

News of the Week.

EUROPE.

From Papers by the Persia at New York. Particulars of European news by steamship Persia may be briefly given. The Persia brought about £200,000 to the United States. The tone of the money market was improved at latest dates. A financial panic, described as fearful, occurred at Vienna. Much gold had arrived from Australia.—Amount stated at £520,000. Banks of Holland and Belgium had advanced their rates of discount. A circular had been issued from the colonial office, addressed to the governors of the colonies, ordering them to pay attention to the defence of the provinces, and not neglect a reasonable amount of warlike preparation. Lord Carlisle, lord-lieutenant of Ireland, recently laid the foundation of a monument to the memory of the sons of Ireland who fell in the Crimea. The spot selected is called Ferryarrig, overlooking the river Slaney, which commands a fine view of the adjacent country. The annual meeting of the United Kingdom Temperance Alliance had been held in Manchester, and the proceedings were generally encouraging to the cause of prohibition. Mr Neal Dow and the Rev. George Caughey, of America, took part in the meeting, and to the former the Alliance presented a farewell address on his intended return to America. A letter, of Vienna, says it is true that the Russian Government has set apart 6,000,000 roubles for the reconstruction of Sebastopol. The statements in regard to the fortifications which Russia is now constructing at the entrance of the Sea of Azof are now confirmed. The Russian naval expedition for China had left Cronstadt. A statue to the Poet Moore has been set up at Dublin. The Indian mails had arrived. Not much definite reported, but European prospects there were more cheering. Confidence was expressed that news of the fall of Delhi would come by next opportunity. Troops commanded by Gen. Havelock had routed a mutineer force on or about the 16th of August, and arrived at Cawnpore on the 20th. The men were much harassed by fighting, marching, and attacks of sickness. Other troops were hastening towards Gen Havelock's force, and the relief of Lucknow was spoken of with much confidence. The garrison there were still maintaining the defensive, and had written cheerfully to the General.

UNITED STATES.

Soldiers for Britain.—We have, in the three cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia, at the very least 40,000 able-bodied men who will be out of work this winter, and who would jump at the prospect of a campaign in India, with fair remuneration. In the west and on the Mississippi 10,000 men are to be had for the asking. Most of these men are good shots, and far better material for making soldiers than the artisans of Manchester or the street boys of London. They will fight, they will endure any hardships, they will obey intelligently. As to the legality of enlisting them, we take that to be unquestionable, as the Indian States or Rajahs are not officially known to our government; and even if it were not, no sane official in this country would interfere to prevent these poor fellows from earning a livelihood, and thus save them from doing mischief here this winter.

Suspended Railroads.—Within the last thirty days the following railroad companies are reported as have either gone to protest on their floating debt, suspended, or made an assignment of their property:—

Name	Total Liabilities.
New York and Erie,	\$38,000,000
Illinois Central,	21,000,000
Philadelphia & Reading,	20,000,000
Michigan Central,	14,000,000
Michigan Southern,	18,000,000
Cleveland & Toledo,	7,000,000
Milwaukee & Mississippi,	7,000,000
La Crosse & Milwaukee,	14,000,000
Cleveland & Pittsburg,	6,000,000
Delaware, Lackawann & Western,	10,000,000
Chicago, St. Paul & Fond du Lac,	5,000,000
North Pennsylvania,	6,000,000
Cumberland Coal Company,	6,000,000
Huntington & Broad Top,	1,200,000
Steubenville & Indiana,	5,900,000*
Total,	\$181,700,000

*Estimated.

Steam Boiler Explosion at Providence.—Five Buildings Destroyed.—Providence, Oct. 29.—A steam boiler in Hayward's India Rubber works exploded this morning, and the five buildings constituting the works were destroyed. 200 people were at work in the establishment.—Many of the girls jumped out of windows, and some of them were injured, but none seriously. The boiler was thrown 300 feet, and in its course carried away the side of a house where the family were at breakfast. Two of the workmen were very severely injured, but it is hoped not fatally. The loss estimated at \$50,000. Insured in New York. The cause

of the explosion was the lack of water in the boiler.

New York, October 29.—The Daily Times says:—

By letters from our London correspondent, received by the Persia, we learn that the British government has decided to appoint a special minister to negotiate a settlement of the remaining differences between England and this country in regard to Central American affairs. The appointment will take place early next year, and possibly sooner. We have reason to believe that Sir Wm. Gore Dersley has been selected for this important service.

Fatal Plug-Ugly Demonstration in New Orleans.—New Orleans, October 28.—A gang of masked men last night attacked the inhabitants of St. Thomas Street, who are mostly Irish, in an indiscriminate manner, killing one and badly wounding a dozen others. There is no clue to the assassins or their object.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Mispock Tragedy.—The Coroner's Jury continued their proceedings in the Court House on Thursday and Friday. The Court was crowded throughout the day, and the most intense interest was manifested in the proceedings. Late last evening, the evidence having been got through, the Coroner commenced summing up. He began by explaining why he had prevented the reporters from taking notes, quoting in support of his authority to do so, Jervis on the Office of Coroner (a work written in 1829 by the late Chief Justice of England, Sir John Jervis, at that time a comparatively young Barrister). Our reporter, after the charge was ended, was obliged by the Coroner with the perusal of the page quoted, which though fully bearing out the view taken by the Coroner, conclude by very distinctly stating, that on the whole the advantages of publication, pretty evenly balance those of non-publication. Taking into consideration the fact, that the inquest has been attended by several hundreds of people, that each carries off his own version of the evidence, and spreads it about, that the Court was open all the time to the friends of the accused, who could give them information of what was going on, and did so, (as was admitted by one witness) we cannot but think that the Coroner has acted in an arbitrary and inconsistent manner.

The result of the deliberations of the jury, is a verdict of Wilful Murder against Breen, (alias Green and McWilliams) and against Patrick Slevin and his son Patrick. It is sworn that Breen said he struck McKenzie three times with an axe, then he murdered the wife and children, and that Slevin searched the house while the son held a candle to light them.—Cloth bought by McKenzie in town and identified, was sent to a tailor's, to be made up into trousers for the eldest Slevin, and a purse belonging to Mrs McKenzie, has been seen in possession of Breen. They all three left Slevin's house together on the night of the fire and all three came back together, about midnight, washed their hands, and it was then Breen was heard speak of murder and burning. They have been hid in the woods near the scene of the murder, and were seen at the foot of a lake on Thursday morning when he took them food.—*Leader.*

The perpetrators of the dreadful crime which we reported last week had been committed in the neighbourhood of this city, have been discovered and arrested much sooner than was anticipated. They prove to be Patrick Slevin, his son Patrick, and a man named Breen. They are now in custody awaiting their trial at the Circuit Court, which opened in this city yesterday. Punishment will, in this instance, quickly follow the crime, for their guilt, even on their own admission, without considering the remarkable train of circumstantial evidence which appears against them, seems indisputable. They appear to have acted with unexampled barbarity—first murdering the husband, then the wife and four children, throwing the youngest of them on the fire—then robbing the premises; and finally, to cover all traces of their horrible atrocities, setting fire to the premises. We trust we shall never have to record again so hideous a crime; and we can only hope now that the perpetrators of it will be visited with the most condign punishment.—*Church Witness.*

Serious Accident.—A serious accident occurred on Saturday at the Hammond River Bridge, or rather the viaduct, in course of construction by Messrs. Small & Crosby in that vicinity, which nearly resulted in loss of life. The boiler of the machine used for pumping the water, exploded, and the engineer (Mr Collins of New York) was severely if not fatally injured—one of his legs was broken, and his face severely cut as if done by an axe. Mr Crosby was thrown into a pit and the boiler passed over his head, a most miraculous escape from immediate death. Several workmen near by likewise narrowly escaped. The boiler was thrown 80 feet one way and the machinery 40 feet another.—*News.*

Mr Collins is still in a very dangerous state.

Demand for Pistols.—There never was such demand at the hardware stores for pistols as there has been since the McKenzie murder. One establishment we know of has completely run out of revolvers. Every man who has to travel lonely roads at night, leading to the country, feels that he ought to take time by the forelock.—*Morning News.*

On the 16th inst. at Hampton, a beautiful little boy, named W. H. Hallet, a son of Mr

Robt. Seely, was drowned in a water barrel, which was sunk in the ground where there was a spring. It is supposed that he fell in while attempting to get some water in a mug which he had in his hand.

The Supreme Court will open for this City and County to-day, the Hon. Judge Parker presiding. A very large number of civil causes are on the docket, 150 old, besides the new, together with the largest criminal docket we have known for years. Altogether the amount of business to be done is most extraordinary.—*British Constitution.*

Fire.—About 3 o'clock on Sunday morning, a fire broke out in the upper story of Mr T. A. Paddock's large brick building, off Prince William-street. The fire originated in the large room used as a Theatre. What caused it is a mystery, as the room was not used for some time. The roof and upper story were destroyed, and the rest of the building much injured. The firemen worked with their wonted energy, No. 4 throwing the first water.

The building cost £5,500, and was insured for £2,500.

Rumours of highway robberies, arsons, murders, &c., are now quite rife. On Sunday it was currently reported that a Doctor had been robbed of his watch and a gold piece near the Suspension Bridge on Saturday night; and that near the Valley Church a Bank President prevented an attack by pretending to draw a pistol.—*Freeman.*

The steam-engine at the works going on at Hammond River bridge exploded on Saturday last, and the acting engineer, Mr Collins, has since died from the effects of the injuries he received.

Mr Robert C. Frost writes to the *Morning News*, that Mr Samuel Frost, of Norton, was stopped on his way to the city on Monday morning by some ruffian, and on his attempting to arrest him, he was attacked by eight or ten "ruthless villains with sticks and stones," who abused and beat him shamefully. Mr Frost had some difficulty in escaping from them and had to leave his waggon and produce at their mercy. The waggon was afterwards sent forward by one of the sub-contractors on the Railroad, and the police are now in pursuit of the offenders. It is sincerely to be hoped that they will be captured and severely punished. It seems hardly safe to travel without proper weapons of defence, and some of the journals advise this course.—*Church Witness.*

Incuriarism.—On Sunday night, another attempt was made to burn Mr Beek's house in Queen street. It appears that Mr Carter, the constable, was commissioned to keep watch on the premises, but in one of the intervals of his absence, the incendiary kindled a fire at one of the back angles of the building, and his almost immediate return saved the premises, as well as the adjoining houses from destruction.—*Reporter.*

We regret to notice from an advertisement in this day's paper that some evil disposed person or persons, have twice within a month, placed obstructions on the Line of Railway, which if not discovered in time, would have thrown off the engine and train, perhaps caused the death of the servants of the company and passengers. A reward of £25 is offered for such information as will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the offenders, and it is to be hoped they may be discovered. Such miscreants deserve the severest penalties the law can inflict. It is a fact which will not be denied, that a large majority of the populace depend upon the carrying on of the works for a livelihood, and to attempt to throw obstacles in the way, is to deprive a great number of the people from obtaining a living in this section of this Province.—*St. Andrews Standard.*

NOVA SCOTIA.

Friday appeared to be extensively observed, in accordance with the Proclamation. Appropriate services were held in several of the places of worship, and sermons delivered in reference to the events in India, and to the national offences which required humiliation and repentance.

Progress Extraordinary.—The Postmaster General of Nova Scotia has issued an advertisement for tenders to carry the mails from this city to Digby and Annapolis, for the next year by a sailing vessel!! Would not a deal scow and four scullers be a better arrangement?—*St. John Courier.*

We understand that an unfortunate sailor belonging to the Indus, having become intoxicated on the night of the recent fire, and lying in the gutter during the heavy rain, was so far gone when discovered, that he died almost immediately. It is said also that the poor fellow who fell from the yard of the Brilliant, was under the influence of liquor at the time. The Reporter of the Sun notices besides these no less than three deaths in one week, from intoxicating liquors.—*Haltic Paper.*

CANADA.

There was a rumor in this city yesterday of some important failures connected with the lumbering interests. It was said that Forsyth and Bell, lumber dealers in that city had failed. We also learn that Messrs. Burstall & Co., of the same city, failed with liabilities said to be £300,000. Two banks are said to have purchased 100,000 of English Exchange from this house, which will come back.—*Toronto Colonist.*

The Quebec Board of Trade, on the 15th of October, resolved the Banks would do well to

suspend. Representatives of the Quebec Banks consulted with Bankers of Montreal and Toronto. A Resolution to continue specie payments, was the result.

Disasterous Gale on the Lakes.—The Chicago papers of Saturday contains an account of a terrific gale and snow storm on lakes Michigan and Superior, on Monday, the 19th, by which a large number of vessels were wrecked, and more than twenty lives lost. The Press gives the following account.

About noon of yesterday the propeller Mears arrived in port from Big Point Sauble, bringing intelligence of the wreck of the Canadian Steamer Reindeer, about eight miles north of the point. She also brought over Chas. Row, the mate of the schooner Alwildar—also lost—who communicated to us some of the particulars. On Tuesday last, two men arrived at Point Sauble, almost naked, and their feet badly frozen, who informed the people of the neighborhood that they were firemen on board of the Reindeer, and that they were the sole survivors of the entire crew, she having been wrecked the previous evening. They stated that all day Monday a most terrific gale blew from S. W. S., suddenly shifting to all points of the compass, with a tremendous sea running. The steamer kept up pretty well all the forenoon, but in the afternoon she shipped a heavy sea which extinguished the fires, and the Captain had no recourse left but set the helm up, and make for the beach.

For several hours in the evening the hurricane and snow storm increased in fury, and it was utterly impossible to see or do anything. Those on board could only await with anxiety the fate which they knew awaited them. At length, somewhere about midnight, the steamer struck and almost instantly the sea broke over her, and washed the whole crew into the lake, where twenty one of them found watery graves. The two men who escaped were firemen, and they state that they are utterly unable to relate how and in what manner they were saved. The first they knew after she struck, was when they found themselves on the rocky beach. Next day the steamer was nearly all broken to pieces and her timbers and cargo were strewn along the shore for miles.

The steamer Lady Elgin arrived here yesterday noon from Superior. Captain Tompkins reports that a terrific gale and snow storm also prevailed on Lake Superior on Monday last. He put into Copper Harbor, where he found several vessels wind-bound. He also brought the intelligence that the Lake Navigation Co's brig Stanart was dismasted and sunk at Old Mackinaw.

Some fears are entertained regarding the propellers Potomac and Iowa, which would have to encounter the gale in all its fury on Lake Huron. They left the Manitow on Sunday evening.

Several schooners were also reported lost, but no additional lives. The gale on Lake Erie, Ontario, and Huron has been also very severe.

State of the Flour Market at Montreal, Oct. 22.—Flour remains unaltered. We continue to quote prices at \$4 to 4 25 for superfine; 4 50 for fancy; and 4 75 to 5 for extra.

"Barley came in freely to-day, and bought at 2s 3d, 2s 6d and 3s per bushel.

"Oats were in demand with a very limited supply, and prices rose to 2s per bushel.

Seven Persons Drowned.—A Steamer Burned.—Montreal, 26th.—A canoe, containing twelve persons, was upset above the city last evening, and seven lives were lost.

The steamer Free Trader, was burned at Port Stanley, early this morning.

The International Bridge.—The Canada Gazette announces that Her Majesty has given assent to the act to incorporate the international Bridge, proposed to be built over the Niagara River, at or near the village of Waterloo.

To OUR SUBSCRIBERS.—Last month, (September) a very large number of our subscriptions became due, and as we have several liabilities to meet, and our stock of material to provide for the approaching winter, we trust our subscribers will endeavour to meet our demands against them. "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," so runs the old adage, and so all work and but little pay, makes an Editor dull, fretful, and what is worse than all, deprives him of independence, as he must necessarily run in debt, and if so, his usefulness is much impaired. We trust these few hints will have the effect we intend, of inducing our subscribers to pay up, and thereby putting us in a position to carry out our business operations in a creditable manner.

Holloway's Pills.—Rush of blood to the head is often primarily caused by a bad condition of the stomach and bowels. Invigorate the stomach, regulate the excretions, and purify the fluids with this world renowned medicine, and you will be exempt from vertigo, dimness of sight, headache and other alarming apoplectic symptoms which frequently accompany dyspepsia and habitual constipation. The impurity of the blood, as well as and excess of it in the brain, has much to do with cerebral affections, and as Holloway's Pills operate upon the chemical agents which generate that fluid, as well as upon the circulation itself, they are infallible in this class of maladies.