

ered strange, if our magistrates and rulers had taken some small notice of the day in displaying a bit of butting if nothing more; were it for no other purpose, than as an example to youth; teaching them a duty incumbent on all, high and low, rich and poor, that is to reverence those placed in authority over them.

But no, nothing of the kind, and was it not that none were seen wearing orange; and now and again that persons were seen poking around after their business, it might have been taken for the Sabbath, or a day of mourning; until two or three individuals in the humbler walks of life, seeing the manner the day was likely to pass off, procured an ensign and with a piece of ordnance and a few pounds of powder, made some little display in honor of the day. It is more to be wondered at, the little notice taken of the day, when it is known, that in the good town of Dalhousie, our would-be great folks reside, and some of them for a length of time back bought up on government paper; and were a lucrative situation in the office, and in the gift of Her Majesty, no place in her dominions of its size, could a greater number of sanctified, loyal, powerful subjects be found, than in the town, plot of Dalhousie, who would consider themselves basely used if their merits and worth were passed over unnoticed, notwithstanding that they would not burn the full of a nut-shell of powder if it touched their breeches pocket, to do "a reverence." However as we have now reciprocity, and a few weeks will bring around the fourth of July, we may expect to see the stripes and stars floating in the breeze from cradles in our harbour; perhaps some of our great folks may reciprocate by hoisting the Union Jack with the stripes and stars uppermost. We shall keep an eye to flag-staff.

Yours, &c., A LOOKER-ON.
Dalhousie, 25th May, 1855.

Editor's Department.

MIRAMICHI:

CHATHAM, SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1855.

TERMS.—New subscribers Twelve Shillings and Six Pence, per annum, in all cases in advance. Old subscribers 12s. 6d. in advance, or 17s. 6d. at the end of the year. We prefer the advance price, and as it effects a large saving, we hope soon to see all our subscribers avail themselves of it.

CENTRAL BANK AGENCY, CHATHAM.
Discount days TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Hours for business from 10 to 3 o'clock. Notes for Discount to be lodged at the Bank before 3 o'clock, on the days immediately preceding the discount day.

This Paper is filed, and may be seen free of charge, at Holloway's Pill and Ointment Establishment, 24, Strand, London, where Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received for this Periodical.

NOVASCOTIA.

THE Election for this Province, took place on the 22nd May. We are sorry to hear that the report of the defeat of Mr Howe in Cumberland has been confirmed. If this event has been brought about by the intrigues of the Leader of the Government, as it has been broadly stated in some of the Halifax papers, to gratify personal feelings, we are inclined to think his Government will feel the loss of Mr H's talents and influence in the Legislature more than he, (Mr H.) will the loss of his seat. Mr. Howe's present office is a non-political one, and we presume no Government will dare deprive him of it.

The following are the returns:

Annapolis.—Messrs. J. W. Johnston, A. Whitman, and S. S. Thorne, returned with largely increased majorities.

Cumberland.—W. W. Bent, A. McFarlane, and Dr. Tupper, returned.

Colchester.—H. Hyde has unseated the Financial Secretary, by a majority of 66. The other candidates returned are Messrs. Archibald, McLellan, and Morrison.

Pictou.—Mr M. I. Wilkins, for the township, and Messrs McKenzie, and McDonald for the county.

Halifax.—J. Esson, W. Annand, B. Wier, J. Tobin.

Kings.—County—Dr Webster, and C. R. Bill. Horton—Dr Brown. Cornwallis—S. Chipman.

Yarmouth.—T. Killam. Township—N. Moses. Argyle—J. Ryder.

Shelbourne.—County—C. White. Township—Mr Locke. Barrington—A. Robertson.

Queens.—County—Messrs. J. Campbell and E. Davidson. Township—M. McLearn.

Lunenburg.—Messrs. Reichard, Bailly, and G. Geldert.

Sydney.—Messrs. W. A. Henry, and McKinnon.

Richmond.—C. F. Harrington, and M. Marmand.

Digby.—Wade, Bourneuff, Ribichau.

Cape Breton.—Hon. James McLeod, James M. Keagney.

Inverness.—Hon. Attorney General, Peter Smith.

Guysboro.—Steward Campbell, and J. J. Marshall.

Victoria.—H. Munroe, C. Campbell.

The Halifax Star informs us that Thirty-five Liberals and Eighteen Conservative Members have been returned the late Election.

THE BRITISH ARMY.

WHILE so much has been said of the numerical weakness of the British Army and the difficulty there exists in augmenting it, it is with satisfaction we are enabled to publish the following account of the large resources the Mother Country has in India from which to recruit her strength. We hope the croakers will read it, and that it will have the effect of shutting their mouths on their eternal theme—England's "want of men."

"There is now in India an army of nearly half a million of men at the disposal of England. In that army there are about 30,000 Europeans belonging to the Queen's service, including cavalry and infantry of the line; and 40,000 European troops in the Company's service, of every arm except cavalry. The aggregate which Sir Erskine Perry has made out is 457,000 men, with 12,000, and maintained at an expense of £20,595,000. Large and costly as this army may be, it sits lightly on the population and resources of India, and might easily be increased, especially from the warlike tribes lately added to our dominion. Here, then, is a reserve, and an ample reserve,—well organized, officered, and generally with some experience of war. How could it be said that we had no reserve? Of this immense force 70,000 are British soldiers. Of the rest, the irregular native cavalry is just the force we most require in the war, and cannot supply from home.—Here, then, is everything we want for our present necessity—numbers, organization, discipline, European courage and talent in all its developments, practical experience in all its forms—in fact, the substance of all that we have been accustomed to ascribe to Russia, and to reckon as her superiority over the Western Powers."

THE FRENCH MINISTRY.

THERE have been some important changes in the French Ministry, among others the Secretary for Foreign Affairs. As there is much enquiry on the subject, we give below the reasons assigned in our late papers for those changes:

"Paris, May 6.—The resignation of M. Drouyn de Lhuys was tendered on Saturday but not accepted. It was, however, positively affirmed on Sunday that he had resigned. He will probably be succeeded by M. Walowski.

"The cause of his withdrawal from the cabinet is said to be a serious difference of opinion between him and the Emperor on the propositions of peace lately submitted to England and France by Austria, with the view of their eventually being proposed by that power to Russia. These conditions M. Drouyn de Lhuys considered acceptable, and moreover declared, before leaving Vienna, that he should succeed in bringing over the Emperor to his opinion. In this hope he has been disappointed, as the Emperor not only looks upon them as inadmissible, but appears determined not to listen to any similar propositions for peace emanating from Austria. Such a determination, it is said is shared by the English Government, and is no doubt founded on the convictions of the insincerity of that power, and difficulty, if not the impossibility, of inducing her to assume, even at this late hour, a policy more becoming her rank, and more consonant to her engagements.

"The Daily News says that the Emperor Napoleon will no longer accept the endless evasions of Austria as consistent with professions of alliance, and on this point originated the differences between his Majesty and M. Drouyn de Lhuys.

"The Morning Post gives a more particular account. It is believed, it says, whether correctly remains to be seen, that to a new proposition started by Austria, the French Minister gave an adhesion to complete that he even committed himself to procuring its acceptance at home; but if this were so it is easy to comprehend that if the new proposition did not, according to the views of the allies, interpret and gave force to the third point, then M. Drouyn de Lhuys must have placed himself in a false position from which he could only be extricated by the resignation of the office which he held.—The above paper adds—In France the fall of a Minister does induce a change of policy, and no further proof is needed of the consistency of the Emperor than the fact of the appointment of the Count Walewski to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. His intimate relations with our Government, his complete knowledge of England, and the active part he has taken in the political transactions of the two great Western Powers, peculiarly fit him for this high post.

Paris, Tuesday Morning.—The Moniteur contains, this day, a decree appointing Count Walewski, Minister for Foreign Affairs. Count Persigny is appointed French Ambassador in London.

PATRIOTIC FUND.

THE sum total of the Subscriptions received by the Provincial Secretary of this Province towards the above fund, up to the 23rd May, amounted to the handsome sum of £3,617 8 0. This gentleman acknowledges the following sums received during the week ending on the 9th May:

Dalhousie Division Sons of Temperance,	£23 0 0
Bathurst Division Sons of Temperance,	10 0 0
Temperance Soiree, Bathurst, and donations,	25 0 0
Contributions from Restigouche,	70 10 0
Additional contributions from Northumberland,	19 13 5

COUNTY RESTIGOUCHE.

A Correspondent at Dalhousie, writing to us on the 30th May, remarks:

"We have had some fine weather lately for Spring operations, and many Farmers are well forward in getting their seed into the ground.—Notwithstanding that the Season appeared backward at the outset, yet, little or no frost being in the ground, people were enabled to take advantage of spring work the instant the snow was off the fields. To-day fires are out in every direction for the purpose of clearing land. No arrivals of square rigged vessels from Britain or any other place, the greatest ornament to our harbour as yet being a few schooners; however, I suppose we must be thankful for small mercies this season."

FAST DAY.

THE Royal Gazette, of the 23rd ult., contains the following Proclamation from his Excellency the Lieutenant Governor of this Province, appointing Thursday, the 14th June, as a Day of humiliation and prayer throughout the Province:

A PROCLAMATION.
Believing that the destinies of Nations are under the guidance and control of Divine Providence, and being impressed with the justice of the War in which Her Majesty is now engaged, I do, by and with the advice of my Executive Council, appoint Thursday the fourteenth day of June next, a Day of Humiliation and Prayer, to be observed in the Province, so that we and all Her Majesty's subjects, in the most humble and devout manner, may implore the Almighty God to grant His heavenly benediction and aid to our Arms and to restore to our Nation the blessing of Peace.

Given under my Hand and Seal, at Fredericton, the twenty third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty five, and in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command.
S. L. TILLEY.
God Save the Queen!

THE SEASON.

AFTER a long continuance of cold easterly weather, we had a sudden change on Thursday. Since then the wind has prevailed from the southward and westward, and the heat has been oppressive. This change has been very opportune for the Farmers, many of whom began to be alarmed that they would not be enabled to deposit their seed in the ground in time to secure a crop.

STEAM TOW BOAT.

WE were much gratified on coming to our office to see Mr Bell's Steam Tow Boat floating at the wharf. She was launched this morning, and is named the Black North. Such a vessel was much required on our river, as our lumbermen had to expend much time and labour, and incur considerable expense in bringing their logs, timber, &c. to market, which the employment of this boat will very much abridge. We hope the enterprising proprietor will receive sufficient patronage to keep the boat constantly employed, so that he will reap a remuneration commensurate with the expense he has incurred in building her, and the labour necessary to work her. This his perseverance and industry richly deserve, and we trust it will be bestowed on him.

P. E. ISLAND.—The Governor of this Colony has set aside Friday next, the 8th June, as a day of Public Humiliation, Fasting and Prayer. Hon J. M. Hall, of the Legislative Council, has tendered his resignation which has been accepted.

WE are requested to state that Mr. JACOB CARTER, will deliver a Lecture on Temperance, at the Napan School House, on Monday night, commencing at 8 o'clock.

BOWSER'S HOTEL.

ARRIVALS DURING THE PAST WEEK.

May 28th.—A. P. Le Boutillier, Island of Jersey; Francis Alexander, do; Alexander Rankin, St. John; William Taylor, do; Mr Hamilton, P. E. Island. 30th.—Luther Brockett, Calais; J. B. Brinkley, Baltimore; John McMinn, Richibucto; James Whetton, do; David McMinn, do; James Hannah, do; John Tucker, Lloyd's Inspector of Ships, Shippagan. June 1st.—John Duncaister, Amherst; James Luther, do; Donald Ramsey, P. E. Island.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.—We copy the annexed appointments from the Royal Gazette just received as we were going to press. Peter Mitchell to be a Justice of the Comm. Pleas for the County of Northumberland. Patrick McNaughton to be a Justice of Common Pleas for the County of Gloucester. William Braid to be Supervisor of the Road from Shediac to Richibucto, in room of William Chandler, Esq., resigned.

Francis Tibbitts, Esq., to be Commissioner to expend £500 on the road from the mouth of the Tobique River towards Campbellton, in the County of Restigouche; and Robert Ferguson, Esq., to spend £500 on the same line, from Campbellton towards the mouth of the Tobique, Victoria.

Mr Thomas S. Baldwin, of Shippagan, to be a Coroner in the County of Gloucester, in the room of John Harding, Esquire, removed from that County.

John Haws to be Commissioner for sick and disabled Seamen at the Port of Miramichi, in room of H. B. Allisen, removed from the County.

James Hickson, to be a Commissioner for the Indians in the County Gloucester. Bye Roads—Northumberland.—No. 472—William Dickens to be Commissioner in the room of James Buckley, Jun. who declines, amount £20.

DEATHS.

At Great Salt Lake City, Territory of Utah, on the 10th of March last JOSEPH RUSSELL, Esq., Merchant, formerly of Miramichi, aged 71 years.

At East Rochfort, Illinois, on the 13th May, last, MARY E., wife of Howard D. Frost, Esq., aged 21 years.

At Black River, on Thursday, the 17th May, after a lingering illness of consumption, CATHERINE McNAUGHTON, wife of John Edger, aged 35 years, leaving a husband and six children to mourn her loss.

At Dalhousie, on the morning of Saturday, the 26th ult., aged 57 years, ANNE, wife of Hugh Montgomery, Esq., long known, and highly respected in the County of Restigouche.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI.

ENTERED.—May 26, schrs Belgrade, LeBlanc, Boston, general cargo, W. J. Fraser and others; Three Brothers, Boudroit, do., do., C. L. Hawbolt and others.

28.—schrs Phantom, Ellis, P. E. I., produce, master; Union, LaVache, Pictou, coal, William Munsie.

29.—bark Almo, Jones, Liverpool, general cargo, D. Ritchie and others; schr Ensign, McGougan, P. E. I., produce, master.

CLEARED.—May 25, schr Independence, De Roy, Quebec.

29.—schrs Phantom, Ellis, P. E. I.; R. F. Goodman, Allan, Boston.

31.—schr Union, Lavache, Pictou.

PORT OF BATHURST.

ENTERED.—May 25, schr Providence, Minard, Quebec, flour and Meal, Smiths, Meahan and others.

29.—schr Trusty, Heron, Wallace, N. S., Master.

31.—schrs Lucy Alice, McPhee, Shippagan, Master; Stranger, Siteman, P. E. I., master.

CLEARED.—May 25, brig Spray, Ormiston, lumber, Harbour Grace; schr Defiance, Currie, shingles, Halifax.

26.—schrs Lark, O'Bryan, shingles, Halifax; Aurora, Heron, do., P. E. I.

29.—schr Providence Minard, Quebec.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO MIRAMICHI GLEANER OFFICE.

St. John, May 30. New York, May 30.—Pacific arrived this morning with dates from Sebastopol to May 12, where matters remain nearly unchanged.

An expedition of 15,000 of the Allies had put to sea at Kamiesch, in direction of Azoff but had returned without landing, no details known.

Omar Pacha's force has returned to Eupatoria.

Large reinforcements expected by Allies within 10 days.

Canrobert has resigned, and is succeeded by Pelissier.

Consols closed at 89½ to 89¾.

Breadstuffs quiet at quotations per America. Provisions active. Markets firm.

Hollyway's Pills, a most famous Remedy for the Cure of Nervousness and General Debility.—Jasper McCann, of Woodstock, N. S., was without doubt a severe sufferer from nervous and general debility, the least thing provoked his irritability, put him in a passion, and laid him up; this was caused by the bad state of the fluids, and though he tried many remedies for this complaint, he was not benefitted. At length he had recourse to Hollyway's Pills, which soon performed their part, by removing the injurious fluids from the system, cleared his head, restored tone and vigour to the stomach, and after five weeks perseverance, restored him to the blessings of health.