THE WORLD OF BOOKS.

Fancy yourself to have been the depository of an original manuscript-Keats' Lamia, no less, or the Hyperion ; or think yourself the clear and simple soul to whom was entrusted the precious primal chirographical treasure of the Paradise Lost, and who sauntered home with it across the fields of Giles Chalfont on that, his fortunate, day; or deem yourself one of that cherished number of the poet's friends to whom his "Elegy" was handed, while as yet it knew not types. Indeed, we know not what strange windfall the season may bring us. Here we have a poem no printing office has yet seen, from one who with me has been a celebrity ever since Maritime Monthly days, and one whom you, reader, will recognize as justly such, when I tell you that his name is John Hunter Duvar. "Common Objects," "Habet," "The Baptism of the Bell" and other poems of like kind and quality have long been among the bright furniture of my memory, that tarnishes nor dims, among the multitude of things that grow old. Whether the "Judgment of Osiris" is destined to such fame as befell the masterpieces of Milton, Keats or Gray I have no means of predicting; but can assert my impression of its worthiness long to endure and widely to be known. The poet, indeed, may deprecate. as he does, what he sees to be its shortcomings, as being below his ideal, and unsubject to future polishment; but to the genuine singer ever is this so, for that which in the air was the swift trailing meteor, upon the ground is but the fireseamed stone. Yet the trace of its celestial origin is there. We trust the author will not hesitate to give this, one of his finest poems, to that public that is learning to delight in his rare, peculiar verse. And heritors of his mental kingdom ; but leisure when he does this, the reader will observe and space are not here. We trust it will the realistic style, the quaint, circumstan- not be long until is added to the list of the tial manner, with other of this author's poems we already possess the "Judgment characteristics, in this antique-seeming fig- of Osiris," which is not inferior to any, and ment of gloomy yet splendid imagination; will eventually be classed among the powerhow in the first part the court and throne pieces of our literature. of Osiris evolve out of dense midnight and chaos, at first so indefinite, and then so distinct: and then the appearance on the scene of the Deity himself-but mark the magic stroke with which the poet has done it: Inscrutably, an august shape That had not entered, grew upon the eye As grows the outline of a giant cape From out the sea-mists, so when seen anigh Amid these fearsome courtiers standing by-A presence vast, majestic, magian, lone, The great Osiris seated on his throne. In the second "fytte" he will observe how Egypt's famed and beautiful Queen stands before this throne for trial and sentence, and hear her as from her point of view she rehearses the principal features of her life and reign, and mark how with fateful certainty and celerity justice decides against her and she is condemned; and in the third brief portion, how, at the sentence of Osiris, she sinks into a lamian asp, while the courtly pageant fades away.

No fitful leaping, no impetuous rush, But stern and slow in solemn majesty, With the dread calm of the inevitable And cold serenity of shunless fate; That ever-falling wall could, effortless. Submerge a capital, sweep nations' fleets In splinters to unfathomable depths, Or whirl whole armies of the empires light Upon its face as floating thistle-down. The beauty and the terror of it! The sprays In spiral smoke-wreaths, rise in shifting forms, More than the incense of a thousand fanes, Until they mingle viewless with the clouds, While, as reminder, of the promise made-Water should not again destroy the world, Rainbow tiaras span the dreadful fall, And through them flash the flung-up water-drops, Making a rain of rainbows. Mystery That the Creator should this marvel make, And shut it in with dreadest solitude. How few the eyes that e'er have looked on this, How far transcendant beyond painter's dream, Or the most vivid fancy ever poet, Wrapt in the world of faerie, ever had; More wondrous even than the visions soon By the Beloyed in the apocalypse,

This wonder of the world-Niagara ! That these words are put into the mouth of De Roberval, as he stands in the midst of the unbroken woods-before the era of eloquence and poetry on the subject-adds to their impressiveness. Equally happy, in their way, are the little lyrical catches inspersed here and there, such as "Rain of Roses," or this :

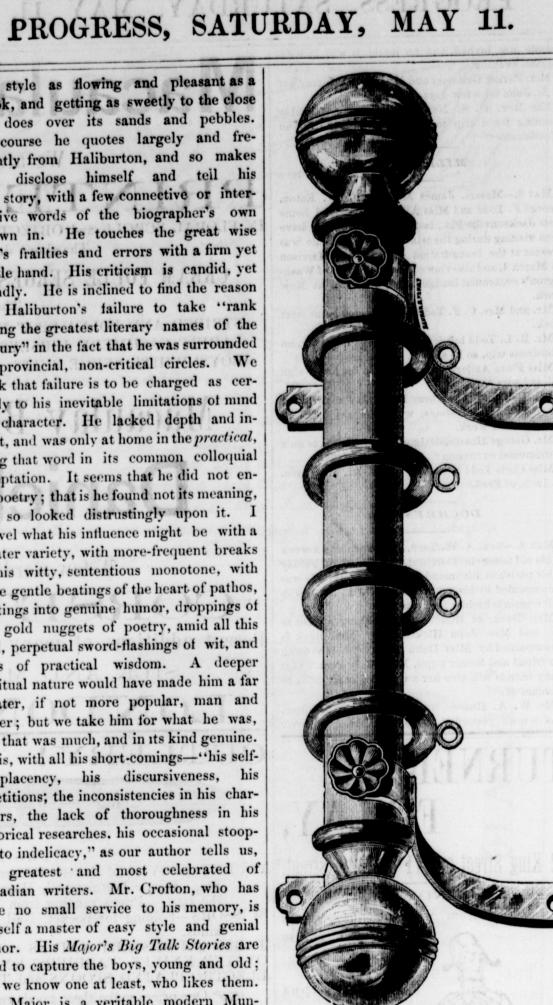
The mountain peaks put on their hoods, Good-night!

And the long shadows of the woods Would fain the landscape cover quite-The timid pigeons homeward fly, Scared by the whoop owl's eerie cry, Woo-oop! whoo-oop!

As like a fiend he flitteth by; The ox to stall, the fowl to coop, The old man to his nightcap warm, Young men and maids to slumber light-Sweet Mary, keep our souls from harm ! Good-night! good-night!

May he ever sing so sweetly. We would gladly say much of this cheerful and robust writer, who, from his Hernewood Nook on the Island of St. John, has reached out to us that magic wand by which we become III. With respect to Mr. Crofton's writing, we have to do pretty much after the plan of him who averred that his wife was so good he was prepared to accept her, and one row a week; indeed, he could have her on no better terms. However we might be disposed to dissent from opinions expressed in some of his clearest and most graceful sentences, we really would not now willingly do without him. But, perhaps, with the exception of "The Taboo of Strong Drink," and the like, once a week is quite too often; for in this longlooked-for, comprehensive and cleverlywritten monograph + we have little to dissent from, except its brevity, it being one of the things which, both from the subject and its author, we could have wished longer. He brings before us our sharplygenial judge, who, if shy of acquaintance, was admirable company when his goodwill was captured, and who made us laugh as roundly as did ever Dickens, Lover, or any of the host of wits and humorists; and who left his reader a more astute, if not a gentler, citizen than he found him. The famous creation, Sam Slick, no less a perpetual denizen of the world than Sam Weller, is among the most delightful traditions of our childhood, we having known him and his stories and sayings from the lips of our mother, before we had ever seen the book at all. Mr. Crofton has accepted his willing task from the Haliburton society, which properly has its centre at King's college, Windsor, N. S.,. and of which Prof. Charles G. D. Roberts is president; and his work is the first of a series of annual publications that the society designs to issue. Our author commences by a disentanglement of the biographical skein, which had here and there become somewhat involved in the hands of even the highest authorities; a work which discovers the acumen he so largely possesses, and his patient, extensive examination of the minute details of his subject. The service for which he will deserve the thanks of the reading public is his clear evolution of the man Haliburton from his writings; for there the true personality of a writer may usually be found in its highest measure. He shows us the "Epicurean philosopher, modified a little, for the better by Christianity, and the worse by practical politics"; loving "fun and creature comforts"; an opinionist, uttering himself through the lips of his favorite character, the typical Yankee; the describer and lavish praiser of his country, and the keen critic-almost merciless-of his countrymen, through the same; the teller of in-

## in a style as flowing and pleasant as a brook, and getting as sweetly to the close as it does over its sands and pebbles. Of course he quotes largely and frequently from Haliburton, and so makes him disclose himself and tell his own story, with a few connective or interpretive words of the biographer's own thrown in. He touches the great wise man's frailties and errors with a firm yet gentle hand. His criticism is candid, yet friendly. He is inclined to find the reason for Haliburton's failure to take "rank among the greatest literary names of the century" in the fact that he was surrounded by provincial, non-critical circles. We think that failure is to be charged as certainly to his inevitable limitations of mind and character. He lacked depth and insight, and was only at home in the practical, using that word in its common colloquial acceptation. It seems that he did not enjoy poetry ; that is he found not its meaning, and so looked distrustingly upon it. I marvel what his influence might be with a greater variety, with more-frequent breaks in his witty, sententious monotone, with some gentle beatings of the heart of pathos, meltings into genuine humor, droppings of the gold nuggets of poetry, amid all this cold, perpetual sword-flashings of wit, and saws of practical wisdom. A deeper spiritual nature would have made him a far greater, if not more popular, man and writer; but we take him for what he was, and that was much, and in its kind genuine. He is, with all his short-comings-"his selfcomplacency, his discursiveness, his repetitions; the inconsistencies in his characters, the lack of thoroughness in his historical researches, his occasional stooping to indelicacy," as our author tells us, the greatest and most celebrated of Canadian writers. Mr. Crofton, who has done no small service to his memory, is himself a master of easy style and genial humor. His Major's Big Talk Stories are fitted to capture the boys, young and old; and we know one at least, who likes them. The Major is a veritable modern Munchausen. But this aside from our subject. The book before us, to refer to its typo-



## HAROLD GILBERT, Carpet § Furniture Warerooms. NEW SPRING STOCK NOW ON EXHIBITION.

Wilton Carpets, Brussels Carpets, Tapestry Carpets, all qualities.

Wool Carpetings, Union Carpetings, Oilcloths and Linoleums. CORNICE POLES. Lace Curtains comprising many Novelties. RUGS, MATS AND MATTINGS, AND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF Household Furniture, ALL AT BOTTOM PRICES.

HAROLD GILBERT, - - - 54 King Street.

Long centuries have trailed since these accords, And Egypt's fate has veered for good and ill; The Roman, Moslem, French and British hordes Have made her weakness subject to their will; But the sad, sentenced Cleopatra still Doth undulate athwart the lilied meads, Or by the Nile's brink hiss among the reeds.

II.

But there is also the printed page before us; for, however curious the manuscript of a powerful novel may be, practically the clear type is best. This gift,\* this boon, to our literature, which must be accorded a foremost place among native books, I have most thoroughly enjoyed. I place it on the shelf with Mair's Tecumseh-not allowing either to gather dust-and account it as among the ripest fruits of its author's genius. It is a historical, dramatic poem, dealing with an early and romantic period of our country's history, and developing the various characters, and particularly the central one, after the manner of a master. There are several descriptive portions of such brilliancy that the temptation is on us to quote them all. The description, which we will quote, of Niagara embosomed in primeval forest, is unsurpassed by any bit of literary painting from the pen of a Canadian author :

. . . How august are Thy works, O God of Might.

. . . This masterpiece of Thine Almighty hand Transcends the range of words. . . . O soul of ce Wm. and man, What canst thou do but wonder and adore ! An ocean poured into a giant chasm With one majestic sweep of quiet force, Embodiment of power ineffable, Resistless beyond utmost stretch of thought Too grand to have its features analysed, Too vast to pick and speculate on parts, But in its whole so dread it numbs the mind, And merges all sensations into awe. Visible image of immensity,

graphical appearance, as well as the one of which we shall proceed to speak, is a specimen of the attractive work that will not fail to be done so long as Mr. Anslow presides over the press at Windsor. IV.

Whether Miss Almon has been Branded with the Promethean flame That none but poets know,

we have yet no means of ascertainind; as certainly the little volume before ust does not speak of lightning-smitten souls, or volcanic minds, or scars of the heart, yet burning. But surely a beam of sunny light, rayed over the Muses mount, does rest upon her page. It is yet morning, before the sultry explosive time; and the storms, if storms must be, are yet to come. Since seeing in the Dominion Illustrated that tender, tristful, home-loving ballad, "Tout Pour L'Amour," it has seemed evident that near our home was another singer of such songs as we delight in :--

> This is my resting place Holy and dear, Where pain's dejected face May not appear; This is the world to me, Earth's woes I will not see, But rest contentedly Since I am here. Is't your voice chiding, Love, My mild career, My meek abiding, Love, Daily so near?-"Danger and loss," to me?

Ah. Sweet, I fear to see

No loss but loss of thee, And I am here. So sweet is this singing. The little book embraces half a dozen sonnets, as many rondeaux, and nine lyrical and descriptive pieces, wherein local landscape bits of fine coloring are inwoven with sentiment gracefully, delicately conveyed in terms the most harmonious. Among the sonnets, while there are quatrains in others which take our fancy, such as-

They stream across the fading western sky A sable cloud, far o'er the lonely leas; Now parting into scattered companies, Now closing up the broken ranks, still high Now closing up the broken ranks, still high And higher yet they mount, while, carelessly, Trail slow behind athwart the moving trees A lingering few, 'round whom the evening breeze Plays with sad, whispered murmurs as they fly; from that entitled "Crows"; yet, on the whole, we think the one entitled "There is No God" is best :

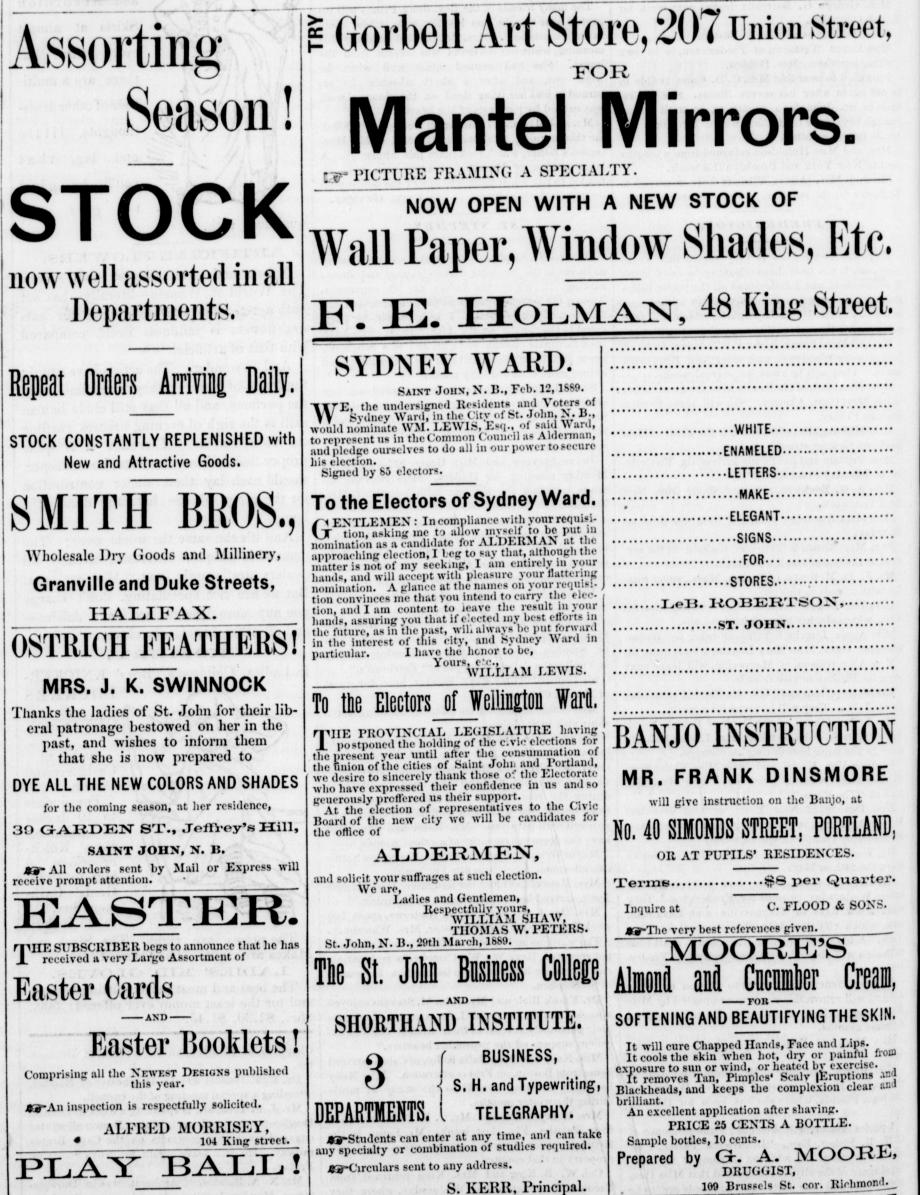
There is no God? If one should stand at noon Where the glow rests, and the warm sunlight

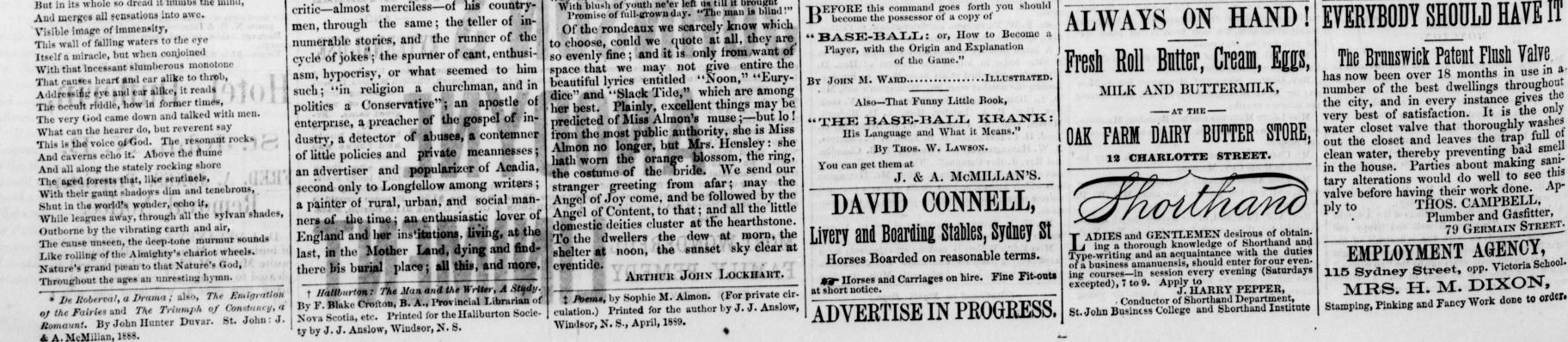
plays, Where earth is gladdened by the cordial rays And blossoms answering, where the calm lagoon Gives back the brightness of the heart of June, And he should say: "There is no sun"—the day's Fair show still round him—should we lose the

And warmth, and weep that day has gone so soon?

Nay, there would be one word, one only thought, "The man is blind!" and throbs of pitying scorn Would rouse the heart, and stir the wondering

We feel, and see, and therefore know, the morn With blush of youth ne'er left us till it brought Promise of full-grown day. "The man is blind!" Of the rondeaux we scarcely know which





BEFORE this command goes forth you should become the possessor of a copy of