

shadow." In the 7th chapter of Job we have it written. "As a servant earnestly desireth his shadow."

Communications.

COUNTY NORTHUMBERLAND.

Mr. Pierce,

Sir,—I was aware that my Communication last week would not be palatable to you. I was prepared and anticipated your remarks, from these you have given me the right to claim a little more of your attention. Let me in the outset inform you that I am never the aggressor, I know how to let other people's business alone. I have been driven by unprovoked attacks, openly and covertly, to defend myself, and will continue to do so as long as I am maliciously assailed, either by pretended friends or open enemies.

My Communication is now before the Public, and it is for them to judge and say whether more venom and bile is in it than in the remarks of Mr. Pierce, some of the public say I did not go half far enough, this I was aware of, but I knew I had to do with a person who had a press of his own, and had therefore to measure my words and sentences, had there been another press in the place, the article would have been a little more caustic and spicy, but we must be content as we are for a while.

Mr. Pierce is entirely mistaken when he says I am sorely annoyed in not been popular in my office, as I care not if I should never hold an Inquest, but when required I will do my duty, his sage advice I very seldom ask, let him reserve it for some greater of his favourites.

I insinuated nothing respecting any Coroner but I made broad assertions respecting yourself and the fault finders, at the same time I will not be made the Scape Goat for any Coroner nor for Mr. Pierce himself, it is true that my never failing friends in Nelson whenever an Inquest was required for that quarter, passed my door as if chased by the Sheriff, with the Coroner, I find no fault, he done but his duty, with them much as it indicated the spirit that moved them.

The policy and drift of my enemies for some time back, were to run down and depreciate ability, talent, and every thing else, of course you could not remark on my Communication without willingly lending them a hand. Now Sir, would you consider it generous or gentlemanly in me, if I should say what nearly every one does, that the quiet and astute Editor of the Gleaner, lacks ability in the Editorial department of his paper, surely you would say I was impertinent, and so you would have a right to say if I had said so, well then this is just what you have said of me, and you know what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander, and that those who live in glass houses should throw no stones. Comparisons at all times are odious, I may not have the abilities of the able Editor of the Gleaner, but I am sure I would be more than a match for him on many points, the Public are the best judges of these matters, and not the narrow and prejudiced opinion of an Editor.

It is true the latter part of my Communication had nothing to do with the Inquest, but it gave me an excellent opportunity of paying off old debts that I could not conveniently discharge before.

I hope this will terminate our paper war, and allow us to attend to things of more importance. I wish to be at peace with all men, if let alone I promise you not to be the aggressor, but if wantonly attacked I must and will defend myself as best I can, I hope you will see there is no bile or venom in this Communication, the weather is getting a little cool. At the present, I remain, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

M. CRANNEY.

Chatham, August 4, 1854.

[We do not think it necessary to make any comment on the above. We are content to let Mr. C. have the last word, and retain all the honors he has reaped in "this wordy warfare."] Editor Gleaner.

FORBES & Co.

Having completed their Spring Importations, for the Season consisting of:—Fine and Fancy Goods Silks, Cottons, Woollens, Hosiery, Haberdashery Hardware, Woodenware, Earthenware, Glassware, Leather Manufactures, Groceries, &c., &c., all of which have been personally selected, solicit a call from all persons wishing to get good Bargains, as they feel confident they can furnish Goods as cheap if not cheaper than any other House, on account of their purchases having been made upon the most liberal terms.

Chatham, June 7, 1854

TEETH. TEETH.

J. PLIMPTON, Dentist of Charlottetown, respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Chatham and its vicinity, that he has taken Rooms at BOWSER'S HOTEL for a few days only, where he can be consulted upon all diseases of the Teeth, as his practice embraces Plugging, Inserting, Cleaning and Extracting.

Chatham, 22nd July, 1854.

Editor's Department.

MIRAMICHI:

CHATHAM, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1854.

TERMS.—New subscribers Twelve Shillings and Six Pence, per annum, in all cases in advance. Old subscribers 12s. 6d. in advance, or 17s. 6d. at the end of the year. We prefer the advance price, and as it effects a large saving, we hope soon to see all our subscribers avail themselves of it.

V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent is the only authorized Agent for this paper, in the Cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the same rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His Offices are:—

BOSTON.—Scolley's Building.
NEW YORK.—Tribune Building.
PHILADELPHIA.—N. W. Cor. Third & Chestnut Streets.

COUNTY RESTIGOUCHE.

WE have been handed the annexed articles for publication.

RESTIGOUCHE, July 20, 1854.

Dear Madam,

As you are about to revisit your native Country for a short time, permit us to express to you our heartfelt regard and esteem for your amiable disposition and usefulness, of which we have had many proofs, during an agreeable and uninterupted acquaintance of upwards of twenty-two years; and at the same time we beg your acceptance of a purse of Thirty Pounds, the voluntary contribution from the Ladies of your husband's, (the Revd. Mr. Steven) congregation, at Restigouche, as a small token of their regards.

We sincerely pray that the "Almighty disposer of all events," will carry you and your son in safety through the perils and dangers of the sea, during your intended voyage, and restore you again in health to your family and friends in this country.

Signed Mrs. FERGUSON,
Mrs. ADAMS,
Mrs. DUNCAN,
Mrs. W. DUNCAN,
Mrs. GERRARD,

On behalf of themselves and the other Ladies of the Congregation.

To Mrs. STEVEN, Manse, Campbelltown, Restigouche.

THE MANSE, Restigouche, July 20, 1854.

Dear Ladies and Friends,

I accept with feelings of heartfelt acknowledgment, your kind address and handsome present. For myself, I needed no such substantial proof of your attachment and regard; but on account of my family here, and friends at a distance, its value is greatly enhanced as showing with what friendly and christian feelings an intercourse of more than twenty years has been maintained. In the name of these friends therefore, and in that of my son William, whom you mention so kindly, and who accompanies me on my journey to Britain, as well as my own, I beg to thank you, and through you the other Ladies of Mr. Steven's Congregation, at Restigouche, very cordially and very sincerely, and to assure you, that whether present among you, or away, my prayers and best wishes, as they have ever been, shall still continue to be yours. I cannot close without further assuring you, that I look forward with feelings of unmingled pleasure to the time, not very distant I trust, when I shall return and enjoy the society of the Ladies of Restigouche, whose personal attachment and friendship have been thus so unmistakably evinced.

M. STEVEN.

To Mrs. Ferguson, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Duncan, Mrs. W. Duncan, Mrs. Gerrard, and others.

COUNTY BONAVENTURE.

A Correspondent at New Richmond, under date of July 26, furnishes us with the following news relative to the election in that County.

"Dear Sir.—The Polling closed in this County on Saturday last, and to-day (Wednesday) John Meagher, Esq., was declared duly elected, having a majority over William McDonald, Esq. of three hundred and sixty four votes. I am happy to state, that throughout the different townships, the Elections passed off orderly and peaceably. A number of the supporters of both parties were present to-day at the declaration, nothing but good feeling appeared to exist among them, and none more so than the two Candidates."

POST OFFICE.

It will be seen by the annexed article copied from the New Brunswicker, that we are at length to participate in the cheap postage arrangement entered into between the Colonies and Great Britain.

We have received a Royal Gazette Extra containing a despatch from the Colonial Secretary, intimating that the Government of New Brunswick have acquiesced in the measure pro-

posed by her Majesty's Government for reducing to an uniform rate of sixpence the half ounce postage on letters between the United Kingdom and the British Colonies, and for levying upon Parliamentary proceedings to and from the Colonies, the same rates of postage as those fixed for other books transmitted through the Post, the Lords, Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have been pleased to authorise the necessary steps to be taken for carrying the measure into effect, and that the Postmaster General has recommended the first of August next, as the day for bringing the reduced rate in operation; whereupon His Excellency Sir Edmund Head, has issued a proclamation that on and after the first of August the postage on letters and Parliamentary proceedings transmitted between this Colony and the United Kingdom shall be reduced to the following rates viz:—

A uniform rate of Six pence Sterling the half ounce on letters between the United Kingdom and the Colony of New Brunswick; and

On Parliamentary proceedings transmitted to and from the said Colony—

For each Packet not exceeding ½ lb. in weight, Six pence Sterling.

Do. do. exceeding ½ lb., and not exceeding 1 lb., One shilling sterling.

Do. do. exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 2lbs. Two shillings sterling.

Do. do. exceeding 2 lbs. and not exceeding 3lbs. Three shillings sterling.

And so on, increasing one shilling for every additional pound or fraction of a pound.

Provided however, that the following conditions be carefully observed with regard to the transmission of said Parliamentary proceedings, that is to say:—

1st. Every such Packet must be sent without a cover, or in a cover open at the ends or sides.

2nd. It must contain a single volume only, the several sheets or parts thereof, where there are more than one, being sowed or bound together.

3rd. It must not exceed two feet in length, breadth, width, or depth.

4th. It must have no writing or marks upon the cover or its contents except the Name and Address of the Person to whom it may be sent.

5th. The Postage must be paid in full.

If any of the above conditions be violated the Packet must be charged as a letter and treated as such in all respects.

To prevent any obstacles to the regular transmission of Letters, any Officers of the Post Office may delay the transmission of any such Packet for a time not exceeding forty-eight hours from the time at which the same would otherwise have been forwarded to him.

As no Parliamentary proceedings may be sent by any route which would entail an expense of transit postage on the Post Office department, these regulations apply only to Parliamentary Proceedings sent by the British Contract Packets direct to and from New Brunswick via Halifax.

The above instructions are not to extend to or interfere with transmission of Printed Votes or Proceedings of Parliament or of Printed paper allowed to pass by the Post, under the Newspaper Privilege, all of which will continue subject to the existing Regulations.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

THE mail steamer Canada, arrived at Halifax at half-past eight on the evening of Monday last. Our mail was received here yesterday morning, and from our British papers, which are to the 22nd July, we have made some extracts, but their contents are not very important.

Wilmer & Smith furnishes us with the following, under its commercial and monetary head:—

"The continuance of favourable weather preventing any undue speculation in corn, the receipt of favourable news from the East, and continued arrivals of gold from Australia have caused a more buoyant tone to prevail in commercial circles during the week. The supply of the precious metal has been large, including upwards of two million dollars from the United States and the West Indies, and upwards of £400,000 by the Marrian Moore, Ferozepore, Samuel Boddington, and Iris, from Australia, to which may be added 25,646 ounces by the Prince Alfred, whose arrival in the Downs from Melbourne was announced to day. Money was in active demand for accommodation during the early portion of the week, but the inquiry has since diminished and a more quiet tendency has been exhibited. The rates for Money have been well maintained, and very few transactions have taken place in discounts under the Bank of England minimum rate of 5½ per cent.

"The Corn Market was depressed, and the downward movement in prices continued unchecked. On the week ending Friday the 21st Flour had reached 4s. and Wheat 1s. 6d. Quotations, W. Canal Canada Superfine 30s. to 31s. 3d. per bl., Southern 31s. to 31s. 6d., Genesee and Ohio, extra superfine 32s. to 32 6d. Indian Corn 15s. to 16s.

"Provision market steady and quiet. No change in prices.

"In produce a like feeling exists. Sugar had declined. Ordinary quantities of Coffee in good demand, at steady prices. Transactions in Tea small—not lower.

From Manchester accounts are more favorable. Business in the Manufacturing districts continue to progress satisfactorily.

The fluctuation in the funds soon raised, and frequent closing Consols for account and money 92 1-8 ½; Exchequer Bills 1 dis. 2 premium—and a ¼ per cent, 92 ½.

Foreign Stock Market dull and declining. Freights drooping.

CANADA.

WE are pleased to perceive by our Quebec Exchanges, that the Cholera had nearly ceased to exist in the lower town. In the upper town no cases had occurred. In Montreal the disease also had assumed a much milder form, and the deaths had rapidly fallen off.

CURE OF DYSENTERY.

THE Editor of the Morning News says that the following certificate has been handed into his office, and it is said to be a very valuable one.

"Best Turkey Rhubarb, Sakeratus, Peppermint plant, Cinnamon, pulverized—of each two scruples, or a teaspoonfull, mix them and add half a pint of boiling water, strain and sweeten well with Loaf Sugar, and if there is no fever add two table spoonfuls of best Brandy.—Of this preparation give a table spoonful every hour until the passages are changed in their appearance and consistence, then four times a day will be sufficient. When the pain is located in a particular spot, fomentations will be found a valuable auxiliary—take Hops, Tansy, Hoarhound, and Catnip, a handful of each, boiled in Vinegar, enclose in a flannel bag and apply to the abdomen or belly, to be often renewed.

NOVASCOTIA.

THE Halifax Morning Journal thus speaks of the satisfactory sanitary precautions taken by the authorities of that place.

"On Sunday, a tempestuous sky gave token of a coming storm—the lightning athwart the horizon, the thunder roared, the rain pattered, the wind whistled, the leaves rustled, and the Sabbath bells mingled their voices in the throng of warring elements. A clearer and purer sky followed the storm that swept away the seeds of disease and death that hovered around us. May we be spared the presence of the noxious visitor, who is making such havoc in our sister Provinces. All that man can do to prevent the introduction of disease among us, is being done by the City authorities. As far as public effort can do, the Health Wardens deserve credit for the effort to remove all accumulations of filth or any thing tending to promote disease. The sanitary condition of the city was never better than at the present time. We hope the recent storm may aid their efforts.—Who can tell the mysterious workings of Providence."

PUBLIC MEETING.

At a Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Town of Chatham, held in the Mechanics' Institute,

on the 1st day of August, 1854,

John M. Johnson, Esq., in the Chair.

It was resolved in view of the spread of the Cholera, that it is the imperative duty of the Inhabitants, to adopt precautionary measures to avert the disease or to mitigate its effects, if it should unfortunately come among us. And as experience has proved that personal cleanliness, a pure atmosphere, and care in regard to diet, are among the chief safe guards, the Inhabitants of this town are urgently called upon forthwith, by removing all things calculated to pollute the atmosphere, and by the use of lime or charcoal, as absorbants to purify the Town.—The following Committees were appointed to examine the districts named below, and to carry out the objects of the above resolution:

District No. 1, from the head of Middle Island to Dr. Benson's residence. Committee—Messrs. H. Bain, John Cameron, and J. Devereux.

District No. 2, from Dr. Benson's residence to lower side of King Street. Committee—Messrs. C. Hawbolt, Joseph Samuel and R. Carman.

District No. 3, from upper side of King's Street to lower side of Cunard's Street. Committee—Messrs. W. J. Fraser, C. McCulley, and J. Mackie.

District No. 4, from upper side of Cunard Street to lower side of Street running up from Peter Moore's corner. Committee—Messrs. J. Noonan, A. Loudoun, and T. Walsh.

District No. 5, from Peter Moore's corner to east side of John Street. Committee—Messrs. W. J. Berton, J. M. Johnson, and M. Cranney.

District No. 6, from west side of John Street