

PROGRESS.

EDWARD S. CARTER, EDITOR.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, APRIL 2.

AN ALPHABETICAL ORATOR.

One generation passes away and another takes its place. In the march of the centuries the throngs that press forward trample out of human remembrance those who have lived in the generations before them. Only here and there a name survives the effacing hand of the ages. Myriads have been the men of genius who are forgotten today. A few indeed, have had their names preserved, but that is all. The world knows very little of some of those whose memories are held in reverence. Even SHAKESPEARE'S history is obscure, and sadder of all the most certainly known incidents of his life are those which relate to his failings rather than his virtues. In this hard, selfish world, there has been in the past a woeful neglect to record the lives of contemporary great men.

It is better now. The schoolmaster is no longer abroad and the biographer takes time by the forelock. There is no excuse for the world being ignorant of the lives of those who are as shining lights upon the hilltops. It is well, for when DR. ALFRED AUGUSTUS STOCKTON is announced as the new leader of the local opposition, everybody knows just who and what that distinguished gentleman is.

His biography is to be found in numerous works of reference. One of these is a book entitled *Our Dominion*, published a few years ago, containing sketches of the lives of all who subscribed to five or more copies for free distribution. Precautions were taken to ensure accuracy either by allowing the subject to write his own history, or by submitting the manuscript to him for his approval. DR. STOCKTON was one of the number and what is therefore virtually an autobiography may be accepted as his idea of a life-like sketch for the benefit of the inquiring public. His innate modesty, no doubt, prevented the description being more flattering than it is.

There is no one better known or more respected at the bar of New Brunswick than is MR. A. A. STOCKTON, D. C. L., LL. D., M. P. P., is the opening statement. Then it proceeds to tell that he was graduated B. A., and took M. A., at Sackville, graduated LL. B. at Cobourg, and "obtained" the degree of Ph. D., of the Illinois Wesleyan University of Bloomington, Ill., (presumably at no advance on the usual reasonable figure charged by that institution for diplomas mailed post-paid to non-resident applicants.) Then he was made a D. C. L., at Sackville, and an LL. D., at Cobourg. He further states that he has the following functions:

MR. STOCKTON does a large general practice; in 1880 he was appointed by the Dominion government registrar of the vice-admiralty court of New Brunswick; he is a member of the Bar Society of New Brunswick; is solicitor for the Provincial Building Society; and for the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and for some years solicitor for the city of Portland. MR. STOCKTON is president of the New Brunswick Historical Society; a director of the Provincial Building Society; a member and secretary of the board of governors of Mount Allison University, while of the same institution he is examiner on political economy and constitutional history, and is examiner-in-law for Victoria University. MR. STOCKTON is a knight templar, past master mason and a member of the Grand Lodge of New Brunswick; he takes an active part in temperance matters and is a member of the Grand Lodge of the Sons of Temperance; he is a prominent supporter of the Methodist body, being a member and trustee of the Centenary Church.

As to politics, MR. STOCKTON states that he "is a staunch Reformer." He concludes by affirming that "he is a fluent and ready speaker, and has contributed valuable articles on educational and political topics to the leading journals of this country and the United States."

In the *Cyclopaedia of Canadian Biography*, issued by the same publishers, but costing the subject of each sketch a little more to have his virtues embalmed in cold type, MR. STOCKTON lets the world a little more into his inner life. As to literature, "at one time he was one of the editors of the *Maritime Monthly*, since ceased publication, and also a correspondent of *La Revue Critique* of Montreal,

which has also stopped publication." The connection between MR. STOCKTON'S contributions and the mortality among the publications is not explained. In the later biography, too, DR. STOCKTON explains what he meant in the earlier one by the term "a staunch reformer." He says that "having been brought up in the old school of New Brunswick Liberals, he is naturally opposed to the policy of protection, so called." He is a "Liberal in Dominion politics."

The attentive student of DR. STOCKTON'S later career will see that in the next edition of the biography a revision of the political creed will be necessary. Fuller justice, too, should be done to DR. STOCKTON'S efforts as "a director of the Provincial Building Society and legal adviser of the same," as the *Cyclopaedia* puts it.

One of the North Shore papers is authority for the statement that Hon. D. L. HAMINGTON was sent to study law because, as a lad, he showed such aptitude for inventing stories without a foundation of fact. Had he not studied law, he might not have been leader of the opposition, and certainly would not have now been made judge. So he would not have given place to ALFRED AUGUSTUS STOCKTON, B.A., M.A., LL.B., LL.D., D.C.L., Ph.D., M.P.P., barrister and attorney-at-law, notary public and conveyancer, solicitor in equity and register of the court of vice admiralty, otherwise known as "The Alphabetical STOCKTON." Such great events from trivial causes spring.

BILLINGSGATE IN THE HOUSE.

The common council has never been considered a model body as regards the amenities of debate, but it is very much better in this respect than the house of assembly. It is to be hoped, indeed, that the delegation sent to Fredericton to frustrate the electric scheme will not become contaminated and return to St. John with the idea that they can be funny by assuming the role of blackguards. That is what some of the legislators have been doing, and the two notable offenders are ATKINSON of Carleton, and WILSON of York.

It seems an abuse of the English language to designate these individuals as gentlemen. It is quite evident they are nothing of the kind. They are simply foul-mouthed squabblers who disgrace the body to which they belong by the cheapest kind of scurrility. They are sent to the house to do the business of the country, not to turn the legislature into a bear garden. If they want to make buffoons of themselves there are places where they can do it without wasting the time of the house and making that body a laughing stock.

There is nothing funny in the talk of either of these worthies. It is cheap and silly. ATKINSON referred to WILSON as "frowsey-headed, bear-eyed buffoon," and the latter subsequently retorted by calling ATKINSON "a cross between a baboon and a lath" who could "trace his pedigree through scoundrels for a thousand years."

There was a great deal more said of the same character, and it is reported there was "loud, long and continued laughter." This does not say much for the auditors. There should have been a long and continued hiss. A few such rebukes would teach men of this stripe, that there are at least some legislators who respect themselves and their position, and that the legislative hall is not neither a rat-pit nor a bar-room.

It may well be asked why the speaker permitted such talk. If he does not understand his duties PROGRESS can inform him that he is there to keep order and maintain the dignity of the house. If he is so timid or indifferent as to permit such unseemly talk, it is time his place was filled by another and more competent man. In the fiction of the law the legislature is composed of gentlemen, but as a matter of fact it appears to rival a free-and-easy gin mill in the wild and woolly west. There have been speakers, and many of them, who would have promptly checked such attempts to lower the house in the estimation of the public, and MR. WHITE would do well to take a lesson from their records. There was a time, too, when the legislature was jealous of its reputation for dignity, but time appears to have passed. Members now say what they please, and for one to assert that another lies is so common as to scarcely provoke a remark. All this is calculated to give the outside world a pretty poor opinion of the way the province is governed. It is to be hoped there will be no more such scenes in the house. They are out of place—it is within bounds to say they are indecent.

AN EXCHANGE OF PLATFORMS.

Mention has been made by PROGRESS of the resignation of MR. JAMES BERRY, the official hangman of England, and his intention to lecture in opposition to capital punishment. In taking the platform for this object, the remuneration promises to be much greater than has come to him in the past in taking the other kind of platform for the other and more gruesome object. It is alleged that he has had an offer from America of \$145,000 for twenty lectures, but it must be quite evident that there is some miscalculation as to this, and that there is at least one cypher too many in the amount stated. Even then, MR. BERRY would be passably well paid, as compared with what his official income has been. In the eight or nine years in which he has officiated, he has made easy the exit of 184

fellow beings at ten pounds sterling a head—or a neck—and half of that sum when he was retained and no execution took place. Thus, it will be seen he has not grown wealthy out of his chosen vocation, and now has to resort to the drudgery of talking and writing to earn a competency for his declining years. The writing will be in the form of a book on the people BERRY has hanged.

MR. BERRY has been recognized as the public hangman of England without holding any official appointment. The sheriffs of each county employed him, as being a reliable man. He could well boast that business entrusted to his care would be "executed" with accuracy and despatch. His position was therefore quasi-official, and he considered it the proper thing to send in his resignation to the home secretary. This unique document reads: "I, Bilton-place, City-road, Bradford, York, March 4, 1892.—To the Right Hon. HENRY MARTINEAU, Q. C., M. P., Home Sec., Whitehall, London. Dear Sir,—I herewith tender my resignation as executioner for Great Britain. My reason is on account of Dr. BARR interfering with my responsible duty at Kirkdale, Liverpool, on my last execution there. I shall therefore withdraw my name now as being executioner of England. Trusting this will be accepted by you on behalf of the Sheriffs of England, I remain, dear Sir, your obedient servant, JAMES BERRY, late executioner for England."

The cause of the retirement of this valuable official is a feeling that his prerogative has been infringed upon by the home office in the delicate matter of the length of the drop to be allowed each victim. The home office has certain theories, based on scientific calculations, but MR. BERRY claims that his calculations, made in the light of practical experience, are to be depended upon when the theory will be wholly astray. The point is one in which no self respecting hangman will allow himself to be dictated to by mere theorists. MR. BERRY would prefer to resign and turn lecturer, author, or even journalist, if necessity compels him to resort to such means of subsistence.

The retirement of a hangman on account of a professional difference with the government is something so unique as to be worthy of more than a passing mention. Especially is the occurrence notable when the "executioner to England," comes down from his high estate to dignity and adorn the lowly paths of literary life. Good luck to MR. BERRY, his lectures and his book.

ABOUT THAT JANITOR.

The statement of PROGRESS that there was no resident janitor in the custom house, because Collector RUEL wanted one man there and MR. MCCORDOCK another, appears fully borne out by the following telegram:

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 21, 1891. HON. FRANK SMITH, Public Works, Ottawa.—Rooms formerly occupied in Custom House here by SHAW, janitor, now vacant. Please instruct MCCORDOCK to give them to LAIRD, customs messenger, who has been in the service 33 years.

M. BOWELL. It looks very much as though some influence was used by somebody to prevent this recommendation of the minister of customs from being carried out. LAIRD was not given the rooms. They remained unoccupied for five months and then came the fire. There should have been a janitor on the premises, and the inference is there would have been one had the customs department had its way independent of the public works.

The local government opposition under the leadership of ALFRED AUGUSTUS STOCKTON, M. A., D. C. L., etc., etc., is not likely to be any greater success than it was under MR. HAMINGTON. He is not a man to make friends or to keep them. As a debater, a political pile driver, he excels, but he was never intended to be a leader of men. The great trouble with MR. STOCKTON is that he has too good an opinion of MR. STOCKTON.

The proposition to raise money for town improvements in Dorchester by resorting to a lottery is one that ought to be defeated at the outset. Such an affair would be distinctly against the law and would be demoralizing in its tendency. Dorchester doubtless needs material improvements, but if an attempt is made to run a lottery the impression will be that it is in still greater need of moral improvement. Better try some other plan.

It is announced that the Duke of Argyle has had a new dukedom conferred upon him. As he has already sixteen distinct titles, one would think he must be bothered to remember them all. It is not every man who can sport two and three-sevenths of a title for every day in the week, including Sundays, and His Grace goes several better than the most alphabetical of the literary cusses of this Canada of ours.

There are too many reasons beside any that PROGRESS has given before why the resignation of the chief of police should be placed in the hands of the government at once. The citizens cannot expect an efficient force when the head of it has no knowledge of his acts. The facts might be given, but it is needless.

The author of a recent work on Siberia says that the Emperor ALEXANDER III., of Russia, is fond of violent exercise. He is likely to get his share of it if the Nihilists have good luck in giving him the shaking up which they have in view.

AN OPEN LETTER TO "ASTRA."

The Kitchen Only What People Like to Make It.

MADAM.—It is not my desire to "pick a quarrel" with such an entertaining and inoffensive neighbor as you are, still having read in your reply to "Sarah" last week, the hastily written, no doubt, but ill-chosen words "outside of a kitchen or a barroom," I cannot allow the statement to pass unchallenged or rather unnoticed as far as it applies to the kitchen, because the inference is that a lady or any person of refinement would not be found in a kitchen—you do not mean this perhaps, but your words imply such.

There are kitchens and kitchens, but as your remark is unqualified I feel called upon—if you will permit me, and not think me unkind, to show that it is an historical fact that the cooks of all ages, even of the pagan period were men of classical knowledge and refinement and were held in high estimation. An ancient Greek play writer Demoxenus says:

A cook who is no scholar Laugh at him as an ass; and if you hire one Who knows not Epicurus and his rules Discharge him straightway.

We are also told that there is "a harmony of flavor," and the management of a successful banquet is likened to the "music of a lyre when properly tuned." We are assured that "many are the sciences that the cook must learn" and it is distinctly stated that the cook must know astrology, medicine and geometry, for by these arts he will know the qualities and the excellence of the various fish, meats, etc., that he has to do with, that the kitchen needs to be divided into portions for each department; what meats are hard and indigestible, and what cause torture to the unhappy diner owing to the flatulency they cause; what degrees of temperature are required in cooking meats, to extract all the nourishment, and so on.

An investigation of Egyptian antiquities at the British museum of the culinary utensils found at Pompeii will show that from the elegant and decorated appearance of these (some of them) familiar articles, the cooks using them must have been people of taste and refinement. Herodotus tells us that "the ancient Persians were nice eaters," and the Egyptians, unquestionably, were adepts in the art of dining, and that classic chefs served Homeric feasts in palaces where "Shines the sunless treasure of exhausted mines, where Spoils of elephants the roof inflame, And studded amber darts a golden ray," and when mention is made of the famous chefs Agis, Nerens, Charides, Lamprins, Aphthonous, Euthous and Aristion, it indicates pretty clearly that these were men of thought, refinement, learning and research.

Passing quickly over the intervening time which has left its record of famous cooks, (although the art of the cook did decline until, at least, towards the close of the last century) we find today that the royalty and nobility of England are leading in a movement for the advancement of the science of cooking. "The Universal cooking and food association" has for its president W. Burdett-Coutts, Esq., M. P., and for patrons, H. R. H. the Duke of Cambridge, H. R. H. Princess Christian, H. R. H. Princess Louise, H. R. H. the Duchess of Albany, H. R. H. Princess Mary Adelaide, Duchess of Teck, H. R. H. Prince Christian, General H. S. H. Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimer, H. S. H. the Duke of Teck and H. R. H. Princess Victor of Hohenlohe.

In Boston, Providence, and New York, Dr. Thomas Eggleston of the school of mines, is personally superintending the "New England kitchens." Chicago and other large American cities as well as Toronto and Montreal have fallen into line and it shows that the world has awakened to the fact that it needs better cooks; that cooking is a fine art and requires—nay, demands intelligence, study and practice to perform it properly; that the educated people—the heads of the households must learn to cook and then they can personally instruct their daughters and domestics. The latter have neither the opportunity nor the means to acquire the necessary knowledge.

The ladies of the leading Canadian cities and even in St. John have begun to realize this truth and are seeking for knowledge in the art and consider the preparation of food a branch of education that must be learned and practiced by themselves, the achievements of which they may well feel proud. It is for their encouragement that this letter is written, and for our daughters also, that they may know that the word "kitchen" is not a synonym for ignorance.

ED. SEASONABLE RECEIPTS.

A Great Success.

W. C. Pitfield & Co. have made a great success of their clearing out sale of the Turner & Finley stock. Bargains are always attractive, and the greater bargains the bigger crowd. There is another month—April—but it is a case of first come, first served, and such goods are not sacrificed often in this city.

A Splendid Showing.

The large and striking advertisement on the eighth page of PROGRESS announces the reopening of Oak Hall. Truly the store makes a splendid showing within and without, fully bearing out what PROGRESS said it would be, one of the handsomest clothing stores in Canada.

PEN AND PRESS.

The Moncton Times is good enough to remark incidentally that its exchange copy of PROGRESS is not always opened. This is welcome news, since we have more requests for exchange copies than we can comply with, and the Times' copy will be appropriated hereafter by some newspaper heretofore "not on the list."

ST. STEPHEN AND CALAIS.

(Progress is for sale in St. Stephen by Master

Trufo and at the book stores of G. S. Wall and in Calais at G. F. Treat's.) MARCH 30.—Miss Mattie Harris is visiting friends in Boston.

The Odd Fellows of St. Stephen entertained their lady friends at Odd Fellows' hall on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Ganong are taking a trip to Boston, New York and Philadelphia.

Mr. J. R. Laffin, who has been seriously ill, is now recovering.

Miss Stella Robinson entertained about fifty of her friends very pleasantly last week.

Mrs. Henry H. Eaton and Miss Alice Todd have returned from New York.

Miss Bertie Taylor is visiting friends in Nova Scotia.

Mrs. Nevers, of Houlton, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frederick W. Grimmer.

Mr. William Robinson has returned from a business trip to Quebec and Montreal.

Miss Rebecca Morrison, of St. Andrews, is visiting Dr. and Mrs. Deinstadt.

Miss Nettie Marchie has returned from Boston.

Mr. Albert H. Sawyer has returned from Boston.

Mr. Wilmet Brown is the guest of his sister, Mrs. W. Henry Maxwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Dexter, jr., have returned from Providence, Rhode Island.

Mr. W. A. Murchie has returned from Boston.

Mr. Charles J. Tomney, of St. John, is in St. Stephen.

Mrs. Sarah A. Lyle and Miss Jennie Lyle are visiting friends in Boston.

Capt. Pratt of H. M. S. St. Nicholas, is in town.

Mr. H. C. Bolton has returned from Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Murray are residing at the "Windor" until their new home is completed.

Dr. Frank Ireland Blair is in St. John.

Miss M. C. Cluskey is in town.

Conn. C. H. Clarke entertained a few gentlemen friends on Monday evening.

Mr. Walter Wolphendale Inches is visiting Dr. Inches at St. John.

Mr. Fred Hutchinson is in town.

The cabinet party in the vestry of the Methodist church on Tuesday evening, was a decided success, a large sum being realized for the benefit of the Sunday school. The vestry was composed of two hundred and thirty strings, and the prizes were both pretty and amusing, and refreshments were served during the evening.

Mr. Andrew Mungall left for St. John on Tuesday.

Mr. J. D. Chipman is receiving congratulations upon his election to the office of mayor on Monday last.

Mrs. T. J. Smith has returned from New York.

CHATHAM.

(Progress is for sale in Chatham at Edward Johnston's bookstore.)

MARCH 30.—Miss Maggie McLaren who has been visiting Mrs. J. B. Snowball for some weeks, returned to her home in St. John on Tuesday.

Mr. Dean of St. John, who is to take Mr. Mountzambert's place in the bank arrived here on Friday last.

Mrs. Hutchison and Mrs. and Miss Pierce left for St. John the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mountzambert and Miss Adelaide left on Saturday for Ottawa.

Miss Louise Howard arrived home on Saturday from St. John where she has been spending the past two months.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Neale left on Friday for England where they intend making a short visit.

Miss Hocken has returned from her visit to Moncton.

Miss Aitken of Newcastle, spent Saturday and Sunday with her friend Miss Katherine Benson.

Mr. J. M. Robertson of Kerr & Robertson, St. John, is in town.

Mr. Desbross returned on Saturday from St. John.

Mrs. W. B. Howard entertained a few of her friends on Tuesday evening last.

The Misses Miller, of Millerton, were in town on Tuesday.

DIGBY, N. S.

(Progress is for sale in Digby at the bookstore of Mrs. Belle Morse.)

MARCH 30.—The odd-fellows concert came off on Tuesday evening and was a great success. The Baptist hall which was thronged to overflowing was handsomely decorated with flags and bunting whilst the stage was a veritable fairy-land with flowers and potted plants. The programme consisted of sixteen pieces.

HAMPTON.

(Progress is for sale at Hampton station by T. G. Barnes, and Geo. E. Frost, and at Hampton village by Messrs. A. & W. Hicks.)

MARCH 30.—Miss Bessie Peters paid a visit to the city on Friday.

Dr. F. H. Wetmore on Saturday.

The many friends of Mr. S. W. Sprague, Jr., will regret to learn that he left his birthplace Friday evening last by the C. P. R. for Montreal, en route for Vancouver. He will be much missed as he was a very popular young man and had many friends.

Mr. Frank Hall has returned from his home in Annapolis.

Rev. A. Lucas, field secretary of the New Brunswick Sunday school association, occupied the meeting hall on Sunday evening last.

Mrs. C. S. March, who has been quite ill, is out again.

Under the concert under the auspices of the curling club comes next Thursday. This event is looked forward to with interest, as some of our best musical talent is to take part.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sprague of Moncton, spent Sunday in town with friends.

Mrs. E. L. Whittaker went to the city on Wednesday.

Little Miss Gladys Sprague is quite sick with the measles, which is quite prevalent here.

Mrs. Taylor and Miss Overy paid a visit to the city today.

Miss May Leonard, of St. John, is visiting at Hotel Leonard.

Mrs. Jackson, of St. John, is visiting her friend, Mrs. J. W. Sproule.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Frost entertained a few of their friends on Monday evening last.

Mrs. A. B. Snow was confined to the house several days this week with the influenza cold.

Mr. Stephen Palmer was in town on Monday.

Mrs. Wesley Fowler who has been visiting friends in St. John and Fredericton returned home today.

Mr. E. G. Evans went to the city today.

PUGWASH.

(Progress is for sale in Pugwash at Mrs. John Johnston's millinery store.)

MARCH 30.—One of the most disagreeable months that we have ever experienced is over, and we are now anticipating brighter times. We are looking forward to having a great many visitors the coming summer, for the tourists here last season were loud in their praises of the scenery and bathing, also our pretty drives and grandly beautiful sunsets.

There is something else we can boast of, and that is the fact that two golden weddings were celebrated. The first wedding I noticed in Progress in December, the last one occurred in February—Mr. and Mrs. McLeod of the Gulf Shore, who have spent fifty long and happy years of wedded life, were presented by their friends with two armchairs, and best wishes for many more years of companionship.

Two ladies from Cohos, N. Y., are expected quite soon to rusticate for the summer. A house has already been secured for them on Water street, owned by the estate of the late Mr. C. D. DeWolfe.

St. George's church was crowded on the evening of the 15th to witness the marriage of Miss Bessie, second daughter of Mr. Elias King, to Mr. Mark Bergman, Rev. Alton Bent performing the ceremony. The bride was neatly but plainly attired in a lawn colored costume, with white tulle, and was attended by her sister Miss Celia, who wore a pretty pale pink gown. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Bergman immediately to their home about two miles distant.

The social at the rectory was a success in every way.

As a very pleasant break on the monotony of the past few weeks, Mr. Wilson gave a whist party which was greatly enjoyed.

The indefatigable efforts of St. George's congregation are busily preparing for a fancy sale on the 24th of May.

Congratulations to Rev. F. Sherman on his appointment as chaplain to the United States navy. Mr. Sherman was at one time in charge of St. George's church in this parish and we all retain the kindest recollections of himself and Mrs. Sherman.

BRIDGETOWN.

MARCH 29.—Mr. James McGivern and family are here again, after having spent the winter in St. John.

Mrs. Robinson and daughter, of Annapolis, were in town a few days last week.

Miss Nellie Healy is at present visiting friends at her old home in Round Hill.

Miss Kate Pratt is visiting relatives in Wolfville. Mr. Frank Fowler, next of kin to Mr. Pratt, is spending a few days with his parents here.

Miss Creighton, of Chatham, arrived here last week and will take charge of the new millinery department during the coming season.

Miss Georgie Bath returned last week, after a pleasant visit to friends in Bridgetown. Mr. Charles S. Strong has been spending a few days with his parents in Halifax.

Mr. Louis Bath has gone to Moncton, where he expects to remain the remainder of the winter.

Miss Bessie Elderkin, of the Central book store, returned last week after a visit to her home in Wolfville.

Mr. J. W. James, of Lawrenceton, was in town on Monday.

Mrs. Finaie, who has been the guest of Mrs. John E. Sanctor, returned to her home in Middleton on Monday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Hastings Freeman, of Halifax, spent last Tuesday with Dr. and Mrs. DeBlair, Mrs. Freeman's parents.

Rev. H. W. Cunningham and family expect to leave here next week, he having accepted a parish in Springfield, Ill., much to the regret of his parishioners here.

Among the strangers in town on Tuesday, I noticed Messrs. White and Stockton, of St. John.

Mr. Charles Essoe one of our most popular young men who has been in the Nova Scotia bank here some time has been ordered to discontinue his services.

Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs of Annapolis, spent a few days with Rev. J. and Mrs. Cassidy last week.

Rev. E. D. Gretford, rector of Grandville for fourteen years, has accepted the parish here caused by the resignation of Rev. Mr. Cunningham.

Mr. Stewart of St. John, was in town this week.

SPRINGHILL.

(Progress is on sale