

men. They found the isthmus cut across by a trench 24 of metres wide and 14 deep, and protected by a wall 20 metres high. All these works are flanked by towers and defended by the fort of Orkapu. The entrenchments were, however, carried by the Russians, and two days after the fortress surrendered. But it was not the bravery of the Russian troops which thus achieved the entrance into the Crimea, for they in reality succeeded partly by the treachery of the Tartars, and partly by the carelessness of the workmen who had been entrusted with the repairs of the defence. Munich was then able to devastate the peninsula as he pleased. The next year another attempt at invasion on the part of the Russian, but without success, as the walls were then repaired, and the Khan commanded in person and beat off the assailants. In 1770 the Russians failed against the fortress but the year after 90,000 men succeeded in seizing on the isthmus which the Russians have since held possession of."

PRICE OF STOCK IN BRITAIN.

The following paragraph copied, from a late number of the London Times, will enable our Agricultural readers to form some idea of the value set upon prime Stock in the Old Country: "Sale of Short horns.—The fine heard of short-horns belonging to Mr. John S. Tanqueray, at Hendon near London, was yesterday sold by auction, and fetched very high prices; 77 cows and heifers, and 23 bulls and bull-calves, were brought under the hammer, the first class realizing nearly 6,000l. and the last about 2,000l. The largest amount given for any single animal was 500 guineas, at which sum a splendid red roan cow, named "Oxford," calved in August, 1849, was knocked down to Mr Gatter.—There were, however, other sales equally remarkable, as, for example, Marmaduke, a roan bull-calf, 11 weeks old, which was disposed of for 100 guineas. Among the most extensive and spirited bidders on this occasion were buyers from the United States, from Adelaide, Australia. Many of the finest animals in the herd were carried away by them after a sharp competition. His Royal Highness Prince Albert, the Earl of Burlington, Lord Feversham, and Sir Charles Knightley were also announced as purchasers. Many of our most eminent breeders were present, and the proceedings clearly evinced that there is no want of enterprise and liberality in this branch of agriculture. Mr Tanqueray's herd showed itself worthy of the estimation in which it had previously been held, an even quality of excellence prevailing the whole, and greatly facilitating the labours of Mr. Strafford, who officiated very ably as auctioneer. There is something exceedingly gratifying to our English notions in the perfection to which, as proved by these sales, our recognized breeds of farm stock have attained. We appear to be rapidly gaining with regard to them the extreme limits of faultless symmetry, early maturity, quality and size; and it is not surprising, seeing the amount of capital and skill embarked in this department of agriculture, that we are beginning to establish on so high and profitable a basis an export trade in cattle."

COUNTY RESTIGOUCHE.

We clip the annexed paragraph from the New Brunswick. Our Contemporary forgets that Mr Barbare is a snug sinecurist, holding several offices during the pleasure of the Government:

"Election in Restigouche.—We learn from the Miramichi Gleaner, that Mr Botsford, member of the Assembly for Restigouche, has been appointed Deputy Treasurer for Campbellton, and consequently his seat is vacated. The candidates in opposition to Mr B. are Messrs. Barbare and Simonds, and we trust that one or the other of these two gentlemen will succeed.—The absurdity of having the Assembly filled with men holding offices under the Government, and consequently compelled to vote on every occasion as they may be directed, is now sufficiently manifest. It would lead to more corruption than has ever fallen to our lot to witness, and plunge the country in irretrievable disgrace. If the people would have a pure and independent representation they must elect men who are independent of Executive influence—who are not bribed by office—for it is a maxim as old as the Christian dispensation, that a man cannot serve two masters—he cannot be a Government hireling and faithfully perform his duty to the people."

This is admirable advice, and we hope our friends in Restigouche will con it carefully over.

THE FLOUR MARKET.

American papers report that Flour is offered to be delivered in the New York Market, in July and August, at less than Nine Dollars.—Buyers hold back.

"New York Markets.—June 20, Flour, sales 7,000 barrels; common to straight state, \$3.75 a \$9.25; Upper Lake \$6.37 1/2 a \$9.62 1/2; common to good Ohio, do.

"Montreal, June 14.—Flour 43s 9d to 50s, very limited demand.

"New York, June 22, Flour—common to straight state \$3.56 a \$6.12; Upper Lake \$9 a \$9.50; common to good Ohio, do; Southern firm; mixed to good \$10 a \$10.12."

UNITED STATES.

LATE papers state that the town of Bayone Sara, in Louisiana, has been destroyed by fire.—The loss is estimated at \$1,000,000.

The Know-Nothings, or American party, of Missouri have published an official "Platform," in which they state that they advocate; 1 the total repeal of the naturalization laws; 2 laws for the prevention of pauper and criminal immigration; 3 that they shall maintain the vested rights of all foreigners as well as natives; 4 that America must be governed by Americans; 5 that they will oppose every attempt for the abridgement of religious liberty; 6 that they will maintain and defend the Union, and the rights of the States respectively; and 7 they will oppose all who contravene those doctrines.

The New York Courier says a physician in large practice was asked by a stranger if New York was healthy at the present time. He replied, "Unusually so; the extravagant cost of provisions has checked the disposition for over-feeding, from which, ordinarily, we derive most of our practice!"

The American papers still continue to furnish highly encouraging accounts of the growing crop. We give a few paragraphs:

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette says—

"In a journey of 3 890 miles through portions of the States of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Michigan, Pennsylvania and Virginia, performed during the past six weeks, and mostly by daylight, my heart has been constantly gladdened by the prospect of the growing crops. In a traveling experience of more than fifteen years, I have never seen so broad a portion of the country under cultivation as at present or during that period of time when the crops of every description promised a more abundant yield than now."

The Charleston, (Va.) Free Press of the 14th says:

"The improvement in the growing crop of wheat for the last two weeks, has astonished every one. Barring any further injury, we think the yield this year will be fully equal to that of last year. Some of the farmers in the vicinity of Fredericksburg commenced harvesting their wheat on Tuesday."

A correspondent, from Wilkinson county, Ga., of the Savannah Georgian says, under date of June 12:—

"Our wheat crop has been very good and we have new flour on our table. Oats have improved very much since the last rains which fell on the 7th. Corn of which farmers have planted more than usual, looks promising; some have planted no cotton at all. Should the season hold out prosperous, we shall make the best crop of corn which has been made for several years."

COUNTY GLOUCESTER.

A Correspondent at Tracadie, writing to us on the 22nd instant, communicates the following scraps of local news:

"Most part of the Potatoes plants are out of the ground, and the growing grain looks vigorous. Grass is as good as can be wished for, and the start of the whole crop is very cheering so far, in this place.

"Cod-fish are in great abundance quite close to our shores, where they are caught in great numbers by our fishermen in their flat-boats, with gasperaux bait.

"The Gasperaux mesh is over and has been rather thinner than expected, besides, these fish have been this season, small and poor.

"Some Mackerel have made their appearance, even inside our little bay, planking over the surface of the water, and perhaps delivering their roes, which are large and arrived at their spawning time, as could be ascertained from some meshed in the gasperaux nets.

"The weather here is most part of the time clouded and stormy. The sun seems to have but little power over the clouds, which almost every day let go their watery contents over us. Upon the whole, the weather has improved in warm E, and as time glides on, it is hoped that some summer heat, will at last arrive at us."

THE WHEAT FLY.

The following directions for destroying this destructive insect, is published in the United States papers, by order of the Agricultural deviation of the Patent office.

Take orpiment (which can be procured at any druggist's) and with sighted charcoal burn the orpiment close to the wheat, any time after sunset and before sunrise, at the time when the plant commences to flower. It should be repeated while the fly is found to exist. One ounce is found to be sufficient for six acres.

THE SEASON.

THE Weather is all that could be desired for the growing crops—warm, with frequent showers. We are sorry to hear that the grub is doing a good deal of injury in some localities. Insects of all kinds are more numerous than we ever saw them.

TEMPERANCE.

THE following extract from a letter lately received by a friend in Chatham from a Gentleman at Sackville, shows pretty plainly, that the cause of Temperance is prospering in that quarter, and that there at least the Prohibitory Law will be strictly enforced:

"Our Temperance PICNIC came off beautifully, the only drawback being that the grounds were rather damp, owing to the continuous rains we have had for the last fortnight.

"We had about 2,000 to 2,500 persons on the grounds, about 20 members of P. P., and nearly all the elite of the county.

"Every person was pleased at the arrangements, and the way in which the whole proceedings were conducted. Brother Carter, to whom Sackville Division granted £10, says it was the best conducted of the many he has ever attended.

"Temperance is looking up here, and in this Section we may calculate on carrying out the Law without difficulty."

PICTOU PACKET.

We have been handed for publication the annexed Card from the Passengers on board the Packet John, Creelman, Master, on her first trip to this port as a regular trader.

"We the passengers in the Packet John, Creelman, Master, from Pictou, Charlottetown, and Miramichi, takes this opportunity of expressing our warmest approbation of the sailing qualities of the vessel, and the gentlemanly manner in which we have been treated by the master and owner, and would recommend travellers to give him a trial.

"Donald Fraser, D. C. Harper,
William Bassie, Geo Roderick,
Donald Fraser, Captain Virge."

A NEW TRADE.

The Kennebec Journal says:—"We are informed by a gentleman who resides on the Penobscot, that within a few days, two millions of spruce deals were sold at St. John, to load four French ships to go to France, at 10 dollars per thousand. This demand has grown out of the interruption of the Baltic trade, and must be interesting to dealers in that kind of Lumber."

THE CODIFIED LAWS.

We are indebted to the Queen's Printer, for a copy of the 1st and 2nd volumes of the Codified Laws of the Province. The manner in which the work is performed reflects much credit on the taste and mechanical skill of his establishment.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.—We copy the following paragraph from a late English paper:—

"At the meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of British North America, held on the 5th inst., it was stated that the net profits in 1854 were £99,691 17s 2d. A dividend of 6 per cent. was declared, and likewise a bonus of 30s. per share—making nine per cent. on the year. It was agreed that the sum of £2,000 should be presented to the widow of Mr. Attwood, the late Secretary.

DEATHS.

At Douglstown, on the 23rd inst. ANNETTA, daughter of Mr George McNeil, aged 5 months and 11 days.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI.

ENTERED.—June 23, schr John, Creelman, Pictou, coals, &c., master.

21.—schr Lord Raglan, O'Brien, Halifax, W. J. Burton.

25.—schr Union, Lavache, Pictou, produce, master.

26.—schr Saranac, Hutchison, P. E. I., Master; Mary Louise, Boldue, Quebec, via Richibucto, flour, &c. J. M. Johnson & others.

29.—brig Fanny, Waters, Pictou, W. J. Fraser.

CLEARED.—June 26, schrs John, Creelman, Pictou, lumber, master; Belgrade, Le Blanc, Boston, lumber and fish, J. Cahole.

28.—schr Maria Louise, Boldue, Quebec, brandy, &c. James White; Flora, McDonald, P. E. I.

PORT OF DALHOUSE.

ENTERED.—June 25, bark Belfour, Johnson, Barcelona, Messrs Ritchie & Co.; brig Queen, Eskdale, L'Orient do.; schr Defiance, Halifax, general cargo, W. S. Smith.

CLEARED.—June 27, brig Highland Chief, Wiltshire, timber, Fleetwood, Messrs. Ritchie & Co.; schr. Dallance, Curry, Halifax.

HALIFAX.—Arrived.—June 23; Perseverance, Dalhouse; Pique, do. Lucy, Bathurst.

QUEBEC.—June 15, Champion, Richibucto.

NEW YORK.—June 13, Cleared, Katherine, Richibucto; 15, Buffalo, Miramichi.

BOSTON.—June 18, Golden Grove, Dalhouse.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

WE obtained the following Telegraph Despatch last evening. The wires were down, which occasioned some delay in its receipt.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO MIRAMICHI GLEANER OFFICE.

St. John, June 29.

New York, June 28.—The Baltic arrived at her wharf this morning about one o'clock. This arrival brings telegraph details of the French capture of the Mamelon and White Tower, which was made after sanguinary fighting, in which 5,000 were killed and wounded.

French took 62 guns and 500 prisoners, and this new position enabled them to shelter the shipping in the harbor of Sebastopol.

Simultaneously, the English stormed and took the Riflemen's works in the quarries, but left 100 killed and wounded.

Since then the firing has been slack.

The fleet have achieved new success in the Sea of Azoff, and have burnt stores at Tagganrog, Manopol, and Genitsek, and a boat expedition is fitting out against Perekop.

The Russians are reported to have evacuated Anapa.

Nothing of importance from the Baltic.

Latest by telegraph.—Dantzic, June 15.—The Voltin has arrived with despatches—she left the fleet on the 11th, anchored off Cronstadt. On the 6th, the Russians fired on a boat bearing a flag of truce, and 16 English sailors were killed.

On the 8th, the Neagginia, fired for an hour with great effect on a body of horse artillery, suffering but little.

From the Crimea.—The correspondence is down to the 4th. Weather was excessively hot. All accounts agree that there is a vast amount of disease and despondency in the garrison of Sebastopol.

Private letters from Kertch, give a fearful account of the sufferings of the Russian army as well from wounds as from sickness.

Russians are said to have obtained a communication with the Crimea independent of the road from Perekop, by constructing a bridge of boats across the Siveschi, in Demara. No alteration in trade.

Corn promises to be an abundant crop. The British ship Shamrock, foundered at sea, with a valuable cargo, estimated at \$20,000, the crew escaped in boats.

Very Latest.—Vienna, Friday, noon. General Samona has died of cholera, at Balaklava.

Markets.—Liverpool, Cotton quiet during the week.

Breadstuffs.—Wheat, 3d to 6d lower.—Flour, from 1s to 2s. do. Corn, 6d to 1s do.

Provisions generally unchanged and quiet. London Money Market.—Money, plenty. Bank rate discount reduced to 3 1/2.

Consols 9 1/4.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills the best remedies for the cure of Female Complaints.—The extraordinary effect these Pills have upon all complaints peculiarly incidental to females, would appear incredible, if it were not confirmed daily by the wonderful cures they effect in Canada. It is an unquestionable fact, that there is not any remedy to equal them throughout the World, for exterminating suffering from the other sex, than these admirable Pills, particularly for young girls entering into womanhood, therefore all are requested to give them a trial, which will insure their recommendation.

EXTENSIVE SALE.

To be Sold by Public Auction, at the Store of the late firm of DUNCAN & LOCH, in Newcastle, commencing on TUESDAY, the 1st of August next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. All their

VERY EXTENSIVE AND VALUABLE STOCK OF DRY GOODS.

Liquors, Groceries, Earthenware, Hardware, Cordage, Iron, Salt, &c., &c.

The Sale will be continued from day to day, until the whole is disposed of; and as this is one of the largest, most general, and best assortment of Goods in the Province, (selected under the directions of the late William Loch, Esquire.) it is well worthy the attention of persons wishing to lay in a Stock of Goods fitted for this market, or desirous of obtaining a superior article for private use.

The Sale being positive, and to wind up the Estate, great Bargains may be expected.

The goods can be inspected on the premises at any time previous to the time of sale.

TERMS.—£15 and under Cash; and for all above that sum, the following credit will be given, on approved Joint Notes, viz:—

Over £15, and not exceeding £50, three months.
Over £50, and not exceeding £150, three and six do.
Over £150, three, six and nine months.

THOMAS C. ALLAN,
JOHN MACDOUGALL, } Executors.
ALLAN A. DAVIDSON, }
Newcastle, 22nd June, 1855.

FOR SALE.

That part of LOT No. 27, on the south side of Napan River, bounded on the upper side by the Farm of Mt Leks Fitzpatrick, and below by the Farm of Mr George Jardine, being 25 Rols front, and extending back to the rear line of John O'Donnell's Land on the post road to Richibucto. There is a large clearance on the lot, and the soil is equal to the best in the thriving settlement of Napan.

For further particulars apply to Mr Thomas Matheson, the owner, Bathurst, or to
GEORGE KERR,
Chatham, 9th November.