

been grown of late years than there were facilities for steeping and scutching, from which cause much of the straw still remained in the grower's hands. All the instructors anticipate an increased sowing next year as arrangements would be made for a better supply of seed of prime quality. Samples of fibre, of this year's growth, from the district about Bandon, were laid on the table. They appeared to be of excellent quality, well steeped and scutched.

SPAIN.—Private accounts from Madrid speak of a new ministerial crisis, the object of which was to get rid of Narvaez much in the same manner as he had ousted O'Donnell. In any case Narvaez seems to be but the stopping-stone to absolutism. The Marquis of Viluma, who has been the recognised head of that party, was spoken of as the new premier, but the refusal of his brother, General Pezuela, who belongs to the same school of politicians, to accept an important post under the present government, would show that they did not consider the moment propitious as yet. Moreover, the Marquis of Viluma is said to have recoiled from the danger. The condition on which Narvaez now keeps power is complete submission to the will of the queen, and her Majesty shows a firm determination to get rid of every sort of check, and return to the system in vigour at the death of her father. If the court can effect it, there will be neither constitution, nor cortes nor press, nor any other safeguard against despotic rule. Narvaez, all imperious as he has ever been, is obliged to submit. He naturally wished to have those in place on who he could most depend, but the queen resisted. People were surprised that O'Donnell gave up power so quietly. If one fact in the letter alluded to be correct, it explains the whole. It says that O'Donnell is to be named commander of the household guard—and this as a precaution against Narvaez. The Gazette has published a royal decree declaring that the sequestration laid on the property of the queen-mother is revoked, and it appears to be a fact that Queen Christina will not accept the removal of the sequestration upon the property, in the form in which it has been decreed. Her Majesty alleges that the insult to her having been public, she can only accept an equally public reparation, and cannot content herself with a decree which is almost a private document. It is said that the stoppage of the sale of church property would produce as much embarrassment as the continuance, since the process had gone to so great an extent.—The ministry is following the French policy by addressing itself to the means of finding subsistence for the people, and the bank of Madrid is going to furnish the funds necessary for that purpose.

CIRCASSIA.—The late Circassian Victory.—The following is the narrative given by the Journal de Constantinople of the victory of the Circassians, a brief account of which reached us a few days ago by telegraph.

Soudjak-Kale, Sept. 24.—The Russians having passed the Laba for the purpose of constructing fortifications in Abzsch, Sefer Pacha immediately despatched an interpreter to the Russian commander, in order to know the object of the expedition. The Russian commander replied, 'By the treaty of Paris Circassia is conceded to Russia, and I have come to take possession of it.' Sefer Pacha sent a second messenger to the Russian commander to inform him that Circassia was an independent country; that no one could dispose of it without the consent of its inhabitants, and that if the Russians did not retire forthwith the Circassians would take prompt measures to compel them.

The next day Sefer Pacha advanced with 30,000 men against the Russians, who had taken up a position on the slopes of a ravine with sixteen cannon. The combat lasted three hours and a half; the Circassians remained masters of the field; made 800 prisoners and took all the guns. Another affair took place twenty days ago in the Tchep-Sou, after the passage of the Kouban by the Russians, who were obliged to retire with a considerable loss of men, leaving five guns behind.

The Russian troops were composed of recruits, and did not stand their ground. The prisoners taken by the Circassians are no longer reduced to slavery. They are admitted into the ranks, or are at liberty to establish themselves upon the land, under the administration of a Naib.

The Circassian deputation which was sent to Constantinople has not returned, but it is thought certain that the ports and the western powers will not support us.

WEST INDIA.

Yellow Fever at Bermuda.—Advices from Bermuda of the 8th ult. state that yellow fever has broken out at Ireland Island for the first time and in Paget, Pembroke and Southampton parishes twenty new cases have appeared in three days. Somerset and Warwick had been fearfully visited; their united population numbers 2600 and upwards of 400 had been attacked with the fever. The disease had not passed to the eastward of Devonshire. Parishes of Smith Hamilton, and St. George continued to enjoy uninterrupted good health.

MIRAMICHI:

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—A week or two ago, we learnt that Mr J. R. Dennett, who resided many years in Chatham, and removed hence to the United States, unfortunately lost his life by falling from a bridge while crossing the Charles River. We never saw the particu-

sars of the accident, but a friend put us in possession of a copy of the Middlesex Journal of October 4, which contains two small paragraphs on the subject, which we copy below. The one alludes to the manner of his death, and the other passes a high eulogium on his memory:

"It was stated in our paper of last week that Mr J. R. Dennett came to his death by drowning, while endeavoring to rescue a person who had fallen into Charles River. We are requested to say that in the disastrous attempt of the deceased to render assistance, he made a false step and fell, his head coming violently in contact with a projecting portion of the bridge broke his neck, which was the immediate cause of his death."

"Mr Editor.—In your notice of the death of Mr J. R. Dennett in last week's Journal, the tribute you pay to the memory of a worthy citizen is no more than he deserved. He has resided in Woburn about eleven years, and his strict honesty and kindness of manners has endeared him to all who knew him. He has toiled early and late to support and educate a large family. He was a very intelligent man, and was desirous to leave to his children a heritage better than silver or gold—an honest name and a good education—and to this end he taxed all his powers of body and mind. His melancholy fate has cast a gloom over, and excited the sympathy of our community, but how deeply the loss is felt in that home where were centered all his pleasures and love, none but those who have been called upon to part with a kind husband and an affectionate father can ever realize.

Woburn, Oct. 2."

A Correspondent in the last issue of the Colonial Times, under the signature of "Fidelity," in a letter bearing date, Restigouche, November, 1856, makes a desperate onslaught on our own Correspondent in that County, as well as ourselves. The writer, in his hot haste to vent his spleen, forgot the distance existing between Chatham and Dalhousie, and the time necessary to transmit the Gleaner by post and to receive an answer to any article published therein. The length of time that elapsed from the receipt of the paper at the post-office in Dalhousie, and the despatch of the return mail, which was received here on Wednesday morning, could not have exceeded six or seven hours; rather too short a time, we imagine, for an old man to sit down and concoct this letter and his young daughter to copy it. But, to remove any doubts that may exist on this extraordinary performance, we inform our readers, that we heard of the receipt of this wonderful letter from the Restigouche Correspondent, and had the heads reported to us on the evening of TUESDAY last.

We shall make no further comments on the ratter. We simply relate these facts, that our readers may form some idea of the genuineness of the article, and where it was concocted, a matter of small difficulty we imagine to many of them; and we fancy it will require as little thought on their part to name the person who wrote it.

MARRIAGES.

On Monday, the 3rd inst, by the Rev. Wesley C. Beals, Mr NICHOLAS BATEMAN, to Miss MARGARET ANN GOOD, both of New Bandon.

On the 12th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Stewart, Mr HUMPHREY FAYLE, to Miss ISABELLA K. RITCHIE, both of Chatham.

[We acknowledge an ample slice of the bridal cake.]

On Thursday, 13th November, by the Rev. Wm. Henderson, Mr. JOHN F. PERRY, Ship-Carpenter, Newcastle, to Miss BELLA DOROTHY CURTIS, of the Parish of North Esk.

On Thursday morning last, in S. Andrew's Church, at Newcastle, by the Rev. James Hudson, B. A. Mr. THOMAS MURPHY, and Miss HANNAH OXFORD.

DEATHS.

At Newcastle, on Sunday morning, 9th November, Mrs JOHN MILLER, aged 64. She was a native of Tourmleburn, County Antrim, Ireland, and came out to this country in 1824.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHATHAM—MIRAMICHI.

ENTERED—Nov. 10—schr. Margaret Ann, Wilson, P. E. Island, Tobacco and fish, D. McLaughlan and others; Jubilee, Forgen, Boston, general cargo, W. Muirhead and others; Ensign, M'Gougan, P. E. Island, produce, Master; Mary Jane, Walsh, P. E. Island, produce, W. Muirhead

11—May Flower, Kenedy, P. E. Island, produce, Master; Three Brothers, Quittot, Quebec, general cargo, Alex. Loudon, and others; bark Nipisiguet, Morrison, Bathurst, spars, deals, and hay, G. Smith.

CLEARED—Nov. 12—schr. Elizabeth, M. Kenzie, Pictou, salt &c., W. Munsie; Mary Jane, Walsh, P. E. Island, salt, W. Muirhead.

PORT OF NEWCASTLE—MIRAMICHI.

CLEARED.—Nov. 7, schrs. Happy Return, Babin P. E. I., Jumber, J. H. & J. Harding; Emma Furbish, Kendal, Bonaventure, master. 8—ship Parthenon, Caldwell, Penarth Roads deals and preserved fish, J. H. & J. Harding; bark Paragon, Forbes, Liverpool, deals, R. Crocker.

PORT OF DALHOUSIE.

ENTERED—Nov. 7—schr. Perseverance, Ga-

net, Halifax, general cargo, Joseph H. Labilloy; schr. Henry, Casey, Bathurst, A. C. Desbrisay; schr. Swift, LeBlanc, North Shore.

9—schr. Margaret, Babin, Boston, general cargo, Daniel Delaney & others.

CLEARED—Nov. 8—brig Marmion, Sherri-dan, timber, A. Ritchie & Co. 10—schr. Perseverance, Ganet, Carleton.

PORT OF HALIFAX.—Nov. 11—arrived, Villa-ger, Watt, Miramichi.

New Advertisements.

TO FARMERS.

To be Let on Shares for a Term of Years, with immediate Possession given,

Four fine Farms in Hope Town, County of Bonaventure, and District of Gaspe.

Each Farm is on a front of 11-2 acres by 33 1-3 acres in depth. The whole will be divided into two lots in order to give each occupant a good House, BARN, ROOFT-CELLAR, &c., and about 40 acres of Cleared Land fit for the plough. The greater part of the land intended for a Grain Crop next year has been ploughed this fall, each Lot having sufficient land prepared to sow 25 bushels of wheat—Mr TENIER has made a good road to the sea-shore for the purpose of procuring kelp, 400 loads of which are now secured for manuring next year's crop.

Each Farmer will be furnished by Mr Tenier with two good working Oxen, one Horse, 3 Cows, Young Cattle and Sheep, Carts, Ploughs, and Harrows, and all the Seed required for the first year.—Each House has a covered Well, with abundance of good, pure Water.

Industrious, practical Farmers will find this a rarely to be met-with opportunity of getting a start in the world. Mr Tenier being one of the best practical farmers in the District, the land is all in good order, and his successors have only to follow in his footsteps to make money. The Hope Town Tract is well known as the most level, and one of the most fertile in the District of Gaspe. Apply to VICTOR TENIER, Hope Town, Bonaventure, C. E. Hope Town, 31st October, 1856.

No. 1. No. One. No. 1. Castle Street, NE WCASTLE.

Just Received and for sale on the most reasonable Terms—

200 Bbls. Superfine Canada FLOUR, best brands 100 do Brandywine CORN MEAL

BREAD and CRACKERS in great variety. 100 Quintals best DRY CODFISH.

HERRING in barrels and half barrels.

MESS POULTRY, White and Grey COTTONS, HAMS, Shirtings,

Butter, Vestings, Cheese, Cloth and Fur Gloves, Soap, Hats, Candles, Caps, Fluid, Shoes, Boots, & Slippers.

Teas in Chests and Boxes, Molasses in Hhds. & Bbls. Syrup, Sugar, wholesale and retail.

Hennessey's and Martell's best Brown and Pale BRANDIES.

Gin, and Spirits in Hhds. and Qr. Casks. Port and Sherry Wines, Lime Juice.

Together with the usual stock of Earthenware, Hardware, and Fancy Goods

A. FRASER.

Newcastle, Nov. 15, 1856.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be Sold at Public Auction at the Registry Office in Newcastle, on the Second TUESDAY in May next, between the hours of 12 and 5, p.m., All the Right and Title

of PATRICK LONG, WILLIAM LONG, and ALEXANDER LONG, and of every of them, of, in, or to, all that Lot or Tract of Land, situate in the Parish of Ludlow, on the north side of the South West Branch of the Miramichi river, bounded on the upper or westerly side by Lands owned by the Hon. Thomas H. Peters, on the lower or easterly side by Lands occupied by James Murphy, in front of the said river, being the premises at present in the occupation of the said Patrick Long and Sons.—The same having been taken by me under, and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of William Masson and others, against the said Patrick Long, William Long, and Alexander Long.

JAMES MITCHELL, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, 13th Nov. 1856.

PROVISIONS.

The Subscriber has for Sale— 500 Bbls FLOUR. 100 do Corn Meal, 50 do Oat Meal, 15 Puns Molasses, 6 Puns Rum, 6 Hhds. Gin, Brandy, Sherry Wine, Pork, Herring, Codfish, Read, Beans in bags, Peas do, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Barley, Pot and Pearl, Butter in Firkins, Dry Goods, &c., &c.

HENRY CUNARD. Chatham, 15th, Nov., 1856.—6w.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted for the Stud Horse YOUNG RULER, are requested to make immediate payment of the same, or their Bills will be placed in a Magistrate's hands for Collection.

WILLIAM M. KELLY, B. STAPLEDON. Chatham, November 13, 1856.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The Business heretofore carried under the style of KELLY & ORR, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

WILLIAM KELLY, ROBERT ORR.

Chatham, October 18, 1856.

GLOUCESTER.

The Subscriber is prepared to SCREW HAY in quantities from one to fifty tons, on his Farm, near Bathurst, at reasonable rates.

JOHN WATERSON.

Bathurst, November 15, 1856.

FREDERICTON MAIL.

FALL & WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The Subscribers STAGE will leave Chatham on the Mornings of MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS, at the hour of 8 o'clock A. M., and Fredericton on the Mornings of TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,

at the same hours. Books will be kept at Kelly's Office, Chatham, and at the Barker House, Fredericton. It must be distinctly understood that no person will be considered entitled to a seat without registering their names and paying their Fare.

ORR, CARVELL & CO.

Chatham, November 15, 1856.

CROWN LAND NOTICE.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, Nov 4, 1856.

The undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the Second day of December next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeable to the Regulations of 11th May, 1843, and no sale of credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the crown for previous purchases.

(Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber or other Lumber under Licences applied for previous to the applications for the purchase of the Land). (No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.)

NORTHUMBERLAND.

By Deputy Peters, at Chatham. 85 acres, lot — block 14, S. of Black R., D. Cameron, improved.

KENT.

By Deputy Douglas, at Buctouche. 109 acres, lot 16, St. Anthony, C. Lesere; improved by P. White.

136 acres, lot 63, Middle Township, J. Gabriels; 16s. survey.

By Deputy Little, at Richibucto. 50 acres, upper 1-2 of 9, N. side Kouchibouguacis, M. Jimmo Jr., improved; credit to be allowed for £5 paid Deputy Layton.

54 acres, lot 36, block O, Palmerston, John Cemeaux.

7 acres Island R. Kouchibouguacis, T. Barrie; upset price 20s. per acre.

50 acres, east of Miramichi Road, Richard Tracy improved.

157 acres, Murphy's Creek, Samuel Breaux.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, November 1, 1856.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, That all persons who may have paid Moneys on account of Crown Land to PETER MEZERAL, the late Local Deputy for the Northern District of the County of Kent, are hereby required to forward his Receipts thereto in this Office before the first day of January next, in default of which they will not be recognized; and all Warrants for the Survey of Crown Lands, now in his hands, are cancelled.

9w JOHN MONTGOMERY, Sur. Gen.

GROCERY & LIQUOR STORE!

The Subscriber begs to inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has opened the STORE in Newcastle, opposite NESBITT'S BRICK BUILDING, where he has on hand

A choice assortment of the following DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, in Painted Cashmeres, Teas, Delaines, Sugars, bro. & Crush'd, Colbours, Mallasses, Alpacas, Ginger, Prints, Pepper, Flannels, Cream Tartar, Tickings, Nutmegs, Dungarees, Cloves, Grey & White Cottons, &c. Tobacco, Segars, &c. Flannel Shirts and Drawers, Boots and Shoes of all sizes, of the best make and quality.

LIQUORS. BRANDY, WINE, GIN, AND OLD RUM.

ALSO EXPECTED TO ARRIVE, Flour, Meal, Pork, Butter, &c., all of which are of the first quality Goods, and all he asks is an inspection and trial of them. Call and examine for yourselves.

F. R. SWEENEY. Newcastle, November 6, 1856.

500 BARRELS FLOUR.

FANCY BRANDS, just received, per "PASIFIQUA" from Montreal. For Sale low by W. J. FRASER & CO.

Chatham, November 7, 1856 6w

NOTICE.

Persons who have not paid their Assessment in the Town of Chatham, are requested to do so forthwith, as the whole List of Defaulters will be put into the hands of a Magistrate for collection before the 15th instant.

DONALD McDONALD. Chatham, 8th November, 1856.

FOR SALE.

BY THE SUBSCRIBER. Oats, Codfish, green and dry, Herring and Mackerel, cheap for cash.

WM. F. McLAUGHLIN. Store adjoining Messrs. D. & J. Ritchie's store, Chatham, 25th October 1856. (6w)