

We are indebted to the St. John Freeman for the following synopsis of a Bill Relating to Jurors, submitted to the Legislature by the Hon. the Attorney General:

1. Male inhabitants between 21 and 60 years, British subjects, and possessed of real or personal estate of value of £100, are qualified to serve as Grand or Petit Jurors, except members of the Legislature, &c.

2. Sheriff annually shall prepare alphabetical List of qualified persons, to be paid for out of County funds.

3. To draw the Jurors by Ballot, so that at least one Grand and Pet t Juror be drawn from each Parish.

4. No person to be twice drawn in 3 years, unless the list be exhausted.

5. Petit Jury for trial of civil and criminal causes shall consist of 7 persons, except in capital cases when it shall be 12.

6. In civil cases if Jury cannot agree in two hours any five may return a verdict; but in no case to be detained longer than six hours. In criminal cases the Jury to be unanimous.

7. Judge may, if deemed necessary, upon Jury disagreeing proceed to a second trial at the same assizes, or liberate party charged on bail; abolishing the keeping of Jury without meat or drink, &c.

(Every Petit Juror shall receive 5s. per day, to be paid by County Treasurer after they are discharged, out of the county funds and form part of the county expenses thereof.

8. All Jury fees and fines to be paid into County Treasury. Every party recovering a verdict shall pay Clerk a fee of 5s. towards Jury fund.

[The pay should be at least \$2 a day.]

REVENUE BILL.

We publish below a copy of the Revenue Bill, as passed by the Assembly in the present session of the Legislature. We should think its provisions will give but little satisfaction to the public generally. It is a half and half measure—neither embracing free trade or protection—a very unstatesmanlike mode of proceeding.—The Specific duties have been considerably reduced, but those on the principal articles of consumption have been raised from 7½ to 10 per cent. The only excuse that can be offered for such a tariff is, that there is every prospect of a considerable falling off in the Revenue, and as we have by a long series of bad legislation, raised the working expenses of the Province to an extravagant figure, we must have a large revenue to defray them.

SPECIFIC DUTY.

Sugar, refined, in loaves,	£0 0 1½ per lb
All other kinds of Refined or White or Basted Sugar, or Sugar Candy,	0 0 1 per lb
Brown or Muscovado, or clayed, and any other kind of Sugar not refined,	0 6 7 per cwt
Tea,	0 0 2 per lb
Tobacco, manufactured, (except Snuff and Cigars),	0 0 2 per lb
Wines,	0 2 6 per gal
And on every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, in addition	10 0 0
Brandy,	0 4 0 per gal
Gin and Whiskey,	0 2 6 per gal
Alcohol,	0 1 6 per gal
Rum, for every gallon thereof of any strength under and not exceeding the strength of proof of 26 by the bubble,	0 1 0 per gal
And for every bubble below 23 in number by the bubble, an additional	0 0 1 per gal
All other Spirits, (not hereinbefore enumerated),	0 1 6 per gal
Shrub, Sinta, and other cordials,	0 1 0 per gal
London Syrup,	0 1 0 per gal
Malt Liquors of every description, (not being <i>ale</i> , <i>ale</i> , otherwise charged with duty,) whether in bottles or otherwise,	0 0 6 per gal
Soap,	0 0 0½ per lb
Candles of all kinds except Sperm or Wax (4 lb Sperm or Wax,	0 0 4 per lb
And each of 3 lbs weight and upwards	0 1 6 each
Cider,	0 0 3 per gal
Coffee,	0 0 1½ per lb
Fruit, dried, (except produce of the United States)	0 0 1 per lb
Leather—Solo, Upper Leather, Harness, and Belt Leather,	0 0 2 per lb
Sheep Skins, tanned and dressed,	0 3 0 per doz
Calf Skins, tanned,	0 6 0 per doz

AD-VALOREM.

On the following articles, for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, viz: £1. Anchors; barilla; canvas; cordage; chain cables; and other chains; cotton warp; copper and patent metal, in sheets, bars and bolts; felt; foreign hides, green, dried and salted, [except the produce of the United States]; iron in bolts, bars, plates, sheets and pig iron; oakum; sails and rigging for new ships; sheathing paper; silk plush for hatters purposes; block tin; tin plate; lead; zinc; bar and sheet steel; brimstone, crude and roll; sulphuric acid; muriatic acid; chloride of lime; soda ash; coppers; alum; precipitate of potash; phosphorus and carbonyl.

On the following articles for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof, viz: £15. Boots, shoes, and leather manufactures; chairs; and prepared parts of or for chairs; clocks; wheels; machinery, and materials for clocks; household furniture, (except baggage, apparel, household effects, working tools and implements, used, and in use of persons or families arriving in this province, if used abroad by them, and not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale); looking glasses; oranges and lemons; brushes; hats and hat bodies; piano fortes; snuff and cigars; carriages, waggons, sleighs and other vehicles and parts thereof; veneer and other mouldings; frames for pictures and looking glasses; wooden wares of all kinds; matches; corn brooms; and all agricultural implements, (except spades, shovels, scythes, and reaping hooks; trunks; valises; portmanteaus.

Iron Castings, viz: £15. Clocks, close, box and round stoves and parts thereof; apparatus for cooking stoves; franklin stoves; register grates, fire frames, and parts thereof; kitchen ranges; boilers, seat iron furnaces, and parts thereof.

And all other goods, wares, and merchandise not herein otherwise charged with duty, and not hereafter declared to be free from duty, for every one hundred pounds of the true and real value thereof—£10.

TABLE OF EXEMPTIONS.

Baggage, apparel, household effects, working tools, and implements used and in use of families arriving in this province, if used abroad by them, and not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale: books, printed: carriages of travellers, not intended for sale: coins and bullion: corn broom brush: grain, flour, meal and breadstuffs of all kinds: rice, ground and unground: eggs and poultry: manures of all kinds: fish of all kinds, products of fish and all other creatures living in the water: palm oil: plants, shrubs and trees: firewood: printing paper, types, printing inks, printing presses and printers' ink: rags: old rope and junk: salt of all kinds: sails and rigging saved from vessels wrecked: soap grease and tallow: butter: cheese: lard: timber and lumber of all kinds round, hewed, and sawed: unmanufactured in whole or in part: lines and twines: shoe thread and boot webbing: animals of all kinds: fresh, cured, salted and smoked meats: cotton wool: seeds and vegetables: undried fruits: dried fruits the produce of the United States of America: furs, skins or tails undressed: stone or marble in its crude or unwrought state: slate: ores of metals of all kinds: coal: pitch: tar: turpentine: ashes: pelts: wool: bark: gypsum, ground or unground: hewn, wrought or unwrought burs or grindstones: dye stuffs: molasses: flux, hemp: manilla and tow, unmanufactured: unmanufactured tobacco, resin, horns, hides, the produce of the United States of America.

PATRIOTIC FUND.

The Provincial Secretary acknowledges—through the columns of the Royal Gazette—the receipt of £1,274 8 0 on account of the Patriotic Fund, among the amount received are the following:

Madam Krollman, St. John, receipt of Concert	£50 0 0
Northumberland Division Sons of Temperance	20 0 0
Wellington Orange Lodge, Portland	20 0 0
Carleton Union Lodge Freemasons	10 0 0
Portland Division Sons of Temperance	50 0 0
Guardian Orange Lodge, St. John	10 0 0
Charlotte Division Sons of Temperance	12 10 0
St. John Lodge Free Masons	90 15 4
St. Andrew's Society, St. John	302 0 0
St. Mark's Lodge Free Masons, St. Andrew's	6 5 0
Workmen, Phoenix Foundry, St. John	40 0 0
Fredericton Society St. Andrew's	35 0 0
Woodstock Masonic Lodge	25 0 0
St. Patrick's Society, St. John	308 16 4

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.

We are indebted to the St. John Christian Visitor, for the following account of a most distressing accident, that occurred in the sister Province, which has deprived a wife and children of a kind parent and the County of Gloucester of a useful inhabitant:

A letter of the 18th inst., from J. W. Hart, Esq., of the Seminary at Wolville, addressed to Mr John Harding of this city, brings intelligence of the sudden death of his brother, Mr Thos. Harding, of Pokemouche, Gloucester, under the following afflictive circumstances:—

Mr Harding, who had been stopping in Halifax on business for some time, was travelling by coach on his way home. When within four or five miles from Wolville the coach was overturned, fell upon Mr H. and injured him so seriously that he very soon expired.

THE MAILS.

MUCH dissatisfaction it appears is felt "Further North," from the irregularity of the Mails. A Correspondent at Dalhousie, writing to us on the 27th February says:

"Would you be kind enough to inform us in this quarter what has befallen the Mails, or whether they have been stopped from coming to trouble us any more. It is now ten days since we have had any Mail from the Southward, and frequently during the winter the Mail has come in two, three, and sometimes four days after time, the Courier setting forth that good old story "bad roads," which has heretofore passed for a good voucher summer and winter. But perhaps the Mail carriers are trying a new scheme this time, and intend waiting until the roads become good; and then take a sled load of Mails along with them which would be much better and more convenient for the Mail carriers than the system said to be acted upon heretofore. How would it do to employ some sturdy chiel to carry it on his back, or as they connect the eastern shores of Canada with the St. Lawrence, by the Kempt Road—just instruct the conveying of the mails to a well-trained band of dogs. It might prove a great saving to the Province. Any change would be for the better."

Our correspondent adds—"There has been nothing felt of the earthquake in this quarter."

EUROPEAN NEWS.

UNDER this head, in another page, will be found some further intelligence from papers received by the Baltic, at New York.

It will be seen by our Telegraph Despatch, received yesterday, that the Steamer Canada arrived at half past 1 o'clock, on the morning of Thursday. The dates are to the 17th February. The news from the Crimea is not very important.

CANADA.

The Toronto Leader predicts a speedy and great fall in the price of flour. We sincerely hope our contemporary's prediction may prove correct. Eleven dollars and a half per barrel is the price now asked here—an amount which no business doing can afford to pay.

COUNTY GLOUCESTER.

AN error having inadvertently crept into the second Resolution passed at the meeting held at Bathurst on the 14th ult., and published in the Gleaner of the 17th, our readers will please substitute the following:

"Resolved, That it is the duty of every loyal British Subject in these Provinces, to sympathize with those whom the fortune of war has deprived of their natural protectors, and to assist the generous efforts made by all classes in the British Empire, and recommended by Royalty itself, towards the support of those who have been thus bereaved and left destitute."

BOWSER'S HOTEL.

ARRIVALS DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Feb. 25—James Ritchie, Liverpool; Adam Voy, Richibucto; Mr Fleet, do.

26—Simon Neils, St. John; P. McCullough, do; John McGinty, Fredericton; H. J. Thatcher, Boston; John M'Min, Dalhousie.

Our compositor made us say that the recent storm commenced on Saturday and ceased on Sunday—it should have been Monday. The roads have since considerably improved, and the mails are rapidly making up lost time.

We wish the Postmaster in Fredericton would avail himself of the Wednesday's mail to despatch Letters to this quarter, instead of sending them to St. John, as he has been doing. It is useless for the Government to incur the additional expense of keeping up a semi-weekly direct mail, if the old circuitous route is still to be pursued.

The Report of the Alnwick Agricultural Society is received, and will be published next week.

The subscription in the City of Halifax towards the Patriotic Fund, at the latest date, amounted to £1,681 17 3.

EARTHQUAKE.—The St. John papers report that another shock of an earthquake was felt at the Bend on Thursday week. On the morning of this day, we were awake by a loud explosion, which was followed by another at a short time after. Those reports were heard by a number of persons in the town.

S. ANDREWS, NEWCASTLE.—A Course of Lent Lectures will be preached (D. V.) on all Wednesdays during the remainder of the present solemn season, in S. Andrew's Church, at Newcastle, in accordance with the general practice of the English Church.

As the Prayers preceding the delivery of each Lecture will not commence until Seven o'clock, p. m. all willing-hearted persons in the town will thus have the opportunity of attending the Services now humbly offered to them and their households "without money and without price." Divine service will be duly celebrated in the above named Church, on Sunday next, (the 4th) at eleven o'clock, a. m. and at half-past six o'clock, p. m.

MARRIAGES.

At Tracad, on the 10th February, by James Young, Esq., Mr THOMAS ROBINSON, to Miss MARY MACMAHON.

DEATHS.

In the Parish of Newcastle, on Thursday the 22nd, after a long and trying illness, which he bore with patient resignation, ROBERT LAYING, in the 38th year of his age, he leaves a wife and four children to mourn their loss.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

RECEIVED BY TELEGRAPH TO THE READING ROOM.

Fredericton, the 26th February.

This morning Mr. Boyd moved the consideration of his motion for withholding further grants from sectarian schools: this motion was met by Mr. End moving the previous question, which latter was carried. The House was thinned out

in the early part of the day from the sitting of several committees: the revenue bill was taken up at 12½ o'clock, and Mr. Boyd's opposition to some of its items has exhibited very small minorities. Got through at 3½ without single amendment. The House next went into a committee on a bill of the hon. Mr. Ritchie's authorising the legal documents of this Province in England, progress reported.

February, 27th.

A bill was brought in by the Hon. Mr. Connell, for leasing copper mines in the County of Carleton, upon which progress reported after some discussion. Mr. Tibbits moved for information on the progression and expenses of the Canadian boundary line. House took up a bill brought in by the Hon. Mr. Smith for reducing the fees on registration of deeds and wills from 1s. to 6d. per 100 words: progress reported.—Election bill next taken up and speeches made in its favour by Botsford, McPherson and Ritchie; against it by Ryan and Grey. Grey as chaste and as eloquently as ever. Ritchie overpoweringly powerful and justifying the extension of the franchise on the basis of the taxation.—Street taking copious notes.

February 28.

A large number of grants was put on the supply book this morning. About an hour was spent in discussing a reappropriation to some wharf in Albert, strongly advocated by Hon. Mr. Smith. The House afterwards went into committee on election bill, Cutler leading: his speech was generally in opposition, but especially to the franchise qualification. Mr. Connell followed in favour of the bill, with the exception of the franchise, which he would fix solely in its extension to all rate payers. End came next, and in an eloquent speech, defended the bill generally. Mr. Wilmot followed arguing, among other things, the unequal tendency of taxation in different places, consequently its inapplicability, and his opinion of the abuses of the ballot.

March 1.

Election bill was introduced at 12 o'clock, and Hatheway led off with a powerful speech adverse to the late Government, and in favour of the present one and the ballot. McPhelim and McLellan followed in favour of the bill, and Montgomery and Hayward against it. Gilmour followed in its favour and McNaughton with another. Strong words almost amounting to a quarrel arose between Montgomery and Johnson, with reference to some allegations concerning the late Government. The Hon. Mr. Smith came next, stating that if the collegiate system were not re-modelled to his satisfaction, he would after another year resign his seat in council. Mr. Smith's speech concluded the debate for the evening.

March 2.

The debate on the Election bill was resumed to-day; his honor the Speaker, in a short but forcible speech, sustained registration and vote by ballot, but not the extension of the franchise, would however vote for the whole bill rather than lose it; Harding followed, then Steadman, both making clever speeches, but sorry that the franchise had not been extended further: Gilbert and Stevens next in favour of registration and vote by ballot, but not the extension of the franchise: next Mr. Street, in an amendment to the first section—moved to continue the existing law, and made a long and forcible speech: he was followed by the Solicitor General, who said that the adoption of the amendment would destroy the whole bill, when the Government must either resign or appeal to the people. Grey came next and in a brilliant speech, alluded frequently to the last St. John election; Tilley replied, and was very clever and conclusive: Tibbitt's followed in support.

New Advertisements.

TENDERS WANTED.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the subscriber until 12 o'clock, noon, on TUESDAY, the 29th of March next, for completing the Mason work of the Chimney and Boilers of the Steam Saw Mill, now in course of completion, in front of the subscriber's property. All the materials required to complete the work will be furnished by the subscriber on the premises.

Persons wishing to tender will require to examine the work in its present state, to ascertain what is still further to be done, when every information connected therewith will be furnished. The work to be completed on or before the 1st of May next, security will be required for the fulfilment of the contract. The lowest tender will be accepted if approved of.

ALEX. GOODFELLOW.
Lower Newcastle, 24th February, 1856

FOUND.

Near the Temperance Hall, on the night of the recent Tea Meeting, a SHAWL. The owner can have the same by applying at the Gleaner Office, and proving property.

Chatham, 2nd March.

TO LET.

The FARM lately occupied by the late Samuel Fleming, deceased, situate in Chatham, above Clark's Cove, and adjoining the Farm of H. Canard, Esq. It has a front of from 39 to 49 Rods. From 20 to 30 acres of the land are cleared, and mostly under cultivation. Terms of Lease will be made known on application to

GEORGE KERN, } Executors.
SAMUEL THOMSON }
Chatham, 15th November, 1854.