

cannot be admitted on affirmation under existing acts, was agreed to.

Mr Delane, formerly manager of the Times, and Eugene Sue are dead.

An Italian paper had published Mazzini's defence, but it was suppressed. He declares he will not cease till his object is accomplished.

The India Company, it is understood, have made a requisition for 6000 additional troops. The Indian loan of 5, to 20,000,000 is spoken of again.

It is rumoured that Russia refuses to evacuate Herat, being prompted thereto by the Indian revolt.

The Times, in a leader on the visit of the Emperor Napoleon says: Just now as the Northern and Eastern Sovereigns of Europe have been meeting at Berlin, to discuss the maintenance of their own interests, a visit from a great ally, who has so much in common with ourselves is specially opportune.

INDIA.—London, Tuesday evening.—Steamer Colombo has arrived at Southampton with the China and India mails.

The Daily News Southampton correspondent says the passengers from India by the Colombo firmly believe that Delhi has fallen. They state that Bazaar intelligence outrigs government news, and that according to Bazaar intelligence Delhi had fallen.

When the Madras passengers left, an emente was fully expected in that presidency. The Europeans were under arms.

Seventeen hundred armed men were found about the residence of the king of Oude although according to treaty he was not allowed one armed attendant.

Sir Colin Campbell's passage through Egypt was an ovation. He purposes dividing the army into five or six flying divisions, with a general at the head of each.

The Globe says: The whole of the large force placed under orders for India, before the arrival of the last mail, will be embarked by the end of this week. It has since been determined substantially to increase the reinforcements, and along with some addition to the Artillery force, two regiments of Cavalry and four of Infantry will be placed under orders for the East. The 7th Hussars will be one of the Cavalry corps, and the other probably the 4th or 5th Dragoon Guards. The Infantry Regiments are the 56th, 66th., 92nd Highlanders, and in all likelihood the 44th Regiment. They will be made up to 1200 men each.

Owing to the large artillery force being sent out Major General deputies will proceed in command of that branch of the Army, and probably from the great increase to the European troops, some of the Colonels of the army will be appointed to the command of Brigades, with the temporary rank of Major-general. 1000 additional foot artillerymen are to proceed to India at once.

The Times city article says.—The extent to which the estimate of the cost of the insurrection is augmented by all the details received by the last mail. The plunder of all the treasuries having, according to one statement, reached nearly £2,000,000, was among the causes of the increased heaviness in Consols yesterday, and the news of the modification of the Turkish Ministry looking at the influences from which it has arisen, operated unfavourably.—Late in the day, it transpired that the India Company has made a requisition upon the government for 6000 additional troops of all arms infantry, cavalry, and artillery, with the view of strengthening the forces in Madras and Bombay which have been weakened by drafts for Bengal.

All was quiet at Lahore, and up as far as Sealkot, to the 9th inst. It is supposed that the check the Delhi mutineers have received, has prevented other corps from showing their teeth; but there can be no doubt that the whole native army has been tampered with, and the will is not wanting to show their disaffection. Delhi once more in our possession, things will probably quiet down again—not before.

The Liverpool Mercury says:—

The passengers from India think that the mutiny is not considered in England so serious as it really is. They give some frightful details of atrocities committed by the mutineers. In Delhi six European ladies had taken refuge in a room; one of them, very young and beautiful, concealed herself under a sofa. The other five were subjected to outrage by the mutinous soldiery, and then beheaded. The blood trickled under the sofa and the young female concealed there betrayed herself by uttering a shriek. She was seized and taken to the harem of the King of Delhi. This is considered a proof that the King is in league with the mutineers.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the "Arabia" at New York.

New York Aug. 19.—The Arabia sailed from Liverpool at 11 A. M., and arrived here at 4 this afternoon.

The steamship Khersonese which was to have left Liverpool for Newfoundland simultaneously with the Arabia, had been withdrawn, having been chartered by the government to convey troops to India. Her place in the line will be filled in a few days by the steamship Crimean.

The shore cable of the Atlantic Telegraph was successfully landed at Valentia Bay on the eve of the 5th. The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland received it formally from the officers and men of the Niagara and Susquehanna, amidst great enthusiasm.

A letter from Valentia, dated Aug. 3, says: The machinery for paying out the cable works perfectly, and we can telegraph through the whole cable without the least difficulty. We expect to arrive at Newfoundland in about twenty days after leaving this place.

The expedition is said to have put to sea shortly after the landing of the cable, but as the telegraph line to Valentia was not completed we are without information as to its progress.

In the House of Lords, on Thursday, Lord Campbell presented a petition from the Queen and Princess of Oude, residing in England, expressing great regret at the revolt in India, and the suspicion attached to their relative the ex-King. The petitioners stated that they had received assurances from the King that he was entirely innocent of any complicity in the outbreak, and they prayed that the charges against him might be made known, so that he might establish his innocence. Objections were raised, on merely technical grounds and it was withdrawn.

The bill authorizing the embodiment of the militia was read a second time, after a brief debate, in the course of which Lord Panmure and the Duke of Cambridge stated that efforts should be made to induce the requisite number of militiamen to volunteer for the regular army.

The Emperor and Empress of the French, accompanied by Count Walewski and a small suite, arrived at Osborne on a visit to Queen Victoria, on the morning of the 6th, and were received with a royal salute from the fleet at Spithead. The visit was strictly a private one, and would not, it was believed, extend beyond the Isle of Wight, and probably Portsmouth Navy Yard.

The most vigilant surveillance was kept up in the neighbourhood of Osborne, and all over the island, by a strong force of police from London and Paris, and boats were stationed off the Beach at Osborne, to prevent the approach of any shore or strange boats. It was thought the Imperial party would return to France on the 10th.

FRANCE.—The trial of the Italians, accused of an attempt to assassinate the Emperor, had resulted in a verdict of guilty, with extenuating circumstances in favor of Bartolotte and Gbilli. The Court sentenced Tibaldi to transportation for life, and Bartolotte and Gbilli to fifteen years imprisonment. The trial excited very little interest.

TURKEY.—A dispatch from Vienna states that the French Ambassador at Constantinople took down his flag on the 5th, but informed the Turkish government that he should not leave his post for some days.

Two hundred houses had been destroyed by fire at Galatea.

Latest.—London Saturday, Aug. 8.—The Times City article of Friday evening says the Funds opened steady at the improved quotations of yesterday, and subsequently manifested a slight increase of firmness. There was no alteration in the discount market to-day.—Some few transactions took place at half below the bank rate.

Major General Wyndham has accepted an important command in India.

Breadstuffs.—Richardson, Spence & Co., and other circulars report Flour quiet, and wheat steady at the rates current last week at the departure of the Canada.

UNITED STATES.

Fatal Steamboat Collision on Long Island Sound.—About 2 o'clock on Saturday morning the steamer Metropolis, bound from Fall River to New York, just after passing Falkland Island, encountered the propeller J. N. Harris, bound from New York to N. London, under full headway, cutting her in twain amidships, and causing her to sink immediately. Twelve of the passengers and crew were picked up, and the remainder, nearly twenty persons, were lost. The steamer, which was but slightly injured on the bow, remained about the scene of the disaster for nearly three hours, and her boats were several times sent out in various directions; but after the first half hour no trace of life was discoverable. An ineffectual attempt was made to find the wreck or portions of it. Barrels and other relics of the cargo in considerable quantities surrounded the steamer until she left, when she proceeded at a somewhat reduced speed, reaching New York soon after half-past 9 o'clock.

Among the saved was Capt. Leonard Smith, master of the Propeller. He lost, however, by the accident, three little children. On offering him sympathy, he replied, 'Oh, my wife; how can I tell her!' and he burst into tears. A sad message indeed to take to his home—a fond mother waiting for the return of the three little ones, in the place of this joy, such a lightning stroke of affliction.

Mr N. S. Smith was also saved, but lost his wife and little girl eleven years of age. The mother had become separated from the father, and was keeping the child from sinking. A rope was thrown to her, but she could not reach it without releasing her hold of the child; and, mother-like, she clung to her child, and they perished in each other's arms. When the boat was struck, Mrs Smith asked her husband what the matter was. He replied that he would go on deck and see; but before he had time to take a single step, a flood of water rushed down upon him, and he saw his family no more.—He was picked out of the fragments of the wreck.

Among the lost was Stephen Prentice, mate and pilot of the boat, who leaves a widow and one child.

Indian Fighting.—Dubuque, August 20.—Hostilities have again broken out between the Sioux and Chippewas. On the 1st of August, a band of Chippewas attacked a detached party of Sioux near Lactroxiens, and took thirty scalps, and then retreated down Red River.

From the South.—Washington, August 20th.—New Orleans papers of the 14th inst., are to hand, by the arrival of the mail as late as due.

A letter in the Picayune, dated Choctaw County, Miss., says that throughout that region there would not be over two-thirds the average cotton crop. Oats and corn were abundant, and of wheat there would be a fine harvest.

Fall of a Warehouse.—Cincinnati, Aug 21.—The brick warehouse occupied by Charles Rodney, fell last evening, under a pressure of 1600 barrels of whiskey, stored in the lofts. The adjoining buildings, occupied by Calvin Fletcher, and J. A. Skiff, were badly injured. Loss \$20,000.

A private letter from New Orleans states that up to the 13th inst. it had rained there every day, 38 days consecutively, and was still raining. The city, however, was remarkably healthy, and never more so at this season of the year.

New York, August 21.—The Steamers Moses Taylor and Splendid, both lying at the Cunard dock, Jersey City, were burnt to the water's edge this morning. The Moses Taylor was a new boat, belonging to the Delaware and Saekawanna Railroad Company—insured for \$13,000. The Splendid was insured for \$10,000.

Cattle from New Brunswick.—A large drove of cattle went through Bangor on the 12th inst., on the way to Brighton. They had been driven from New Brunswick.—Boston Herald.

CANADA.

Destructive Fire at Point Levi.—About one o'clock on the morning of the 15th inst., a fire broke out in an unoccupied house at Point Levi, opposite Quebec. The alarm was not given in Quebec till the fire had made great progress, and in the meantime some twenty houses were destroyed, mostly belonging to poor people, but few of whom were insured. There is no doubt the fire was the work of carelessness or design.

By a late act of the Canadian Legislature, the origin of fires is made the subject of official investigation by the Coroner.

Extensive Robbery.—Yesterday afternoon an extensive robbery was perpetrated in this city, the circumstances of which, so far as we can learn, are as follows:—A man named H. Fisher, an agent for a lumbering house up the Ottawa, received yesterday afternoon \$2,000 from the Bank of Montreal to pay his men. After getting the money, which was in one and two dollar bills, and \$50 in silver, he placed it in a small valise, and, with his nephew, proceeded to Dolly's in Great St. James Street, to lunch. On going in, he handed the valise to his nephew, who placed it at his side when they sat down. When they rose to leave, the valise was gone, and no positive trace was got of it till this morning, when it was found in a vegetable cart at St. Ann's Market, cut open, and all but \$10 1-2 abstracted from it. The robbery is most certainly a bold one, and we trust that the villain who perpetrated it may be discovered. Detective O'Leary, is, we believe, busily engaged in trying to ferret him out, and we hope he will be successful.—Montreal Pilot.

Montreal, Aug. 21.—The Great Cricket Match was finished to-day—the Canadian Club winning, with seven wickets to go down.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The Crops.—Potatoes thus far have escaped the general calamity of former years, and are now far advanced in size and quality for the season. The hay crop is nearly secured, and the saving and quantity will surpass its common average. Oats have not in the last thirty years afforded such an abundant promise. Corn is good beyond any recent precedent, and the same may be said in extent and quality of buckwheat. Of wheat and turnips we have heard but little, but from that little we suppose them to be up to a full average. As already remarked, the whole produce of the present season, stands unrivalled, and we trust that the advantages which it will confer upon the province will more than overbalance the year's unfortunate transactions in lumbering.—Reporter.

Domestic Manufactures.—We are indebted to T. G. Tisdale, Esq., for specimens of iron obtained from the Woodstock Mines, and which have been manufactured at the St. John Forge Company's Works on the Straight Shore in this City. This iron appears to be of a most superior description, suitable for any purpose, and is well worthy the inspection of judges. We are rejoiced to know that the works at the Straight Shore are in full blast, manufacturing ship's knees for vessels now building in this Province under the Lloyd's new regulations. Here is an article of itself that will do much good. They are also prepared to execute orders in their line to any extent; and contemplate extending their works so that many iron articles we have been in the habit of importing may be manufactured in the Province. We are positively assured that the quality of the Woodstock Iron used at this establishment is even superior to the best Staffordshire, having a firmer fibre and of greater strength.—News.

New Advertisements.

North West Boom Company.

A meeting of the Directors of the above Company, will be held at the Clerk's Office, Newcastle, on SATURDAY, the 12th day of SEPTEMBER, inst., at 12 o'clock noon to transact business connected with the Company.

By Order of the President,
EDWARD WILLISTON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
Roland Crocker, Richard Hutchison,
Alexander McLaggan, William Parker,
William McKay, Richard Sutton,
Alexander Ferguson, John Pond,
John Fairley,
Newcastle, 27th August, 1857.

AUCTION.

To be sold at Auction on the Premises in Nelson, on the 20th of SEPTEMBER next, at 3 o'clock P. M.

THE PROPERTY, at present occupied by Alexander Davidson, Esq., in Lots laid out by the Hon. Jas. Davidson, as shown by Plan, and sold by order of the Executors of the late James Dempsey.
Terms—one third down, one third in three and six months. Deeds to be delivered when paid.
For further particulars apply to Messrs Gilmour, Rankin & Co., or WM. LETSON, Auctioneer.
Chatham, 27th August, 1857.

LAND FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers for sale THAT VALUABLE LOT OF LAND, known as Lot No. 1, situate in the Parish of Glenelg, in the Forks of Black River, fronting upon both the Main and Little Branches of said River, and formerly owned by John Cooper. For further particulars apply to WM. E. SAMUEL.
Chatham, 26th August, 1857.—1m

Notice.—A Bazaar.

A Bazaar will be held in Newcastle, in the ensuing AUTUMN, for the purpose of raising Funds, to assist in finishing the Hall of the Sons of Temperance in that place. Contributions in aid may be forwarded to the Ladies whose names are mentioned below, who have kindly consented to make the necessary arrangements:
Mrs Vanstone, Mrs Haws, Mrs James Mitchell, Mrs Thomas Malby, Miss Sargeant, Miss Harley, Miss Witherell, Miss Fish, Miss Ellen Johnson, Miss Matheson.
Newcastle, June 5, 1857.

From Boston.

The Subscriber has just received from Boston and assortment of MENS', WOMENS', AND CHILDRENS' BOOTS AND SHOES, of superior quality. GLASSWARE, in Fluid Lamps, Decanters, Tumblers, &c. & Brooms, Pails Wool Cards, Brushes of all kinds; Whips, and Whip Lashes, Barley, Rice, Fine Salt, Yeast Powder, Vinegar, &c. &c. All to be sold at the lowest Cash Rates.
F. R. SWEENEY,
Newcastle, July 18, 1857.

ALSO ON HAND. An assortment of SUPERIOR LIQUORS of all kinds.

School Teacher Wanted.

A THIRD CLASS TEACHER, either Male or Female, for the Burnt Church School House.—Any information can be received by applying to ALEX. LOGGIE, or ALEX. MORRISON.
Burnt Church, June 23, 1857.—pd5.

GLOUCESTER

Agricultural Society.

The SOCIETY'S PLOUGHING MATCH AND CATTLE SHOW, will take place at Mr Matheson's Farm, near the Village, Bathurst, on TUESDAY, the 6th day of OCTOBER, next, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M.

No person will be awarded more than one prize of the same class, and no animal will be admitted to competition that has taken a first prize of the same class. And it is essential that every animal entered for competition, shall be the produce of the County, or imported by a member, and, in either case, the property of the competitor.

Ploughmen must be on the ground, with their teams, to draw their Lots, at half-past 10 o'clock, and all animals must be recorded in the Secretary's Book, and placed in their respective stalls, at not later than 11 o'clock.

Prize Lists can be had by Members at the Secretary's Office.
WILLIAM NAPIER, Secretary.
Bathurst, August 10, 1857.

LIST of Letters for July.

Received at the Post Office Chatham and Newcastle: remaining for delivery 15th August, 1857.

Blake John Blksmith,	Lord Fitzgerald schr 2
Eyant David 2	Capt Wm Irving
Campbell John	Do. Richard Irving
Crumley John	Do. Daniel Irving
Favourite Ship Henry	Lawler James
	Loogie William
Do H. T. Leyland	Merry Mrs Catherine
Galloway John	Moser Capt Philip
Horguaro John	McDonald Thos
Jamaica bark Joseph	McManus Mrs James
	McDonald Peter
Kalamozoo ship Stewart	Odin bark of Norway 2
	Shibet bark Capt Bildson
Killey Margery	Sully Miss Mary
Picken Thos	Walls Capt Andrew
Ryan Patrick	

JAMES CAIE, P.M.

P. S. Persons asking for the above letters will please say "Advertised."