two days earlier. When we consider that she had but one very limited suit of sails, this must be regarded as an extraordinary passage. She was built by Messrs. Johnson and Mackie, the well-known builders of the Indian Queen, which has beaten every vessel out of Liverpool save the Marco Polo."—Liverpool Albion.

TABUSINTAC SETTLEMENT.

Mr. Peck informed us yesterday, that he has been for some time past in the above-named settlement, busily occupied with his Threshing Machine, threshing out the wheat, oats, and barley raised by the farmers there. During his stay he threshed out upwards of 6,000 bushels of these grains, and that he had not accomplished half his work. For one farmer, Mr. James Johnston, alone, he threshed out 1,000 bushels; for Roderick McLeod, Esq. 500; for James Hierlihey, Esq. a similar quantity, and both these gentlemen had still a large quantity in their barns.

Mr. P. said, he was astonished at the extent of land under cultivation in this district, the amount of produce raised, and the number of cattle on the farms. The land he reports is of a very superior description, yielding a rich return for the labour bestowed on it, and that the crops last season, were very abundant.

We think the Secretary of the Agricultural Society located there, would perform a good service, by embodying in his next annual Report, a description of the country, the number of acres under cultivation, the amount of produce raised the last season, the extent of wilderness land unoccupied and belonging to the Province, and any other statistical information relating to this part of the County.

In addition to its Agricultural capabilities, it affords every facility for carrying on the salmon, mackarel, herring, cod, and other Fisheries.

We should be pleased to receive from some correspondent in that quarter, a description of this fine district of country.

THE SEASON.

We do not remember ever having experienced at this early period of the season such intensely cold weather as we have had during the past week. Our river, from Saturday morning until last night, was fast bound in ice, on Friday the channel was open, but so intense was the cold on the following night, that early next morning persons crossed over to the opposite shore.

A large body of men have been busily employed since Monday, cutting out Messrs. Hawes & Mitchell's new ship, the Golden Light, which vessel was built at their yard in Newcastle. This morning she was opposite to Douglastown. This is an arduous task, and we hope their labours will be crowned with success.

Last night it was extremely mild with a high wind from the Southwest, this morning is soft with every appearance of rain. The ice is rapidly breaking up, and if the same weather continues until evening, we may expect to see a clear river. As we go to press at one o'clock the ice is broken up, and the Golden Light is passing down, amidst the cheers and firing of guns.

The Indians in Canada predict a very cold winter. They predicate their opinion from the manner in which the Muskrats are fortifying their habitations.

JAPAN EXPEDITION.

We have commenced publishing in our first page, from the New York Tribune, a highly interesting account of the visit of the American squadron, under the command of Commodore Perry, to this singular people, from the pen of Bayard Taylor, one of the Editors of that paper.

We learn by telegraph, that the Southern Mail left the Bend yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock, and Richibucto this morning at 10.

MARRIAGES.

At Douglasfield, on the 15th inst., by the Revd. Samuel Bacon, Mr ALEXANDER BALDWIN, of the parish of Chatham, to Miss ELIZABETH WESTON, of Upper Nelson.

At Tracadie, on the 22d Nov., by the Revd. Ferdinand Gauvreau, his brother, Mr EDWARD GAUVREAU, to Miss MARY ROSE, second daughter of Mr Charlemagne LeBasque, both of that place.—St. John Freeman please copy.

DEATHS.

At Chatham, on Monday night last, LETITIA, daughter of Mr Robert Macnamara, aged 19 years and 9 months. Her funeral will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

New Advertisements.

THE  
Northumberland Agricultural  
SOCIETY'S  
Annual Exhibition of  
Grains, Domestic Manufactures,  
Dairy Produce, Garden Seeds,  
&c., FOR 1853-4.

The Northumberland Agricultural Society's ANNUAL EXHIBITION, will take place in Chatham, on the MONDAY before the Second Tuesday in January next, being the 9th day of that month.

The Premiums hereinafter mentioned, are offered to competition by the Society, subject to the following

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1st. No Premium shall be awarded for any article of Domestic Manufacture, Grains, Seeds, or Produce of the Dairy, which has not been wholly manufactured, raised or prepared for exhibition, within this County.

2d. That all articles to be exhibited, must have been manufactured, raised, or produced, within one year from the date of competition.

3d. That the prizes for Domestic Manufactures, shall be open to general competition, but persons having won prizes to the amount of 10s. and upwards, for Manufactures, shall pay the Annual Subscription of 5s. out of said prizes.

4th. That no premium shall be awarded for Grains, Garden Seeds, Produce of the Dairy, &c., to any person not a Member of the Society.

5th. That all persons desirous to exhibit any Article of Domestic Manufacture, Grain, Garden Seeds, or Dairy Produce, shall accompany the same with a statement setting forth that the Exhibitor is the owner of the article in question. If Domestic Manufactures, that the materials were produced, and the articles manufactured, and prepared, within the County during the past year. If Grains or Seeds, that they were raised by the Exhibitor, on the premises occupied by him during the previous year, and were not exhibited for a premium, at this Society's Show on any former occasion. And if Dairy Produce, a similar statement, subscribed by the owner. These Certificates to be handed to the Committee, when the articles are presented for competition.

6th. That no person who has been awarded the 1st prize on any article, shall be entitled to a second prize, for the same description of article.

7th. The Judges shall not withhold any premium on the ground that the article is unworthy.

8th. All articles intended for Exhibition to be delivered into the hands of the Receiving Committee, on the morning of the Exhibition, by half-past 9 o'clock, and none will be admitted after 10 o'clock.

9th. No article of Grain or Seed, which has undergone any chemical, kiln, or fire-drying process, will receive a premium, or be allowed to enter for competition.

PREMIUMS.

For the best Homespun Cloth, all wool, not less than 10 yards, £0 15 0  
second best do, 0 10 0

For the best Homespun, Cloth cotton and wool, 0 15 0  
second best do, 0 10 0

For the best piece of Flannel, all wool, 0 15 0  
second best do, 0 10 0

For the best piece of Flannel, cotton and wool, 10 yards, 0 10 0  
second best do, 0 5 0

For the best wove Counterpane, 0 10 0  
For the best sample woollen Socks, not less than 6 pairs, 0 7 6  
second best do, 0 6 0

For best sample of Mitts, not less than 6 pairs, 0 7 6  
second best do, 0 5 0

For best Paid Tartan, all wool, 10 yds 0 12 0  
For best Straw Bonnet, 0 4 0  
second do, 0 2 6

For best Straw Hat, 0 4 0  
second best do, 0 2 6

PRODUCE OF THE DAIRY.

For best sample of Butter, not less than 30 pounds, 0 13 0  
second best do, 0 10 0  
third do, 0 7 6

For best Cheese, not less than 20 lbs. 0 12 6  
second best do, 0 7 6

GRAINS, &c.

For best sample of White Bald Wheat 2 bushels, 0 12 6  
second best do, 0 10 0

For best sample Red Bald Wheat, do, 0 12 6  
second do, 0 10 0

For best sample Black Oats, do, 0 7 6  
second do, 0 5 0

For best sample White Oats, do, 0 7 6  
second do, 0 5 0

For best sample Barley, do, 0 8 0  
second do, 0 5 0

For best sample White Field Peas, do, 0 10 0  
second do, 0 7 6

For best sample Green Peas, do, 0 10 0  
second do, 0 7 6

Best sample Buckwheat Beechnut do, 0 6 3  
Best Green do, 0 6 3  
For best sample Timothy Seed, 1 do, 0 15 0  
second do, 0 12 6

For best Clover Seed, 1 do, 0 12 6  
For best Red Carrot Seed, not less than 2 pounds, 0 5 0  
Best White Carrot Seed, do, 0 5 0  
Yellow Turnip Seed, 4 pounds, 0 5 0  
second best do, do, 0 3 0  
Swedish Turnip Seed, 0 5 0  
second best do, 0 3 0

White Beans, 1 bushel, 0 10 0  
second do, 0 7 6  
Best Colored do, 0 10 0  
second do, 0 7 6

Windsor, or broad Beans, not less than 1 bushel, 0 10 0  
Best Horse, 10 pounds, 0 7 6  
Best Early York Cabbage, 1 lb, 0 3 0  
Best Sugar Leaf, 0 3 0  
Sage, 4 lbs, 0 2 6  
Best Summer Savor, 4 lbs, 0 2 6  
Best Thyme, 0 2 6  
Best Mangel Wurzel 2d, 0 5 0

By order of the board,  
JAMES CAIE, Secretary.  
Chatham 30th November, 1853.

Extensive Stock of  
FIRST CLASS GOODS.

The Subscriber, having received his Winter Goods from Britain, Quebec, Halifax and Boston, which have been carefully selected in the different Markets; the attention of persons intending to purchase is respectfully invited to his extensive and complete stock.

Haberdashery, &c.

Ladies Dresses, Ladies Fashionable Cloaks, Fashionable Cloaking, Galla Plaids, Mohair or Lion Cloth, Riding Boas, Victorines, Fur Caps, Fancy Fields & Shawls, Black Figured Aprons, Pilot Cloth, Flannels, Trussing, Rubber Boots & Shoes, Leather Boots & Shoes, Buffalo Robes, &c.

Bureaus, Tables, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Picture and Picture Frames, Tubs, Pails, Washing Powders, Wash Boards, Nestle Measures, Lanterns, Sinks, &c., &c.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

Chests of Tea, Hds. of Sugar, Boxes of Tea, (12 lbs.) Refined Sugar, Crush'd Sugar, Powder'd Sugar, Butter in Tubs and Firkins, Pancheons Molasses, Herrings, Barrels of Pork, &c. JOHN MACDOUGALL, Chatham, November 3, 1853.

AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, the 21st DECEMBER next, at 12 o'clock, noon, in front of Mr W. E. Samuel's Store, in the town of Chatham, will be offered for Sale at Public Auction.

THAT VERY

Valuable Lot of Land,

known as Deputy JOSEPH HUNTER's Lot, containing 300 acres, fronting on the Richibucto Road, and through which the Bay du Vin River runs, and having a large share of Intervalle thereon.

This property will be sold in one or more Lots to suit intending purchasers.

Terms—One-half down, and the residue on the 25th June next.

For further particulars enquire of J. M. JOHNSON, Auctioneer. Miramichi, November 22, 1853.

County and Parish Accounts.

OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE PEACE, Newcastle 22nd November, 1853. All persons having any ACCOUNTS with the County, or with the respective Parishes, are requested to render the same to this Office, duly vouched, on or before the 16th of DECEMBER next, that the same may be prepared and ready for submission to the Grand Jury at the next January Sessions. By order of the General Sessions. EDWARD WILLISTON, Clerk of the Peace.

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

Received by the Pacific from Glasgow, and now open at the Glasgow House, a large assortment of

DRY GOODS,

comprising every novelty and style, suitable for the present and approaching season, which will be sold Cheap for cash. Also, Good Tea, at 1s. 8d. per lb.

M. RYAN, Proprietor. Chatham, October 8, 1853. English Goods hourly expected per Hampton, from Liverpool.

N. B. Garments as usual, made to measure and a good fit warranted. No Second Price.

FURS! FURS!!

Just Received, ex Pitton, a large assortment of FURS, consisting of Ladies' Victorines, long and short Boas; Muffs, Gannetts and Mitts, in Stone Martin, Fitch, Mink, Squirrel, and Mink Martin.

ALSO A good Assortment of Gentlemen's Fur Caps Fur Coats and Fur Gloves, &c., &c. and an assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's CLOTH BOOTS—a prime article for the WINTER. (P— Please call and See.) FORBES & CO. Chatham, 2nd November, 1853.

Central Bank Agency,

CATHAM. Bills and Drafts on LONDON, NEW YORK, and BOSTON, in sums to suit purchasers. GEORGE KERR, Agent. Chatham, May 26, 1853.

NOTICE.

All persons having just claims against the Estate of the late JAMES FENBY, will render the same fully attested, within Three Months from this date, and all persons indebted to the deceased, will pay to the Subscribers.

GEORGE H. RUSSELL, } Executors. GEORGE J. PARKER, } Chatham August 25, 1853.

W. A. LETSON.

Agent for the Sale of DR. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC CURATIVES, has now received a new supply comprising

GALVANIC BELTS, Do. BRACELETS, Do. NECKLACES, And also the

Magnetic Fluid & Plaster

all those afflicted with Rheumatism, and Nervous affections are politely invited to call and supply themselves with these invaluable Curatives. Chatham, August 18, 1853.

ed out in full force, and rendered that service which they are ever ready to give during such terrible scenes of danger and desolation as were witnessed last night.—The Military, also turned out and rendered efficient assistance in guarding such property as was saved or removed. We have barely time to give a mere outline of the disaster,—full particulars must be gleaned at leisure.

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS.—During the past week the weather was most severe. A great quantity of snow fell, and the cold was most intense, the thermometer ranging from 15 to 20 degrees below zero. Winter vehicles were in general use, and the roads were excellent. Great quantities of potatoes have been frozen in pits. On Saturday and Sunday the weather suddenly changed, the wind veering round to the east; and on Saturday evening it commenced raining, and continued without intermission until morning, the small rivers and brooks being completely overflowed, the ground being entirely cleared of snow, and the cattle grazing in the fields as in midsummer. On the whole the season has, with a few exceptions, been most favourable for the farmer. We are informed that the late heavy rains have had a most beneficial effect on several of the mills in this district, which in many places were stopped for want of water.—Quebec Gazette.

UNITED STATES.

LARGE FORGERIES REPORTED.—It is reported at Troy, N. Y., that a distinguished politician had been detected in forgeries to the amount of \$60,000 to \$70,000.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXTRAORDINARY HULLUCINATION.—The Echo de Mayenne says:—"A respectable woman, named Besnaitre, wife of a farmer at Hardat, had been for some years possessed, at certain periods of the year, with the idea that she was so desperately wicked that she must inevitably be consumed in hell fire, unless she expiated her sins by being buried in this world. This idea had of late become more and more confirmed, and a few days ago putting a quantity of faggots into the oven, and setting fire to them, she waited until they were half consumed, and then crept into the oven herself. She was found there horribly burnt some time after by her niece, who raised an alarm. Medical aid was immediately brought, but the unfortunate woman expired some hours after in great agony."

A WATCH STOLEN BY A RAT.—One night last week the overseer of a farm near Huntly laid his watch on a table in his sleeping apartment, previous to going to bed. Towards morning he was aroused by a crash of something that had fallen, and a rattling sound, as of something being dragged along the floor. He immediately got up, and found his watch was gone. He lost no time in pursuing the thief, following the direction of the sound, when he came upon the watch at the mouth of the rat's hole, into which the rat had entered, taking with him the whole of the guard chain, and was only prevented from taking in the watch by the csespringing open from the fall, which made it require more room than the hole would admit of. As it was, the rat did not seem disposed to lose his prize, but kept a firm hold of the guard when the owner tried to pull it from him.

THE RUSSIANS IN THE CAUCASUS.—The recent attacks of the Caucasian tribes were directed in the west against the fortresses and redoubts which are posted along the coast of the Black Sea, from Soudjouk Kaleh to the fort of Navaghiskoi, and in the east against the detached posts and the military cordons which occupy the banks of the Terek and several positions in Daghestan. For a time Prince Woronzoff was completely surrounded by the Circassians and could not disengage himself until the troops on the Turkish frontier were sent to his assistance. The 20,000 or 25,000 men forwarded in such haste from Sebastopol are now on the frontier of Armenia.

THE CHOLERA IN FRANCE.—The cholera has made its appearance at Havre, and several of the persons attacked have died. The disease has also made its appearance at Bordeaux, and with much greater intensity than at Havre. The authorities have adopted energetic measures to prevent its gaining head. Some cases have also been notified in Paris, but of a mild form.

The Nile has this year risen higher than it has during the last 20 years. Almost the entire valley of Egypt is one sheet of water, and travellers proceed to the pyramids in boats, an excursion which in ordinary times occupies a three hours' ride from Ghizeh, the nearest point on the river. The damage done to the crops by this excess of water is very great, and very extensive tracts of land sown with Indian corn are covered with from three to five feet of water, and the plants are consequently destroyed.

The villages and towns are reduced to islets, and are only saved by the inhabitants raising embankments all round, which they watch day and night with the greatest anxiety. The Fellahs will severely feel the loss of their crops of Indian corn, as it forms their principal article of food during the winter, so that, owing to this deficiency and the demands for grain from Turkey, the viceroy is not acting unwisely in limiting the exportation of corn.

DEATH OF LORD CLONCERRY.—Another of the men who figured remarkably in the troublous period which preceded the union between Great Britain and Ireland, has passed on the 28th ult. at his residence county Dublin, at the advanced age of 87 years.

There is a large quantity of grain still uncut in the neighbourhood of Ballyshannon. The potato crop continues sound, and is abundant.