

the events of the day were subsequently loudly applauded.

The duke and duchess on leaving were again greeted with acclamations, accompanied with cries of 'Down with the convents! No privileges! Whist the performance at the theatre was going on, crowds assembled before the Capucines and Jesuits' convents, and the offices of the Emancipation, and repeated offensive cries; they also took bricks from a house in course of construction near the Emancipation office, and threw them at the windows. The crowd also went to the different ministries, and to the house of M. Malou, and raised cries of various kinds. In front of the Palais de la Nation, near the statue of the constitution, some crackers were let off by some mischievous boys and the noise created a good deal of confusion, the guard of the Theatre du Parc even turning out in consequence. At length the disturbance assumed so serious an aspect that the burgomaster of Brussels, M. de Brouckere, issued a proclamation, forbidding any assemblage of more than five persons, and threatening offenders with the punishment set forth in the penal code; declaring also that in case of resistance, the public force should be employed. After this declaration had been placarded, the burgomaster, wearing his scarf, presented himself in the Place de l'Hotel de Ville, and exhorted the crowd as good citizens to disperse, and so give an example of respect for order and the law. The crowd gradually went away, and its example was followed by those in other parts of the city. At midnight all was tranquil. About nine o'clock the king came to the palace at Brussels with Laeken, and presided over a council of ministers. In the course of the evening several arrests were made.

We have also received accounts of what took place on Thursday and Friday. On the former day some nuns who ventured into the streets were insulted; in consequence the petites sœurs des pauvres, who had, as usual, gone to the market to beg alms, were summoned home, and a certain number of members of religious congregations deemed it prudent to leave the capital, by railway, in different directions. A new council of ministers was held in the palace. Early in the day the 3rd legion of the national guard was convoked, and detachments of cuirassiers and riflemen arrived from Louvain and Antwerp; on the other hand, the railways brought up bands of young men from the provinces. The discussion in the chamber on the bill which has so offended the population of Brussels, was proceeded with; but it presented nothing remarkable. A crowd assembled in front of the Palais de la Nation, and they passed their time in uttering various cries, and in applauding such of the members of the liberal party as appeared at the windows, and in hooting those of the clerical party. Some priests who happened to pass were hooted, and even assaulted. When the sitting broke up, some men stationed at the door of the chamber cried out the names of the representatives who left; those of the liberals were received with acclamations and the waving of handkerchiefs; those of the clericals with yells. The crowd at last became so dense that some of the deputies were unable to leave the palace. According to the Emancipation, the cries raised in the course of the day, were, 'Down with the priests!' 'Down with the catholics!' 'Down with the ministers!' 'Into the water with the president!' 'A bath for Nothomb!' 'Hurrah for the liberals!' 'Down with the majority!' and 'Hurrah for the minority!' The same journal says that the assemblage consisted principally of persons of a respectable position in society, that there were no workmen; and it compliments the latter on their absence. The rest of the evening passed off exceedingly quiet.

On Friday morning the approaches to the palace were occupied by troops, and a company of riflemen with fixed bayonets were stationed in front of the palace, but remained quiet. The tribunes were crowded. After some preliminary business had been disposed of, M. de Brouckere proposed that, in consequence of a difference of opinion having arisen between the government and M. Malou, the reporter, with regard to the manner in which the question relative to primary instruction should be regulated, the bill should be referred back to the central committee. M. Malou, in the name of the clerical party, supported the proposition; of the ministers maintained silence, and the proposition was adopted without opposition. The step is generally considered, says the Independence, as equivalent to the indefinite adjournment of the bill.

At the commencement of the sitting of the chamber of representatives on Saturday, the minister of the interior read a royal decree, dated that morning, adjourning the chamber sine die. Immediately after the reading of this decree the chamber broke up amidst cries from members of the left of 'Vive le Roi!' We do not know when, nor under what circumstances (says Le Nord), the chamber will re-assemble but we expect much from the intelligent prudence of the sovereign, who has now put an end to a discussion that could not have been continued without great danger to the country.

On Saturday, the municipal council of Brussels appointed a deputation of five of its members to wait upon the king with an address, praying him to exercise his constitutional privilege by removing the cause of the present excitement.

Great preparations continue to be made in Brussels to meet any popular outbreak. Accounts from Namur, Bruges, Liege, Antwerp, Mons, and other towns represent the excitement to be as great there as in the capital. The

windows of several of the buildings occupied by the Jesuits have been broken, and other manifestations of dislike to priestly influence have taken place.

AUSTRIA.—Vienna.—The Emperor and Empress, in consequence of the lamented death of the youthful Archduchess Sophia, have returned to this capital. The princess died at Buda, on the evening of the 30th ult., after ailing for the last few weeks. She was the eldest child, and was born on the 5th March, 1855. A letter from Vienna states that the archduchess was a great favourite with the ladies there, who had always some little story to tell about her. All that is known to me of the poor little girl is, that she had a great antipathy to her gloves, but never failed to have them put on before she came to the gate of the city, which leads to the Prater (the Hyde-park of Vienna,) as she had been told that the guard had received orders not to turn out and beat the drum when children passed with a pair of uncovered hands dangling out of the window of the carriage.

**New Advertisements.**

**BOWSER'S SALOON, CHATHAM.**

The Subscriber returns his most sincere thanks, to the TRAVELLING PUBLIC, at large, and also to his friends in Chatham and Newcastle, for their very liberal support, for the past four years that he has accommodated the Public in Chatham. He further solicits a continuation of their patronage at his SALOON, fronting on water street. The usual accommodation at his HOTEL, for Travellers and Boarders. HENRY BOWSER. Chatham, June 20, 1857.

**Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE.**

The Subscriber offers for sale ALL THAT VALUABLE AND EXTENSIVE FARM AND PREMISES, in the Village of Kouchibouguac, in the County of Kent, in the Province of New Brunswick, known as the MOONEY FARM, containing 550 Acres, with a Front of three quarters of a mile on the River Kouchibouguac; over 50 Acres are Cleared, well Fenced, and in a good state of Cultivation. In addition to the large portion under tillage cuts over Twenty Tons of good English Hay; about 80 Acres more are partially cleared, and at a very small expense can be put into immediate cultivation. There are on the Premises a substantially built Two Story Stone Dwelling House, 40x30, thoroughly finished throughout, with good Frost Proof Cellar underneath and a Kitchen and Shed in Rear, Two large Wooden Barns, with ample Sheds and Out Buildings, and every convenience for such an Establishment. It is well calculated for a House of Entertainment, being eligibly situated in the central part of the Village, only 12 miles from the Shire Town of Richibucto, and 26 from Miramichi; the Mail Road to both which places passes the door and divides the Farm,—and as a Farm it is not equalled in that part of the Province. Also—Separately or in connection with the above, 100 Acres of WOOD LAND, situate immediately in rear. Also—A MEADOW LOT, containing 100 Acres, situate only two miles from the above, which now cut upwards of Twenty Tons of Hay, and can easily be made to cut more than three times that quantity. If the above Premises are not disposed of by Private Sale, by or before the FIFTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER next, they will, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day, be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION, in Front of the Dwelling House. For Terms and Particulars, apply (if by letter, Post-paid) to the Hon JOHN W. WELDON, Richibucto. JOHN BEGNALL, Esq., Newcastle, Miramichi. or JAMES COCHRAN, Halifax. Halifax, 15th June 1857.

**For Sale,**

THE LITTLE SOUTH WEST MILL, Containing Two FRAMES (for two Saws in each) two Circulars, Hauling up Machinery, &c., all in good working order, driven by Water Power. This MILL is most advantageously situated on the South side of the Little South West River, only 6 miles from the mouth, and 18 from Newcastle, with a sufficient supply of Water all the Season to drive all the Machinery. A safe and convenient POND for Lumber is attached, and the Lumber can be rafted at the Slip and taken to market at a very small expense. On the Little South West is an inexhaustible supply of Pine and Spruce Logs, decidedly the best Lumbering Ground in the County; and Lumber can be put into the Mill Pond on the most advantageous terms; and with a small capital a safe and remunerating business can be done. There are also connected with the Mill, a DWELLING HOUSE, a well finished FRAME BARN and other Out Buildings, 234 Acres of good LAND, of which a considerable portion is cleared and under cultivation. An indisputable Title can be given. If not sooner disposed of it will be offered by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of JULY next, at 12 o'clock noon, on the Square in Newcastle. Terms Liberal. Apply to ALLAN A. DAVIDSON. Newcastle, June 17, 1857.

**Land for Sale.**

To be Sold by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of JULY next, at noon, in the Town of Bathurst. THAT DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate in NEW BANDON, and known as the STEVEN'S PROPERTY, containing 500 Acres. The Property will be sold in Lots of 100 Acres each, according to a plan in the possession of the Subscriber. Terms of Sale—One Third to be paid at the time of sale; Balance by equal instalment in 1 and 2 years from date of sale. Possession will be given immediately after the sale, and Title Deeds on payment of the purchase money. For further particulars apply to HENRY CUNARD. Chatham, June 18, 1857.

**WOOL CARDING.**

The Subscriber would hereby intimate to the Public that his CARDING MACHINE is in full operation, and that Wool left with Mr Duncan Davidson, Chatham; with Mr George Johnson, Chatham Ferry; with R. T. Miller, at Douglastown; with Moses M. Seargent, or Richard Davidson, at Newcastle; will be carded and returned without delay, and good work warranted. Terms as usual. W.M. WILSON. Upper Nelson, June 20, 1857.

**Freehold Property**

For Sale in the Town of Chatham. Consisting of A DWELLING HOUSE, WOOD SHED, BARN, and STABLE with LOT OF LAND, 50 feet fronting the Street, and running 300 feet back. The House has a good Cellar with a Well of Water in it; the Land is under cultivation, and well fenced. For further particulars apply to R. K. WHITE, Proprietor. Chatham, May 30, 1857. 3m.

**Chatham Gas Light Company.**

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, it was Resolved, that a further call of TWENTY PER CENT upon the subscribed Stock be made, payable to the Treasurer on the 13th July next. Order of the Board, W. M. S. EVANS, Treasurer. Chatham, 13th June, 1857. 4w

**GLOBE HOTEL,**

CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI, N. B. MARK DOWNIE, Proprietor. This House is pleasantly situated, and affords first-rate accommodation for travellers. June 13, 1857.

**NOTICE.**

Wanted Immediately, a few good MASONS, to work at the Chatham Gas Works, to whom liberal wages will be given. By Order. W. M. S. EVANS, Secretary. Chatham, June 13, 1857. 3 weeks.

**CROWN LAND NOTICE.**

CROWN LAND OFFICE, June 2, 1857. The undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the Seventh day of JULY next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeable to the Regulations of 11th May, 1843, and no sale of credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the crown for previous purchases. (Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber or other Lumber under Licences applied for previous to the applications for the purchase of the Land) (No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.) RESTIGOUCHE. By Deputy Sadler, at Dalhousie. 16 1/2 acres, rear of lot 1, block one, Mountain Brook, Alex. C. Desbrisay; upset price \$5. per acre. KENT. By Deputy Douglas, at Buctouche. 100 acres, south of Mooney, Chokpish, Pat. Lynch By Deputy Little, at Richibucto. 50 acres, in block O, east of Post Road, Palmerston, Peter Commo, improved. 50 acres, in block O, east of Post Road, Palmerston, Joseph Commean, improved. 87 acres, in block O, east of Post Road, Hypolite Richard, improved. 86 acres, lot 46, block R. Kouchibouguasis, Yassant Commo. 50 acres, in block D, Little Forks of Bay du Vin, A Willet, improved. 100 acres, lot 75, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, Francis Daigle, improved. 100 acres, lot 76, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, Louis Daigle, improved. 90 acres, lot 77, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, Oliver Daigle, improved. 90 acres, lot 78, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, John Daigle, improved. 84 acres, lot 79, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, Maxime Merzerall, improved. 64 acres, lot 81, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, Simon Merzerall, Jun., improved. 84 acres, lot 82, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, Chas. Daigle, improved. 50 acres, lot 83, block 14, near Point Sapin Road, Huber Daigle, improved. J. MONTGOMERY, Sur. Gen.

**PARISH OF CHATHAM.**

To the Editor of the Gleaner, and the Ratepayers of the Parish of Chatham. WE the Subscribers think it our duty, and it will be in compliance with a request from the Grand Jury Presentation, to let you know how your money is expended, and who is getting support from the Parish; and if any person knows of any imposition, the Subscribers will be thankful for the information.

LIST OF PERSONS ON THE PARISH RECEIVING WEEKLY AID.

S. D.	S. D.
Widow Jackman 9 0	Widow Ramsbottom 4 8 1/2
James Kelly 8 0	and family 4 8 1/2
Alex. Archibald 4 1 1/2	Marion Steel's child 2 6
Philip Gains 4 6 1/2	Widow Carruthers 7 9 1/2
Mrs Grant's boy 3 2 1/2	and family 7 9 1/2
Widow Stephens 3 1 1/2	Widow Joyce 3 1 1/2
Patrick O'Rourke 6 5	and family 3 1 1/2
Widow Power 3 2 1/2	Margaret Hall 3 2 1/2
Widow Hart and Family 5 7 1/2	Bridget Doherty 4 9 1/2
Peter Morgan 6 5	Widow Mooney and daughter 3 2 1/2
James Dooling 6 6	

The lowest tender for supply for the year was from Alex. Loudoun, Esq., as follows: Flour, per stone, 3s. 6d.; Oat Meal, do, 2s. 6d.; Corn Meal, do, 1s. 6d.; Dry Codfish, do, 1s. 4d.; Molasses, per gallon, 2s. 9d.; Tea, per pound, 1s. 8d.; Firewood, per load, 3s. 11. Medical attendance by Tender for the year for all cases £5 10s., Doctor Johnston. BARHOLOMEW STAPLEDON, Overseers of the Poor for Parish of Chatham. JAMES PATTERSON, CALEB McCULLY. Chatham, June 8, 1857.

**Notice.—A Bazaar.**

A Bazaar will be held in Newcastle, in the ensuing AUTUMN, for the purpose of raising Funds, to assist in finishing the Hall of the Sons of Temperance in that place. Contributions in aid may be forwarded to the Ladies whose names are mentioned below, who have kindly consented to make the necessary arrangements: Mrs Vanstone, Mrs Haws, Mrs James Mitchell, Mrs Thomas Maltby, Miss Sarreant, Miss Harley, Miss Witherell, Miss Fish, Miss Ellen Johnson, Miss Matheson. Newcastle, June 5, 1857.

**NEW GOODS.**

The Subscribers have received by recent arrivals from Britain and the United States, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, &c., &c.

which, with the Stock on hand they now offer for sale at a small advance over cost, consisting in part of: BROAD CLOTH, in Black, Blue and Invisible Colors Mohair Cloth, in Black, Blue and Drab, Pilots, Whitebys, Beaver, and Hungarian Cloths, Ladies' Cape Cloth, in Black and Drab, Cassmeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, &c., Plain and Printed Moleskins, Drills, Denim, and Bed Ticks, Striped and Regatta Shirting, Linens, Casbans, and Silicias, Hollands, Osnaburgs, and Towellings, Grey and White Cottons, White, Scarlet, Blue, Green and Yellow Flannels, Salisbury and Swansdown do., A few pieces extra heavy Serge, Rose, Point and Medium Blankets, Madder, Lilac, Buff and Mourning Prints, Black and Colored Orleans, Coburgs & Circassians, Delanes, Cashmeres and Napier Cloths, Broades, Lusters and Figured Coburgs, Saxony, Gala and Tartan Plaids, Hungarians, Derrys, and Gingham, Figured Lusters and Cotton Aprons, Black and Colored Silk Velvets, do do Cotton do, Jacquett, Swiss, Mulls, Striped & Checked Muslins, Persians and Tarltons, Fancy Nets, Laces, Edgings and Blonds, Ladies' Dress Caps, Wreathes and Flowers, Hair-nets and Head-dresses, Plush Bonnets and Feathers, Polka Jackets and Burlin Wool Sleeves, Boas, Muffs and Cuffs, Dress Trimmings, Gimps and Fringes, Sewed Chimesets, Habits and Collars, Hosiery, Gloves and Trimmings, Children's Hoods and Booties, Square and Long Wool Shawls, Handkerchiefs, &c. Indiana Silk and Wool Tissue do., Delane Shawls and Hdks. in variety, Knitting Cotton, Threads and Small Ware, Druggots and Carpeting, &c.

**CLOTHING.**

lack Broad Cloth, Pilot, Whiney, Mohair and Canada Overcoats, Pilot, Beaver, Whiney & Mohair Reefing Jackets, Black Cloth Dress Coats, Jackets, Paletots and Shooting Coats, Doeskins, Tweed and Satinett do, Fancy Satin, Black and Blue Cloth, Doeskin and Satinett Vests, Black Cloth, Pilot, Beaver, Satinett, Moleskin, Tweed and Homespun Pants, Fancy Seal and Fur Coats, India Rubber and Oil Clothing, Guernsey, Frocks, and Denim Overalls, Flannel Shirts and Drawers, Lamb's Wool Shirts and Pants, Black, Drab and Brown Wool and Fur Hats, (newest style), Fancy Regatta and Striped Shirts, Black and Coloured Silk Hdks., and Neck-ties, Wool Mufflers, Scarfs and Fancy Cravats, Umbrellas, Trunks, and Travelling Bags, Buffalo Robes, A Splendid assortment of Fur, Plush and Stork Caps.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.**

100 Pairs Mens' Domestic Manufactured Boots, 100 do do., American do do., 200 do. Boys' and Mens' Brogans, 400 do. Childrens' assorted Boots and Shoes, 100 do Womens' Calf Boots, 200 do Womens' and Girls' Jenny Lind's, 100 do do do., Grained Buskins, 100 do Womens' Slippers, 50 do do., Felt Boots, 100 do Ladies' and Misses Prunella and Cloth Boots, 200 do Mens' assorted Rubbers, 12 do Ladies' Long Rubber Boots, A few pair Gents' Over Socks, 70 Sides New York and Domestic Sole Leather.

**GROCERIES, &c.**

30 Chests Tea; 20 half do., 200 Boxes do., 20lb., 10lb., and 6lb each, 2 bds. Brown Sugar, 4 bds. Crushed do., 20 Pancheons, 20 hds., and 20 bds. Muscovade Molasses, 30 Boxes assorted Confections, 24 do Tobacco, 10 M assorted Cigars, 50 do No. 1 Family Soap, 50 do, Candles, 40 do assorted Window Glass, 40 Kegs assorted Cut Nails, 30 doz. do. Brooms, 20 do. do. Buckets, 60 Gross Matches, 250 bds. Flour, 150 do Corn Meal, 10 do Oat Meal, 40 do Rye Flour, 30 do Labrador Herring, 100 Quintals Codfish, 6 Barrels Crackers, 5 do Ontons, 2 do Dried Apples, Perk, Butter, Barley, Rice, Coffee, Ginger, Pimento, Cassia, Nutmegs, Pepper, Starch, Sateratus, Raisins, Currants, Indigo, Castor Oil, Salts, Senna, Pain Killer, Mustard, Room Paper, Whips, Sleigh Bells, Door Mats, Sofas, Looking Glasses, Chairs, Earthen and Glass Ware, Letter and Wrapping Paper, Cotton Wool and Bating, Holland's Gih, Rum, Syrup, Port, Sherry, Madeira, and Champagne Wine, White Wine Vinegar, Rum Coloring, Turpentine, &c., with various other Goods. BURKE & NOONAN. Chatham and Newcastle, December 4, 1856. Pork, Butter, Domestic Homespun, Socks, Mittens, will be taken in exchange.