### PROGRESS.

EDWARD S. CARTER,.....EDITOR.

Progress is a sixteen page paper, published every Saturday, from the Masonic Building, 88 Germain street, St. John, N. B. The Subscription price of Progress is Two

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Copies can be purchased at every known news stand in New Brunswick, and in very many of the cities, towns, and villages of Nova Scotia and P. E. Island every Saturday for Five

Liberal Commissions will be given to agents for subscriptions. Good men, with references, can secure territory, by writing to the publisher. Remittances should always be made by Post
Office Order or Registered Letter. The
former is preferred, and should be made payable

EDWARD S. CARTER, Publisher and Proprietor.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

# CIRCULATION, - - 10,550

HALIFAX BRANCH OFFICE: Cor. GRANVILLE and KNOWLES' BUILDING, Cor. GRANVILLE and GEORGE STREETS.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOV. 21. ideas of popular government are very

#### THE LAW DEFIED.

A good deal has been said about the liquor laws and the Scott act, much of it countries; but it is not at all likely that tending to discredit both of them. We in this city seem to have been under the impression that our liquor law was better observed than the average regulation re- and popular education. straining the sale of intoxicating liquors. We have no doubt that such was the truth when the law came into force-we know, quarterly inspections and announces the tact in the press. The licensed dealers cordial reception and laugh at him when he leaves them. His officers look the other way nine times out of ten when they pass the places which violate the law with impunity, while they peer at and watch the doors and windows of the alley beer shop, whiskey or a bottle of ale and lay an infor-

has no business selling liquor without a George Washington had so desired, an permit, but the brilliant licensed bar with its gorgeous trappings has no better right to violate the provisions of its privilege.

It is the duty of the chief inspector to see that these licenses are not violated; that the same law which prevents a widow woman or a den keeper from selling liquor applies with equal force to the mirrored bar and its influential owner.

That this is not done is shown today in other columns of this paper. The story told there so graphically is not exaggerated, it is not pictured any worse, or indeed as bad, as it really is.

the inspector. It may be that we have not too much faith in any of his acts, but we have always thought his inspections to be the veriest farces. We prove today that the law is violated in the face of the people; that it is violated with impunity, in the insist that their opponents, the Republimost flagrant manner, not only in the city dens but on the Broadways of the city. It is violated before the eyes of the police and the chief inspector.

We went about this investigation with more deliberation than we care to confess to. It is not pleasant to speak the truth when it shows good friends and patrons in the same light as those in whom we have not the same interest. But Progress is a newspaper-we try to make it one in the highest sense of the term-and to come up to our standard it must be fearless and independent. If pursuing right, calling for the enforcement of good law, involves the sacrifice of friends and patrons, friends and patrons must be sacrificed.

It is easy to break a civil law when it can be done without fear of molestation and with profit. An active and vigorous inspector would make it so difficult that reputable dealers would respect the terms of their license and observe the law but, with an inspector that is only one in name slight to resist the temptation.

It is not our purpose to furnish the chief inspector with information. We have simply attempted to show the people how the law is broken and how their officers neglect their duty.

# NOT FIT FOR SELF-RULE.

The collapse of the Brazillian republic will not be a surprise to those who rememculminated in the resignation of Don PEDRO. It was not a popular uprising. Other statistics could be gathered more minutes on his way to his home.

and his constant labor was to meet their wishes in regard to his government. He was not popular with the military element, and this it was that led to his overthrow. The rebels were not republicans at heart. It is just possible that in the Latin-American countries, as they are called, there is very little true republicanism. Somehow it takes many generations of self-government to fit people for it, to enable them to appreciate it. The Spanish, Portuguese, Italians, the Russians, and to a certain extent the French, have been accustomed to be governed, and not to govern themselves. The Anglo-Germanic races, on the contrary, have from earliest history claimed that the people are the fountain of authority; an idea shared by the Norman element of France. These people are fit for free government. They take up its responsibilities as a matter of course, and if in some cases they retain monarchical forms, it is for convenience only and not because they regard them as essential. That great statesman, who has played so powerful a part in Spanish politics, SENOR CASTELAR, recognizes this, and, though a republican of the republicans, has declined to lend his aid to the revolutionary party in Spain on the express ground that the people are not prepared for the responsibilities of selfgovernment, and he fears that the result of an attempt to establish a democracy would be anarchy followed by a dictatorship. Events in Brazil have shown that CASTELAR well understands the Iberian temperament. That Brazil will drift back again into an empire may be doubtful, but no one need for a moment seriously imagine that what we would regard as a republic will be established there for years to come. Of course our Canadian

### A REAL DIFFERENCE.

broad, probably as broad as any in the

world, and we need not expect them to be

even the restricted democracy prevailing in

the United States will get a foothold in

Brazil until after many years of experiment

The practice is to say that there is no in fact, that it was rigidly enforced in the difference between a conservative and a majority of cases. Recently, for some liberal, except in name. This is scarcely reason or other there has been a laxity in correct, in the latter instance, whatever it this enforcement. The chief inspector, may be in the former, as will be seen from who is also the chief of police, makes his a brief historical examination of the democratic party in the United States. After the independence of the revolted colonies know when to expect him give him a had been accomplished, two parties arose, one, the tederalists, led by Washington and Hamilton, the other, the democrats, led by Thomas Jefferson. The idea of the federalists was the concentration of power in a strong general government, and that the individual states should have raid it on suspicion, find a pint or two of only so much power as was necessary for the conduct of their purely local affairs. A section of the federalist party favored We believe in fair play. The alley shop a king, and it is not open to doubt that if influential party would have insisted upon his being offered the crown. But Washington was wiser than his advisers and the monarchical movement was checked before it developed much headway. On the other hand, the Democrats insisted that the central government should be only strong enough for the purpose of carrying out the wishes of the States and that the residuum of power should remain in the people to be by them exercised through the medium of the State legislatures. Here was the origin of the doctrine of state sovereignty, which in a We did not believe in the inspections of perverted form, led to secession, and which now may be considered as qualified by the proviso that its exercise shall not prejudice the existence of the nation. The Democrats claim to stand upon precisely the same ground as JEFFERSON did, and they cans, are the representatives of the old Federalists. With some qualifications this definition may be accepted as correct.

## CENSUS TAKING.

It is alleged upon apparently good authority that the census returns in the United States are from fifteen to sixteen per cent astray in hundreds of cases. Out in British Columbia they have been recounting the people and find that the enumeration by the government falls very much short of the truth. We all think that St. John has more population than the census shows. Commissioner Porter of the United States says that if his census is bad, that of Canada is no better; but it is not clear just how this helps either out. PORTER says the remedy is a permanent census bureau, in which experts at enumeration can be trained. It ought not to be difficult to make a correct census. The truth usually is that too much is attempted. In regard to poputhe profit is too great and the risk too lation what is wanted is a de facto count, that is the number of people who are in the country on a given day. There need be no guessing about who are away and are going to return, or who are here temporarily. The temporary residents and the temporary absentees will in point of fact nearly offset each other; but whether or not the former ought to be counted, the latter omitted, the enumeration of population ought to be a feature by ber the character of the revolution which itself, and enough enumerators should be put on to do the business up in a day. duty done, sickened and died in a few

The emperor was popular with the people leisurely. The de facto census is the only correct one. The population of St. John today is the number of people who are in it today, no matter where their homes are It may be objected that such a count as this would exclude people travelling, but it need not do so, for a little ingenuity could meet that difficulty. Experience has shown that the systems in use on this continent are about as bad as they can be, and almost any change would be for the better.

### MEN AND THINGS.

The dimensions of the annexation movement in Ontario are not startling. But this does not prevent it from being represented in the American papers as likely to cause a collapse of the confederation. The comments of our neighbors on Canadian events are very funny. It has lately been discovered by them that Gen. MIDDLETON was replaced by Col. HERBERT in the command of the Canadian militia, because the latter is alleged to be a man of action, who will not hesitate an instant about checking the annexation movement. It has also been ascertained that the proposed experimental transportation of troops over the C. P. R. is designed to show Canada how powerless she would be if she endeavored to throw off the British voke, and so on.

It is very funny what we have to take as news. When we read what is said about our own country in foreign papers we cannot but help wondering if we are as wrong ly informed about them as they are about. If so, the amount of ignorance current in this year of grace is something astonish-

A well-known gentleman, formerly a resident of Fredericton, and not very lately deceased, would not believe the story of LEE's surrender to GRANT for some weeks at least after it occurred. "The Yankees lie so," he used to say to every one who satisfied on any of the Latin-American | would try to convince him that the war of secession was over. Unfortunately the habit of lying is not confined to the Yankees; but it is not downright falsification which is so objectionable, for that is easily detected as a rule, but the constant effort to color the accounts of real events, so as to give them a significance they do not posses. The fault is with the public more than with

> Until a paper has discovered how to be extremely interesting as well as reliable, as PROGRESS is, it has to choose usually between deceptive sensationalism and downright dulness, and the financial advantage seems to be with the former. The people want to be shocked. Like the young lady in the story, who was kissed unexpectedly, and exclaimed, "Oh you shock me," they want to be "shocked again." So they buy and read the sensational papers, whose circulation expands, and whose advertising grows until they build great palaces and their proprietors become millionaires.

> The New York World is the most conspicuous instance of this sort of thing: but others could be named which are very

Perhaps the most extraordinary examples of daily journalism in the world are to found in the Sunday editions of the leading Chicago dailies. They are really too big. The expansion of the size of daily papers has about reached its limit One of these days somebody will coin a fortune by hitting upon just the sort of the busy people in great want. Then he will pubone simultaneously in a dozen or more places. It will be cheap, handy, brimful of news, with little or no comments on events, scarcely any politics and a very few high priced advertisements. There's lots of money in it for the man that has the necessary courage and capital.

It will likely dawn upon the world sometime that the doings of thieves, murderers, scalawags, scoundrels generally is not news, and that to publish a successful paper it is not any more necessary to keep the run of the police courts and record the transactions of the criminal classes, than it is to report what transpires in the insane asylums, penitentaries and hospitals for incurable diseases.

It is not always charitable or kind to say "I told you so," but if the members of the Bay State League and kindred societies in this city will put on their thinking caps they may remember the warnings so liberally and frankly extended to them by Prog-EESS some months ago.

## PERTINENT AND PERSONAL.

That, kindly, cheery, honest Scotch gentleman, John Miller, died Tuesday of consumption. His triends were legion and he had no enemies. His business-accountant in the British bank-brought him into contact with many men in the largest cities of Canada and there were none who enjoyed his frank companionship and did not feel better for it. When he came to this country from Scotland some years ago a more perfect specimen of physical health between that date and the last Saturday in and strength would be hard to find. His robust constitution seemed proof against the most rigorous weather, the wildest storms. An attack of hemmorhage was followed by a trip to Florida and on his return this spring he was married to a Truro lady whose sad and early widowhood will intensify the sympathy of all their friends.

There are some men who positions bring them in daily contact with hundreds of the people who require more of human goodness and patience than most of their fellows. Such a man was Conductor Fred McLellan the well known and liked conductor of the C. P. R. who with his day's

# THREE HUNDRED IN GOLD

PROGRESS' GREATEST OFFER TO DEALERS AND AGENTS.

Circulation Costs Money but We Will Spend it To Get It--Inducements That Have Never Been Equalled-Are You Going to

The offer we print on the ninth page of this paper as an inducement for new subscribers has not, we believe, been equalled in the history of journalism in these maritime provinces.

We want subscribers and we believe in

shipment to do it.

But we want subscription agents. Agents in the cities; agents in the towns and large villages; agents in the country.

We have made up our mind that it money will get them we will have them. Hence our offer of \$300 in gold.

And whoever is the first to get that number will win \$100 in cash.

women be in this city or in Halifax, Fredericton, Moncton, or any town in

We do not think long. We have made the offer broad, and believe that scores of people will try for it. If they do not, there is less energy about New Brunswick and Nova Scotia than we have credited them

hardest and most successful worker, no person who works will work for nothing. The winners of the cash prizes will get no commission on their first hundred subscribers, but those who compete and do not win the cash prizes, will receive a specia commission of fifty cents for every yearly subscriber; twenty-five cents for every six months subscription, and fifteen cents for every three months subscription.

six months subscribers will equal one yearly subscriber, and four three months subscribers will equal one yearly sub-

when they are sent or handed in to the office, less the commission as outlined above. The prize winners will receive their additional amounts when the competition closes-the date of which will be announced in the near future.

fair, none of Progress' regular news agents will be allowed to compete. There is a contest for them below.

or herself to one province.

us that it is perhaps expecting too much to ask them to increase their orders. But we believe that they can increase them and that they will not object to the cash we offer to induce them to do so. We have offered \$50 to each province-\$100 in all -which will be divided into four prizes for each section as follows:

FIRST PRIZE......\$20 IN GOLD SECOND PRIZE..... 15 IN GOLD THIRD PRIZE..... 10 IN GOLD FOURTH PRIZE..... 5 IN GOLD

agent can win all the cash. Eight persons will gather it in, in the two provinces. The prizes are offered, remember, not for the largest orders, but for the largest average increase over the orders of November 14, February.

and country alike. It should be remembered that the average increase will be works for a steady increase and gets it.

Unsold copies will, of course, be deducted from the orders of those dealers who have an arrangement to return them.

paving money to get them.

Like the insurance people we are willing to spend all our first year's profit to get a good name upon our subscription books, relying upon the paper to retain the name when it is once there.

Our inducements for subscribers have been, so far, most successful, more so than we hoped for. For example, with every dictionary sent out another year's subscription has been placed on our books, and there have been a good many sent out. Our other and more recent inducements in this direction have proved so popular that it has been difficult to get the books in time to fill the orders. They have been filled now, though it took all but six of our last

Perhaps few people know just how easy it is to get subscriptions for a good newspaper like Progress-a paper that is known so widely and so favorably. We believe that there is not a town of any size in either of the provinces where a man. or a woman, or a bright boy, could not get the 100 subscribers easily.

How long would some men or some getting 100 new names for us?

While the prize of \$100 will go the

For the purposes of this competition two

Cash must accompany the subscriptions

Sample copies of the paper for distribution purposes will be sent to any person who proposes entering the contest, and all other assistance possible will be furnished agents. This includes the "Ten Books of Fiction," which for canvassing purposes only will be sent for 75 cents, or the 'Leatherstocking Tales," which will be sent for 40 cents. Before they will be sent, however, at least one subscription must have been sent in by the canvasser.

In order that the competition may be

One canvasser cannot work in the two provinces. Each worker must confine him

Our news agents have done so well for

In this case it will be seen that no one

This offer is open to all dealers in city taken into account and for this reason work should be begun at once. The dealer who increases his order largely the last week will "not be in it" with him who

agents could double their PROGRESS or- they take it.

der with ease and yet sell more. A little work, a little canvassing will do a wondrous deal in such things. Give the counter boy an interest in the paper; show him this offer and let him see what he can do to help you along. Boys are great persuaders. We have one in Moncton who has persuaded 175 people that he has the paper for them and another in Amherst who smiles upon 120 customers. You can depend upon it that if your boy takes an interest in the prize offer you will stand no small chance of being one of the winners. When the contest is finished a portrait group of eight prize winners will appear in

PROGRESS. Who will be in it?

### POEMS WRITTEN FOR "PROGRESS."

A Moment of Agony. My darling's face is strangely white-Dim is her eye, once gay and bright-Anguish is stamped on brow and cheek,-'Speak! darling one, in mercy, speak!"

She heeds me not-my anxious praver Falls heavy on the breathless air; One moment since, so blithe and gay And now, she stares in blank dismay;

The smile has gone and in its place A mad desire contorts her face-At every gasp fresh horrors blend,-"My heaven!" I groan, "is this the end?"

Her eye is wild,-one rigid hand Conceals her face in quick command-"Speak to me, Love! Here on my knees!"-"Do hush!" she shrieked, "and let me sneeze!"

#### Variety.

Variety's called the spice of our life :-And I think it's charming for me, When I see a gentleman coming to call, Who's not very brilliant, you see, I long for the change that's to be.

I long for the change, when another comes in, Whose talk will not be of the horse. Nor the time that a trotter has made in the States, Nor the shape of the newest race course-Nor use stable slang, which is worse.

And then a young man comes into the room And he is quite full of the news. The government's shaking at Ottawa now, And the government clerks are all Jews, Who never should sit in church pews.

And then comes another whose talk is of dress. And what Mrs. Flimmins had on The night that she danced at the calico ball, And that young Miss Trimmins had gone

To the States with her clothes all in pawn. But soon there arrives a stately old man Who talks about nothing but me-My health and my comforts, my visits, my friends, And what when abroad I shall see,

### What better than this change could be! BITS FROM "BUTLER'S JOURNAL."

An Editorial Opinion. This is a queer world. Some people, no matter how highly you have spoken of them in the past, and even gone out of your way to do them honor; if you happen to say something that does not exactly chime with their political or religious ideas, it all goes for nought, and they are ready to knife you in the back at any

minute. A New Contributor to the "Journal." Arthabaskaville, Oct 8th, 1891.

MARTIN BUTLER, Esq., Fredericton, N.B. MY DEAR SIR: I have your favor of vesterday. The subject of national indedependence is a very large one and I see no indication that the country is at all prepared for it. It is one, however, which it is always well to discuss and not to lose

Yours very truly,

## WILFRED LAURIER.

Eloped With a Moose. A cow belonging to Leonard Reed of Black Rock, Tobique, recently left her home along with a moose, who had been strolling around the yard for three days. They both disappeared one morning and have not been seen since, and it is thought that he persuaded her to accept his home and heart. An incident of that kind occurred up river a year or two ago, and had the cow not been killed shortly after her return, the owner would have been the possessor of two little half breeds.

An Invention Worth Talking About.

Mr. S. H. Boone of Lawrence's corner. is a great genius in his way. He can make anything in wood or iron, or anything else; and has an instrument in process of construction which will be operated by perpetual motion. He has also invented a perpetual calendar which is a very clever contrivance—the days, months and years being so constructed as to come readily into their places, and the machine will not need changing for 10,000 years. Very handy indeed. All a man will have to do when the 10,000 years are up is to wind it up and it will last him 10,000 more.

## The Auctioneer's Daughter.

Going-going-gone-Was all that I could hear; She's a pretty little girl, With a pretty little curl, And her father is an auctioneer.

After many successful bids from admiring suitors she was "knocked down" to our enterprising book-binder. In him she gets an edition bound in full calf to be continued, pressed in the arms of affection and sealed with the stamp of love. The boys showed their good will for them by building a bonfire in front of their residence on King St. and serenading them with sundry yells, tin pans and cow bells until the police came along and put a stop to the performance.

## Not to be Killed Just Yet.

If those "friends" who stopped the Journal on the Nashwaak and Keswick, think they are going to kill us by their left by train the same evening where they we action, they are greatly mistaken, as we have received from fair-minded people paltry subscriptions. Of course none of our friends have stopped the *Journal*, and we don't want anyone who is not friendly disposed towards us to take it, much less to disposed towards us to take it, much less to let it run for three or four months over the year and not notify us-and then send in a miserable quarter without mentioning the done. We will continue to send it if not done. We will continue to send it if not notified in time, and collect ten cents for We have no doubt that in some cases every three months under the year that

#### DORCHESTER.

[PROGRESS is for sale in Dorchester at George M. Fairweather's store. l

Nov. 18 .- The weather on Thanksgiving day was cheerless in the extreme. A service was held a Trinity church in the morning, Rev. C. Wiggins, the preacher. In the evening Rev. J. R. Campbell took the duties at St. Ann's, Westcock. I have read somewhere lately the lines "Every one kept holiday except the dead." There was not much here to denote the holiday. A few family re-unions and the one solitary sportsman with his one solitary partridge, crossing the court house triangle in the twilight, were the special occurrences of the day.

Mr. R. W. Hanington gave his friends a pleasant on that day.

Mr. Fred Shreve spont his "holiday" at Moncton, and to some advantage, as he was the happy recipient of a gold watch at Zera's entertainment.

It is rumored that Mrs. Shreve and her daughter will be absent this winter, the latter taking violin lessons at the Boston conservatory. With the unusual talent already displayed, I feel sure Miss Laura will be successful in this particular.

Mr. Lemont, of Fredericton, was in town last

Mr. Douglas, of Amherst, spent Thursday in Dor-Mr. and Mrs. J. McQueen spent Thanksgiving here.
Mr. Wm. Moran, of Amherst, and Mr. Fred
Anderson also spent the holiday at their old home.
Hon. Senator McLellan spent Friday in town. 318

Miss Eliza Gilbert went to St. John on Saturday. Mr. Alex. Robb sent Thursday in Shediac. Mrs. Robb had a "small and early" on Monday Hon. A. D. Richard has returned from his tri Montreal and New York. Congratulations to Judge and Mrs. Landry on the birth of a daughter yesterday. Mr. P. J. O'Keefe, of St. John, has been here this week in connection with the organization of branch of the C. M. B. A.

Kind wishes and congratulations to Mrs. Skynner, on her marriage from her numerous friends Dorchester. The remains of the eldest child of Dr. Byers, Springhill were laid beside those of her mother in our cemetery this afternoon. Much sypathy is extended to the sorrowing relatives. The deceased, familiarly known as the "Sunbeam" of the household, had seen only seven summers, and was called away after an illness of only one day. Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Springhill, read the service at the grave,

the rector having previously held that at Traity

church. Relatives were present from St. John

#### WOLFVILLE.

Nov. 17 .- Dr. and Mrs. Moody, of Windsor, spent Sunday here the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Oakes of Horton academy.

Mrs. S. P. Benjamin is visiting her daughter Mrs. Smallman, in Dartmouth.

Prof. and Mrs. Young spent last Thursday in Windsor the guest of Dr. Young, the American consul.

The friends of Miss Florrie Seabourne will be sorry to hear of her very severe illness. Mr. J. Gardener, of Liverpool, N. S., a former student of Acadia, is paying Wolfville friends a short visit. He took part in the football match played Saturday afternoon. There are great at-

tractions for Mr. Gardener in the east end of the village. Miss Annie Prat is visiting in Windsor. Mr. H. N. Shaw, assisted by the college quartette, gave a concert in Temperance hall, Canning, Thanksgiving evening. The night was very fine and the attendance good. Mrs. Ernest Brown went to Bridgewater on Friday morning, where she will visit friends fo Mrs. Kirk, who has been visiting Mrs. Brown, has

returned to Antigonish.

Dr. and Mrs. De Wolf, of Halifax, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Morse, Main street.

Mr. W. P. Shaffner, of Kentville, spent Sunday in Miss Roberta Sharp is the guest of Mrs. Charles Starr, Belt avenue.

Mrs. G. H. Wilcox and child, of Windsor, are

visiting at Acadia Villa, the former home of Mrs. Miss Jessie W. Brown has returned from Boston, after spending a few weeks with her sister. Miss Miss Abbie Burgess has gone to New York,

where she will spend the winter.

Miss Maude Clarke has returned from Windsor. The Orchards, the pretty summer residence of Mr. Sherwood, of Montclair, N.J., has rather a desolate appearance, being closed for the winter. Miss Mary Sherwood left for home last Saturday. Mrs. Blenkhoru, nee Miss Ella Patriguin, is visiting her mother.

Mr. Avard Wordman has moved in his new house on Main street, and Mr. Dixon is also occupying his new house on the hill.

Rev. Mr. Cocking, of Japan, gave another of his All are looking forward to the recital to be given in College hall on Friday evening next by the Pierrean society of Acadia Seminary. I will have to tell you about it in my next.

T. H.

WINDSOR, N. S. Nov. 13 .- Five o'clock tea and the dance at Mrs. Moody's on the evening of Thanksgiving day was greatly appreciated by all who were there. First aud foremost there were "twelve little maids from school," representing the church school for gipls. In addition to these, Mrs. Wm. O'Brien, Mrs. W. D. Sutherland, Miss Isabelle Sutherland, Madamoiselle Graham, Missudd, Miss MacCallum, Miss Agries Lawson, Miss Alice Lawson, Miss Hind, Miss Dimmock, Miss Bertie Brown (Halifax), Miss King, Miss S. King, Miss Carre, Miss Thom, Miss K. Smith, the Miss Anslow, Mr. Courtney, Mr. Whitman, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Almon, Mr. Hawcroff, Mr. Drysdale, Mr. C. Abbott, Mr. Schofield, Mr. Scoville, Mr. Miller, Mr. H. King, Mr. G. Nichols, Mr. Jones, Mr. H. A. Jones, Dr. Jones, Mr. W. Payzant, Mr. A. Payzant (Halifax), Mr. Watts, Mr. N. Dimock, Dr. Ryan, Prot. Roberts. This is the first dance that has taken place in Dr. Moody's beautiful new house and I hope it will not be the last. At nine o'clock a procession of twelve little maids filed sadly out of the door while those who had left their school days behind them enjoyed the dancing until about eleven. Mr. K. Weatherbe

was unfortunately prevented from being present by spraining his ankle at the football match in the On Tuesday evening Mrs. Dr. Gossip gave a very pleasant dance from 7.30 to 11.30, a very satisfactory hour for all and especially for the students who have to pay a fine of \$1 for every hour they are absent to pay a fine of \$1 for every hour they are absent from the college after midnight. There were present Miss Lawson, Miss Alice Lawson, the Misses MacCallum, Miss King, Miss S. King, Miss Thom, Miss K. Smith, Miss M. Smith, Miss M. Dimock, Miss Wilson, Miss G. Wilson, Miss Ouseley, Miss Keith, Miss Hensley, Miss Carre, Miss Pratt, Miss M. Pratt, Miss Locke, Miss Forsythe; Mr. K. Weatherbie, Mr. C. Abbott, Mr. M. Abbott, Mr. H. A. Jones, Dr. Jones, Mr. T. Allison, Mr. H. D. Ruggles, Mr. N. Dimock, Mr. Scoville, Mr. Miller, Mr. H. King, Mr. Eville, Mr. Rosier, Mr. Webster, Mr. H. McMurray, Mr. C. Armstrong, Mr. A. Armstrong, Mr. F. Onseley, Mr. H. P. Scott, Mr. De Mille, Mr. Whitman.

Mrs. Clarence Dimock is visiting in Yarmouth.

Mr. W. Payzant and Mr. A. F. Payzant, formerly of King's college, were in town last week.

### Mr. A. E. Shaw has opened a law office above Mr. J. A. Shaw's drug store. ST. GEORGE.

erly of King's college, were in town last week.

[PROGRESS is for sale in St. George at T. O'Brien's Non. 19 .- Hon. A. H. Gillmor went to St. John on Wednesday, and will spend a few days there

before returning home. Mrs. Owen F. Bogne, who has been in Westene City, Wisconsin, during the past sever months visiting her sister, Mrs. C. Short, arrived home

Mr. Henry Frye, of Frye's Island, has decided to spend the winter in the village. He will make his home with his friend, Mr. Wm. Coutts.

Mr. W. O'Hern and Miss Maggie Lynott were quietly married at Lowell, Mass., on Tuesday, and

on Thursday morning, where they will spend the "honeymoon" with Miss Lynott's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Lynott.
Mr. G. G. King, M. P., of Chipmam, Queens Co.,

the village.

Mr. Will Thorne, of St. Stephen, drove over on Saturday last, and registered at Park's hotel. He returned home on Monday.

Mr. W. E. O. Jones and Mr. Henry Doherty, of St. John, spent a few days of last week here.

Mr. R. Meritheen, of Fredericton, spent a few

Capt. Chas. Johnson, jr., returned from his trip to Halifax, N. S. Unding