PROGRESS.

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WHOM EVERYBODY IS TALKING.

His Ways Were Always Eccentric and He Carried a Heavy Load for Years-How He Used to Avoid His Office When Creditors

bert Lee, A. M., B. C. L., etc., etc., won the French prize at the university, and that when he took "French leave" of St. John divis surpassed and rarely equalled.

Weeks ago, PROGRESS was in the possession of facts in regard to Mr. Lee's record which have since been made notorious



by the daily papers. It has, indeed, been cognizant of his general unreliability for two or three years past, but as the same may be said of other men who still enjoy the confidence of the public, there seemed no good reason why he should be held up as a special example. Progress was, doubtless, too lenient with him, for the sake of his friends, but it was believed that matters were less hopeless for him than they have since proven to be

A brief notice was made last week of a case in which Mr. Lee was an offender, though his name was not given. The sufferer was Mr. Dunn, of Southwark street, an aged and infirm man, who gave Mr. Lee a power of attorney to draw \$1,000 from she Savings bank. It was one of many cases in which the poor were made victims.

In the autobiography of Mr. Lee, published in a work issued a few years ago, he claimed that he enjoyed a good general practice, "a specialty being made of collecting." That is quite evident now, but the collections went into his own pockets, and not into those of his clients.

A great many people looked upon Mr. Lee as a nervous, excitable man, whose odd ways were a subject for amusement. His manner was that of a person who was likely to misdirect a great deal of energy through having more ambition than method. His very gait was erratic. He would walk a few steps and break into a trot as if in a chronic hurry to get somewhere. Little things annoved him. A year or two ago he grew wildly excited over the fact that Geo. W. Day's presses were at work on the upper floor of the deposited a lump of ice on the Pugsley building, and when Mr. Day rigged an exhaust pipe for a gas engine in the rear of the building, Mr. Lee wanted learned that Mr. Lee had left the city, for, to procure an injunction. None of the after leaving the ice early in the morning, other tenants in the building complained, he came back later in the day and carried bill at \$40.00. He might have made it but with Mr. Lee it seemed a very serious away what was left of it. Mr. Lee had

other paraphernalia of the gambling house, but just as certainly, or uncertainly, by the chance of having the account settled. speculating in stocks. He used other people's money with the hope that some lucky day he would be able to replace what he had taken. At the last, of course, he was driven to all sorts of desperate expedients and seems to have become utterly reckless as to the consequence. Few had any idea that he speculated, because he did it so quietly. One newsdealer in the city suspected the truth, however, from the fact that Mr. Lee was always on the watch for the arrival of the New York Herald, the stock quotations of which he would scan day by day with In this way he would go and return evident anxiety and interest. He did not from his office every day. When he buy the paper, but having seen how the reached the Pugsley building in the mornquotations were, would lay it down and ing, it was not his custom, latterly at least, walk out of the shop.

buying anything when he could get it for and there request the office boy to go to nothing. In his efforts to get money how his office and see if there was anyone waitand where he could, he made many notes ing for him. If there was Mr. Lee would of hand with no definite idea of how they not show up. If there was not, the way were to be met when they fell due. He was open, and once in his office he was used to be in the habit of rushing into a "not at home." It was probable that he stationer's shop, near his residence, and had more callers during the day than the asking the proprietor to oblige him by let- most successful lawyer in town. There the close of the evening the Digby men er began to get tired of this kind of work, side of or inside of his office. strangers in a case of "hard up" the Digby member. thing. "If you have the gall to come in to get tired and leave him.

out. Mr. Lee looked surprised, but said PECULIARITIES OF THE MAN OF he had no change and would pay the next time he came in. "No, you won't," was the reply. "You will either pay for them now or leave them here." He left them.

From this it will be seen that not only did Mr. Lee not pay his notes, but he did It is a matter of record that Mr. G. Her- not even pay for the paper they were writ-

Mr. Lee was not a man who lived bevond what his legitimate means should be. he showed a skill and ability that has never | He rented a very good house and kept three servants, it is true, but the income honestly his in connection with his practice apparently justified the expenditure. He was in most matters considered to be rather close than otherwise, and was hard up for ready money most of the time.

It is stated by Mr. Lee's friends that he has been in the position of a toad under a harrow for years. He started in life without means, and incurred heavy liabilities, which increased from year to year. He had more respectability than cash in entering upon an overcrowded profession. The most remarkable assertion made is that he was \$12,000 in debt when he was married. This would have been sufficiently appalling to a single man, but for one to enter upon a more expensive style of living when so handicapped seems akin to the act of an insane man. A good many people have, indeed, had an idea that Mr. Lee was "a little out," as they expressed it, and during the last year there have been fears that he would become positively insane. Whether he was a little "out" or



GEO. F. BAIRD, M. P., Lee's Captor.

not, his creditors are a good deal out at the

Lee's conduct since his detention in Boston has been that of a weak and thoroughly unnerved man. He is broken down and really in a pitiable state. It seems pretty certain that he has little or no money with him, for he was hard-up to the last while in St. John. On the very day of his departure he borrowed \$15 of a druggist of his acquaintance, and it is believed he had little if any more than this to cover the expenses of his journey.

The sheriff has charge of the deserted house by virtue of a warrant under the Absconding Debtor's Act. The daily papers have been accumulating in the front porch where the newsboys have thrown them, and for several days the ice man regularly much would it be?" said Lee "I do not sidewalk to be melted away by the hot sun. Last Wednesday the man seemed to have probably not paid his ice bill in advance, Mr. Lee gambled. Not with cards or and the ice man doubtless thought there was no use in carrying out the contract on

MR. LEE AT HIS OFFICE.

How He Got There, and the Daily Crowd of Patient Waiters.

Mr. Lee was always in a hurry. No matter where you met him, in the morning or in the evening, or at any other time, he was always in a rush. He never walked around a corner like an ordinary man. He would throw his arm across his chest, break into a run and save a few feet of the distance by taking a straight-away course from one angle of the street to the other. to go directly to his office. He would He appears to have had an objection to seek the quarters of some brother lawyer

and get them, I have the gall to ask you to | His methods of borrowing money while | their party.

LEE AND HIS METHODS. pay for them," was the way the matter was about the same from everyone whom he patronized were to say the least, curious. He offered enormous percentage. If he borrowed from brokers the amount of interest he paid did not seem to trouble him in the least. He was willing to pay liberal commissions in addition to short time rates, and short time rates with him amounted from one per cent. to two per cent. per month. Then when the note tell due, so long as it was not in the bank it did not seem to worry him. He had a fashion of calling on the lender, say a day or two before payment was due, and saying that he had not forgotten about that note and would call in and pay it either on the day it was due or the day atter. Those whom he borrowed from, however, soon became aware of his numberless shifts to evade payment, and it was only by persistent dunning that even the smallest



J. DOUGLAS HAZEN, M. P. Representative of the Drury Estate, who has been interviewing Lee in Boston.

amounts could be obtained from him. If you met Lee in the corridor of a bank or even on the street and knew him tolerably well, he was almost sure to ask you to "may become a member of the association enough, they say nothing. Last Saturday morning as he walked down town to the post office he called on a intimate friend and borrowed \$15 from him. Perhaps this was the money that took him to Bos-

RESS first exposed the actions of Mr. Lee in relation to the case of Mrs. Osborne, who sued the then town of Portland to recover damages for an injury she received from falling on the street. Mr. Lee, whom her husband before his death had told her to trust in everything, and who had managed his affairs for him, was intrusted with her case. He settled it with the town of Portland for about \$150, and when making up his bill of expense he called on Dr. Andrews the physician who attended Mrs. Osborne and asked him what was the amount of his bill. "It all depends who has to pay," said the doctor. "If Mrs. Osborne has to pay it will not be much, if the town is to pay I may as well receive my full fee." "Well, about how suppose," said the doctor, "that \$20 would out of the way." "Call \$40,00," said Lee and I will see that you get your money. So in his bill of expenses to Mrs. Osborne he included Dr. Andrew's \$80 for that matter, for Mrs. Osborne never received one cent of the \$150, and she says he even refused her the price of a load of coal when she needed it. Dr. Andrews' collector succeeded a year afterwards in securing \$15 from him.

THEIR WAY OF ENTERTAINING.

Halifax Men Issue Invitations and Ask th "Invited" to Share the Expense. The generosity and openheartedness of

certain Halifax gentleman, lately spending their summer holidays at Digby, will in future never be called into question, writes an occasional correspondent of Progress.

The incident which led up to the establishment of this belief is undoubtedly worthy of record, as, although Digby people will never forget it, those living elsewhere should, it is thought, be benefited by their

Several of these highly cultured individuals (moving of course in the "upper ten" while at the garrison city) wishing, as they said, to show their appreciation of kindness received from residents of Digby, extended invitations for a dance at the Myrtle House for Monday evening last to a number of Digbyites and a larger number of summer visitiors, most of them ladies on whom they "danced attendance." Towards Blake, but district engineer Blackadar is

MEN WHO ARE NOT IN IT.

TION IS PARTICULAR.

Drawing the Line as to Membership in ar Organization Intended for the Benefit of All - Men Who Will be Rejected if They Apply for Admission.

As was announced last week, the St. John Firemen's Relief association will not have a picnic this year. The season is getting too far advanced to make the necessary preparations, for one thing, and the chief engineer has had something to say about it, for another thing. He told the men plainly that he did not propose to ask the public to do anything for the association so long as it pursued the narrow policy of excluding from its ranks a certain class of men. By this class he meant members of the fire department who are Roman catholics.

The association was organized in 1882, and its constitution begins with the following broad and philanthropic preamble:

Whereas, it is desirable to draw closer the ties of human sympathy, and strengthen the bond of brotherhood between the members of the Saint John Fire Department, by the formation of a society, having for its object the relief of sick and disabled members of the Fire Brigade; it is therefore resolved that the undersigned members of the Saint John ation for the purpose of effecting uniformity in the administration of relief, and render pecuniary aid to each other during sickness or accidents incident to human life, and let union and friendship be their

The intention of the organizers was to render eligible any member of the department who should pay the \$5 entrance fee. There was no intention to define any line of demarcation as to politics or religion. If a man was fit to be a fireman and took the risks which the others took, he was supposed to be justly entitled to the sick a fad for home decoration. and funeral benefits for which the constitution provided.

any regular member of the department elected, nor was it in contemplation that he could be rejected. The association was intended for all. Subsequently a provision was made that the applicant should be elected by a vote of two-thirds of the members present at any regular meeting. In the original order of business It was over two years ago that PROG- there was no mention of balloting or voting for candidates.

One would suppose, ordinarily, that unless there was something decidedly wrong with a man, he could pass a two-thirds vote in any organization. Most societies are much more strict, and there are bodies in which even one black bean will reject. To all intents and purposes, however, there might as well be the requirement of a unanimous vote as of a two-thirds vote. when an applicant for membership in the Firemen's Relief association happens to be a Roman catholic. He is "not in it."

man, of No. 2, made application and was rejected. There was nothing alleged against him, but he had been taught to believe in transubstantiation, while those who rejected him had not. Last year J. O'Leary, a call man, of No. 1, also made application and was rejected. There was nothing against him either, save that he adhered to the faith of his fathers. Had he been a protestant by name, whether he had any religious belief or not, he would have been accepted.

There are other call men who have not applied, and will not, because it is morally certain that they will be refused admission. There is no sound reason why such men as Michael Reynolds, of 2, John Coholan, of 1, and John Duffy, of 5, should not be members of an association designed for the mutual relief of all St. John firemenan organization intended "to draw closer the ties of human sympathy."

There are a number of permanent men, such men as Barney Corey, of 3, Michael Finnegan, of 4, Arthur Delaney, of 5, rence Mahoney, of H. and L. 1. These men get in case of disability or death.

the members of the association say that he is "influenced by Kelly and Connor and McGoldrick." which is by no means a new

District engineer Brown is a member of the association, and so is district engineer

kinds. Where there have been gifts, they authority on forestry.

have been given, presumably, for the benefit of the firemen of St. John, and not for THE FIREMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIA- the protestant portion of them alone. When appointments are made to the force, the question of religion does not enter into the matter. It the man suits in other respects he can believe in any creed he pleases or no creed at all.

As one third of the population is Roman catholic, it is not to be wondered that that church is represented on the force, and it is likely to be just as often as the first good man whose name is down for a vacancy before Friday, September 2, in order that happens to be of that faith. And the same remark will apply to members of the Loyal Orange association. There is no "religious test" required in a man who is needed to

The objects of the Firemen's Relief association are excellent, and if carried out according to the original intention should have the cooperation and support of all classes of citizens. It may be otherwise if questions of class and creed are to be kept to the front as they have been.

BOYS IN FOR BUSINESS.

They are Up Bright and Early and Off to the Country for Lilies and "Cat-tails."

The number of boys who go into business on their own account and make the best of the summer season grows larger every year. On Charlotte and King streets young fellows with lilies and other flowers that are irresistible on a fine day solicit attention at every corner. Some of them do quite a trade. They are out early in the morning, off to the lakes and swamps, make up their stock in trade, then come to

Lilies go like hot cakes at one cent a piece, ten cents a dozen, and cat-tails are

A young fellow who pushed his calling in Progress office the other day The original constitution provided that said he made from \$1.00 to \$2.00 a day from the sale of cat-tails. He got them out at Red Head, and usually brings lend him \$10, \$20 or \$100. Not a few of * * * by making application in writing," in over 100. These he sells for two cents should be fully observed. Progress has a piece, or 20 cents a dozen, and never has good reasons for thinking that there are

> one to a dozen or two dozen, and they are in demand at the stores around town as well as in private houses.

> The boys usually work in companies and there are some very young ones in the business, who manage to make lots of pocket money.

A Great Race Meeting.

The advertisement of the Halifax races in September, which appears on the eighth page of this issue shows that the interest in trotting has increased wonderfully in the capital of Nova Scotia. It has never lacked encouragement in the Province, because such towns as Truro, Kentville, Yarmouth and Amherst own probably the fastest horses in Eastern Canada, and each of these towns has a splendid race Nobody of that faith tries it now-a-days. track of its own. But in Halifax Three years ago, Peter McGourty, a call running races have hitherto been more popular than trotting. The splendid purses, however, offered for this meeting would indicate a great revival of interest in the trotting horse in Halifax. The meeting will extend over three days, and since the riding ground is a member of the National Trotting Association and the officials of the course gentlemen who know their business thoroughly, the meeting should be a successful one.

Drinking Beer During the Sermon.

The Mission church was pretty well filled with red coats Sunday morning, and after a long march in a hot sun, many were by no means comfortable during the service. A number of them were thirsty and thought more of satisfying their thirst than in entering into the spirit of the occasion, and taking an active part in the service. The gas room of the Mission church is on the Paradise row side, near the chancel. It has a door leading to the street, but this is closed protestants, who are not members of the in by a wire netting. Sunday morning a association, but there is no doubt they can number of thirsty red coats got in the be if they so desire. It is otherwise with room, forced off part of the netting with their bayonets and made an opening large enough to pass a bottle through. Some Hugh McElroy, of H. and L. 3, and Law- small boys who were waiting for the soldiers to come out, were sent for beer men and their families should have an and passed it in through the opening to equal right to any benefits which other fire- the thirsty ones. This was kept up tor some time, while Rev. Father Williams When Chief Kerr claims this, some of preached an excellent sermon on the duties | thought out productions of the schools and of the soldier.

Mr. Martin's Opinion.

In the report of the superintendent of ial, in reference to King and Queen squares. takes occasion to remark that, "last spring not. The latter was one of the founders, 200 evergreen trees and shrubs were set hand schools, music schools and at least ting him have two or three blank notes. was someone always waiting to see him. If were politely informed that their share of but dropped out when he was in the com-Securing them, he would rush out without you went to interview him, you would meet the expenses was \$1.38 each, payable on mon council. It he wants to get back now, appearances, I believe that a large part of present who prefer that English system of offering anything in payment. The station- from two to twenty persons either out- demand. Although always ready to assist he must be voted for as if he were a new them will live and grow, and eventually be training and study. Then there is a miliquite ornamental." This report is tary school or a school where coaching for so one day as Mr. Lee was about going Needless to say he did not see all these boys received this modest little request as The reserve fund, out of which and the addressed to the director of public safety, the army is made a specialty. away with a new batch of notes the station- people. They were waiting patiently for an unexpected honor, appreciating the assessments some \$1,500 was paid last by whom these trees were purchased wither demanded five cents, informing him that his return, while all the time he was sitting kindness of their entertainers in saving year, has been accumulated in part by out authority from anybody. From the he had already had about 250 notes for no- quietly in his inside office waiting for them them all trouble as to the inviting of their entertainments for the benefit of the associguests, and the general arrangements of ation, and in part by donations of various that Superintendent Martin is not an their children. The advantages presented

RULES FOR THE CONTEST.

If You Are In for the Silver Service Make a Note of them

Those who are collecting coupons for Progress silver service will please observe the following conditions:

Coupons may be sent in up to and including Wednesday, Sept. 28th, but Saturday, Sept. 24th is the last day the coupon

All who are trying for the service must send in what coupons they have collected

CUT THIS OUT

Silver Service Coupon.

To the person who Sends in the most of these Coupons by Saturday, September 24, Progress will present a handsome Silver Service of seven pieces, Quadruple Plate, Guaranteed, valued at \$45

CUT THIS OUT

some progress may be made with the count. Those who do not send in the coupons in their possession before that date will not be considered in the contest.

Coupons should be sent in sealed envelopes upon which is the name and address

It is highly important that the above rules many thousand of the coupons collected People buy them in all quantities from and ready to be sent in. As soon as they arrive they will be counted in the presence of the circulation] clerk in the counting room and recorded opposite the name of the sender. Any other lots sent afteward will be counted and recorded in like man-

> LOOKING OUT FOR HIS FRIENDS. People who Do Not Hobnob with the Police Have no Show in St. John.

> "If a man is not a particular friend of a policeman, he hasn't much of a show these times," said a gentleman Wednesday. "In other words you must take a back seat. One of them made me feel pretty ugly last night just before the Boston boat came in and if it had not been that I did not want to make a fuss there might have been

> "I was standing on the head of the floats, on the look out for a friend from Boston. There was quite a crowd and I was in the front row, but there were a number further down the floats than I was. The policeman on duty was talking to three friends, and suddenly turned round to me and asked me if I was waiting for anybody. I told

"'Well, get back then,' says he, and I knowing it was against the rules to go on the floats and thinking he was going to make all the crowd move, stepped back, without saying anything. Imagine my feelings when I heard him tell his three friends to step into my place, while not another man in the crowd further down the floats had to move. I had to exert myself to get into a position where I could see the person I was expecting coming up the floats; while the policeman's friends stood smiling in the front row."

Where Will You Send Them?

One of the very best evidences of the recognition of Progress as a first-class advertising medium is the very general patronage of the educational institutions, three columns of their announcements appearing in this issue alone. Anyone who turns to the third page of the paper will find them and, if interested in the educational development of the maritime provinces as represented by its higher institutions of learning, something in the nature of a surprise awaits them who will carefully read the well colleges situated by the sea.

It will be seen at once that there are boys' schools and girls' schools, colleges for men and colleges for women and one streets, Mr. George H. Martin, that offic- institution at least where ability and not sex is all that is necessary for a degree.

There are business colleges and short-

Progress directs especial attention to this page this week. There may be some parents who are hesitating where to send by these schools should decide them.