

The Siege of Delhi.—The rebels appear to make an occasional sortie in considerable force, and are invariably driven back after doing only some injury to themselves. On the 14th July they again made a sortie and were again driven back into the city by a portion of our force, with heavy loss. The struggle was fierce, and the mutineers are said to have suffered more than on any former occasion. Our loss was about 60 Europeans killed and wounded. The loss of Native troops not known. Brigadier General Chamberlayne, was wounded in the arm, and some other officers were also wounded.

A battle was fought on the 18th, in which Lieut. Crozier, of H. M. 75th was killed. The enemy got back into the city with all their guns after a very precipitate flight. Our troops before Delhi, have been engaged in no less than 22 conflicts with the mutineers, who have passed in from all quarters to aid the rebel cause. The mutineers have invariably been forced to fly. As soldiers, they have proved themselves despicable, and whatever their number, they will only venture to fight under cover. Reinforcements were arriving, so that it was expected our forces would shortly be in a position to make a general assault, with the certainty of being able to hold the place after taking it.

Mutiny of a Bombay Regiment.—The 25th N. I., stationed at Kalipoor (or Kalapore) had mutinied on the 1st of July. The officers repaired to the place of rendezvous previously appointed, but three young officers went astray and were murdered by the mutineers. A number of the rebels were seized. The rest made their way to other parts of the country. They have since then returned. There has been obstinate fighting, but we have not learned the result.

Reported Defeat of H. M. 10th Foot.—A report reached Bombay just as the mail was being closed, that an affair had taken place at Amoh between Dinapore and Ghazapore between 400 men of the Queen's 10th, and a regiment of mutineers. The detachment is said to have been overpowered by superior numbers and forced to retreat, with a loss of 9 officers and 147 men.—There is a rumor that 47 Europeans had been murdered, but whether at Arrat or Dinapore does not appear.

London, Tuesday Evening, 15th.—The funds continue dull, they opened at a decline of 7-8 and subsequently experienced a further reduction. At the Bank of England and in the discount market there was a considerable increase in the demand for money.

London Stock Exchange, 16th.—Opening prices—Consols Money, 90 1-8 1-4; ditto Account, 90 1-2 5-8.

Closing prices—Consols Money 90 1-3 1-2; ditto Account, 90 1-2 5-8.

London Produce Market.—16th.—Sugar remained quiet but steady; prices were obtained for the small quantities sold at public sales. Coffee flat; little sold in public sales at buyers' own prices. Tea firm. Rice, good enquiry but firmness of holders prevents business.—Saltpetre is quiet but firm. Tallow, spot 60s., October to December, 59s.; January to March, 59s. to 59s. 7d.

COUNTY RESTIGOUCHE.

To a Correspondent at Campbellton we are indebted for the following report of the examination of the Grammar School in that place:

The Examination of the "Superior School," at Campbellton, Restigouche, taught by William Crocket, Esquire, Inspector of Schools in the County of Restigouche, took place on Friday, the 25th ult., in presence of the Trustees, and a number of Ladies and Gentlemen.

During the examination, which was long and very searching, the Pupils, about sixty in number, acquitted themselves in a most satisfactory manner, which reflected the highest credit on themselves, and bore ample evidence to the careful and successful training which they were receiving from their able and indefatigable Teacher.

We may safely say, that each Class commenced by calling forth the surprise of those present, and which rose till it excited admiration.

If there was one Class in which we could applaud their performance more than another, it was that of English Grammar. So thoroughly were they instructed in that Science, that they analyzed, parsed, and construed the most difficult sentences that were given them, with the utmost facility and correctness.

The Boys in the Classics evinced the great care and attention which had been bestowed upon them, in grounding them so deeply.

We must, in justice to Mr Crocket, say that we highly value his services, and feel thankful that Providence has sent him amongst us, and may his useful life be long spared.

At the close of the Examination, both Teacher and taught were very appropriately addressed by the Rev. James Steven, after which, prizes were distributed as follows:

- Religious Knowledge—John Jardine.
- Highest English Class—Miss Sarah Morse.
- English Grammar—Archibald M'Kenzie.
- Geography—James Moffat.
- Arithmetic—Simon M'Kendrick.
- Writing—Alexander Sinclair.
- Second English Class—Robert Jardine.
- Third English Class—William M'Kendrick.

THE METAPEDIAC ROAD.

It affords us much pleasure to hear from our Correspondents that a commencement has been made to open the above-named road. The inhabitants of Bonaventure and Gaspé, as well as the settlers on the Restigouche, have been subject to much inconvenience by not having a good road to the St. Lawrence, for the Kempt or Metis road, the only one they at present possess, for any practical purpose, is of but little service, for even the Members proceeding to the seat of Government to attend to their Legislative duties, have to find their way there by Miramichi, Fredericton, and the Tamasquata, thus performing nearly a circuit, and travelling nearly double the distance necessary, provided they could avail themselves of the direct route.

We have been frequently surprised that some effort was not made to remedy this great evil, and now when it is made, it appears strange that impediments should be thrown in the way of accomplishing so desirable an object.

From the report of Major Robinson, and the information of persons well able to give an opinion, the line of country marked out for the present road, is all that could be desired for locating a good and practical highway to the St. Lawrence, and we think the persons who have striven to have it opened up, deserve the thanks of the people living in that district of country. Let them not be discouraged in their labour by the opposition they may at present meet. On the contrary, let it act as a stimulus to prosecute the work with greater vigour. Let the road be but once opened, and the benefits will become immediately so apparent, and self-evident, that its present enemies must see it, and like many other grumblers and fault-finders, (as is the case among these classes) they will be among the first to praise the undertaking, and the loudest in applauding the member for his perseverance in carrying it out. Similar obstacles have been made to the opening of roads in this County, which have proved of inestimable advantage to the people; and such will be the case while personal feeling, local interest, and personal aggrandizement, swerve the minds and actions of mankind.

This matter has created considerable interest in this quarter, and we would feel obliged to any correspondent acquainted with the subject, if he would furnish us with a description of the country through which the road will pass; its contemplated length; where it will likely come out; what distance it will be from Quebec, and any other information respecting it. We shall at all times be pleased to hear of the successful prosecution of the undertaking, because we are convinced that its accomplishment will confer important and lasting benefits on the people residing on both sides of the Restigouche.

PARAFFINE OIL.

THIS is a new Light, prepared by a Company in St. John, and the article is on sale by Messrs. J. H. & J. Harding, at Newcastle. We have not seen the light, but we understand it is in very general use in the dwelling-houses and stores at Newcastle, and all speak well of it. It gives a clear, brilliant light, and is free from any smell, which militates against the use of Oil. We would recommend it to the attention of friends in Gloucester and Restigouche.

The following article we copy from the New Brunswick, furnishes some interesting particulars relative to the manufacture of the article:

"The light obtained from the Paraffine Oil, manufactured by the Oil Works Company, opposite Indian Town, is destined to effect a revolution in the consumption of the articles heretofore used as illuminating agents. The oil is made from the so-called Albert Coal, it gives a brilliant light, is perfectly harmless as it cannot explode, and is cheaper than any other description of light. The 'Howard House,' in King Street, is lighted with the Paraffine Oil, and we have been assured by Mr H. that five lamps produce a clearer light than he obtained from twelve burners. The public can observe the nature of the light at this establishment."

LUMBER TRADE.

By the last English Mail, we received our Liverpool Timber Circulars, they are to the 11th September and from them we take the following extracts:

"PRIME TIMBER from Quebec has been imported to an unusually large extent, and the stock on hand is much heavier than has ordi-

narily been the case at this period of the year, the greater portion of which continues to be stored on importer's account. A few cargoes have been sold by private treaty at from 15 1-2d to 16d per foot, for an average of 75 feet; while small and inferior wood has been forced off by auction, from the quay, at 12d per foot. From St. John the late arrivals have mostly been yarded on shipper's account. This timber is worth about 20d per foot, for an average of 18 inches. Lower Port timber has been sold at 12d per foot.

"N. B. and N. S. Pine and Spruce Deals remain much the same as at our last. St. John have realized from £7 10s. to £7 12s. 6. according to the quality. St. Stephen's and neighbouring Lower Ports have been sold at from £7 5s. to £7 6s 3d. Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island at from £6 10s. to £7, as in quality."—A. F. & D. McKay's Timber Circular.

LOCAL.

BEARS.—Those animals appear to be augmenting in the woods in the vicinity of our settlements, and we too frequently hear of the loss of cattle, sheep, &c., sustained by our farmers through them, and sometimes of serious disasters by coming in conflict with them. This has been the case the past week, for we learn that Mr James Tweedy and his Son, residing at Williamstown, received considerable injury by coming in contact with one of those brutes on the night of Tuesday last. They succeeded in despatching him after a severe struggle, assisted by his daughter, who came out to their assistance. It is reported that he weighed five hundred weight.

Two bears have been caught the past month, by Mr Terance Cooke, living on the Richibucto road.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.—Last month, (September) a very large number of our subscriptions became due, and as we have several liabilities to meet, and our stock of material to provide for the approaching winter, we trust our subscribers will endeavour to meet our demands against them. "All work and no play, makes Jack a dull boy," so runs the old adage, and so all work and but little pay, makes an Editor dull, fretful, and what is worse than all, deprives him of independence, as he must necessarily run in debt, and if so, his usefulness is much impaired. We trust these few hints will have the effect we intend, of inducing our subscribers to pay up, and thereby putting us in a position to carry out our business operations in a creditable manner.

THE SEASON.—We have already had a touch of what is in store for us. Ice of considerable thickness formed on the standing water, on the night of Wednesday last.

WRECK.—The bark St John, from Port Glasgow, ran ashore on the west side of the Island of Miscou, on the 24th September. She was bound to Bathurst, with a valuable cargo, and consigned to Messrs. Ferguson, Rankin & Co. The hull, materials, &c., are advertized in to-day's paper.

LADIES' BIBLE SOCIETY.—We are requested to state that the Annual Meeting of the Miramichi Ladies' Auxiliary Bible Society, will be held in the Douglastown School Room, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th inst., at 2 o'clock, p. m.

St. JOHN.—The Steamer Jura, from Cork, arrived at St. John on Monday last, for the purpose of conveying home the 76th regiment, now stationed in this Province. This is the vessel which brought the late news to St. John. The Garrison duty will be performed by two companies of the 63rd regiment, hourly expected there in the steamer Basilisk, from Halifax.

MARRIAGES.

At Campbellton, Restigouche, on the 11th September, by the Rev. James Steven, JAMES MCLEOD, to MARGARET JARDINE.

At Restigouche, on the 16th September, by the Rev. James Steven, HENRY CONNACHER, to ELIZABETH WHITE.

At the Flat Lands, Restigouche, on the 30th September, by the Rev. James Steven, JAMES NOBLE, to MARGARET KIERSTED.

DEATHS.

On Wednesday last, at the residence of Alexander and James Davidson, Oak Point, JAMES A. McDUGALL, in the 32nd year of his age.

At Dalhousie, on the 22nd ult., after a lingering illness, borne with patient resignation, JANE BARCLAY, wife of David Sadler, Esq., in the 49th year of her age. Mrs. Sadler was a resident of this place from her childhood, until about eight years ago, when she removed with her family to Dalhousie. She was for many years an exemplary member of the Presbyterian Church of Nova Scotia, in Chatham, and was ardently attached to her Pastor, her christian brethren and sisters, and other friends of her early years. Though removed far from them, and finding many new and attached friends in her adopted home, yet her affections always lingered around those whom she left behind. The ministrations of the sanctuary and other religious privileges she could not forget, and she con-

tinued to the last, interested in everything connected with the well-being of the church where she had so often in earlier days held sweet communion. Many friends here, as well as in the place where she closed her earthly existence, will mourn her departure. She leaves a sorrowing husband and six children to cherish her memory.—Com.

On the 19th ult., AMY, wife of Mr Charles Vye, and sister to the late Mr Samuel Waddleton. Mrs V. was in the 70th year of her age, and was a native of Newfoundland. She leaves behind her a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn her loss.

BOWSER'S HOTEL.

ARRIVALS, DURING THE PAST WEEK.

A. C. DesBrisay, Boston; John Blide, Sackville; Mr Roxberry, Richibucto; William Cullen, Liverpool; James Young, Esq., Tracadie; Mr Ince, Dalhousie; Mr Putman, Halifax.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHATHAM—MIRAMICHI.

ENTERED—Sept. 28—schr Sophronia, Siteman, Pictou, coals, Chatham Gas Company.

29—schr New Messenger, Siteman, P. E. Island, Master; Benjamin, Metivree, Quebec, general cargo, R. Davidson & others.

Oct. 1—schr Forrest, Joutell, Pictou, coals, apples, &c., W. J. Fraser & Co.

2—schr Alma, Jewers, Halifax, W. J. Fraser & Co.

3—schr Alma, McKay, Boston, general cargo, W. J. Fraser & Co.

CLEARED—Sept. 26—schr Perseverance, Wilson, Richibucto, general cargo, J. & H. Jardine & others.

28—schr Anna Marie, Joyce, Boston, fish, W. E. Letson.

29—schr Elizabeth, Campbell, P. E. Island, lumber, master.

Oct. 1—schr Morromahall, Littlewood, Boston, fish, W. J. Fraser & Co.; Benjamin, Metivree, Quebec, Master.

PORT OF NEWCASTLE.

ENTERED—Sept. 29—brig Julia Deagh, Dunn St. Johns, Nfld., fish &c., Gilmour, Rankin, & Co.

CLEARED—Sept. 25—ships Gymer, Galmayder, London, deals and preserved fish, Gilmour Rankin, & Co.; Beeston Castle, Corney, Liverpool, timber and deals, John Haws & Co.; bark Monmouth, Menett, Penarth Roads, deals, R. Crocker.

29—ship G. S. Patten, Mitchell, Cardiff, deals Gilmour, Rankin, and Co.; bark Annie, Shaw, Belfast, do., do.

PORT OF DALHOUSIE.

ENTERED—Sept. 25—Government schr. Canadiene, Fertan, Percé; new bark Orenda, Adams, Campbellton, A. Ritchie & Co.; schr. Sea Boat, Talbot, Quebec, Wm. Murray, and others.

CLEARED—26—schr. Canadiene, Fertan, Gaspé.

28—schr. Sea Boat Talbot, Quebec.

PORT OF HALIFAX.—Cleared, Sept 25—schr Clifford, Miramichi; Marie, do.; 26—Defiance Restigouche; Lard, Bay Chaleur.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

To the Chatham Reading Room.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.

"Arabia" arrived this morning. Papers mostly occupied with details of India news. Advices from Delhi, July 29, state the English largely reinforced, and general assault contemplated in a few days. Several desperate sorties by mutineers, repulsed. British loss over 500. Reports through French source give reason to fear Agra captured, and garrison and all Europeans destroyed. Mutiny had broke out in Bombay Presidency, but promptly suppressed.

European news unimportant. Bank of England declared dividend 5 1-2 per cent. on year. Cotton, Liverpool, 11-8 dearer, in week sales, nearly 74,000 bales. Breadstuffs slightly declined except Indian Corn, which was firm. Consols 90 1-8.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills

have a cosmopolitan reputation. In every land, christian or savage, to which commerce has carried them, they have become standard remedies for the most painful and dangerous complaints to which humanity is liable. The Ointment is an acknowledged specific for all eruptive, tumours, and ulcerous disorders, and there is no disease of the stomach, the liver or the bowels, that may not be subdued by a persistent use of the Pills.

WANTED.—As soon as convenient, at the Gleaner Office, the amounts due the Establishment, for subscription to the paper, &c., &c., enable the Proprietors to procure their stock of material for the long winter season that is fast approaching.

BLANKS

For sale at the Gleaner Office.