

THE GLEANER:

AND NORTHUMBERLAND, KENT, GLOUCESTER, AND RESTIGOUCHE
COMMERCIAL AND AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL.

Old Series.] [Comprised 13 Vols.]
NEC ARANEARUM SANE TEXTUS IDEO MELIOR. QUIA EX SE FILA GIGNUNT, NEC NOSTER VILIOR QUIA EX ALIENIS LIBANUS UT APES.

New Series.

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 29, 1854.

VOL. XIII

NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber having taken the Premises in Chatham, lately owned and occupied by W. J. FRASER, Esq., nearly opposite the Cornard Stone Buildings, is receiving an extensive and varied Stock of

British and American Goods

which he offers for Sale, Low, by the Package for Cash, or approved Payment.

Now Landing ex Ships "Cambria" and "Acetion," from Liverpool, and "Ann Rankin," from Glasgow

350 Sacks Liverpool SALI

5 cases and 2 bundles Steel assorted;
1,057 bars and 99 bundles Common and Refined Iron;

12 cases and 6 cases assorted Hardware;
Packages of Gang Mill Saws, and Circulars, Files, &c., [best Makers]

1 cask assorted Harness;
15 bags Iron Nails;
15 do. Horse Nails;

1 cask of Weights and Scales; 1 cask Shot;
6 Smith's Anvils, and 1 Package Vices;
1 cask Hollowwara;

1 bale Packing;
12 crates and 3 hds. Earthenware;
2 crates Milk Pans and Butter Crocks, &c., &c.

2 casks Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil;
3 barrels Putty;

10 cases Brown and Polson's Starch;
200 boxes Common and P. Y. Soap;
5 hds. and 50 Cases Geneva;

45 casks and 4 dozen Ale and London Porter;
31 bales assorted DRY GOODS;

One truss of Cottons.

10 bales and cases Capetings, Draggot; Hearth-Rugs; Scotch Holland; Shawls; Cotton and Silk Handkerchiefs; Linen Damask, &c., &c. 5 cases one bale Stannary, and Wrapping Paper; 1 can Waterproof Clothing, &c.; half ton Confectionary;

Packages Rom Vitrol; Alum; Copperas; Soda; &c., &c. 6 hds. Brandy; 2 cases Screw Augers;

Bike Ovens; Griddles, &c., &c., &c.
Ex "Mary Virginia," and "Three Brothers," from Boston;—70 Packages fine Congo, Souchong, and Orlong TEAS; 25 boxes choice Brand Tobacco; 9 bags Nuts; 10 bags Salaratus; 26 Kegs Cut Nails; 3 bbls. Burning Fluid; 4 bags Coffee;

7 bbls. Powdered and Crushed Sugar; 4 boxes of Corn Starch; 3 cases Lanterns; 20 boxes Soap and Candles; 4 bundles Steel Spades and Shovels; 10 bundles Manure and Hay Forks; Scythe Sheaths;

3 bundles Hoes; 1 Hay Cutter; 12 patent thermometer Churns; Butter Prints; Potato Diggers; Wash Boards; Whitewash Brushes; 6 pack gas Whips and Lashes; Door Mats; Brooms; Pails;

Tubs; Knife and Meat Trays; Market Baskets; Paste Rollers; Seives; Essence Peppermint, and Castor Oil, in boxes; Nestle Measures; 2 Bells Carpet Paper; Barrel Covers; Looking Glasses;

Prints and Frames; an Assortment of Cut Tacks and Brads; Wheel Barrows; Willow Waggon, &c., &c., &c.

W. J. BERTON.

Chatham, May 26, 1854.

FOR SALE.

At Public Auction on MONDAY the 14th day of AUGUST next, on the Premises at 12 o'clock noon.

Three Building Lots,

on Duke and Queen streets, in the Town of Chatham, situate below St. Mary's Church, viz:

ONE BUILDING Lot, No. 33, measuring on Queen street 116 feet and on Duke street 47½ feet.

ONE Do. No. 34, measuring on Duke street 47½ feet and running back 116 feet.

ONE Lot, No. 39, measuring on Duke street 135 feet, and on King street 60 feet, this Lot will be sold in two separate Lots if required to suit purchasers.

ALSO

The Stone Building,

situate in the upper part of the Town of Chatham, near Messrs. Mairhead & Richardson's steam mill. This property is well known and is a good stand for business.

For further particulars, apply at the Chatham Auction Rooms.

WM. LETSON, Auctioneer.

Chatham, July 20, 1854.

AUCTION.

On SATURDAY, the 29th July, at 12 o'clock, noon in front of Mr W. E. Samuel's store, in the town of Chatham, will be so sold at Public Auction,

THE GRASS,

now standing on the McCulley Meadows, at the head of Napan River, in Lots of from 3 to 5 acres each, as staked off.

Payment approved Joint Notes at 3 months. For further particulars apply to Mr Caleb McCulley, or to

JOHN M. JOHNSON, Auctioneer.

Chatham, 13th July, 1854.

North West Bridge Company.

Notice is hereby given, that a further call of twenty per cent is required to be paid by the subscribers of Stock, in the above Company, to Edward Williston, Treasurer, on or before the nineteenth day of August next.

By Order of the Board.

RICHARD HUTCHISON, President.

EDWARD WILLISTON, Secretary.

Newcastle, July 22, 1854.

NEW STORE.

The Subscriber respectfully informs the Inhabitants of Chatham and surrounding Country, that he has rented the Store, recently occupied by Mr. Farber, adjoining Messrs. Johnson and Mackie's, where he is now opening a large and varied Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

(entirely new,) consisting of

SILKS,

In Plaids, Stripes, Black and Glace Silks, Plain and Brocade Satins.

SHAWLS.

Filled Paisley Long Shawls. Gold Tissue, Barage, Printed Cashmere, White, Drab, and Black Indiana Shawls.

DRESS GOODS.

Australian Cloths, Embroidered Dresses, Coburgs Delaines, Barages, and Muslins.

BONNETS in all the New Styles, with a choice lot of Ribbons to match, Ladies' Collars, Habit Shirts, Corded Robes, Stays, a large lot of Parasols and black silk Laces, Gloves and Hosiery Combs, Laces of all kinds, Lace Veils, Checked, Jaconet, Book and Mull Muslins, Linens, Hollands, Huck abacke Flannels, Table Covers, Prints and Cotton Goods

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

A large and cheap stock of Cloth Frocks, Sacks, Paletots and Shooting Coats, Pants and Vests of every Description, Lambs Wool Shirts and Drawers, Braes, Silk Handkerchiefs, Waterproof Clothing, Kossuth and Leghorn Hats, Cloth Caps, Stocks and Opera Ties.

As these Goods have been bought Cheap, purchasers may rely upon getting a good Article at a very Low Price, call and judge for yourselves.

ANDREW ANDERSON.

Chatham, June 17, 1854.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have received by recent arrivals, from Great Britain and the United States, a new selected Stock of Dry Goods and Groceries.

Dry Goods in Broad Cloths, Doestings, Cashmerettes, Scotch and Union Tweeds, Gambroons, Drills, Satinets, Vestings, Plain and Printed Molestins, Deaines, Scarlet, White, Yellow and Blue Flannels, Kerseys, Serges, White Cottons, Grey Cottons, Striped Shirtings, Fancy Regattas, Gingham, Derrys, Bed Ticks, Jeans, Striped Hessians, Brown Shirtings, Osaburgs, Scotch Holland, W. & S. and Slate, Linens, Irish Linens, Diapers, Damask Linen, Table Cloths, Towelings, Russia Duck Canvas Padding, Plain and Printed Silesias, Plain and Printed Coburgs, Orleans, Lustres, Australian Crapes, Muslins in Organdise and Moses, Printed Muslin Robes in great variety, Plain and colored Barages, Printed Calicoes, Corded Shirts, Long and Square Printed Cashmere Shawls, Plain and Embroidered, Black, Drab and White Shawls, Long and square Barage and Tissue Shawls, and a variety of other Goods suitable for the Season.

Groceries, in chests and half chests of Tea, boxes Tobacco, punchons Molasses, hogsheads Sugar, cask Crushed Sugar, Rice, Ground Rice, Pepper, Pimento, Ginger, Cassia, Soap, Confectionary, Corn Meal, Pilot and Navy Bread, Burning Fluid, Spirits Turpentine, Wine Vinegar, Nails, Spikes, Brooms, Pails, Haying Implements, and a variety of other articles in hardware, which the subscribers offer for sale cheap for Cash.

W. MASSON & Co

Newcastle, June 12, 1854.

NEW GOODS.

The Subscribers have received by recent arrivals from Britain and the United States, a large and well selected Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

well adapted to the present season, which are now open and ready for inspection at their New Store, adjoining the old stand.

Also, one of the largest and best selected Stocks ever imported into Miramichi of READY MADE CLOTHING, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and Furnishing Goods, with quantities of the undermentioned Articles.

Hennessy's best dark Brandy;
Holland Gin, London Porter, Ale;
Spirits, Lemon Syrup,
Teas, Sugars, Molasses;
Tobacco, Cigars, Souff
Soap, Tobacco Pipes;
Corn Brooms, Water Pails;
Chairs, Boiled, Raw and Linseed Oil;
Earthenware.

And numerous other Goods. The whole of which will be offered for sale at very small profits.

BURKE & NOONAN

Chatham, June 9, 1854.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Just Landed from on board Schooner "Victory,"
275 Barrels Flour,

Either Wholesale or Retail, by
W. MASSON & Co.

Newcastle, June 22, 1854.

EARLY FIELD PEAS.

For sale by the Subscriber
HENRY CUNARD.

News of the Week.

EUROPE.

The Earl of Bantry has been chosen by a majority of votes, as an Irish representative peer to sit in the House of Lords in the room of the late Viscount Doneraile.

Five large snakes varying in length from two feet four inches, were killed on the hills of Ardross, in Rosshire, on the 20th ult., by a party of preventive officers who were hunting up a still.

THE CROPS IN THE NORTH OF ENGLAND.—Hexham, July 4.—The rain which has fallen pretty copiously at Tyneside during the past eight days, has taken up, and we have now fine sunny weather. The crops of cereals are looking beautiful; wheat never appeared a better colour or promised a more abundant crop in South Northumberland. Both wheat and barley are in ear. Turnip crops are looking well, and potatoes appear healthy. In consequence of the weather in the spring, hay crops look light, though the recent rains will have helped to pick up old land hay. Lambs on the hill farms from the same cause have been rather a failure. The hay harvest will be very general this week, as we have a fine drying wind.

LAUNCH OF A NEW SCREW STEAMER FOR THE CUNARD COMPANY.—A fine new screw steam ship named, the Jura, has just been launched at Clyde Bank, from the building yard of Messrs. Thompson, and is extended to form one of the screw line of packets between Liverpool and New York. The Jura is much larger than the other vessels of the fleet, being—Length of keel and fore-rake, 300 feet; breadth of beam 37½ feet; depth of hold, 29 feet; burthen, 2200 tons; 450 horse power. The screw is three bladed, formed of the best cast-iron, and is expected to propel the Jura at the rate of twelve knots an hour under ordinary circumstances. The same builders have contracted to build a vessel double the size of the Jura, and approaching that of the monster Himalaya, and we have no doubt that when finished she will prove herself a match for that famous vessel. The Persia, belonging to the Cunard Company, is now building in the Clyde by the Messrs. Napier. She will be upwards of 4000 tons burthen, and have a breadth of beam that will ensure much greater proportionate stability and capacity than any vessel even built on the Clyde.

M. KOSSUTH IN GLASGOW.—We learn from the Glasgow papers that M. Kossuth arrived in Glasgow on Tuesday by the Caledonian railway. By the time the train arrived at the railway platform the crowd had increased until there would be from 2000 to 3000 persons present. M. Kossuth was accompanied by Mad. Kossuth and his secretary.—Nichol and a number of gentlemen received the distinguished party, and escorted them to a carriage to convey them to the residence of the professor. Kossuth was received by the assembled crowd with long and continuous cheering, and scores of individuals rushed to obtain the privilege of shaking hands with the great man. To such an extent was this carried, that a few who could not reach Kossuth were quite satisfied upon being privileged to shake hands with his attendant, on the dicky. Kossuth, who wears a beard and mustachios, was dressed in a brown roundabout coat, with a quaker-shaped hat. He is of average size, stout-made, and seems to be approaching middle age. His face has a careworn expression, but the features, which are massive, indicate great firmness of purpose. M. Kossuth's countenance has altogether a German cast, and being a good deal bronzed with travel, is at once striking and prepossessing. In a few minutes the carriage drove off in the direction of Professor Nichol's residence, where Kossuth was entertained to dinner, and received the congratulations of a considerable number of the leading Reformers of Glasgow and neighbourhood. In the evening Dr. and Mrs. Nichol received a very large company of ladies and gentlemen invited to meet M. and Madame Kossuth.—The company embraced several clergymen and other eminent citizens, besides gentlemen from Edinburgh, Dundee, Kilmaraock, &c. On Wednesday M. Kossuth addressed a public meeting at two o'clock, and he again spoke at a soiree in the evening. M. Kossuth had declined the invitation sent from Edinburgh.

PERSIA.—A letter from Erzeroum, of the 8th states, that in consequence of the refusal of the Shah of Persia to receive the new ambassador of the Czar, the Russian consul at Tauris had been charged with the care of the affairs of the Russian subjects at Teheran. This circumstance, it was thought, would tend to render still worse the relations of Persia with Russia, and which were expected soon to end in an open rupture. The concentration of troops on the Persian frontier continued. It was said that the number to be collected there would amount to 50,000.

SPAIN.—Advices from Madrid received by way of Paris, state that on the previous day a sanguinary combat took place between the troops who remained faithful to the Royal cause and the insurgents near the village of Vicalvaro. The insurgents, it is said three times charged the Royal troops, and were each time repulsed with loss.

They were at last entirely routed, and retired upon Toledo, leaving the field of battle covered with dead and wounded and the bodies of horses.

Colonel Gariago, many officers, and a considerable number of soldiers have been made prisoners by the Royal troops.

Later advices to the 3d inst. state that a considerable number of workmen and soldiers have abandoned the rebels, and made their submission.

The news from the provinces are said to be satisfactory.

At our latest dates 6 o'clock on the evening of the 4th, the Government was expecting reinforcements from Saragossa and Valladolid, with which they hoped soon to reduce the insurgents.

Madrid was said to be tranquil, and there was no rising in the provinces.

ALGERIA.—The Moniteur contains a report from the Governor-General of Algeria, giving an account of some further attacks on the Kabyles, under the command of Bou Baghla. On the 17th ult. the division under General M'Mahon attacked a body of from 1500 to 2000 between the country of the Beni Yourah and the Beni Histen. The enemy had entrenched themselves near one of the passages of the chain of the Djurdjura, and behind their stone walls awaited the attack of the French. They received their assailants with a steady fire, but their entrenchments were in a short time carried at the point of the bayonet, and the Kabyles compelled to make a precipitate retreat, leaving a number of killed and wounded on the ground. The neighbouring villages of the Beni Yourah were set fire to. The resistance made by the enemy is represented as being very determined. While the division of General M'Mahon was thus engaged, that under General Camon was closely engaged on the side of the Beni Menguillet who had posted themselves on the hilly ground. They were however, resolutely attacked, and after a vigorous resistance, were put to the rout, leaving 100 killed, and having more than triple that number wounded. On the 19th the enemy again rallied, and on the 20th they were again attacked with similar results. On the 22nd the Beni Menguillet, finding further resistance useless, came to the French camp to make their submission and pay the tax; and the Beni Raten, although they had not yet been attacked, also sent to treat. The loss of the French is not more than 35 killed and 140 wounded among whom is Colonel Deligny, of the 60th regiment, who is severely wounded in the head. The report speaks in the highest terms of the bravery displayed by the troops in these different affairs, where they had to contend with men who disputed the ground inch by inch, and where the greater number killed met their fate from the bayonet.

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—The Calcutta steamer arrived at Plymouth on the 3rd, having left the Cape on the 26th May. Lieut. General the Hon. Sir G. Cathcart, K. C. B., late Governor at the Cape, came by the Calcutta, and, having landed at Plymouth, proceeded at once by the South Devon Railway to Exeter.

On the 19th of April, near Clarkentburgh, a sharp fight occurred between Kreilis Caffres and the Tambookies, when the latter suffered a loss of 50 men. The Caffres, who outnumbered their opponents, were severely punished. With this exception the Cape colony was perfectly tranquil. The elections were not finished.

PORTUGAL.—It is rumoured, and it is said on credible authority, that the young King of