

Alexander Fraser	3	Bay Des Vent River.
John Mackie	6	do
do	5 1/2	do
Richard Hutchison	2	do
do	do	do
do	do	do
John M'Dougall	5	do
Robt Johnston jr	3	do
do	2	do
do	2	do
do	2	do
do	2	do
do	2	do
do	3	do
William Muirhead	2	do
Robert Johnston jr	2 1/2	do
William E Samuel	2	do
John M'Dougall	4	Portage River
William S. Caie	3	Kouchibouguac
do	7	do
do	3	do
do	3	do
do	4 1/2	do
do	2	do
do	3	do
Richard Hutchison	6	do
Thos W Underhill	4 1/2	Kouchibouguac River
John Holderness	10	Kouchibouguacis.
do	9	do
do	5	do
do	2	do
L P W Desbrisay	7 1/2	do
do	5 1/2	do
do	6	do
do	3	do
do	2	do
do	2	do
do	2	do
do	6	do
do	2	do
Benj Wolhaupter	6	do
L P W Desbrisay	6	do
do	4 1/2	Aldouane River
do	5	do
Isaac Sowerby	2 1/2	Richibucto River
do	2	do
L P W Desbrisay	3	do
John W Holderness	10	do
do	4 1/2	do
do	4 1/2	do
do	6	do
do	6	do
do	2	do
do	2	do
Benj Wolhaupter	4 1/2	do
John P. Ford	4 1/2	do
L P W Desbrisay	7 1/2	Big Cove Brook
do	3 1/2	North Branch Richi-
do	4	buoto
Robert Fulton	4 1/2	St. Nicholas River.
William Doherty	2	do
do	2	do
L P W Desbrisay	2	do
John W Holderness	3	Molus River.
do	2	do
Edward Walker	2	do
L P W Desbrisay	4	do
do	5	do
do	3	do
do	3	do
John W Holderness	7 1/2	Molus and Bass river
do	2	Bass river.
Edward Walker	6	do
do	6	do
L P W Desbrisay	2	do
do	3	do
do	4	do
do	2	Coal Branch.
do	3	do
John P. Ford	2	do
do	3 1/2	do
do	2	do
Isaac Sowerby	2	Trout Brook Richi-
do	2 1/2	buoto
do	2	do
do	2 1/2	Hudson's Brook.
James Mooney	2	Chockpish River
do	2	do
James M'Phelim	4 1/2	Buctouche River
do	6 1/2	do
George Salter	2	do
Miraculous Atkinson	5 1/2	S Branch Buctouche
do	do	River
James M'Phelim	4	do
William Loch	6	Mullin's Stream
do	3	do
Peter Mitchell	8 1/2	South West Miramichi
Richard Hutchison	2	do
Robert Johnston jr	2	Renous.
William O'Brien	3	do
Richard Hutchison	4	Little Dungarvon
Thos W Underhill	9	Cain's River
Jeremiah Sullivan	3	do
Alexander Fraser	6	do
William Muirhead	3	Six Mile Brook
Joseph Myshraill	2	do
Robinson Crocker	2	Salmon Brook
John Mackie	4	Burnt Hill Brook.
do	3	Black River
do	9	Bay des Vent River
Robert Johnston jr	3	do
do	5	do
do	3	do
do	3	do
do	6	do
do	3	do
do	2	do
William S Caie	10	Kouchibouguac
do	3	do
do	3	do
do	5 1/2	do

William S Caie	2	Kouchibouguac
do	10	do
do	6	do
do	3	do
do	4 1/2	do
do	5 1/2	do
James Mooney	9	do
L P W Desbrisay	6	Kouchibouguacis
do	2	Richibucto river.
do	6	Bass river
William H Scovil	9	Buctouche river
do	9	do
do	7 1/2	do
do	4 1/2	do
do	7 1/2	do
James M'Phelim	10	do
do	7	do
William H. Scovil	5 1/2	Cocagne river
do	10	do
Benj Wolhaupter	9	Shediac river
do	3 1/2	do
Moses Welling	4	do
Wm H Scovil	7	Scadok
do	10	do
James Fowler	4 1/2	Cain's river
do	3	do
Richard Hutchison	6	do
Peter Mitchell	2	do
Alex M'Laggan	3	do
Richard Hutchison	3	do
do	4 1/2	do
James Fowler	2	Head of Cain's river.
do	3	do
Richard Hutchison	4 1/2	do
Robinson Crocker	5	North Branch Cain's
do	do	river
Richard Hutchison	2	South of Cain's river.
John Farley	2	N. Branch S W Mi-
James Farley	2	ramichi
Miles M'Millan	3	U. S. W. Miramichi
do	5	do
do	4	Burnt Land Brook.
do	6	Miramichi Portage.
Abel Pond	3	Burnt Hill Brook
Moses Pond	2	do
Richard Hutchison	3	do
James P Mitchell	2	Clearwater Brook
Richard Hutchison	3	Gordon's Brook

JAMES BROWN Sur. Gen.

News of the Week.

From English Papers to the 7th July.

EUROPE.

SPAIN.
Madrid, July 2.—Yesterday's Gazette intimates that the resignation of the Marshal Espartero has not been accepted by the Queen.

It has been reported that the Pope has recalled his Nuncio, Monseigneur Franohi, from Madrid; it is probable that the Papal envoy will leave at once.

MALY.
Naples.—We have news from Naples that an immense number of political arrests have taken place.—All communications with Piedmont are strictly watched.—The Neapolitan Government has increased the duties upon all exported grain, and has positively prohibited the exportation of cordage, and of provisions for the use of the army in the Crimea. The Ministers of France and of England have protested against this measure.

SARDINIA.—Diplomatic relations with Sardinia are about to be completed by the Porte, in consideration of the assistance which King Victor Emanuel has given to the cause of Turkey and her allies.

We read in the Opinions of Turin, of the 30th ult.:—"We have been assured that the telegraph has brought orders to send off to the Crimea some of the guns invented by our countryman Cavalari, which carry with effect to a distance of 5,000 yards. Those guns, however, cannot be ready for embarkation before a fortnight or three weeks. It would be advisable in the meanwhile to ship other guns for the East, were it only to demonstrate our superiority in that branch of the art of warfare."

ROME.—The King of Portugal and Duke and Duchess of Brabant "assisted" at the fete at Rome, in honour of St. Peter. A letter from Rome says that the sentence of death passed by the Consulta on De Felice, for having attempted to assassinate Cardinal Antonelli, had been formally communicated to the Pope, and that, as it had been agreed to unanimously, De Felice had no right of appeal.

TURKEY.
Another letter from Constantinople dated June 23rd, says:—"A dreadful fire occurred in the course of yesterday afternoon at Akserai: a Turkish quarter in the centre of Stamboul. The fire broke out at noon from a wooden shop, at a time when the wind was blowing very high. Shortly after it spread in three directions, and acquired such an intensity that the poor Turks gave up all intention of extinguishing the conflagration, and only cared to get their property out of the way. At six p.m. the fire was still burning with great intensity, but subsequently diminished, and ceased at half-past eight, consuming in its progress upwards of 4,000 houses and shops. This may appear exaggerated, but it is far from being so. A considerable amount of property became a prey to the flames.

Tourists had a splendid opportunity yesterday and to-day of witnessing the arrival of 1,200 transports and merchant vessels from the Sea of Marmora. The fact is, the strong northerly winds had stopped the passage of the Dardanelles to all commercial vessels, and the south winds we had yesterday and to-day have pushed up the convoy. Upwards of 1,000 vessels are sailing through. In the list of arrivals I noticed that of Gorgon, with the gunboats the Jasper, the Grinder and the Cracker in tow, and the Malacca, with the Boxer, the Fancy, and the Clinker.

Anapa.—In a despatch dated June 15, Admiral Bruat says:—"Since I have been to Anapa I understand the necessity there was for the evacuation of that place by the Russian garrison. Anapa was doubtless safe from a coup de main, and its fortifications offered a deep ditch, a high escarpment in good condition, well-kept parapets, ninety-four cannon, and fourteen mortars; but the place is

provided only with a few wells of brackish water, and, once shut in, this cause alone would have compelled the garrison to surrender. The success of an attack against the fortress was therefore certain as soon as the army and fleet could act together.—Sefer Pacha, the Turkish general who now commands at Anapa, is himself a Circassian chief."

RUSSIA.
The "Invalids Review" gives the following return of the losses admitted by the Russians themselves in the affair of the 7th:—Number hors de combat, 2,947. The killed were, 1 general (Timofieff), 4 superior officers, 27 subaltern officers, and 501 soldiers; the wounded—11 superior officers, 69 subalterns, 2,334 soldiers. According to the journal, there were in the attack on Teganrog 11 inhabitants killed, 21 wounded, 98 houses destroyed, and 143 burned down, and 1,224,000 tchetworts of wheat destroyed.

A letter from St. Petersburg states that general Read, of the 3rd infantry corps, has been nominated commander-in-chief of the troops at Nicolaieff, forming the reserve of Prince Gortschakoff's army in the Crimea. It is now alleged that they amount to 65,000. Ismail and Bender are being fortified. Letters from Simpheropol represent that the road from Perekop to that place is literary covered by uninterrupted lines of vehicles containing stores and ammunition, of infantry, cavalry, and artillery.

Opinions from St. Petersburg.—The tone of the recent advices from St. Petersburg is not favourable to the prospect of an early peace. This alteration is believed to be attributable to a secret understanding with Austria, which has given Russia more confidence in contending with the Western Powers, and in the possible success of her constant intrigues to break up their alliance. The recent announcement from Russia, that the Synod had addressed the Emperor in favour of peace, it is said to have been merely a stratagem to cover the more aggressive views which had just then received a new stimulus from the new covert intimation of active sympathy with Austria and Prussia, that sympathy being, it is alleged, in course of exercise at this moment by the transmission through German territory of large supplies of materials contraband of war.

INSURRECTION IN CATALONIA.
Marseilles, Thursday.—The Cit brings news from Barcelona up to noon yesterday. Catalonia is in insurrection. Assassinations continue at Barcelona.

Zapatero, the captain-General of the province, has shut himself in the citadel, with the troops who remain faithful. The national Guards refuse to march. Government has sent parties to mediate, who are received with cries of *Vive Espartero*.

The pretext for the insurrection is the question relating to salaries.

UNITED STATES.

HEAVY FIRES.
Two fires broke out in Manchester, N. H., on the 15th inst. The first was in a Mill belonging to the Manchester Corporation, and the loss is about \$250,000. Five hundred persons have been thrown out of employment.

The other fire broke out between Hanover and Manchester streets, destroying thirty-two buildings. The loss by the second fire amounts to \$100,000.

WASHINGTON.—July 17. Under the act of last session, authorizing the Treasurer to refund the duties on articles included in the Reciprocity treaty, which were imported from the Province since the full ratification of the treaty, the amount refunded to Boston up to the 10th of July is \$78,500.

The whole amount of duties refunded up to the 10th inst. at the different American ports is \$473,386. A considerable sum is to be added to this amount, as the work of refunding the duties was not completed. The Colonies are greatly indebted to M. H. Perley, Esq., for his exertions in this matter.

HEAVY STORM IN NEW YORK.

A despatch from New York, under date of July 20th says:—

During the storm last evening the roofs of several bonded warehouses at Atlantic Docks were blown off and some damage done to shipping there, including ships St. Lawrence and Brewer, and bark Mary Elizabeth.

The boiler and machine shop of Henry Estelle & Co., was blown down. A large candle factory was also prostrated. Several stores on Commercial Wharf, near the docks were also unroofed.

The Palm Oil Works, a large new building at Red Hook, owned by Guinness & Co., was struck by lightning, which tore the roof off, and soon after the whole building was prostrate. This building was erected upon the ruins of the one demolished by the tornado in April, 1853, and was a worthy structure. Several other buildings were more or less damaged.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The horses belonging to Messrs. Jackson, Peto, Bette, Brassy & Co., numbering 35 in all, lately employed in the construction of the railway between the Bend and Shediac, were offered at auction yesterday at the Five Mile House, and we learn that a number of them brought very good prices.—New Brunswicker.

NEW HOTEL.

Mr. Stubbs, of the American House, has erected a spacious and superb establishment, on the site and grounds of what was formerly known as the "Hartford House," which will be opened, as we are informed, about three weeks hence. This new and commodious structure will be furnished in the most elegant style, and adapted, with every modern comfort and convenience, for the accommodation of a large number of guests. Being so very pleasantly situated, and near the Steam-boat landings, it will naturally command a large proportion of the patronage of the visitors to our city.

The Quebec Chronicle says that Major General Home, the new Commander of the Forces in Canada arrived by the last steamer from England, and is now in Montreal.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills are astonishing Remedies for Bad Breasts.—The wife of Mr. John Langton, of Truro, N. S. had a remarkable bad breast, in which there were two large running wounds, to what cause to attribute it, the doctors did not know, but advised the adoption of a variety of remedies, which were of no use. At last, Mr Langton determined to try what Holloway's Pills and Ointment would do he fortunately purchased a quantity, and after his wife had used them for three weeks, a visible improvement took place; by continuing them for two months, she was perfectly cured.

From the New-York National Monitor of Feb. 24
Dr. Curtis has done more to ameliorate the condition of humanity afflicted with lung complaint, than any other practitioner of medicine that has struggled with the secret of the *tertia medica*, for the last century, by the invent on and perfection of an instrument that will convey to the lungs a medicine in the shape of a highly Medicated Vapor, which acts directly on the disease, and not, hitherto, by sympathy. Those who are troubled with diseases arising from disordered lungs, will subscribe their interests by giving the Hygean Vapor a trial.

CAUTION.—DR. CURTIS'S HYGEAN is the original and only genuine article.

AWFUL EXPLOSION.

The talk about Town is that Sebastopol has fallen, and that

Groceries, Provisions, &c.,
Are much cheaper, owing to the arrival of the Schr. "Three Brothers," from Boston, which brought a choice assortment of the above to No. 1, St. JOHN STREET.

GROCERIES.
Tea, Sagar, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Rice, Biscuits, Crackers, Raisins, Dried Apples, Ginger, Lemon and Raspberry Syrup, Lime Juice, Pickles, Ground Ginger, Pimento, Cheese, Confectionary, &c.

DRY GOODS.
Satinetts, Blue Drills, Denims, J. R. Braces, Hats and Caps, Ready-Made Clothing, Cottons and Tickings, &c.

HARDWARE.
Spike, Shingle and Board Nails, Forks, Syther, Axes, Window Glass, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
Ladies Prunella, Jenny Lind and Jersey Boots, and Shoes, Gents, and Boys' strong, fine, and patent ditto.

SUNDRIES.
Pails, Corn Brooms, Corks, Looking Glasses, Room Paper, Window Blinds, Bating, &c.

ALSO, a quantity of BAX WATER, an effective remedy for Head-ache. Do not be backward in coming forward.

JAMES WHITE, JR.
Graham, 1st May, 1855.

NEW GOODS.
ARE NOW OPENED
AT THE
GLASGOW HOUSE,
COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS,
T. WALSH & Co.
Graham, 1st June, 1855.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES, FOR SALE.

To be Sold to wind up the Estate of PARK & ALEXANDER,

ALL THAT VALUABLE STEAM MILL.

Situate in the Town of Newcastle, lately erected by them.

This MILL is situated on one of the best and most convenient SITES on the River, has a commodious and safe BOOM attached with ample and convenient FILING GROUNDS; and the largest vessel can load along side the Wharf. The MILL and MACHINERY are all new and of the very best description, has one GANG of SAWS, EDGER and TRIMMER in fine operation, capable of cutting 30,000 Superficial feet deal per day, and a second Gang Edger and Trimmer can be put in at a trifling expense. The MILL, ENGINE and MACHINERY being intended for and of quite sufficient power for TWO GANGS.

—AT SO—

All those Extensive and Convenient

WHARVES, STORES, DWELLING HOUSE, BARN AND OUT-HOUSES,

Situate in the Town of Newcastle, lately occupied by Henry B. Allison, Esq.

The STORE LOT has a front of about 100 feet on the Front Street; and the WHARF extends to the Channel of the River; there is a sufficient Yard and Garden attached to the House, and all other conveniences necessary for a desirable Residence or for carrying on an Extensive Business.

If the above are not sooner disposed off by Private Sale, they will be Sold by Public Auction, at the STORE, on THURSDAY the 20th day of SEPTEMBER next, at noon, together with the STOCK OF GOODS then on hand.

For Terms and further particulars apply to any of the Subscribers.

ALEX. McLAGGAN,
WILLIAM PARK.

Newcastle, 20th July 1855.

MCAULIFF & WHELOCK.

Commission Merchants,
100 FRONT STREET,
New York.

REFERENCES.
New York, Bank of the Republic.
Boston, Messrs R. Irvin & Co.
St. John, N. B. Messrs S. Henshaw & Sons.
Halifax, N. S. John V. Thurgar, Esq.
St. John, Nfld. Bank of Nova Scotia.
London, Messrs. A. Mon, Hare & Co.
Messrs. Baine, Johnston & Co.
Messrs. DeLisle, Janvrin & DeLisle, Bankers.
Paris, Messrs. B. C. F. Gray & Sons.
Messrs. Vre. T. DeLisle & Co. Banker.

June 8, 1855. 3m.