

PROGRESS.

EDWARD S. CARTER, EDITOR.

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DUPED BY MR. LEE.

The most surprising thing about the painful surprise Mr. G. HERBERT LEE has given the public is that it was a surprise to many ordinarily shrewd people. MR. LEE is not a gentleman in whom PROGRESS has had any special interest, but for the last two or three years it has been quite alive to the fact that he was, to say the least, not trustworthy. On one or two occasions it has related instances of his tendency to absorb moneys entrusted to his care, no names being given but the public understanding pretty well who was meant. The cases in question were where comparatively small amounts were involved, but from the methods employed by MR. LEE to defraud poor widows and orphans, PROGRESS could form only one opinion as to his character.

Several weeks ago, PROGRESS, while not intending to investigate MR. LEE, learned a great deal that has been made public during the last week in regard to his dealings with the DURRY and other estates. It had the material for what is known as a good story, but refrained from using the facts, chiefly because it had no desire to bring the private affairs of families into prominence, and largely out of the feeling that such an exposure would cause his family connections to suffer from the misdeeds of which he alone—or nearly alone—was guilty. It was known that the representatives of certain parties whom he had defrauded were on the alert, and it was hoped that everything might eventually be arranged in some way. PROGRESS does not take a pleasure in exposing the frailties of others save where some good is likely to result.

Had the story of MR. LEE'S methods been published a month ago, many would have been quick to condemn PROGRESS for being "too personal," but in the light of what has since happened, it seems a pity the truth was not told. Some who have since then trusted him would have had fair warning, and might have had more in their pockets today. It was assumed, however, that many people knew MR. LEE better than they now appear to have known him. In other words, PROGRESS could not believe that any wide-awake man about town could be blind to the fact that MR. LEE was unscrupulous in his methods and was every day getting tangled the more in a net of financial difficulty.

For a man with little about him to favorably impress any ordinary student of human nature, MR. LEE has undoubtedly beaten the record in imposing on the credulity of men who are ordinarily supposed to know what they are about. The ordinary honest citizen could not venture to attempt a hundredth part of what he accomplished without being distrusted.

FRANCE IN CANADA.

In a speech made at the jubilee celebration of the St. Jean Baptiste society, in Quebec, last Monday, Hon. WILFRID LAURIER was one of the speakers. He advocated the doctrine of LAFONTAINE that the duty of French Canadians was "to associate and mix with their English-speaking compatriots and become Canadians in the broadest sense of the word." MR. LAURIER urged that "the duty of French Canadians, therefore, was to enter into the spirit of modern civilization, they must learn to exercise the modern arts and industries, and in this respect he must confess that French-Canadians were far behind hand. They had emigrated beyond the frontier and learned to work for others. It was high time that they should learn to work for themselves; it was at this price that they might hope to be worthy of the traditions of the great nation from which they were descended, and of the Canadian people, of which they formed no inconsiderable portion."

No one can question the soundness of this advice, but it is only advice and not the expression of an existing condition of

things. One of the disadvantages most apparent to those who would like to see a true confederation of the provinces of Canada is the existence of the spirit of conservatism among the great body of the French. They do not become Canadians in the sense that the English speaking races do. The Province of Quebec is a France in America, and to all appearance is likely to remain so. The French have certain rights guaranteed them by treaty, and they value these far beyond anything that can come to them by modern legislation. They adhere to their language and customs with a tenacity that cannot be shaken. As a body, they have no desire to become assimilated with the English, and they cling to what was good enough for their fathers as being quite good enough for them. Here and there may be men among them who would like to see all race lines wiped out and a Canadian nation arise, but this is not, nor is it likely to be the spirit of the people. They are loyal to the British flag, because they wisely see that they are better off under it than under the flag of France, but they are French in heart and soul. This may be a virtue in them—nobody asserts that it is not—but it is a barrier not easily overcome in the effort to make a nation out of the provinces of the Dominion.

The question of religion, while a vital one with the French Canadian, is not the great factor in this isolation. Tens of thousands of the people of Irish extraction have the same faith, but they, while as loyal to their traditions and customs, enter into the Canadian life and are not to be distinguished from the people of English extraction in their ideas and aspirations. They easily become assimilated with the people of any country, and rapidly rise to the foremost positions in politics and elsewhere. They think in the spirit of the times, as do also the Scotch, and indeed English speaking people of every race. It is far otherwise with the French. They live within themselves, not only in Canada, but even in the United States which so readily absorbs people of all other great nations and makes them Americans in spirit as well as name.

It may be said that the matter of language has much to do with the matter, but the fact is patent that the French do not use any language but their own when they can avoid it. If they can grow up, live and die, without having recourse to English, they prefer to do so. Plant a settlement of them in the heart of an English speaking nation, and French will be the language of that settlement for one generation after another. And the spirit of the people will be French as well. They will not be anglicised if they can help it.

So it is that the talk of a great confederation of people with a national idea and common aspirations is not to be realized in Canada in our time, if ever. When the traveller on the Intercolonial railway crosses the Restigouche, and leaves the maritime provinces behind, he enters on the beginning of a land that intervenes in more than a geographical sense between the east and the west. It is in many vital respects as much a foreign country as if it were beyond the ocean, and so it is likely to remain. The people are living loyally and honestly, they have much in their ways of life that is to be commended, and they are content so long as they gain their living after the manner of their fathers. Save so far as the tariff oppresses, it is little to them that there is a dominion where there was only a province a generation ago. The words of MR. LAURIER and of those who talk like him have no meaning for them. They are content to be called a part of the nation which includes all races from the Atlantic to the Pacific, but they have little in common with those who are not their compatriots as descendants of the ancient regime. The French in Canada are Canadians, it is true, but they are and will be distinctly the French in Canada.

DEALING WITH THE STRIKERS.

It is a fine thing for the lovers of liberty to grow eloquent over the tyranny of capital and the rights of labor, but when it comes to a condition of lawlessness as a consequence of strikes there is something else to be said on the matter. A condition of semi-anarchy has of late prevailed in seven of the states of the republic, and troops have been moved around the country as in time of actual war. They seem to be needed, and it is very possible that they will have to do sterner work than has yet fallen to their lot. When an organized band of strikers undertake to destroy property, and still worse, attempt to wreck trains containing unoffending passengers, the situation looks serious.

The switchmen of the Erie road have been on a strike, and last Saturday night they put obstructions on the track of the fastest and best patronized express on that line. With a knowledge of how to do the most damage, they deliberately chose a part of the road where there was a curve of an inch to the foot, at an embankment sloping two hundred feet to the mile and thirty feet high. A train thrown off at this point would go to certain destruction and the passengers to death. This train ran at the rate of nearly sixty miles an hour, and it is quite possible that this high speed prevented the calamity which would have attended a train running

at a slower rate. The engine wheels left the rails, but not the track, and so a fearful slaughter was averted. The remarkable preservation of all on board was not due to any intention on the part of the strikers. They were quite willing to sacrifice many innocent people to show their spite against the railway company. It is not likely the criminals will be caught, or if they are that they will get their reward. No mercy should be shown to men of this stamp.

There appears to be too much deference to the alleged rights of the people by the various state governments. They have condoned so many acts of lawlessness in the past that it is now difficult for them to preserve order when strikes take place. It is quite certain that with the methods of the British government no such condition of affairs could exist in England. Labor has its rights, but the moment men become organized mobs that moment they should be dispersed, if all the troops in the country are required for the work. The state should not content itself with waiting for overt acts. The sooner action is taken the easier will be the prevention of trouble. It is a mistake to temporize with men who are ready for mischief and only wait the opportunity to effect it.

A Mrs. DUVAL was fined two pounds in a London police court, the other day, for wearing a ring on which was engraved a stag. The ring was her own property, given to her by her brother, and she had worn it for sixteen years. The offence was that the device was an armorial bearing which she had in her possession without license. This may seem severe treatment from our point of view on this side of the water, but the law is right enough for England. Armorial bearings are a matter of property there, and those owning them have a right to the protection of the law. In this country anybody who has money enough to get a crest engraved can take up one from a book of heraldry and use it as freely as if it belonged to him. If some of the St. John four hundred went to England and took their note paper with them, they would be very likely to learn more about the matter.

According to the daily papers, some of the St. John lawyers declined to give the reporters information as to MR. LEE'S transactions, on the ground that by so doing they would be violating professional etiquette. If this meant that they did not want to give details of their clients' affairs, they were right enough, but if it meant that they wished to say nothing about MR. LEE because he was a lawyer, they were all wrong. There is, or should be, an etiquette in every business, but if a man does notoriously wrong, no reason exists why his associates should seek to cloak his offence, whether he be a lawyer, a preacher or a grocer.

If it be true that J. McC. SNOW mayor of Moncton, is alive and well in Boston, but has not thought it worth while to relieve the anxiety of his wife and friends, he is a much meaner man than anybody supposed him to be.

JOYS AND WOES OF OTHER PLACES.

Art Note from Quebec. An advertisement lately painted on the scene of the landslide has been effaced by being painted over with brown paint.—Chronicle.

Crime in Truro. We very much regret to learn that a number of youths in town have been committing depredations in the orchards of our citizens.—News.

They Were Not Lady Like. Yesterday policeman McKenzie cleared the town of the presence of two women who have not been acting in a very lady like manner.—Truro Sun.

A Wall from Pictou. There are too many dogs in Pictou, and some of them have got to become an intolerable nuisance. One belongs to a gentleman, and the sooner that canine is shot the better for the community.—Standard.

East Florenceville Won't Stand It. Would say to those who are running their horses on last Sabbath, a complaint has been lodged against them to the proper authorities, and if not discontinued will take legal proceedings; therefore take warning in future.—Carlton Sentinel.

The Dark Side of City Life. A dead cat which has annoyed the residents on Chipman's hill for some days, should be removed at once.—Sun.

Sergeant Kilpatrick found a rat trap on Main street yesterday morning which the owner can have by applying at the North End police station.—Sun.

Representing the Taylor Safe. J. & J. Taylor, the well known safe makers of Canada have secured the services of Mr. B. Blizard of this city to look after their interests in the maritime provinces. Very many of the readers of PROGRESS know Mr. Blizard personally, because for the past thirteen years he has travelled into every nook and corner of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and P. E. Island selling goods. For eight of these years, latterly, he has been with one firm and resigned only to accept his present position with Messrs. Taylor. It is almost superfluous for PROGRESS to speak of the excellence of Messrs. Taylor's safes and vaults, because almost every public building and every large mercantile establishment is furnished with their manufacture. The word "Taylor" in connection with safes in Canada is synonym for excellence, and so everyone seems to think for the success of Mr. Blizard since he has assumed the agency, has exceeded his best expectations. His headquarters will be in St. John where communications will always reach him.

THE SUIT STILL GOES ON.

A Case in Which Neither of the Parties is Likely to Be Pleased. A certain Mr. Poirier was plaintiff and Severe Legere defendant, in an action of assumpsit tried in the city court of Moncton some months ago before Judge Kay. Verdict and judgment were given for the plaintiff; C. E. A. Simonds for plaintiff, and R. B. Smith for defendant. With this judgment Mr. Severe Legere was dissatisfied and he, through his lawyer, R. B. Smith, applied to Mr. Justice Palmer for review.

Mr. Justice Palmer granted an order for review, which was argued on by both sides, and after the argument the said judge on review said he would make an order vacating the order of review. This did not satisfy either the plaintiff or defendant or their lawyers. Mr. Simonds then, on behalf of his client, Poirier, applied to Judge Palmer for an order affirming the judgment before Judge Kay in the city court. Judge Palmer did not grant that, but made an order vacating the order of review.

Mr. Simonds and Mr. Smith were both dissatisfied with this order and both wanted to appeal to the Supreme court. Mr. Simonds got ahead of Mr. Smith and brought the matter before the Supreme court en banc at Fredericton. The said court refused to interfere with the order of Mr. Justice Palmer. Mr. Simonds then served copies of Mr. Justice Palmer's vacating order on the defendant Severe Legere and Judge Kay; and asked for and got an execution from Judge Kay for the amount of the judgment, being less than \$20, and had it placed in the hands of constable Keith. Severe Legere paid the amount of the execution under protest, and being still dissatisfied, got his lawyer, R. B. Smith, to issue writs in the county court of Westmorland, which were just served on the plaintiff below, Poirier, his lawyer was C. E. A. Simonds.

Judge Kay and Constable Keith and the last four gentlemen named are now dissatisfied. As to the probable result, "we will see what we will see," but the case bids fair to go from stage to stage till it reaches the supreme court en banc.

PERTINENT AND PERSONAL.

Mr. J. M. Scovil, of Scovil, Fraser & Co., of this city, and Scovil, Fraser & Page, of Halifax, returned Tuesday from a ten days visit to the capital of Nova Scotia. The clothing house of the firm in that city is pushing the trade in much the same way as Scovil, Fraser & Co. are doing in St. John. Mr. Scovil got a better idea of a good many things by his visit. Among them, of the circulation and popularity of PROGRESS in Halifax, with the result that on his return here he placed another contract with this paper to advertise their business there.

W. H. Murray, of Moncton, called at Progress office last Thursday, shook hands in his own pleasant fashion, chatted for a few minutes and hurried away on his business. He was in good health, and bright and cheerful as usual. Monday morning a telegram brought intelligence of his sudden death. The news was a great shock to his friends, and he had many of them. PROGRESS' acquaintance with him began with its first number, and its business relations with him were invariably pleasant and satisfactory. His earnest sympathy is extended to Mrs. Murray, whose loss is rendered doubly sad by its suddenness.

Mr. Strand is Well Known to All.

Mr. R. Percy Strand, organist of Trinity church, has been so devoted to the study of electrical science during the last year that he has not been taking music pupils. It will, however, be seen by announcement in another page of PROGRESS that he has decided to resume his professional work, and is now ready to receive pupils. Mr. Strand is so well known to the musical public that no introduction of him to the readers of PROGRESS is necessary at this time.

Abstract Philosophy.

There is no past for man; his every deed act and thought, has its influence, hour after hour, in his experience, as he lives his life, in time and throughout eternity! There is no present for man; whether it be life or death, joy or sorrow, sickness or health, or whatever it is, whilst he speaks or thinks it becomes the past! There is no future for man; to him the past is an ever living present, and of the future he only realizes it when it becomes the past!

Is It An Innovation?

EDITOR PROGRESS.—In my letter which appeared in your paper last week there is an error, which I would like very much to have corrected—as printed. I am made to say that "I have always understood the chasuble to be a distinctly ecclesiastical vestment." What I intended to say was—"eucharistical vestment," which gives a much better idea of what I meant. The much better idea of what I meant. The error, no doubt, arose from the fact that I wrote the letter in a hurry and accidentally used the wrong word. LAYMAN.

KINGSTON, KENT CO.

Aug. 24.—A very interesting event took place this morning at "Baldwin Place," the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hazen Russ, in which their niece, Miss Jean M. Smith, was united in marriage to Mr. Christopher Holding, of W. H. Thorne's employ, St. John. The ceremony which took place at nine o'clock was performed by Rev. Wm. Hamilton in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends. The bride looked charming in a dress of cream cashmere with trimmings of chiffon and ribbon, and was attended by her sister, Miss Birdie, and Miss Jessie Pardee, of St. John, while Mr. Burpee Eaton, also of St. John, supported the groom. The happy couple left by the eleven o'clock train on a tour to Boston and New York. Mr. Holding is to be congratulated in securing one of Kingston's fairest and most popular young ladies for his bride. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and valuable presents. Mr. and Mrs. Holding carry with them many hearty wishes for their future happiness.

HALIFAX.

The mammoth bazaar in aid of St. Mary's glebe house is full swing at the drill shed, which, one of the papers, by the way, has re-christened the "old rink," for reasons of its own. No matter what it is called, it looks very bright, smart and pretty with all its bunting, flowers and evergreens; the fountain in the centre of the floor being the greatest possible addition, with its display, pleasant sound and awfully good first table to the right on entering is St. Patrick's, and it contains any amount of pretty things to tempt people's purses. The judge presiding was Mr. John Finn, Mrs. Meagher, Mrs. Mulcahy, Mrs. O'Brien, Mrs. Wakely, Mrs. Fultz, Mrs. Anderson; and they are assisted by a young ladies' committee, who have a tremendous amount of business to attend to in raffling. Really there never was a bazaar held in Halifax which the things raffled were so wonderfully well worth having. Putting out of the question the trip to Boston which is quite unheard of, and the drawing suite, and the silver table sets, and the most tempting dinner table imaginable standing all ready laid; waiting, one may remark, only for the viands. It has a silver lamp, with a beautiful shade, four little silver candelsticks, with the same shades in miniature, a strip of brocade, a pair of match down the centre of the table, and very dainty little dessert dishes and loaves and cakes scattered about. Who does not think that a chance in so much luxury is cheap at fifty cents?

St. Mary's table comes next with Mrs. M. J. Power in charge, and under a huge and most charmingly capable staff of ladies. Miss Murphy's work adorns this table, and the display is really far and away better than that of the Wanderers' bazaar.

Miss Brown's very interesting little collection of painted china which has been on view during the week at Hart & Mylius shop, in Hollis street, is to be drawn for at an early date. The tickets are going off rapidly, which is not to be wondered at; for they are only twenty-five cents each, so that people can invest in four chances for a dollar, and carry off, if they are lucky, many dollars worth of china. There are twelve prizes, all pretty and artistic. But Miss Brown's work is too well known to need much comment on that score.

Among the ladies assisting Mrs. M. J. Power are Mrs. O'Connor, Mrs. Fanning, Mrs. Egan, Mrs. Suttelle, Mrs. Neville, Mrs. Christie, Mrs. Macdonald, Mrs. Horneum, Mrs. Macdonald, Mrs. Gough, Mrs. Perrier, Mrs. Marsden and Mrs. J. Heenan; while the young ladies are the Misses Gough, Neville, Egan, Donahoe and Kutter. This table, which tickets can be bought at the bazaar, is the lucky winners to go to Boston at an expense of twenty-five cents.

Next comes St. Joseph's table, which shows up wonderfully well, even when contrasted with those of the larger churches. This was a most popular and well frequented corner of the bazaar, where the original idea in connection with this table; a tree loaded with dolls, each one of which had a name. One of these names is identical with the name of the small doll also obtains the large one. Whose idea this is I do not know, but it seems a very excellent one. The ladies in charge of St. Joseph's table are Mrs. G. Griffin, the Misses Sullivan and Miss O'Donnell, who seemed to be making money very quickly on Wednesday evening.

The table of the Convent of the Sacred Heart is looked after by Mrs. J. F. Kenny, Mrs. W. Tobin, and Mrs. H. H. Fuller, assisted by Miss Daly, the Misses Kenny, the Misses Dalrymple and Miss Farrell, Mrs. Kinneer, Mrs. W. Wallace, Miss M. Wallace, Miss Worley, Mrs. Scanlon, Mrs. Chisholm and Miss Campbell. In addition to the very good embroidery, cushions, screens, tea cosies, and all manner of useful trifles which adorn this table, there is a table of which I wrote at length a little while ago, "attracts tremendous attention. And there is a delightful 'crazy quilt' also to be seen, which will please anyone, man or woman, who is fortunate enough to become its owner.

The coffee chantant which these ladies had in charge, was, by no means, the least interesting feature of the bazaar. Excellent tea was served there, and the cakes and sandwiches which accompanied either that or a cup of coffee, were not behind in quality. The pavilion built outside the drill shed to accommodate the patrons of the coffee chantant was simply packed on Wednesday by the Wanderers' society, or the pink of fashion, if it pleases you better. There were nothing much going on after the races, excepting the small dance at the dockyard, and people were glad to finish out the day at the bazaar. Mrs. Kennedy-Campbell's singing drew wonderfully; it was almost the first time she had been heard since her visit to Scotland, and she was rapturously applauded. Captain Howell contributed a little song very nicely, I hear, though it is necessary to confess to having arrived too late to see it. The ladies who handed about unending supplies of hot tea and coffee were pleasant to every one, and uniting in their effort to keep their customer supplied. They all looked very well, as indeed did all the amateur saleswomen.

AMHERST.

[Progress is for sale at Amherst, by George Douglas and H. A. Hillcoat.] Aug. 25.—The church of England fair opened under most favorable and promising auspices. It is quite too early to do the grand event justice as it will not close for three days. The ladies are to be congratulated for their taste and ingenuity which has suddenly transformed the rough and dismal fair building into a bower of beauty. Beginning at the snowy region of Russia where we find Miss Ethel Lowerson and her sister, Mrs. Thorne of St. John, assisted by Miss Aggie Munro and Miss Jean Sutcliffe decked in Russian costume, dispensing where Mrs. Harris monopolizes the deep sea fishing regardless of treaties. Germany is the emporium arranged. Mrs. Munro is at the head of this department with Miss Pines, Miss Fullerton and Miss Chapman. Mrs. McKinnon and Miss Crane represent Spain in full Gipsy costume, and are the vendors of fruits, flowers and lace. The U. S. booth is very pretty and Mrs. Tremaine and Mrs. Blake are bright waitresses. England manages and controls the food supply, and presents a most attractive and loyal appearance, due to the skill of Mrs. Fullerton and Mrs. Hilcott, and the "standing army" from Ireland and Scotland. The new building of all sorts of candy is made and disposed of that the deft fingers of Miss Gates, Miss Purdy and Miss Moore can supply. Mr. Lynds has charge of Italy, and his art gallery certainly presents rivals to Michael Angelo's best production. The flag drill act is the greatest attraction, and many of our best artists are getting so close to the pretty company.

Mrs. J. M. Townshend and family, also Miss Johnson spent the week at Tidnish. Mr. and Mrs. White, of Sand River, are in town for a few days. They are at the Terrace Hotel. Miss Terrie has gone to Pugwash to spend her vacation. Mrs. Pugsley and daughter Mabel have returned from the Island, also Mrs. Hilson and Miss Ella Hilson. Mrs. Atkinson is the guest of Mrs. Bliss. Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Davidson have returned from visiting friends in Pugwash. Miss Cutler, who was to have assisted Miss Lowerson in the fair, has been quite ill for the past week. Mrs. M. E. Beet has also been very ill, but is slightly better at present. Mr. Dixon of Moncton is in town, the guest of Dr. Bliss. Mrs. Wilson and little daughter, Nellie, are the guests of Mrs. Calhoun at the Terrace Hotel. MRS. MALKOW.

CHATHAM.

Aug. 23.—Mrs. Neal and Miss Bertie Pierce are rustivating at Neguec. Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Snowball are spending a few days at Bay du Vin. Mrs. J. Girvan has returned from St. John, where she has been spending a few months. Monday evening Mrs. E. Sutherland and Mrs. H. Davidson left for their homes in St. John. Tuesday evening Mrs. Geo. Watt and Miss Frances Watt returned from Church Point, where they have been spending a few weeks. Miss Myra Hatt, of Fredericton, is the guest of Miss Fotheringham. Last Thursday evening Mrs. Wm. Johnson very pleasantly entertained a number of her friends at a progressive whist party. Friday evening a most enjoyable juvenile party was given by Mrs. J. D. B. MacKenzie in honor of her guest Miss Clara McKay. Miss Clara Campbell, of Fredericton, is the guest of Mrs. P. H. C. Benson. Monday morning Mr. D. M. Logie left for Sussex to attend the annual meeting of the Province of New Brunswick Shooting association. I understand that two picnics are a la tapis for

next Thursday. If the weather be favorable a pleasant time is anticipated.

FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT. Aug. 23.—Miss Dickson, of New York, and Miss S. de Thompson, of Fredericton, are the guests of Mrs. J. B. Snowball. Mr. MacD. Snowball has returned from California. He looks much better from his trip. He will return to California in a short time, where he will reside in the future. Mr. S. S. Harris, of Moncton, was in town on Monday. Mr. Jones and Mr. Grant, of the Bank of Montreal, spent Sunday in Newcastle. Mr. and Mrs. Bruce, of Hamilton, are visiting their son Mrs. C. A. C. Bruce. Mr. F. B. Howard is spending his holidays in Newcastle. Miss Wynne, who has been visiting Mrs. Norton, returned home on Monday. She will be very missed, as she had become a great favorite with everyone. I regret to have to announce the approaching departure of Mr. Norton and family. Miss Constance Winslow is making a short visit to Apolache, whence she goes to Charlottetown, to visit Miss Gertrude, daughter of L. H. Davies. Rev. J. Rattee charned a large congregation last Sunday night in St. Andrew's church. His many friends were delighted to see him again. TOM.

CAMPBELLTON.

[Progress is for sale in Campbellton at the store of A. E. Alexander, wholesale and retail dealer in dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes, hardware, school books, stationery, furniture, carriages and machinery.] Aug. 24.—The funeral of Willie Johnson who was drowned Aug. 9 took place Sunday, and was attended by the children and teachers of the Presbyterian Sunday-school, of which deceased was a member. Mrs. Florrie Rainnie returned from St. John last week. Mrs. Fleming, who was visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Price, has returned to her home in Moncton. Mr. and Mrs. Harris and daughter, who were the guests of Mrs. Desmond, have returned to Montreal. Miss Quinn of St. John and Miss Cruise, of Bathurst, who were visiting here, have returned home. Mr. W. H. Wallace, of Halifax, who is on his way home from England, spent a few days in town with friends. Mrs. Phillips, the Misses Delany and Miss Devereaux, of Moncton, were in town last week. Mr. Thos. Gallagher, of St. John, is visiting his uncle, Mr. James Rainnie, at Terrace Cottage. Mr. James Johnson, of the I. C. R., left for St. John on Saturday to have an operation performed on his eye. Miss Jessie and May Fleming, of Newcastle, are here visiting their aunt, Mrs. J. E. Price. Misses Hazel and Fannie, of St. John, are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. Wm. Rainnie. Mrs. O'Regan and Miss Murphy, of Dalhousie, are in town visiting friends. Mrs. Henry McIntyre is visiting friends in Quebec. Miss Aggie Hamilton, of Moncton, spent a few days in town last week, visiting friends. Mrs. Emma Maher has gone on a short visit to Boston. DAPHNIS.

SACKVILLE.

[Progress is for sale in Sackville at C. H. Moore's bookstore.] Aug. 24.—Mrs. McDougall was welcomed back after her long visit at her home in Pictou; Miss McDougall, of Maitland returned with her. Mr. Lewis Rainnie, of St. John, is visiting his uncle, Mr. James Rainnie, at Terrace Cottage. Mrs. J. S. True-man. Mrs. Foster, of St. John, is visiting her brother, Mrs. J. E. Foster, of St. John. Mr. Robertson has also been the guest of Mr. Foster. Miss Mabel Rainnie spent Monday in Dorchester. She was accompanied by Mr. Charles Bicknell, of Malden, Mass. Miss Ethel Ogden gave a small, but very enjoyable whist party on Tuesday. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Foster, the Misses Black, Foster, Ayr, Knapp and Smith; and Messrs. F. B. Black, Murray, Rainnie and Patterson. Mrs. Farnon entertained a few friends at dinner on Thursday evening. Mrs. Binney is spending a few days at Thorne Cottage. Mr. J. W. Black returned from Chatham on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Parson spent Sunday at Cape Tormentine. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Davis were pleased to see them in town last week. Miss Pauline Bell is spending a few weeks in Shelack. Invitations are out for a small party at Mrs. R. P. Foster's this evening. V. A.

KINGSTON, KINGS CO.

Aug. 23.—Mr. L. T. Robinson and Miss Aggie Lyon, of Boston, are spending a few weeks with Mrs. Chas. Bruce. Quite a large number went on the blueberry picnic Saturday. Among those present were the Misses Northrup, Miss A. Lyon, Mr. J. H. Pickett, G. Bruce, F. Fairweather, A. Northrup and others. Miss Emma Bradshaw, of St. Martin's, has taken charge of the school at Milton. Miss Crandall, of St. John, spent a few days in Kingston last week. Mr. Frank Doane, who has been spending his vacation at home, will return to New York soon. Misses Emma, Ida and Lillie Northrup, of Collina Corner last week. Miss Aggie Lyon was in Hampton on Thursday. Mr. Corey Scribner, of Boston, is home on his vacation. Miss Mildred Nutter, accompanied by her friend, Miss Aiken, is spending her vacation at home. Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. E. Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Morrison spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Lyon. Last evening a large number of invited guests gathered at the residence of Mr. Wesley Nutter. Among those present were Miss Nellie Nutter, Bertie Pitt, Bessie Nutter, Carrie Ezrie, Jennie Nutter, Henry Jones, Bruce Nutter, and many others. Mr. L. T. Robinson and Mr. Frank Doane went on a fishing excursion today. G. V.

TRACADIE.

Aug. 22.—Rev. J. A. Babineau left here for Montreal last week. Miss Maggie Ferguson is in Newcastle, the guest of Mrs. J. D. Croghan. Mrs. John Young is in Newcastle, the guest of her sister-in-law. Miss Louise Blair is here the guest of Miss Annie Young. Mr. J. J. McLaughlin, of St. John, and Mr. Charles Sargeant, of Newcastle, were at Camp McLaughlin last week enjoying splendid fishing. Mrs. J. J. McLaughlin and her daughters Bessie and Annie have been here the past week the guests of her mother, Mrs. Wm. Davidson. They went up to the camp on Monday last to enjoy a week's outing with Mr. McLaughlin. Mr. Riddick, of Chatham, has been here for some weeks past the guest of her sisters the Misses Turner. Mr. C. Turner spent a few days in Chatham this week on business. A large number went to Pokenouche on Tuesday last to attend the Roman catholic picnic, returning the same evening. The picnic was a success in every way. The proceeds are to be appropriated to the building of a new church. The Roman catholics of this place can be of the handsomest church in this province. It is being built of brown freestone and of the handsomest ash and walnut pews have just been put in.

HAMPTON VILLAGE.

Aug. 24.—Miss Ida Seely and Miss Simpson of Boston are visiting Mrs. Edward Seely. Mr. and Mrs. George Dunfield and Miss Dunfield of St. John are spending a few days with Mrs. S. Fairweather. Miss Steeves is spending a few days with her friend, Miss Carrie Mills. Miss Josie City of Sussex spent Monday with Mrs. Wm. Oddy. The Misses Marshall of St. John are the guests of Mr. J. H. Dixon. Mr. James A. Lindsay left on Tuesday for P. E. Island to attend the High Court of I. O. of F. Miss Fairweather, of St. John, is spending a few weeks with her friend, Miss Seely. Miss Kate Johnson of Boston is visiting Mrs. Geo. W. Sharp. Rev. Rannie occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church on Sunday last. Miss Taylor of St. John is visiting Mrs. Earle. A. DALHOUSIE.

[Progress is for sale at H. J. Johnson's.]

Aug. 24.—Mr. McIntyre, of the Chaleur hotel, has returned from Quebec, where he and his sister, Mrs. Mercier, have been attending the Cardinal Taschereau jubilee. Mr. W. M. Sheppard, of Bonaventure, was in town this week. Mr. Wilson Stewart, Montreal, is home on a visit to his parents at "Bellevue." Miss Rachel Gordon is visiting her cousins, the Misses Gordon, here. D.