

there be a complete revision of the officials and attendants of this House, and the system of incurring liabilities for contingent and other expenses, and that a Committee of three be appointed to report on the subject to this House, and Ordered, That Mr Mitchell, Mr Kerr, and Mr Steadman, do compose the said Committee.

On motion of Mr Allen, the House went into Committee of the whole on—A Bill to amend the Act to regulate the election of Members to serve in the General Assembly. The Chairman reported, that the Committee having the Bill referring to them under their consideration, the following was moved:—Resolved, That the further consideration of this Bill be postponed for three months. And upon the question, it was carried in the affirmative. Ordered, That the Report be accepted, and the further consideration of the said Bill accordingly postponed.

On motion of the Honorable Mr Johnson, Resolved, That the time for entering into Recognition on the Petition of George Smith, John E. O'Brien, and others, against the Election of William End, Esq., be extended to the tenth day after the first day of next Session of the Legislature.

June 30.

On motion of Mr Mitchell. Whereas from the Reports of Captain Orlebar, and Mr T. T. V. Smith, laid before this House in reference to the survey of the Miramichi Bar, it is therein recommended that a Team Tug Boat would in some measure temporarily obviate the difficulties of the navigation of that Port; therefore Resolved—As the opinion of this House, that the Executive Government appropriate a portion of the money now at their disposal for the improvement of the Harbors on the North Shore for the purpose of obviating the difficulties referred to in said Reports. To which Mr Connell moved as an amendment—To expunge the whole of the said Resolution, as well as the preamble thereto, and substitute as follows:—Resolved, that the Report of Captain Orlebar and Mr T. T. V. Smith, laid before this House in reference to the Miramichi Bar, be now referred to the Government, and that such action be taken on the said Reports as will best subserve the public interest. And the question being taken upon the proposed amendment, it was carried in the affirmative.

July 1.

On motion of Mr Steadman, Whereas it is desirable to establish Steam Communication between the Ports of Shediac, Buctouche, Richibucto, Miramichi, Quebec, and Charlottetown; therefore Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, praying that His Excellency will be pleased, in connection with the Governments of Canada and Prince Edward Island, to afford such encouragement to any individual or Company as will be calculated to secure the services of an efficient Steamer between the above named Ports. Ordered, That Mr Steadman, Mr M'Phelim, and Mr W. E. Perley, be a Committee to wait upon His Excellency with the Address.

Mr Steadman, from the Committee appointed to wait upon His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor with the Address of the House of this day, praying that encouragement be afforded towards a Steam Communication between the Ports of Shediac, Buctouche, Richibucto, Miramichi, Quebec, and Charlottetown, reported—That they had attended thereto, and His Excellency was pleased to reply, "That he would consult his Council on the subject matter of the Address."

## BYE ROAD COMMISSIONERS.

The following persons to be Commissioners to expend the undermentioned Sums of Money, being the appropriations of 1857.

## COUNTY OF RESTIGOUCHE.

1. James Fraser, Hugh Ramsey, Alex. Laing.—To be expended on the Bye Roads in the Parish of Dalhousie, where most required, £160 6 0
2. Robert Sinclair.—To be expended on the Bye Roads in the Parish of Addington, where most required, 85 0 0
3. Alex. Cook, William Robison, James Craig.—To be expended on the Bye Roads in the Parish of Durham, where most required, 66 0 0
4. Richard Doyle, Patrick Doyle, John Doyle.—To be expended on the Bye Roads in the Parish of Colborne, where most required, 46 0 0

## SPECIAL GRANTS.

5. David Sadler.—Bridge North Branch River, at or near Henderson's, £50 0 0
- On the Breast Road from M'Donald's Road towards Eel River, 25 0 0
- From Mrs Keddle's to Upsalquitch, 40 0 0
- On Road from Malcolm Patterson's to Tobique Road, 12 10 0
- For the Parish of Durham, 15 0 0

## COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.

6. John Browne.—Towards finishing the Bridge over the Tattagouche River at Blackstock's Mills, £20 0 0

To the Widow of Benjamin Trefethen, a balance due her late husband for work done on the Middle River Roads, 5 10 0

7. Hugh Chalmers, John Morrison, Eloi Roi.—For a Bridge over Elm Tree River, between Xavier Roi's and Damon Godin's, £20 0 0

For a Bridge on same River, on the Road leading to the rear, 6 0 0

To fill up the Ravine on the Rose Hill Road, near Alexander McIntosh's, 15 0 0

To open a road from the main Road to the Shore, near Prudent Martin's, 10 0 0

8. Hugh A. Caie, Thomas Kerr, Dan. Coughlan.—For the Roads leading from the main Road through New Bandon to the Second Concessions in the rear, 50 0 0

9. James Witzel, Fabien Ache, Edward Robichaud.—Towards repairing the Bridge over Bass Brook, near Docteur Robisheau's, £20 0 0

For repairs on the Road from Pokemouche to Shippigan, via the Plains, 20 0 0

Towards finishing the Bridge over Rousseau Jean Marie, and for the adjacent Roads near Point Sagesse, 30 0 0

10. Michl. Rivers, James Barry, James Scott.—For the Road from the main Road towards the Garryowen Settlement, £20 0 0

To open a Road from the Great Road towards J. Herbert's, 10 0 0

To open a Road from the Garryowen Road towards Nevin's, 10 0 0

For the Road from Joseph Sewell's, up the main River Settlement Pokemouche, 10 10 0

11. Jeremiah Muzerol, Wm. Ferguson, Wm. Lousier.—For the Bye Roads in Saumarez Parish, to be expended in cases where most needed, 52 0 0

## SPECIAL GRANT.

12. John Browne.—Towards finishing the Bridge over the Tattagouche River, at Blackstock Mills, 179 10 0

## NEW GOODS.

The Subscriber having received his Spring supply from Britain, Halifax, Quebec, and the United States, respectfully calls the attention of the Public to his complete Stock of

## Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, and Hardware,

Consisting in part of—Cassimeres, Tweeds, Plaids, and Doeskin Cloths, Red, White and yellow Flannels, Shirting Stripes, Grey Cottons, Ticks, Janes, Osaburgs, Towelling, Molesters, Prints in variety, Homespuns, Dresses, Coburgs, Orleans, Lustras and Circassian Cloths, (both black and cold), Dress Trimmings, Fancy Netts, Laces, Blonds and Edgings, Artificial Flowers, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Boots and Shoes, I. R. Overshoes, &c., &c.

## GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.

Tea in chests, 6 and 10 lb. Boxes or by Retail, Brown Sugar, Crushed and Powdered Sugars, Coffee, Ground and Unground, Molasses, Flour, Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Beef, Pork, Hams, Cheese, Soap, Tobacco, Candles, Biscuit, Crackers, Beans, Peas, Barley, Butter, Vinegar, Currants, Raisins, Dried Apples, Rice, Bags Salt, Codfish, green and dried, Burning Fluid, Matches, Confections, Raspberry, Ginger and Lemon Syrups, Pickles, Spices, &c., &c.

## HARDWARE.

Nails, wrought and cut, Shovels, Hay Rakes and Forks, Manure Forks, Scythes, Files, Rules, Hammers, Shoemakers' Hammers, Knives, Pincers, Rifles, Knives, Forks and Spoons, Brushes of all kinds, &c., &c.

Also—Rope and Twine, Crockeryware, &c. All for Sale, cheap for Cash, or in exchange for Country Produce, Butter, Fish or Shingles. Please call and examine. Civility and attention gratis.

WM. F. McLAUGHLIN.

Store adjoining Messrs. D. & J. Ritchie's. Chatham, June 11, 1857.

## Notice.—A Bazaar.

A Bazaar will be held in Newcastle, in the ensuing Autumn, for the purpose of raising Funds, to assist in finishing the Hall of the Sons of Temperance in that place. Contributions in aid may be forwarded to the Ladies whose names are mentioned below, who have kindly consented to make the necessary arrangements:

Mrs Vanstone, Mrs Haws, Mrs James Mitchell, Mrs Thomas Maltby, Miss Sargeant, Miss Harley, Miss Witherell, Miss Fish, Miss Ellen Johnson, Miss Matheson. Newcastle, June 5, 1857.

## Editor's Department.

## MIRAMICHI:

CHATHAM, SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1857.

TERMS.—New Subscribers Twelve Shillings and Six Pence, per annum, in all cases in advance. Old Subscribers 12s. 6d. in advance, or 15s. at the end of the year. We prefer the advance price, and as it effects a large saving, we hope soon to see all our subscribers avail themselves of it. To Clubs of five and upwards, to one address, Ten Shillings a year in advance.

This paper is filed, and may be seen free of charge, at Holloway's Pills and Ointment Establishment, 244 Strand, London, where Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received for this Periodical.

CENTRAL BANK AGENCY, CHATHAM. Discount days TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, Hours for business from 10 to 3 o'clock. Notes for Discount to be lodged at the Bank before 3 o'clock, on the day immediately preceding the discount day.

## SAVINGS' BANK.

Deposited July 6, 1857, £108 4 5  
Withdrawn, including interest, July 7, £334 16 1

## WEEKLY CALENDAR.

New Moon 21st 1h 44m A. M. HIGH WATER.  
19 S. 17th Sunday after Trinity 3h23 3h59  
20 M 4 33 5 3  
21 T. Robert Burns died 1796 5 34 6 0  
22 W 6 25 6 49  
23 Th 7 10 7 33  
24 F. 7 52 8 11  
25 S. St. James 8 32 8 48

The above Tides having been calculated with regard to the moon's horizontal parallax and angular distance from the sun, will be found to be correct, due allowance being made at times for high winds and freshets. For Richibucto, subtract, 2h30m—Bathurst, 2h45m—Dalhousie, 2h50m from the above.

## UNITED STATES.

By the Wednesday's Mail we obtained the annexed Letter from a Correspondent, which furnishes a graphic report of the news. We should be pleased to hear frequently from the writer.

New York, July 8, 1857.

MR EDITOR,—If you deem the following items of intelligence regarding the sayings and doings which have recently transpired in New York, a place in your Journal, they are at your disposal.

During the last few weeks New York has been kept in a state of excitement by internal disorders, resulting from a difference of opinion among the citizens in regard to the constitutionality of the "New Metropolitan Police Act," passed by the State Legislature at Albany last winter.

By virtue of this Act, a new body of Police were appointed, called Metropolitan, whose headquarters are in White Street. This new Police force, Mayer Wood and other City Officials refused to recognize as legally appointed, contending that the State Legislature has not the power of appointing city officers. Matters thus stood till a vacancy occurred by the death of the Street Commissioner. Two new Commissioners were appointed by the Metropolitan Board. Mayor Wood's nominee was sworn into office, got possession of the books, and papers of the late Commissioner and entered on his business, when the officer appointed by the Metropolitan Board attempted to assume the same duties in the same office. He was however expelled by some of the Municipal Police. A Writ was immediately issued for the arrest of the Mayor for resisting the law; and the attempt to serve the Writ brought the Metropolitan and Municipal Police into direct collision at the City Hall, which resulted in the former getting twenty of their men wounded. None of them died, although some of the city papers said some were killed.

Nothing more was done for a few days, excepting the Mayor giving himself up to the Sheriff, and his subsequent trial and acquittal, until the "Court of Appeals" decided the "New Police Act" Constitutional! Mayor Wood's Police, as the Municipal Police are sometimes called, were then disbanded.

It will thus be manifest the City of New York is not considered competent to regulate its own affairs. Admitting the decision of the Court of Appeals to be in accordance with the Constitution of the United States, the right of self-government of any city in the Union is only imaginary. I should not be surprised at the division of the State of New York into Two States; it is already talked of.

The establishment of a new Quarantine Station, has also been the subject of much discussion, and the cause of much perplexity. And although a site has been fixed on, and the buildings in course of erection, some of the Citizens seem to say that the locality is unhealthy and calculated rather to engender disease than to cure. Dissatisfaction also reigns among the peo-

ple near where the buildings are situated, and open threats have been made that the buildings will yet be burned.

Saturday last, being the fourth of July, and the 81st Anniversary of the Declaration of Independence, the day was duly celebrated in the Empire City, by the ringing of bells, firing of cannon, explosion of fire crackers, discharging of pistols, &c. I observed several ladies standing about the doors of their houses, firing pistols, and demonstrating their patriotism by assisting the juvenile branches of their families in creating as much noise as possible. The four days preceding the fourth, were rainy, and the morning of the fourth threatened rain, but the clouds broke up; a serene sky revealed itself, and the evening was as beautiful and as favourable to the enjoyment of out door amusement as could be desired. But the previous damp weather deterred the pyrotechnists from preparing the fire works and consequently the evening passed over without their display, much to the disappointment and regret of many.

The most interesting features of the day is the parade of the First Division of the New York State Militia.

In their line of march they passed through the Park in front of the City-Hall, and were reviewed by Governor King, the Mayor, and Members of the Common Council.

Each Regiment being accompanied by a band, there was no scarcity of music, and those who were not insensible to its charms, had an excellent chance of enjoying them selves. The Division consisted of nearly 6000 men. A procession of cartmen on horseback, closed the Parade. The veteran corps of 1812 marched through the Park. Among them was a soldier of the Revolutionary War, aged 102 years.—The Ancient Order of Hibernians also moved in procession. They numbered about 1000 and presented a fine appearance.

Nothing of interest occurred in the Park during the remainder of the day, except that young America seemed to be enjoying himself wonderfully in using up explosive material.

But trouble was brewing in other parts of the City. Riots of a serious nature broke out in the Sixth Ward—known as the "bloody sixth" between parties called the "Dead Rabbits," and the "Bowery Boys." During the day the rioting did not amount to a great deal, but in the evening it assumed the aspect of civil war. The Metropolitan Police were roughly handled, and had to call on the military for aid. Three regiments were ordered to be in readiness, but were not brought over till the rioters seemed to have got tired of the business. Brickbats, pistols, and muskets were freely used. The streets in which fights took place, were Chatham, Bowery, Bayard, and Mulberry. Next day (Sunday), as was anticipated, rioting commenced again. Several were wounded, but the military marched through the riotous parts of the city, capturing a cannon, and met with no fighting parties. From the most authentic accounts, I learn that 8 have been killed, and 43 wounded in the two days' fighting. There has been no rioting since. Several of the rioters have been arrested. From testimony elicited at the inquests there appears to have been a bad feeling existing between the contending parties for years back, and taking advantage of the disbandment of the old police, the favourable opportunity of renewing their long cherished animosities was not let pass.

The exhibition of fire works came off last evening. About 20,000 people were assembled in the Park to witness their display.

The emigration to this city during the last month, has been very great. On Wednesday, 1st inst., and the day following, there landed at Castle Garden over 5,000 Emigrants.

It is said that a commissioner will be sent to England with instructions to request the proprietors of the Steamship Great Eastern, to allow said vessel to make New York the first port of her destination.

Trade is very dull in New York just now.

The weather has been cold here all the Spring with the exception of a few days. Only think of a man wearing an overcoat the 2nd day of July. However there is every appearance of fine weather now.

THE papers contain the death of the Hon. Wm. L. Marcy, which took place at his residence in Ballston, Spa. New York, on the 14th July. The Boston Traveller thus notices the event.

"Governor Marcy was about visiting Europe with his family, and was spending a few weeks at Ballston, while Mrs Marcy was visiting some friends and relatives at the West.—Other members of the family were absent for a similar cause. Gov. Marcy was in Albany on Friday, apparently in the most excellent health and buoyant spirits. His countenance seemed a little paler than usual, but it was as far as possible from being an unhealthy paleness. It is said that he has been conscious, for some little time back, of a palpitation of the heart, but the symptoms were slight, and gave him no uneasiness.

"He died about noon. He had been enjoying excellent health and spirits during the day, and not until morning did he experience any indisposition. He called it a mere 'stitch