RECOLLECTIONS RANDOM

JOSEPH HOWE AND HIS TIMES.

And Incidental References to Some of His Prominent Public Contemporaries.

By "Historicus," Fredericton, N. B.

PITCHER PRESENTED TO JOSEPH HOWE.

perienced beginner.

upon a much more pretentious Parliamen-

Martin Wilkins, J. W. Johnston, the great

position to the young Reformer and inex-

upon himself to wage war upon a system

of government which had stood the strain

of upwards of one hundred years, and no

one till now had any complaints to utter,

and thus incur the enmity of nearly the

whole community—for every strand in the

the vain hope of success to rest upon, even

great talents allied to great courage and

he tell a martyr to his own zeal, having

Nova Scotians in New York -Silver Cup. " place," he might as well have expected As soon as the news of the trial and its sympathy or mercy from the Turks, had he result reached New York, upwards of one been bold enough to have gone into their hundred Nova Scotians doing business midst and disputed the tenets of their there called a meeting to express their Koran. sympathy and jubilate over the victory. For be it known that at this time the Patriotic speeches were made and resolutions passed pertinent to the occasion— House of Assembly contained a number of men who for their talents and abilities, and

tavored an Address to Mr. Howe and the presentation of a piece of plate, which afterwards took the form of a Silver Pitcher, at a cost, as near as I can remember, of \$120, subscribed mostly by those present. It may not be out of place here to state that the writer of this was present on that occasion; and little thought had he then, when requested towrite the Address and the Inscription upon the Cup, that in alittle over fifty

years afterwirds he would feel himself

called upon to refer to that occasion his- | speaking powers, would have shed lustre torically, as he is now doing. The Address itself has been mislaid, but | tary body-such as Alexander Stewart, the following inscription engraved upon James B. Uniacke, William Young, (late the plate embraces the substance of it :- | Sir William) Mr. Marshall, Mr. Dodd,

JOSEPH HOWE, ESQ.

NOVA SCOTIANS RESIDENT OF NEW YORK, THEIR RESPECT AND ADMIRATION IMPROVING THE MORALS, and correcting the errors of men in office,
AND HIS ELOQUENT AND TRIUMPHANT DEFENCE

in support of THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

CITY OF NEW YORK, Thomas Forrester, an extensive dry goods merchant (doing business opposite St. Paul's Church) and afterwards member of the Legislature, was requested by letter to make the presentation, which took place at the Exchange in the old Court House building, Market Square. According to the newspapers of the day the room was crowded-speeches were delivered by several of the leading Liberals, all highly complimentary of the contributors and the oc-

casion. Mr. Howe of course accepted the

present in a modest becoming manner. Mr. Howe Elected a Member of the Legisla-

The House of Assembly was dissolved by Proclamation in 1836, when Mr. Howe thorns, and hidden hornet's nests, and pit-did this with great bitterness and severity, for the first time offered himself as a can- falls, lay along his path. The highway to and there and then challenged Howe to a didate for the County of Halifax, and was success with him was one beset with im- discussion of the points involved and to a elected by a thousand majority over his mense difficulties. No-his ambition was defence of his opinions upon that floor. next competitor, which showed that the that of John Bright, who, to provide the Stewart's speech occupied over an hour, popularity he had achieved in his libel suit did not only continue, but was growing in strength every day. Instead of the elec- to breezes more favorable to trade, boldly Howe's head, whose friends in the House tions being all got through with in one day and simultaneously throughout the Prov- landed gentry and aristocracy of the their champion, and that an impromptu ince as at present, they lasted for a whole fortnight, during which time there was Hampden, who, with Seldon and Pym, a youth. When Howe rose there was a much rioting, debauchery and drunkenness, was determined to resist the unwarrant- breathless silence; while his enemies it is that simple. But why and the friends of the respective candidates able encroachments of the Crown upon the chuckled in their sleeves over Stewand the friends of the respective candidates frequently collided, and broken heads not a few were the order of the day, and the night too. The Cork elections in Ocnight toor, where the Parnellites and the M'Carthyites found a battle ground for the M'Carthyites found a battle ground for the den, as Lord Falkland did upon Howe, between the condition of the crown upon the Churchen in their sleeves over Stew-art's scathing victory as they were sure Howe's triends on the other hand trembled as it were at the awkwardness of the situation—viz: political expression of their feelings on cause each resisted their official superiors— sence, after he had been in the house only both sides, emphasized with good sound but the Falkland embroglio will come up tour days and never before engaged in a hickory bludgeon whacks, will convey to the reader an idea of the great interest attached to elections at the time of which we are writing—when Howe was elected in 1836. Every party or faction had its shib-labeled to be a super them and the bloody Muscovite came down at hand the bloody Muscovite came down at hand the bloody Muscovite came down and his feet firmly planted, he stood forth like "a giant refreshed with new wine," and as soon as he began his reply all doubt of the man's power and ability to prove them and by his interference grashed. boleth by which it was recognized far and upon them, and by his interference crushed wide. On the banners of the Howe party out all hope of emancipation. It was the were inscribed "Joe Howe, our Patriot ambition of the great and good John and Retormer." The sobriquet "Joe Howard, the English philanthropist, who Howe," now became household words, not during the latter part of the last cenonly in the County of Halifax, but throughout the Province. It was "Joe Howe" Prisons and Hospitals of England and the here, there and everywhere—nothing could | Continent, and in the pursuit of which he be done without Joe Howe's presence. He was the Jupiter Olympus on all ordinary as well as extraordinary occasions. By one leap and bound in the course of a single year, he cleared all obstacles and became the most prominent man and loudest talked management altogether reformed. Finally

Having thus been elected to the Legis- contracted a tever in the Crimea, while lature at the early age of 32, Mr. Howe pursuing his noble work. It was the now had his feet firmly planted in the stir- ambition of Wilberforce, who as soon as rups, with a fine hobby to ride, over a wide he entered Parliament, when quite a young rode, upon which he could give reins to his man, devoted all his talents and energies ambition, no matter what the character of the pacers he might encounter upon the road, and these were not a few nor less road, and the few nor fast full of fire than himself. "The mills of the abolition of slavery throughout the the gods grind hard, and Howe in his noviti- British Empire, and lived just long enough ate must expect nothing but hard pressure between the upper and nether millstones of between the upper and netner ministones of the House, so that he must depend altogether upon his powers of resistance. It is true Howe had the metal and the bottom, but a mishap, or slip, or stumble, a mishap or slip, or s take, an error of judgement, might at any nental Powers, with the desire of doctri- knew the quality of their man, and what moment precipitate him to earth; for those nating his views upon all its respective to expect from him and how to govern old stagers" he would be required to face. governments, and brought France over to well versed in all the technicalities and his faith, and doubtless had he lived a little greater power of sarcasm, and the faculty practices of the Parliamentary arena, and longer would have succeeded with other of holding and pleasing an audience than of great experience, from their long service in the Legislature, would have no bowls of statesmen as Cobden and Bright live in the I propose in in the Legislature, would have no bowls of compassion for poor Howe, "the upstart" and obnoxious intruder upon the rights and franchises of the old noblesse and monopofranchises of the tripped or got himself lists—so that if he tripped lists—so that li into what is commonly called a "tight which occupied thirty years to bring about and force of language.

of in all Nova Scotia.

through fiercest agitation. It was the ambition of Gladstone (for many years the leading statesman of Europe) who at the age of 82 is struggling among his countrymen for Irish autonomy and other import-ant measures, all of which he is destined to see accomplished. In short, it - was the

ambition of a great heart and a great mind so essential to all great patriotic undertakings that actuated Howe throughout.

This then was our hero, and this was his mission, on entering the Parliament of his native Province in 1836; and in everything he undertook he succeeded—alas, with but one exception, as will appear hereafter.

The Legislature convened in January. 1837. The Reformers commenced to show their hands almost immediately. Laurence O'Connor Doyle, moved a series of resolutions, one of which was in opposition to livered his maiden speech on this occasion, and in the presence of all the great guns of the "compact" of Nova Scotia assimilated in all its essential particulars to that of New the Provinces alike, the Council doors of this Province had been thrown open to the public many years before 1836, which went to prove how hard and tight was the grip which held so many of the old school together in Halifax, and did not care to have the light of day let in upon their legislative doings. Doyle's resolutions passed unanimously, and were sent to the Council for its concurrence—tor even the Council for its concurrence-tor even the obstructives in the House could not resist that which everybody knew was reasonable and sure to come about. They would rather reserve their fire for an opportunity more momentous to the party with which they were identified and would require all their talents and speaking energies to de-

The Council in its reply to the House spoke in this wise: "His Majesty's Council denies the right of the House to comment upon its modes of procedure. Whether their deliberations were open or secret was their concern, and their's only." This is a mere specimen of the language employed, to which taunts were added to open defiance. Here then was the commencement of a fierce wrangle between the two branches which lasted for several years, before the Council doors were forced open by the Reformers.

Then the duration of the House was for seven years as in England today. In order to get the time reduced to four years the Reformers had many a hard up hill fight. "Annexation" was not then one of the war cries-the Reformers were all "Republicans." Had any Politician in 1836 been bold enough to suggest "Independence." he would have been throttled by both parall of whom (except Young) were in op- ties alike, and probably have the tongue cut out of his mouth in a figurative or disfigurative sort of way and been silenced Before we go with him into the House of | forever. We understand those things bet-Assemby, where after all Howe's great trial ter now-a-days. We are at liberty to diswas to begin, let us for a moment or two cuss any question that affects the interests inquire why this young man should take it of the people, so long as we keep within

judicious bounds. When the Bill came up for reducing the term of the House to four years, Mr. Alexander Stewart, (atterwards Master of the Roll) one of the old school advocates led an attack upon Mr. Howe. Now Stewart great political cable was compactly knit and bound together without the possibility of a break. Was it ambition to shine?

No doubt this had something to do the reading of the same speech in print, are the same speech in print, are with it, but ambition cannot stand alone as dissimilar as though two distinct indi--to succeed in any great undertaking viduals had been concerned in the manuambition must have something more than facture, Stewart appeared more formidable than he really was. He took occasion— now that he had Howe before him, and a great natural resources. Howe well chance to pay him off, or give him what is knew that if there were laurels to not inaptly called a good dressing—to rebe gained, it was not by peaceful sent the Editor's old newspaper criticisms encountered the hostility of the great and gallery were numerous, and felt for accept the gage of battle and do himself justice was removed. He did not only detend every political statement he had ever made, but in turn defied Mr. Stewart to contradict any one of them. He did not only argue all the points but elaborated upon them, showed up the evils of the system of government that existed, and bore down upon them with even greater vehemence, by his voice, than his pen was even capable of. Having thus disposed of the charges made in the challenge, and carried the house with him by storm, Howe next went at his adversary personally, the man who was to crush the political life out of him at the outset, not like the bull dog who teels he has his victim within his power, but like the feline with poor mousy, who plays with and worries it before making a meal of it. He turned the tables so completely upon his adversary, by anecdote, sarcasm, and gentle hits a little below the mental ribs, and the whole House was convulsed with laughter, nor could his able opponents refrain from join-

I propose in the next article to make an

Witchcraft in Russia.

In Russia the popular belief in witchcraft resembles that of the whole world many centuries ago. Ralston in "Songs of the Russian People," states:—"But a little time ago every Russian village had its wizard, almost as a matter of course, and to this day it is said there is not a hamlet in the Ukraine that is not reported to keep its witch." When I was travelling in the interior of that country, accompanied by a master of the Russian language, I found that the peasants still believe that witches and wizards can steal the dew and the rain, send whirlwinds hide the moon and the stars, and fly through the air on brooms and tongs. Their chief meetings take place three times a year, on "bald hills," and there are thousands of stories of witches going up the doors of the Legislative Council being chimneys and flying through the air. An kept closed to the public. Mr. Howe deanalogy exists between these and the ancient German legends on the same subject. They chalk crosses on their huts and winthe House awaiting an opportunity to discharge their heaviest metal upon him. It to knots, and wear amulets. Plagues in might be here stated, that however much the "compact" of Nova Scotia assimilated in all its essential particulars to that of New with St. Vitus's dance, are supposed to be Brunswick, indeed as was the case in all bewitched. According to popular belief the Provinces alike, the Council doors of in Russia, witches assume the form of dogs

Do You See THE POINT?

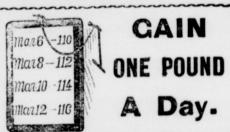


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