

LIVERPOOL TIMBER TRADE.

CIRCUARS of the Timber Market to the 25th October came to hand by yesterday's Mail from which we take the following extracts:

There is still a very considerable diminution in the tonnage employed in the Canadian timber trade, but the increase from New Brunswick and Nova Scotia makes the total tonnage about equal to that of last year, and 21,583 tons in excess of 1853. The demand for all kinds of wood has been very moderate during the past fortnight, and sales are now with difficulty effected at former rates. The present stringency in the money market, and the effect it may have on the general trade of the country, induces caution on the part of the dealers.

Pine Timber.—Quebec Pine. The short import of this article, and until recently an enormous consumption, have reduced stocks to a very moderate compass. The season is now so far advanced, that it is quite impossible to increase the supply to such an extent as would materially alter present statistics. The late sales have been effected at full rates, viz:—City of Toronto, 70 feet average, at 19d per foot; Jane Glassin, 70 do., 19d do; Glenlyon, 73 do., 20d do.; Alma, 75 do., 20d do.

St. John Pine.—For several months we had scarcely any importation of St. John Timber, and stocks became comparatively small, latterly however the supply has been large, and the engagements already made are such as promise a large excess, both upon the importation and stock of 1854. The sales for the fortnight are—Bosphorus, 18 inch average, 24d per foot; 14d do. 19d do; Bona Dena, 15 do. 19d do.; Varna, 15 do., 19d do.; Scotland, 17 do., 22d do.

Spruce and Pine Deals.—The supply for the present is 3,876,465 pieces, against 2,540,748 pieces last year. The demand upon this market for Deals has been larger than that of any previous year, consequent upon considerable requirements for war purposes, and a wider range of district for consumption, but the supply has been so greatly in excess that stocks are now unusually heavy. The value to day does not depend so much upon the future supply, which will be limited, as upon the confidence the large holders may place upon the article; and the question now existing between sellers and purchasers is simply whether our present quotations will be maintained or the contrary, in this there is naturally a difference of opinion, which is evinced by the few transactions in the last fortnight, viz:—Ann Washburn, from St. Stephen's, at £8 2s 6d; William Patten, from do., at £8 3s. 9d; the latter cargo containing 3,600 2½ Battens.—*Farnworth and Jardine.*

EUROPEAN NEWS.

The Courier from the Southward arrived yesterday afternoon a little after one o'clock, and brought the English mail.

The steamer Asia arrived at Halifax at half past nine on the night of Tuesday last, and the papers we received by her are to the 27th October. They are filled with war news from various quarters, is highly encouraging.

The repulse of the Russians at Kars was a brilliant affair, highly creditable to the valour and perseverance of the Turks, who fought with desperation. We give below the particulars culled from various sources.

Erzeroum—Oct. 5.—Yesterday evening there arrived here an express with letters of the 30th of September from Kars. The letters were written in the evening, and contained the intelligence that on the morning of that day the Russians invested Kars on all sides in full force. The batteries at Kars opened a murderous fire on the besiegers. Three times did the Russians gain a footing in the Turkish entrenchments—and three times were they driven out by the Turks at the point of the bayonet. Colonel Lake distinguished himself in the contest, not only by his courage, but by his skill. It was he who drove the enemy from the Inglis Tabia. Eight hundred Russians were slain before a redoubt defended by four hundred Turks. The firing lasted seven hours and a half, when the Russians took to flight. The Turks performed prodigies of valour, and the European officers—Colonel Lake and Captains Teedsdale and Thompson—distinguished themselves. Mr Churchill, formerly attaché of our embassy from Persia, and now secretary to General Williams, commanded at one of the redoubts, and showed himself a thorough Englishman. A postscript of a letter of the 1st instant adds, that the loss of the Russians is estimated at about eight or nine thousand killed or wounded. About four thousand corpses lie under the walls of Kars. The Turks are busied now in burying them. The enemy lost besides this a great quantity of stores; and about three hundred prisoners were taken, amongst whom were many officers. Four guns were said to have been taken. The loss of the Turks is reckoned at about seven hundred and fifty killed and wounded.

"This great battle, which had so fortunate a termination—thanks to the skill of the commander, General Williams—shows clearly

enough that the Turkish soldier, when well led is not only brave, but able to distinguish himself like the soldier of any other nation. At the same time it must convince Europe in general, and the Turkish government in particular, that the latter has no native officers, since, from the commencement of hostilities in Asia until the present moment, this is the only victory the Turks have gained, and this is owing to General Williams. When the Turks were under native commanders they experienced nothing but defeats.

"This evening I saw a letter written by a Bey of Livana (Turkish Georgia.) He says that Omar Pacha having concentrated his troops in Churuksu, had marched on Urzughet, and that he had made himself master of the place without much difficulty. He received there a deputation from the Georgian nobility, who made their submission to the Porte in the name of the inhabitants of the district. According to this letter Omar Pacha was marching towards Akaltzick, for the purpose of making a diversion in favour of Kars, and of ultimately coming to the assistance of that city. This last news tallies with that contained in letters received the day before yesterday, which say that Omar Pacha has communicated with the Muechir in Kars, telling him to maintain his position for twenty days, at the expiration of which he would be at Kars with his army. He must be near there by this time; and it would be most fortunate if he should arrive in time to cut off the retreat of Gen. Mouravieff, and be able to invest Alexandropol.

"P. S. Not one of the European officers at Kars was killed or wounded."

"Kars, October 1.—Here I am on the Karadagh again, none the worse for my late illness. Last night the Russians attacked us in force, and (between you and me and the post) very nearly took Kars. The fight was a bloody one, and lasted seven hours and a half, without one second's intermission. The Russians left upwards of 2,000 men dead upon the field; and their loss in killed, wounded and prisoners must have exceeded 6,000 men. What do you think of us Kars chaps after that? I was not actively engaged, as they know better than to attack my almost impregnable battery a second time; but I did great service with my heavy guns, and twice drove them out of a battery they had taken, and turned upon us. It was a nasty sight—the field—afterwards. It was completely covered with dead bodies, mostly Russians, as our men did not loose more than five or six hundred altogether. The defence was commanded by dear old General Kmeti; and when our General thanked him in the name of Queen Victoria, for his gallant repulse of the enemy—I thought the brave old boy would have burst his heart open—he was so proud. The Turks fought, not like lions but like fiends. I never saw such desperate recklessness of life. You can form some idea of what a desperate business it was, when I tell you that the Russians had their whole force concentrated upon General Kmeti's division, which, with the reinforcements he afterwards received, did not amount to 8,000 men. The reports have just come in, and there are more than 3,000 killed on the side of the enemy."—Letter of an English Officer.

The following is General Mouravieff's account, taken from the *Invalide Russe*, of October 18:

"General Mouravieff announces, under date of September 30, that having been informed that the Turkish troops had received reinforcements in the neighbourhood of Batoum, and that the enemy purposed effecting a movement simultaneously advancing from Erzeroum on Kars, he resolved to attack the latter fortress on the 29th. Three columns were told off for this purpose. They were also formed intermediate by columns, under the command of Lieut. General Prince Gagarino, and also a general reserve; lastly, a special detachment was to act according to special arrangements.

"The columns advanced to the assault in the greatest order and with the greatest intrepidity. The attack of Major General Bazine was crowned with success; but, unfortunately, almost at the commencement of the onslaught, several of the principal chiefs and commanders under their orders were killed or wounded; the result of this was that the unity of the operations were broken, and the most brilliant efforts during a sanguinary combat lasting several hours, could not re-establish it.

"General Mouravieff having convinced himself of this caused the reserve to advance, and under its protection, ordered the assaulting columns to effect their retreat.

"The obstinacy with which our troops fought is beyond all praise.

"During the combat they took from the Turks 14 different flags and pennons, and either spiked or dismantled several of their guns.

"Our loss is not yet exactly known, but it is very considerable. The enemy must also have sustained heavy loss.

"Amongst our generals three are grievously wounded, and one less dangerously.

"The blockade of Kars is re-established as before."

Wilmer and Smith in its *Monetary and Commercial Review*, of October 27, says:—

The Money market has experienced a sensible relief, and presents a satisfactory aspect. The supply of money has been abundant, while

the demand has been limited. A more settled feeling has been manifested, and, although the general minimum rates are not below those of the Bank of England, choice foreign bills have in some cases been negotiated at 57s. per cent. The Bank has during the week afforded facilities in the shape of advances for a month on the deposits of approved paper—a practice not usually adopted except during the shuttings for the dividends. Several of the discount houses have for the last day or two refused to take any more deposits on call for the present, having more than they require.

The papers contain the particulars of the demise of Lord Wharmeliff, Frederick Lucas, Esq., Member for the County of Meath, and Sir William Molesworth, the Colonial Secretary, and Member for the Borough of Southwark. The papers generally speak in high terms of the character of Sir William. No successor is named.

It was very currently reported that the Emperor Alexander, finding himself in great difficulty, had manifested strong symptoms of insanity, the disease which has proved so fatal to his family.

THE SEASON.

We perceive by our exchange papers, that in the western parts of the United States, Canada and Novascotia, cold weather has been experienced, and snow has fallen. In this County, and from what we learn from the Counties adjoining—North and South—the weather up to the present time, has been extremely mild, and since September there has been scarcely any frost. We question if such a long spell of mild weather was ever experienced here at this advanced period of the year. This has been very favourable to fall ploughing, and we are glad to learn that an unusually large portion of land has been turned up.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.—Robert B. Cutler, Esq., to be Commissioner to investigate and report on the part of the Province of New Brunswick, upon the funds accrued from the 'Disputed Territory,' and all questions of Bonds to be prosecuted, or claims to be remitted in connection therewith.

MARRIAGES.

On Monday the 5th inst., by the Rev. William Henderson, Mr ROBERT SUTHERLAND, of the Parish of North Esk, to MARTHA LOWRIE, of the Parish of Newcastle.

At Kouchibouguac, on the 25th ult., by the Revd. James Law, A. M., Mr DONALD ROBISON, of St. John, to Mrs. JANE GREGAN, of Kouchibouguac.

At the residence of the bride's father, at Newcastle, on Monday morning, the 5th inst., by the Revd. John Snowball, Mr JOHN ROSS, of St. John, N. B., to ELIZABETH, second daughter of Mr Daniel Witherall.

[We acknowledge a large slice of the cake.]

On Thursday, the 5th inst., by the Revd. Wm. Henderson, Mr JAMES GULLIVER, of the parish of Newcastle, to Miss ELIZABETH HELEN VYE, of the parish of Nelson.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI.
ENTERED.—November 2.—bark Glenalmon, Crever, Halifax, W. J. Fraser.

3.—schr's Alphonsine, Fournier, Quebec, flour, &c., W. J. Burton and others; Jacques Carrier, Mercier, do, do, D. & J. Ritchie and others; Highland Jane, Bernier, do, do, R. Johnston, Sen. and others; Sophia Leveritt, do, do, D. & J. Ritchie.

7.—schr's Speedy, LeBlanc, Boston, general cargo, W. E. Samuel; Vine, Campbell, P. E. Island, do, J. Cahill and others; Ensign, McGougan, do, produce, master; Happy Return, Babin, Pietou, general cargo, W. Munzie.

CLEARED.—November 3.—schr Villager, Watt, Halifax, fish, &c., Gilmour, Rankin & Co. and others.

5.—schr's Bull Dog, Casey, P. E. Island, lumber, J. Smallwood; Highland Maid, Bernier, Quebec, Iron, Wm. Letson; Sophia, Leveritt, Caraquet; Ensign, McGougan, P. E. Island.

8.—schr Mary Jane, Terrio, Halifax, potatoes, &c., Mackie, Marshall & Co; Alphonsine, Fournier, Quebec.

9.—schr's Canopus, Robson, Gaspé; Phantom, Paimer, P. E. Island, machinery, &c., W. J. Fraser & Co.; Native Lass, Gerrier, Halifax, lumber, Bain.

PORT OF NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI.
ENTERED.—October 29.—schr Canopus, Robson, Halifax, gen. cargo, W. Masson & Co. and others.

31.—schr's Highland Mary, Brimer, flour, Executors of W. Loch, and others.

November 2.—schr Bloomer, Hains, Richibucto, R. Crocker.

3.—schr Mary Jane, Duggan, P. E. Island, cats, R. Crocker.

CLEARED.—October 31.—bark Christiana, Hewison, Shield, timber and deals, Gilmour, Rankin & Co.

November 5.—schr Bloomer, Hains, Richibucto, juniper plank, R. Crocker; Mary Jane, Duggan, P. E. Island, lumber and salt, master. 8.—bark Kalka Pira, M'Kenzie, Belfast, deals, J. H. & J. Harding.

PORT OF BATHURST.

ENTERED.—Nov. 3.—schr. Sea Flower Paulin, Quebec, flour, F. Rankin & Co; schr. Belinda, Caldwell, Quebec, flour, John Meahan, and others.

7.—schr Perseverance, Ganott, Halifax, goods, T. H. Carman, and others.

8.—schr Trusty, Heron, P. E. I., oats, F. Rankin & Co.

CLEARED.—Nov. 6.—schr Sea Flower, Paulin, P. E. I., shingles; schr Belinda, Caldwell, Carlisle.

PORT OF SHIPPEGAN.

CLEARED.—Nov. 3.—bark Amelia, James Craig, deals, cod-fish, and cod oil, Cork, Win Fruing & Co.

New Advertisements.
GLASGOW HOUSE.

Fall and Winter Goods.

All the DESIRABLE GOODS, suitable for the present and coming Season, are now open, and will be sold at unprecedented low prices.

T. WALSH & Co.
COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS.
Chatham, 8th November, 1855.

CENTRAL BANK AGENCY,
CHATHAM.

DRAFTS AT SIGHT on Quebec, can be obtained at this Agency.

W. M. S. EVANS, Cashier.
Chatham, 8th November, 1855.

A MILLER WANTED.

The Subscriber wants a MILLER at once, to take charge of the Mill formerly owned by William Leslie, having three run of stones, and newly gear'd.

WILLIAM WILSON.
Upper Nelson, 5th November, 1855.

FOR SALE.

A Valuable FARM in Blissfield, one Do. in Blackville, two lots of LAND (second concession) in Nelson, and a Lot containing about seventy acres, near the Town of Newcastle, &c. &c., apply to the Subscriber, who intending to leave Miramichi for some time, requests all accounts, notes of hand, &c., to be arranged, adjusted and fully settled as soon as practicable, and thereby save expense.

ALEX. FERGUSON.
Upper Nelson, 8th November, 1855.

County and Parish Accounts.

All Persons having any Accounts with the County and all Parish Officers, are required to render their Accounts and returns duly and properly vouched to this Office on or before the 10th DECEMBER next, in order that the same may be placed in the hands of the Auditor, preparatory to their being laid before the General Sessions on the second Tuesday in January next.

By Order of the General Sessions,
EDWARD WILLISTON, Clerk.
Clerk's Office, Newcastle, 9th November, 1855.

NOTICE.

All persons who have not paid their Parish Rates, are requested to do so within six days, if not they will be dealt with according to law.

CORNELIUS MCCARTHY.
Chatham, November 9, 1855.

LOST.

On the night of Saturday last, between the residence of Mr. McCulley and Mr. Loudoun's corner, a Dark Brown BOA. Whoever will leave it at the Gleaner Office will be rewarded for their trouble.

Chatham, November 9, 1855.

1855. SELLING OFF. 1855.
Bargains, Bargains.

As the Subscriber is about making an alteration in his present business, and having on hand a choice assortment of

British & American Dry Goods,

which he is desirous to dispose off, he will commence on MONDAY, to sell at Prices which will astonish the public, his stock consists of: Mahair, Chenille, and Waisey Cloakings, Long and Square Wool SHAWLS, and Neckercloths, Cashmere, Crape, Mohair and S-bastopol Dresses, Blankets, Flannels, Serge, (cheap) Furs, in Muffs, Coats and Boas, Gents, South Sea, Seal, Dog Skin, and other raw, Blue, Pink and Black Silk Plush, (for Bonnets) Over Coats, Pants and Vests, (very low.) Boots and Shoes, in every variety.

P. S., Those Persons who are desirous of obtaining value for their money, will find it to their advantage to call at No. 1, ST. JOHN STREET.

JAMES WHITE, JR.
Chatham, 12th September, 1855.

BUOYS AND BEACONS,

TENDERS will be received at the Residence of M. CRANNEY, until THURSDAY, the 15th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the

Lifting and Placing the Harbour Buoys, where the Commissioners may point out.

M. CRANNEY,
GEO. J. PARKER, } Commissioners.
Miramichi, November 2, 1855.