Pages 9 to 16. PROGRESS.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1891.

HOW TO TRAIN CANINES.

IT'S THE FAD TO HAVE A TRICK DOG TO AMUSE YOUR VISITORS.

Points About the Training of Dogs-The System of Instruction and the Results that May Be Expected.

Educated dogs are becoming quite the fashion. An intelligent dog can be trained in five or six months to a degree of development so high that a dude is hardly a fit companion for him, intellectually.

A pug doesn't do anything, and is proud of his ignorance. He doesn't want to learn, and if you hammer a trick into his thick head he will always do it just as badly as he can. I obtained this information from Prof. Harry Parker, the famous xhibitor of trained dogs.

He also gave me a number of points about the proper method of conducting the education of a dog, which may be useful to those who haven't an instructor at hand. It isn't so hard a task, nor so long, as one might suppose; and it's quite worth undertaking, for there's lots of fun to be had with a well trained dog. After the first drudgery is over, the work progresses rapidly and the extent and variety of the resulting amusement depends prin-But the process must be gone through sys- him to walk with a steady gait. tematically. It is nearly useless to attempt to teach a dog spherical geometry in the first lesson.

After talking with Prof. Parker, I began to understand one of my own early ous disregard, which was as much as to the more persistently it will show itself. say, "go learn a few tricks yourself so that I can have a proper respect for you." I been.

is much better to lead him by a chain than by you; and, as he goes, touch the leg in Hold the whip, then, a little way from to let him run loose. Make him walk by such a way as to give him the gait you de- the floor, and lead the dog over it. He will your side for a while; then a little behind



you; then a little ahead of you. Do not cipally upon the ingenuity of the trainer. let him pull hard at the chain, but teach

Of course he will try to do everything you don't want him to do, at first. Simply

show him that he can't. but don't whip him. Encourage him when he does well, but not too lavishly. As to whipping the failures, when I tried to instruct one of the bad effects of it can never be overcome. most intelligent Newfoundlands that ever Not even those who can make training -well, I won't begin to lie about that dog. dogs a profession can "break" a dog with Suffice it to say that I made no progress the whip, and prevent him from showing whatever, because I never taught him the the method of his education. He will hang primary lesson of obedience. That dog his head and carry his tail between his legs had no idea of high authority. He would whenever he is told to do a trick, and the receive my instructions with a contemptu- more you try to break him off the habit, Teaching the dog to walk with the chain is called "chain breaking," and the best should have made him understand that I men in the business regard it as an indiswas the master, and then I might have pensible rudimentary exercise. When the dog has learned this, and has also learned

Don't let his mind get away from these of the words after a little while, and how stacles. To teach a dog to jump, place him necessary will be clear enough to anybody. In connection with the work in the easily taught by simply leading him up to room, you may carry on an outdoor train-ing which is equally simple. Teach the stantly suggest itself. Then you may teach spirit. He may be corrected a little withdog to walk with you. For this purpose it him to go lame. Make him walk slowly out becoming a "whipped cur."

> sire. Be careful not to hurt him. Three walk over at first. Let him understand or four lessons will give him a good coun- that the necessary thing is to pass over. terfeit limp in a fore leg.

> Pronounce the words clearly and then roll long to see what's wanted. Jumping isn't him over into the proper position. altogether out of his daily line of experi-If he is a bright dog he will "catch on" | ence. It is important to teach him some quickly, and may very likely sur-prise you by clever little poses which ciate with jumping. A dog that is taught show how truly he has grasped the idea. ! to jump at the command "go over" will not Probably he doesn't know that he is know what you mean if you say "jump." counterfeiting death, but he perceives that If you intend to make a high leaper of him, an apparent entire suspension of animation and use a platform such as is a part of the and a general air of dejection are required ordinary stage apparatus, it will be necesof him.

> For saying his prayers pose him in a chair with his head upon his fore paw. He gradually to the idea of a run. can soon be taught to take that position. Then stand behind him with your hand a couple of inches above his head. Every time he litts his head press it back in this direction that leads them into a proagain. Call out various orders which fessional career. Otherwise their timidity are likely to make him raise his head, might exclude them from the "boards." and catch him every time he does it. Then say "Amen," and take be taught to walk on his hind legs or his your hand away. It isn't hard to make him understand that that is his sig- | learn this trick well; and contrary to one's nal. If you've tried this trick and failedas a good many owners of dogs have-the



Then lift him a little with the chain so as

Then he may "die for his country." | to urge him to jump. It won't take him sary to lead him onto it and then call him over a small obstacle, working him up

> Dogs are good jumpers, especially grevhounds which are used for that purpose most often on the stage. It is their ability After a dog has learned to jump he may forelegs alone. It is not every dog that can ordinary idea, it is easier as a rule to teach a dog to walk on his fore than on his hind

> legs. The latter method of locomotion requires more strength in the back than some dogs possess. It is easy to recognize this deficiency when teaching the animal to "stand up," which must, of course, precede the walking, just as sitting precedes standing.

It is well to teach a dog to stand on his hind feet by holding up before him something tempting in the edible line; and nothing suits the canine palate or encourages effort like tried liver. There may be some variety in tastes here as elsewhere, but on the whole fried liver is the most stimulating delicacy that can be used in the schoolroom

When you are teaching a dog to walk on his fore legs it is necessary to hold him up at first. Don't grasp him such a way as to prevent his taking the position that it is casiest for him. He probably knows more about that than you do; and if you hold him rigidly in a position which defies the law of gravitation, he will never learn the trick. In England one of the favorite methods

fundamental necessities in the course of a wide a vocabulary he can be given. When on your left and hold the chain attached to lesson, and do not experiment with him he knows how to shake hands politely. On your right hand. Hold your you tell him to put it down, and after he taught to any dog if he is well aimlessly or allow anybody else to do so. let him shut the door. This may be whip in your left hand. Of course you has learned to do it standing he can be led built and intelligent. It is done



WELL TRAINED DOGS.

the late show learned to do the side foot act without being taught. Prof. Parker was teaching him to walk with one fore foot in the air, when the dog stepped on a tack with a hind foot, on which the weight of that side of the body he experiences the pangs of professional jealwas depending at the time. He was too well trained to put the fore foot down even in so sharp an emergency, so he hopped



HOUND IN HIGH JUMP.

terrier, was the most surprising teat I

Pages 9 to 16.

stroll on the avenue. It must be so arranged that the support will be even, for at first the dog must be lifted by this harness. Let him stand in front of you, facing towards you. Call him to spring towards you just as a dog ordinarily leaps upon his master. When his forepaws touch your breast give him a flip, as if he were a flapjack and over he goes, landing on his feet. It will surprise him for awhile but if you are careful not to let him get hurt, he will learn what is required of him, and will do it neatly. Little Jerry can whirl off a dozen handsprings backwards as easily as any tumbler in the sawdust ring.

I have talked with many trainers of dogs and they all say that that sort of education undeniably raises a dog in general intelligence. He learns readily what could not be taught to an untrained dog. He gets interested in trick work, and picks up amusing variations which he remembers in a wonderful way. He becomes susceptible to the delights of being applauded.and,alas, lousy.

There are stupid dogs and bright ones. It is not worth while to waste time on along on two feet; and it required very Bingo if he is dull. Dog trainers discover an animal's intellectual possibilities just from the expression of his face. A clear, bright eye; a quick, comprehensive glance; a look of eagerness and vivacity, are the signs. Supplement this observation by letting the dog loose and watching his behavior. If he is trolicsome, active and apparently interested in his play he will do good work under proper direction.

The best dog for stage tricks is the French poodle. He is not quite so intelligent as the St. Bernard and perhaps a little behind the Newfoundland, but he is more conveniently carried about than either. Setters and pointers are bright dogs, but they haven't the erect pose of some others. It is their instinct to hold their heads and tails down, and people who don't understand dogs would say that they have been whipped too much when they are being taught. Collies are open to the same objection, though this doesn't apto home entertainment with any of them. Poodles, spaniels and York-shire terriers are easily taught, and make successful stage dogs. Poodles must be full blooded to attain a high standard of intelligence. Much has been said in favor of the cur, but I am told by Prof. Parker and others who know the business that the thoroughbred is the best dog, especially when it comes to poodles.

The most difficult trick of all is to. teach | to keep his seat until he is told to leave it, a dog to mind, and it is ordinarily made nearly impossible by complicating the idea with several others. Let the obedi-It should not require more than two months ence be very simple at first, says the pro- with a good dog, and the amount of infessor. Do not try to train a dog in a struction per day that his master would room full of people. Take him, it possi- ordinarily be willing to give. to an entirely bare room,

ble, to an entirely bare room, and let nobody else in. Begin by teaching him to sit in a certain place, and not to leave it until he is called. Make him come instantly when he is spoken to, and return when he is commanded. Then begin with a simple trick. A dog trained to obedience will learn to "shake hands" in a single lesson. Always use the same form of words with each trick, to, and return when he is commanded. Then begin with a simple trick. A dog

AN INTELLIGENT DOG.

DAVID WECHSLER.

PIG BRAND IS THE BEST.

Bass's Ale E Guinness's Stout.

Under this old and celebrated brand of BASS & GUINNESS is bottled only the finest Ale and Stout brewed by these world-renowned firms.

It is ripened and fined in a way that can be done only by those having long experience and large capital.

It is FR E from the heavy YEASTY FROTH, so common in those brands of beer and porter usually shipped to the Colonies.

It contains nothing but

Malt and Hops, being perfectly ripened it is free from elements of FURTHER FERMENTATION and does not require the addition of chemicals.

The Pig Brand Guinness's Porter

will be found to be both cheaper and more wholesome than the

Extracts of Malt,

many of which are mixed with Salicylic Acid, which is so injurious to the





THE "PIG BRAND" **Bass's Ale and Guinness's Stout**

commands a higher price in most large trade centres, than any other brand; but in order to give everyone an opportunity of trying this CELEBRATED BRAND, it has been arranged to sell it in Canada at as low a price as any of the cheap brands.

DON'T BE PUT OFF with any other brands of BASS'S and GUINNESS'S, but insist on having

"PIG BRAND,"

and if you cannot obtain it at the dealers in your district, ask them to send, or send yourself, to Messrs

KELLY'& GLASSEY, HALIFAX, N. S.

And compare it with others, and you will

kidneys. Physicians will find this brand of GUIN-NESS'S STOUT an excellent remedy in those cases of Dyspepsia arising from deficient diastasing secretions.









