general provincial result, many of them wended their way towards Berryman's hall and from 8 o'clock to 10 o'clock the tumultous cheering could be heard for blocks away. It was their turn now and every one present gave his throat plenty of exercise. Much of their joy, however, was tempered by the fact that Premier Blair had been defeated. No one could understand it ; no one was present who could explain it. The "little sheets," as Mr. Temple called the orange circulars, were not known then to exist, although some rumor had reached the city that Mr. Gibson had at the last moment changed his mind.

The circulars appealing to the prejudice of protestants and orangemen originated, in the first instance, in the mind of Mr. H. H. Pitts, the person who was nominated by a temperance convention and who availed himself of his position as county master of the orange lodge to bring the influenceof the order to bear to secure his election and defeat the government ticket. Those prominent orangemen with whom PROG-RESS has talked and who have read the following characteristic circulars have denounced them in unmeasured terms claiming that it is contrary to the best interests of the body itself to disseminate such literature. Mr. Pitts acknowledges the origin first circular and as the later circulars were also printed in his office it is to be presumed that he knew a great deal about them. There is nothing of course, in them to indicate their authorship except bad English and worse grammar, but whoever wrote them and whoever originated them it is not to be doubted but that they were taken the most advantage of by those who opposed to the adminstratiod. PROGRESS understands it to be a fact that Mr. Geo. F. Gregory and the Rev. Mr. Sykes were instrumental in their distribution in the district in and about Harvey. This is more surprising since the Catholics of York county have hitherto been quite pronounced in their support of Mr. Gregory in his contests for the Dominion parliament.

York County Orangemen to the Front. GRAND ORANGE CONVENTION.

FREDERICTON, Sept. 30th, 1892. DEAB BROTHERS: A dissolution of the local Legislature having been officially announced, and a General Election proclaimed for the 22nd October, it seems most opportune for the Orangemen o York County to meet and discuss what plans they should pursue in the comisg campaign. With the earnest desire to strengthen our beloved order, and carry out the principles so dear to every true Orangeman, and on the advice of a large number of the members, an Orange Convention is hereby called to meet in the Orange hall, Fredericton, on Friday afternoon, October 7th, at 2 o'clock, to discuss the

nothing to emancipate the slaves under the Romish yoke of serfdom at Bathurst, it would be well for us to die—Yes! like Judas, go and hang ourselves; and every Orangeman whe well sell his principles for money or position should be branded in every com-munity in this province as a TRAITOR.

BLAIR'S FAREWELL TO YORK.

What the Premier Had to Say as to the Reasons for His Defeat.

There was a dramatic scene in the old county court-house at Fredericton on Tuesday last. The occasion of that scene was the farewell address of New Brunswick's most gifted public man to the constituents of York. Those who heard that address will not soon torget it. They will remember the strong, courageous face; they will remember the tall, commanding figure, and the ringing voice, whose very accent reached the heart. The opposition candidates had spoken and they had been so well received that a spectator might have been pardoned for supposing that the sympathy of the audience was largely with them. But when Andrew G. Blair came forward this illusion was dispelled. He was still York's favorite son, and the old court-house rang with such cheers as were never heard within its walls before. It was fully five minutes before the storm of applause was stayed, and the author and hero of the matchless campaign of 1892 was able to speak. To PROGRESS belongs the exclusive privilege of presenting in full to the people of New Brunswick the ent polls that I had written to the Rev. farewell words of the Premier to the people | Mr. Pelletier, of Kent county, pledging of York. He said :

the fortune to stand very often upon this plause.) Thrown into every homestead in platform in the capacity of a defeated candidate. It has been many years since the people of this county first entrusted me in a generous way with their confidence as a representative. Ten years have rolled round-the ten best years of my life-since you first conferred upon me your approval as a member and leader of the present administration. It has been my endeavor, and night, at all times and under all the circumstances in which I have been placed, to devote my best energies and abilities in the service from the other citizens in this community. of my county and of my province. (Applause.) Whenever I have thought that it was the desire of this county that anything in my power should be done it has been my earnest endeavor to accomplish it, and while I realize that I stand before you here today as a defeated candi- an agreement out. (Mr. Blair here date, having had passed upon me the condemnation of my constituents, I want it to Mr. Wilson that Mr. Henry McAdam read be understood by you each and all that I to the people at the Mouth of Keswick the do not stand humiliated. I want it under- circular referred to. Mr. McAdam, who stood that I teel today that although this constituency has said that it does not longer upon by Mr. Blair, admitted amid desire my services, yet among the people of this province in every section of it there he had done so; that he did not know who will be a feeling that I deserved better at gave him the circular, and that he believed the hands of York than I have received. at the time that the statements made were (Deafening Cheers.) I notice that some of our friends opposite seem to be very sensitive as to some remarks which I made, on nomination used among the people of Northfield, Sunday, or upon the evening on which bury county, stating that the attorney-gen-I spoke in the City hall. I notice that eral had promised the catholics should be Capt. Howe has referred to these re- allowed free schools.) marks in very strong language indeed -language which indicates that those remarks struck very keenly into his soul. which, he says, took place between him question of our public schools. It has and myself some years ago. If he says conversation took place I will that not say it did not, but I have not the slightest recollection of ever having employed towards him the language to which he refers. But I wish him to understand that in the general reference I made the other day to the character of the opposition was done 17 years ago. Am I and this ticket as not being a reflex of the intelligence of this county, I did not intend any personal reference to him, but my reference made in good faith at that time in order was solely as to the composition of the ticket generally, and what I then said has been ation of that law? And because we affirmed a thousand times by his own will not consent to rescind those regulations friends and supporters. What I stated I believe is the feeling of the county of York today: that the gentlemen whom you have chosen to be your representatives for the people of the country, as though equal next four years do not fitly and adequately rights and privileges were not already represent the intelligence of the people of this constituency. (Applause.) I do joyed by the whole people. (Applause). not say that there are not some gentlemen on that ticket who would make very of this county that, in taking leave good men on any ticket that might be of this constituency, I do so very selected, but I say that they should be much more in sorrow that in anger. I do associated with men who would be able on the floors of the legislature to is in my breast any feeling of animosity cope with the best men that come from | towards the county in any way. But I do other counties and hold their own. leave you with feelings of very great regret (Cheers.) It has been said that my re- I feel that I have been entitled to more marks were degrading. It so it must generous consideration than I have now be considered a degrading circumstance received at your hands. I can only hope, that the public today are not content with the selection made. (Applause.) Today, if you were to take the opinion of the people of this county, I think it would be found to be one of extreme regret that they had allowed them- already hunting for another constituency, selves to be misled-that they had allowed let me makethis remark, that before I was themselves in a whirlwind of religious pas- scarcely conscious (because I did not sion to commit their most valued interests very readily realize, I can assure to the hands of the persons who are now entrusted with them. (Cheers.) I hope, people of York, that you will not did in this election), before I had dreamt government. (Applause.)

derstood that this is a base slander upon province to offer myself for another constitmyselt, that it is a calumny as applied to uency, and the result shall be my election of this county and of this province. (Deafening cheers.)

I have been told, nay more than that, I know, that statements have been circulated of a very specific character as respects my own sayings and doings. In the various polling districts men were sent to denounce and who did denounce the government and denounce mycatholic priests in various portions of this province, in which 1 said "Give the government the catholic vote and I will guarantee you separate schools." (Hear.hear.) That statement was made I believe at every polling station in this county.

A voice-It is false. Counter-cries-It is not false.

Hon. Mr. Blair-Gentlemen, is it not true that thousands and thousands of circulars representing me to be an opponent of the free school law (which is as atrocious a falsehood as any man ever uttered)-representing me to be a minion in the hands of the church of Rome which was riding rough-shod over the protestants of this country, were disseminated broadcast in every parish of this county from one end of it to the other? And by whom were they spread abroad? I regret to say that a gentleman who is now one of your representatives originated it and that the opposition party, acting with him in this county, the candidates and their friends, are responsible for its circulation. Is it not true myself to give separate schools to the cath-Gentlemen and friends · I have not had olic people if I received their support? (Apthis county was the statement that I had written a letter of this kind for the purpose ot securing the support of the French and catholic people of this province. A more diabolical falsehood never emenated from a political opponent. I never wrote such a letter, nay more, there is not that Roman catholic priest or layman who ever suggested to me, from the moment that I first entered public life until now, that I should confer or agree to confer any single, solitary privilege upon them as distinguished (Loud cheering.) I never saw any evidence that they desired it, and I am convinced they have judgment enough to know that if they asked it I would not consent, or it I did agree

I would be powerless to carry such stated that he had understood from was present in the crowd, and was called the hisses and groans of the audience that

the government of the day, and that it is a for another county, it will be demonstratgrievous wrong done to the catholic people ed that the government will be able to stand against the combined influence of my old county of York and the other counties which may be against us. (Loud cheers.) Those of you who have been so anxious to displace the men who have been serving you in the past may lay that flattering unction to your souls. You have been hungering and thirsting for the sweets and emoluments of self and say that I had written letters to office but you will have to possess another term. The happy moment bas not yet arrived. You have not yet reached the goal to which your stupendous efforts have been directed. It was almost within your reach as you thought, but let me tell you, those of you who are concerned in that particular aspect of the question, that it will elude your grasp. You may put your hand as you think upon it, but when you raise your hand you will find that it is not there. (Cheers and laughter.)

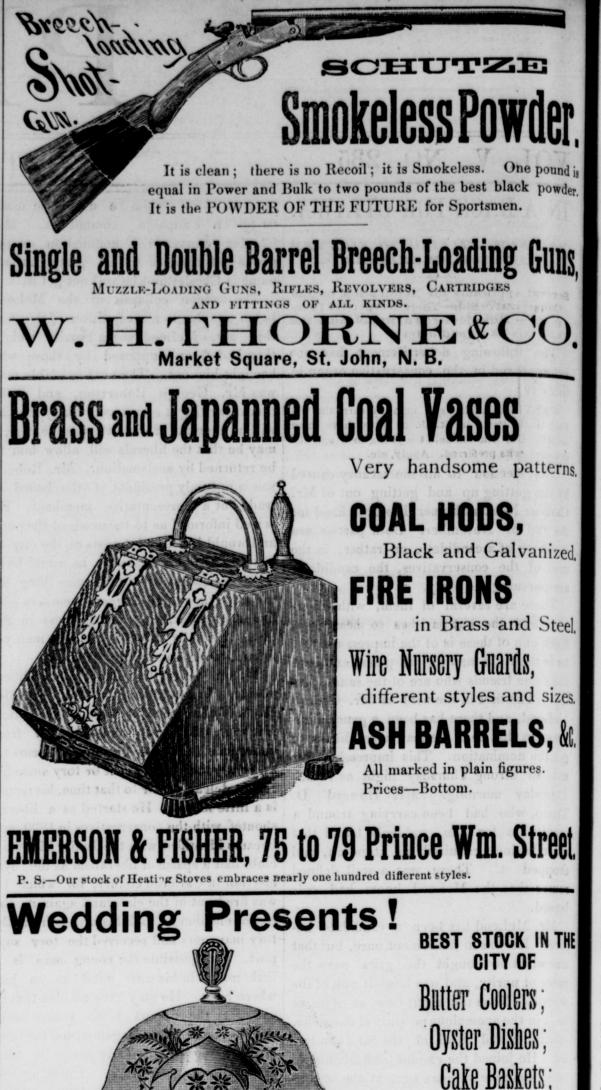
Now, gentlemen, I wish to say in conclusion, that I leave this county with the heartiest and warmest and kindliest feelings for the friends who have stood by me through all these many contests. I shall always recollect the zeal, the heartiness, the assiduity with which you have stood at my back and have secured so many times my return. I cannot express to you how deeply grateful I am for the continued support which I have thus received from you. I shall carry away with me the warmest and kindliest feelings towards all my friends, and I hope and I believe that in the future, when you look over my record as your representative in the legislature of this country and in connection with its government-whatever may be the slanders which have circulated against me-there will remain conspicuous, clear, and distinct above all these, some monuments of my work of which I shall not be ashamed and the value of which the people of this county will some day be willing to recognize and admit. (Tumultous cheering tollowed the conclusion of the Premier's speech).

It needed only the touch of misfortune to show how deep was the affection and respect which, after all, the people of York felt for the man whom they had rejected. If today the contest of Saturday last could be fought over again the county would reverse its shameful verdict by a handsome majority. But the mischief has been done and Andrew G. Blair, the foremost public man in New Brunswick, has shaken from his feet the dust of York.

THE UNEXPECTED HAPPENED.

Messrs. McKeown and McLeod a Tie and the Latter Declared Elected.

The result of declaration day in St. John may be characterized as a surprise both to the opposition and to the government. While the leaders of the latter party had a pretty good idea that the vote between Mr. McKeown and Mr. McLeod was a very close one, it is perhaps safe to assume that they did not expect it to result in a tie. But when the official returns were counted it was found that both Mr. McKeown and Mr. McLeod had received 971 votes and the sheriff in deciding the matter cast his vote in favor of the resident of the county, Mr. McLeod. There are some who think that in view of the circumstances, Sheriff Harding should have given his vote in favor of Mr. Keown, who has been a representative. There is no doubt that if he had done so he would have been placed in a curious position to say the least. From a personal standpoint the vote of Sheriff Harding is exactly what would have been expected of any officer occupying his position. There are many friends of Mr. McKeown who believe that he is far better out of provincirl politics. He claims to be a a liberal and if his recent record in the the contest in Carleton is taken into consideration he has proved himselt to be one, but in this city and county his energies in Dominion politics have not been directed towards the election of the liberal candidates. Even those who are opposed to him felt a personal regret on Wednesday when the announcement was made which relegated him to private life, anxious though they were to see the county of St. John represented by two government supporters. The particular ballot in dispute came from a St. Martins polling booth where Mr. Smith was returning officer and Mr. W. E. Skillen represented the interests of the government party. When the ballot was picked up by the returning officer an objection was made to it by the representative of the opposition candidates who claimed that although the names of Dunn and McLeod were printed on it that be. cause there were two pencil crosses also marked on it that it was illegal. The contention of Mr. Skillen was that the pencil marks did not destroy the ballot and he finally succeeded in having the returning officer count the ballot. While doing so Mr. Smith stated that he would preserve it and forward at to the sheriff in this city. The returning officer was wrong although he did not know it at the time, because the law allows him the right of a final decision regarding whether a ballot is good or bad, and once the ballot is counted the sheriff had nothing to do with it. In the same booth a second ballot with the names of Rourke and McLeod was marked exactly in the same way and the opposition representative present made no objection to



Coffee Spoons

situation and our true course as an Orange As sociation.

We cannot but remember that only a few months ago it was evidenced on the floors af the Legislature that NOT ONE representative could be found in the 41 members, though there were many who "rode in on the Protestant horse," but who considered it a reproach to be told so and denied it—there was not one of them who would present a petition for protection and justice from the Rome-cursed minority at Bathurst. Are we to fold our hands and say Peace ! when there is no peace? Shall we be content to remain idle while the battle wages thick and fast around us? Shall the minions of a Romish hier-archy buy up the constituencies, and close up the mouths of our politicians for the sake of the positio they can secure them by their solid support? Will OBANGENEN quibble over personal matters, and al-low the foe to break down the doors even of our public schools? No! The Orangemen of York are not built on that principle. Let us support for office only those candidates who will PLEDGE themselves to give us an untrammelied School Law, and a policy of "equal rights to all and no special privi-leges to any." Let every true Orangeman be on hand, I admonish you, that ye fail not, and that ye notify every member within your reach to be pre-

Fraternally and sincerely, HERMAN H. PITTS, County Master.

ORANGEMEN AND PROTESTANTS. AWAKE!

The signs of the times point to a crucial test of Protestantism and the Orange order, and an epoch in Provincial history equal to the days when our people fought out the principle of a free education for the children of the country regardless of wealth or position.

The powers and the persons that then aligned themselves against the Home and the school, are still at work, and today, we have the spectacle of a legislature in a Protestant country with the mouths of the members gagged against any infringement, or encroachments on the interests of the Church of Rome, and further, that this church's methods must be above criticism. Tois is said to be Protest-ant liberalism, which for the sake of PEACE will and theratism, which for the sake of PEACE will not protest its own people and its own homes. Do not be deceived by the argument that this is an agitation for political effect. Politicians have long enough deladed the people; these are *facts* that cannot b trathully refuted.

The leader who now controls the government of this country has always been an opponent of our Free School System. He has been a candidate more than once against it, and it was not until the matter was finally settled, the law passed, and the question not a political issue at the polls that Mr. Blair could ever be elected to represent the people of York. Does the Roman Catholic Church forget his labors in their behalt in the past? No. Almost to a man the Roman Catholic vote in this country is cast solid for Mr. Blair, and Mr. Blair's government. Is there any wonder then that the assertion is made today even in the government ranks that "the Roman Catholic church has not yet received all that she is to get, and that more privileges are to be granted them;" while even Mr. Blair's weak-kneed, limberjointed Protestant supporters are wondering where this thing is going to end, and hosts of them are roundly denouncing his course and will take no part in the election. If then YOU are so tied to Mr. Blair as to feel indisposed to vote against him, in his open violation of honest, fair play and Protestant principle; don't vote at all.

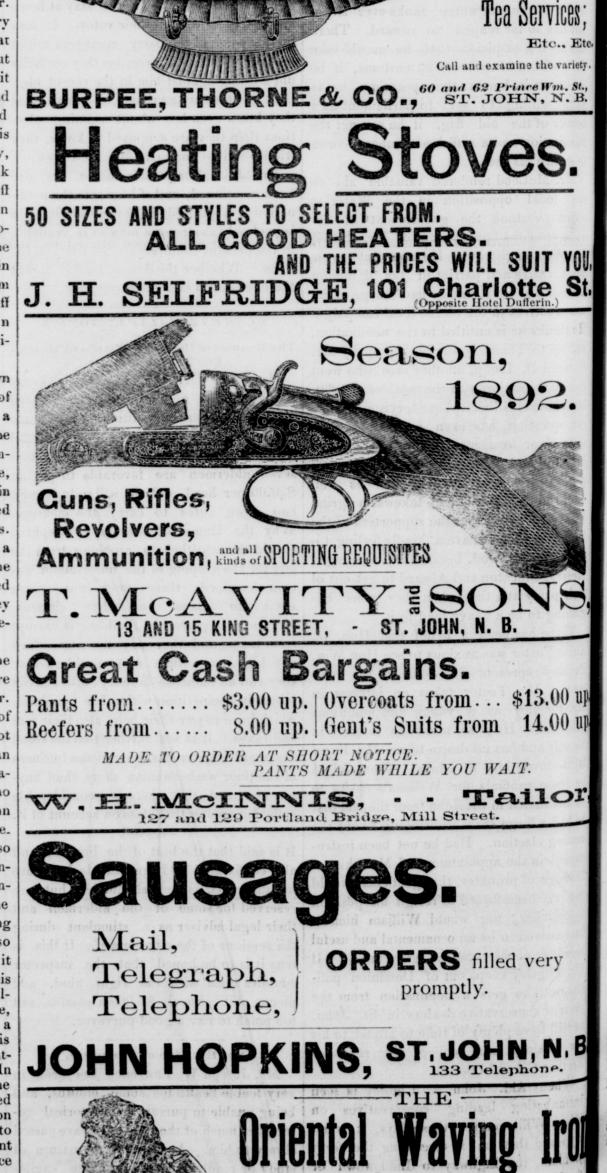
Then we have two members of the Orange as sociation, one of whom having the highest honors, and the other aspiring to such, namely Wilson and Colter in collusion to present a simple petition, ask-ing for a committee of investigation into the wrongs of the persecuted protestant minority at Bathurst,

Mr. McAdam further admitted that he had stated that Father McDevitt had written a letter which Charles Duffy had

I desire that the impression may not exist in any portion of this province that I have either yielded or been has referred to a conversation asked to yield one bair's breadth upon this never been proposed to me by the Catholic people of this country. (Applause). The only thing the government of this province has ever done in the direction of recognizing that there were Catholic people in the province in connection with the administration of the public school law, government to be held responsible because we do not propose to rescind the regulations which let me add we have not yet been asked to do we find men agitating for equal rights and privileges to the whole guaranteed and had not been already en-

> Gentlemen let me say to the people not want anybody to suppose that there gentlemen, that you may find in the future a service more faithful-a service more efficient than I have been able to render you. Regarding the statement published in Monday morning's Sun that I was that it had been possivou ble for this county to reach the result it

be disappointed; I hope these gentlemen or thought of what my future course would will realize the expectations of their warm- be, I was the recipient of teleest supporters and closest friends, but I graphic offers from men who had mean to make no unkind allusion to these been elected to the legislature ofgentlemen, nor did I mean to when I stated fering to resign their seats and give me an from being presented to the legislature, while this is approved of by the leader of the government who before, that I did not think and do not opportunity to contest them for a sect in is anxious this matter should be kept out of the assembly. Then we have the same petition treated as a laughable farce in the legislative council, and Orange members present, viz, Wilson and Pugsley, chuckling over its being shelved. think, that the men you have chosen are the legislature. (Applause.) I had those the best available men, even among those offers and those offers have increased and who are in opposition to the present multiplied, and it may be a source of some gratification to the people of York to know, that while I have apparently sacri-Then we have the government party, assisting, and Mr. Colter stating it as a fact that they have the Roman Catholic Vote anyway and they can BUY Now, I am not going, on the present occa-sion, to wander over the different features ficed the interests of this county-while I enough weak kneed protestants and orangemen to elect them beyond peradventure. This is not a creed question or an agitation against the Roman which have developed themselves in this have been so entirely faulty in my service creed question or an agitation against the Roman Catholie people, or even against that Church. It is simply asking for "equal rights to all, and special privileges to none," as 1 id down by the Presbyter-ian Synod in session recently in St. John. In this great battle for God and Country and Queen, shall Orangemen and true Protestants throw down their arms and fly the field? Shall they swing open the Gates of Derry as the traitor Lundey would have in the days of old, or shall thy like the valiant boys who fought at Aughrim and at the Boyne march on toward the foe, and with bayonets fixed, banners waying and swords flashing, advance contest, and I am not going to waste time as your representative, there are people in in explaining the causes which have led to other sections of the province, and there this result. But I desire in my own inter- are representatives who have been ests-I desire in justice to myself, and in chosen by the people to rejustice to a large number of people in this present them in the legislature community among whom we have lived happily and amicably, to say that when the religious cry has been raised, that Mr. Pitts throw up the seats they occupy, and, its being counted nor did the government representative and it also took its place has raised, and which the opposition have gentlemen, you cannot count the number of among the votes without question. fixed, banners waving and swords flashing, advance to the battle, if to die then dying with the face to-ward that foe. Would we be worthy descendants taken the best advantage of-when they them upon the fingers of one hand. (Loud The mistake which made the people be lieve that Mr. McKeown had a majority have tried to inflame the minds of the cheering.) of the True Blues and Apprentice Boys who closed of ten or eleven over McLeod was made by protestants of this county against their Well, gentlemen, as to the course I shall the Gates and hurled back defiance in the face of the immense odds, were we to fold our arms and catholic friends and neighbors-when take I have not yet decided. As I said in returning officer Robiuson who became so let the same foe that would, in the days of yore, have made the streets of Derry run red with Protesthey have thought to create the impres- the interview, which was published in the excited over the result from another polling place that he stated the returns both tant blood, now trample over our dearly bought, and sacred rights as citizens and Protestant electors. Would be worthy of this heritage, this a tool in the bands of the what that action shall be. I am not going to the press and to the committees giving church of Rome and that I had to be hasty in the matter. But one thing Mr. McKeown a majority of ten morr than Canada we live m, were we to raise no protest against the foreign invasion of its soil by nuns and against the foreign invasion of its soil by huns and priests, and a compact between this alien church and a government to retain office. If we cast our ballots on polling day against the Orange candidate lent myself to designs adverse to ballots on polling day against the Orange candidate lent myself to designs adverse to ballots on polling day against the Orange candidate lent myself to designs adverse to ballots on polling day against the Orange candidate lent myself to designs adverse to ballots on polling day against the Orange candidate lent myself to designs adverse to the principle of equal rights to all the peo-deration, it shall be decided by me in con-being all right the mistake was not disand for the government, a government that will do | ple of this community, I want it to be un- | sultation with my friends throughout the covered until declaration day.



A Perfect device for WAVING or CRIMPING the

HAIR in the prevailing style. Easily and quickly operated. Made of polished steel

and handsomely nickel-plated.

Price, - - 50 Cents.

Miss K. HENNESS

113 CHARLOTTE ST., - . Opposite Hotel Duffe

Statun I vinen and selon has a ind in

bist, in his perientions for the from the

fetion is somew