ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1893.

FLORA AND FAUNA OF THE AUSTRA-LIAN GIPPSLAND ALPS.

Peculiar Habits of the Lyre Bird-Giant Trees of Southern Latitudes-Revenge is Sweet-Sources of Water Supply-With an Old Miner and Party.

His selection was large, as ornothologists muster 650 distinct species of Birds in Australia to 500 in Europe. Notwithstanding the Lyre bird's imitative powers it never flies under an alias but always holds to its own distinct alarm note.

A certain high note in the well known "mocking bird waltz" is as near to it as it is possible to copy sounds on an instrument. I teel certain that the composer of that beautiful waltz was termiliar with the peruhiar note of the Australian mocking bird.

My journey through those interesting Alps is about ended. In the atternoon of the second day after leaving Woodspoint, the roadway commenced to descend "more rapidly; though still following the ridge l had started on. By sunset I emerged from the dark forest into a beautiful rich level country and halted for the night, in the village of Healsville, and there enjoyed the comforts of a good country inn, and a chat with the proprietor, a New Brunswicker, a ship carpenter from St. John, whom I had previously known.

The next day's ride of forty or fifty miles to Melbourne was through a country, rich in agriculture and vineyards, and watered by the river Yarra, that takes its rise in the mountains I had just left, to flow leisurely in a meandering course until it passes Melbourne, under Princess bridge and empties into Hobson Bay.

There is one feature of the Australian Alps that I have omitted to refer to, and that is the abundance of water. One of the draw backs to Australia generally is the scarcity of water and the frequency of droughts. The rivers, notwithstanding their high-sounding names, are tame accord ing to an American's idea of rivers. Though rushing and rather portentous in winter are during the dry summer months a delusion and a snare to the thirsty traveller. There are some not unlike the Avon and other rivers at the head et the Bay of Fundy which at certain hours of the day lack the essential element of a river, namely water. Creeks, which are always associated in ones mind with water, held good there a pertion of the year, but it is too often the case that when reached by the weary and water-seeking traveller, he finds cattle and sheep quietly feeding in the bed of the creek, the water having receded into holes a querter to half a mile apart. It is astonishing how long these water wholes will continue to supply not only the wants of man but stock as well.

But in the Gippsland Alps the parallel of opposites is more marked in the matter of water. As mountains intercept clouds and precipitate rain, the Alps therefore enjoy oft and copious rains when other parts are thirsting, thus producing a prolificwegetation and moist-seil necessary to support the heavy growth of timber it is called upon to carry. Water is found everywhererivulets springing from the tops of the mountains and flowing rivers at their base.

Those Alps are the fountain from whence spring the principal sivers of Victoria, also the river Murray, which finds an outlet to the sea in South Australia, about 2,000 miles from its source.

For fear my story about those big trees. may, like the trees, be considered rather tall, I may be permitted to corroborate my statements by copying a few extracts from a Melbourne paper written the following year atterI was there as follows:

The Giant Trees of the Dandenong.

"It may not be generally known that within a few day's journey of the metropolis there gow the lottiest trees of Australia, and perhaps of the world; constituting locally a main part of the forest. In the back gullies of Dandeneng, on the Black Spur, and near the sources of the La Trobe river, as well as in some of the remotest valleys of the Upper Yarra, a kind of encalyptus, botanically known as eucalyptus amygdalina, attains such a marvellous height as to rival, at least, in this respect, the Wellingtonia pipes of California, to which hitherto, the palm of

The trace and roads more recently formed for communication with the mines in the back ranges and the Alps have given facilities of approach to these huge trees, and thus many of them have been subjected to actual measurement. The sheltered position the forest giants in the tern tree gullies and the mutual protection which on the slopes they afford to each other, cause the stems to rise as straight as masts, but with a height far exceeding the masts of any

Indeed it has been ascertained that some

BUSHRANGER'S COUNTRY, feet in circumference at a distance of teet from the ground.

The stems, with the exception of the base, are beautifully smooth and of an ashy color, in as much as the bark periodically secedes. The wood is excellent for shingles, and splits with tacility. It would be curious to calculate how many shingles one of these huge trees would

As I have already stated I did not run against any of these extra fall trees, but plenty away above 200 feet; however, it is difficult to gauge the height of a tree by the eye after it goes beyond 200 feet. They are very deceiving and generally higher than they appear. I had evidence of this on one occasion on Woodspoint. The town was built along one side of the head waters of the Goviburn river. At that point it was a turbulent stream from 50 to 400 feet in width. Across on the opposite side was a camping ground for miners, who used to cross to the town on tallen trees. Behind our store on the other side of the river stood an immense tree which we decided to have cut down to form w natural bridge to direct customers to our place of business. It was eight feet in diameter and we judged it to be 150 feetin height. A man was engaged to fell it. On the second day after commencing he came over and advised us all to clear out of the store as he feared it was not going to Hall where we intended it should. He returned and before long it came sweeping through the air and tell with a crash, all right within 20 teet of the store. It measured 30 feet more than we had estimated.

That afternoon, I noticed another tree being felled some distance down the creek. I judged it to be higher than the one just fallen, and from the experience, just gained. I placed it to fall on or very near a certain. long, low canvas covered shanty; a barbershop "owned by a Boston darkey and as rendezvous of gentlemen of his complectien, or "colored Americans" as they classed themselves. On kindness bent I enteredi to warn the occupants of their danger, that a tree was likely to fall on them. The proprietor was just commencing to remove a quarter century's growth of beard from the face of a white gold digger. Both followed me out. The colored American swinging his bare curly head around, with eyes turned upwards, sung out "Whar, whar, is the tree?" I pointed to the other side of the river where two men were earnestly engaged at the demolition of a stately tree. "There, I said, is the tree I refer to." With a disdainful wave of the hand, still holding the open mazor, and a lock corresponding to his complection, he said "Go way, go way, boss none of your d-n fooling round here!"

they would get a brush for questioning my judgment and ignoring my advice. The American returned to his work and Lite await developments. This particular tree was a beauty. So slender, so straight and so clean, from the base to 125 feet up a man could have carried all the branches it put forth. It seemed an act of vandalism to molest it. Centuries were required to bring it to such perfection but soon it is to be laid low. Forward it comes and with a swish it goes crashing to the earth. The topmost branches reaching on to the back of the shanty and the concussion of air was of such force as to sweep the covering off, leaving nothing standing but the skeleton frame and four or five terrified darkeys and a still more surprised white man. with one side of his face smoothly mown and the other side in ragged despair. enjoyed my revenge, also a hearty laugh, as did the crowd now assembled, at the ludicrous scene, particularly when the boss barber undertook to abuse the men on the opposite bank for attempting to kill

Revenge is sweet. I then began to hope

If Woodspoint is still inhabited that tree will still be doing duty as a footway. The water of the Goulburn that flowed under it and in time becomes quite a formidable river and ultimately joins the great Murry has to travel 2,500 miles before it mingles with the ocean. J. E. WILSON.

Anecdotes of Prof. Blackie.

Apropos of Prot, Blackie's pronouncement that "Germans drink beer, ladies tea men wine, and fools water." it is worth recalling that he was once present at a semi -public dinner, where Free Church Ministers were in the majority, and where, in consequence, all the drinks were temperance ones, and that, when called upon to propose one of the toasts, he rose, held his glass high above his head, so that all might see it, and said: "Mr. Chairman, no man can drink a toast in cold water." This speech, though it provoked laughter, left the party in a very awkward quandary, which, however, the Professor throughly

Here is another story about Prof. Blackof these trees equal the Egyptian Pyramids ie, which is not bad. Not long ago he and the Strasbourg Munster in height. And paid a visit to the sanctum of Mr. David yet it is clearly evident that the tallest of Douglas, the publisher, who is issuing a all has not come within actual measurement. | new book for him, "Christianity and the The height of the loftiest of these eucalypti | Ideal of Humanity," and mentioned that ranges from 400 to 500 feet. It may suffice to state that a fallen tree on the Black tish Home Rule. Mr. Douglas said: "I spur measured 480 feet in length. Anoth- am astonished at your fondness for making er in Dandenong showed a height of 295 an exhibition of yourself." Prof. Blackie, feet to the first branch, the height then ex- without another word, turned on his heel, tending 70 feet in ramifications to the and went away, slamming the door. Presbroken top branch, which still measured ently he came back, opened the door, three feet across. Thus the whole length thrust in his head, and said: "Do you know to the place of fracture was 365 feet. A that that's just what my wife tells me?"—still larger tree at Berwick measured 81 Westminster Gazette.

LIFE OF A BRAKESMAN.

IT IS ONE OF HARDSHIP, PERIL AND UNTHANKFULNESS. .

The People Who Ask Him Questions-The Difficulties in the Way of His Moral Status - 1 Pen Picture of His Work and Daily

The carious fondness for asking foolish questions, just for the sake of saying something, which seems to be part of human navare, shows to special advantage in a railway car, where the cold conventionalities of society are cast aside, and a sort of universal Brotherhood of Railway Travellers prevails. The men and women who may be the dullest, most indifferent mertals maginable, when seen in the familiar setting of their own home life, become pessessed of a thirst for information which a whole encyclopedia would scarcely quench, and they beguile the tedium of any journey they undertake, with a series of questions, which would seem, to the intelligent mind, to be utterly ununswerable. They lie in wait for the hadless brokeman or conductor, and pounce upon him each time he passes through the train, as a spider p nunces upon a fly, and any answer he hooses to give, is accepted in perfect with. I heard a railway man say once, that as long as a man preserved a respectful manner, and did not laugh in the guestioner's face, no statement was too absurd for a passenger to accept as gospel. All they wanted was information of some kind, as long as there was plenty of it they were not particular as to either the quality or reliability of the matter turnished. For instance-if a train slows up at a time when the passengers are not expecting a stop, they want to knew, as one man, why the pouse was made, and if the hurrying brakesman who comes rushing shrough the car soon after the stoppage, only has, presence of mind enough to shout over his shoulder that "Ske slipped her bitching gear" he further molestation until something else happens to excite their consisty, because they will be too much occapied in exchang-

going to get there betere dark. I have heard people complain of the incivility of railway men and say that it is almost ampossible to get a polite enswer, from either a conductor or a brakesman, that one could rever succeed in catching the door of the bar-room, which his princithe eye of either when their assistance was ples will not allow bin to enter, when that required and speak generally as if the chief master is partaking of a little much-needed duty of the travelling public consisted in liquid refreshment, with a touching reporting the train crew at every opportu- devotion which not only proves his faithfulnity and abusing them behind their backs ness, but also affords satisfactory evidence,

ing notes and questioning each other as, to

the probable extent of the damage, and

possible dength of the detention it will

cause, to give him any more trouble, antil

some one wants to know whether it is cold

out of doors now, and whether he thinks it

senger seizes him by the coat eleeve and

The person who travels on a pass is usu- is inside. ally the most vigorous kicker. I have given the subject some attention myself, and have arrived at the conclusion that it conductors and brakesmen don't go straight to glory, after death, then patience is a virtue which does not count. I believe brakesmen have the reputation of being very profane as a class, and never losing an opportunity of making a few cursory remarks, but I fancy that if the most decorous and pious young man who ever went as delegate to a Y. M. C. A. convention, could take the would learn to swear with a vigor and fluhis return he might be willing to admit that circumstances alter cases, swearing is ly unavoidable, and the train hands not

such very bad tellows after all. man, and one greatly to be feared because he is as absolutely in command of the train, and all it contains, as the captain of a merchantman on his ship, or a native Indian prince in his own dominions; but somehow no one ever seems to take much count of the brakesman, until he gets crushed to death in coupling cars, and then of course, the interest and excitement that his sad fate calls torth, come too late to benefit him in the least, and they seldom take a sufficiently permanent or tangible form, to be of much assistance to his bereaved wife and children, it he happens to have any. His life can

suited for their work if they were; but they | would do credit to a mastiff. Once more | voice:-

PREPAREFOR CHRISTMAS.

TIMELY ADVICE."

Now is the time to Purchase Materials for Embroidering and the making up generally of a thousand and one articles suitable for Hoilday Gifts.

Stamped Linen Pieces, such as D'Oyley Tray Cloths, Table Centres, Five O'Clock Teas, Handkerchief Cases, Glove Cases, Toilet sets, Commode Covers, Bureau Scarfs, Sifeboards. Many of the above for cutting out and buttonholing.

Denim Fancy Work is Cushions and Table Cevers, stamped and printed Denim Art Draperies by the yard.

Tinted Fancy Work, Serento Work, Mossic Work. The above in D. Oyleys, Cushions, Table Covers, etc.; Openwork Linea D'Oyleys, Centre

Pancy Linen Fringes, Fancy Silk Fringes, Rope Liner Threads, metalic Embroidery Floss, Rope Silk, Roman Floss.

Brown and Black Burlap Canvas for Shopping Bags, Handles for Bags. All kinds of Canvas for Fancy Work, Art Liness by the yard, Embroidery Linens, Smooth Felts in all Colors.

Small Spools Knitting Silks. Large Spools Pearsalls Filoselles, Embroid-Colored Art Linen Pieces in Centre pieces, Scarfs and Five O'Clock's Colors: Art Blue, Art Yellow, Art Pink. Stamped Cotton Shams with mottoes, such as "Good Night," "Good Morn-

Silk Bolting Cloths, Bolton Art Cloth. Art Serges in Colors, Art Silks, Art Sateens, Art Cretonnes, Art Silkalines, Ball Crochet Cord in all the Art Colorings

Zephyr Wool, Andalusian, Priscilla Wool, Berlins, Yarn, etc. Berlin Slippers, Soiled Linen Bags, Slipper Bags, Duster Bags,

BASKETS, BASKETS, BASKETS. An immense variety of Fancy Baskets for the Hohday Season, suitable for tlimming up with Fancy Ribbons.

Just as we were closing up a few nights ago-

a young man came in to see an ulster. Never

wore a ready-made, but thought, perhaps, he

could get one to fit. Tried one on-just fitted,

"Can't we sell you a suit?" "Oh, no,

MAKE EARLY SELECTIONS. EXERCISE WISDOM. ALLISON. MANCHESTER. ROBERTSON

are as a rule a brave and taithful class of men who take their lives in their hands many times each day, besides holding in those grimy members the lives of hundreds of others, men with whom'duty always comes first even at the risk of life itself, and to whom the public certainly owe some better return than a perpetual grumbling because the high cap, and sometimes greasy jumper are worn by a man, and not a being who is a sort of compromise between a medieval saint, and a bureau of universal intermation.

HIS POWERS OF DECEPTION.

Dogs are not Far Behind their Masters in the Deceiving Art.

Did you ever see a dog who had been on a spree? Perhaps not, and perhaps you never knew that dogs were addicted to following the example set them by their betters in that line; many people seem very much surprised when the idea is sugrested to them. but it is a fact all the same. and a dissipated dog returning some after a night with the boys, is about as mean a spectacle as anyone could wish to see. I really think hellocks just a shade worse, it possible than his master does under the same circumstances. Itss a curious fact, but one well substantiated by reliable, not to say expert, testimony; that the dog who is unfortunate enough to belong to a bibulous masit going to snow, or until some rural pas ter is never known to choose the same time for an outbreak as his owner, he seems to inquires excitedly, how many guiles it is realize that it is imperative for one member now to Backwoodsville and whether she is sof the family to keep sober and be in a condition to take care of those who are less fortunate; so he guarde his superior officer earefully when that gentleman is having what he calls "a llittle fun;" keeps him well in sight, and hangs patiently around to all whom it may concern, that his master

I don't know when our dog first took to

dissipated ways, he has been most carefully brought up, and never, either by precept or example, has received the least encouragement to depart from the path of the sober and respectable tax payer, But nevertheless I have had satisfactory evidence that he has lapsed from the way he should go, and taken the first steps of a downward career. In fact I have just watched him limping up the street, on his return from making a night of it, and a more place of a brakesman for a single day, he ridiculous sight it would be difficult to imagine. Of course he is perfectly unconency which would paralyze his former as- sious of being observed, and therefore the sociates, before the trip was over and on true dog comes out, and a dilapidated article it is; his ears usually so silky, are filled with burrs, his pretty dappled legs, usually sometimes not only excusable but absolute- like a plover's breast in their brown and cream, are all brown now, but it is with mud, dirty marshy mud that coats his plump The conductor, of course, is a mighty little body almost up to his back, and gives him a uniform color of soiled drab. His tail hangs nearly on the ground, dragged down with a combination of shame and mud which makes it too heavy to be borne and he is ploughing along in the diagonal manner always affected by a dog who has a definite purpose in view and no time to waste in accomplishing it. His eyes are red, and dirty little rivulets of moisture traverse his downcast brown face, as if he were already weeping in anticipation of the thrashing, he so richly deserves, and will not get. He is quite close to the house now, and just as anxious, in his deceitful scarcely be said to be one of meteoric splen- heart to avoid observation as any man dour but still it often comes to an end with would be in his place. He takes a rapid ally lowering your voice; but mind-mum's almost meteoric suddenness, leaving scarcely but exhaustive survey of the windows, the word!" a memory behind; a brief notice in the blinking his watery eyes to see more papers of "Another Railway Accident;" the clearly, and then, the coast being clear, he trooping into the park. Sancho was at his usual condemnation of the prevailing system | finds the hole in the tence which he dug | post pricking up his ears. of car coupling, which nobody pays the out when he was a puppy and has kept least attention to ;a statement of the amount open ever since, struggles painfully through doubts will soon be dissipated," said the for which he was insured, and the matter is and is a changed dog in five seconds. First | Marquis; "will you be the first to try the forgotten. A hard life, a cruel death, and he finds a soft spot in the half frozen grass, experiment, madame?" then oblivion, as far as this world is con- rolls and rubs himself, for a moment, gives a vigorous shake, mounts the veranda louder and more effective for the purpose



suit." Couldn't get him even to look at one.

OAK HALL,

King St., Corner Germain.

The SCOVIL. Shop.

Bought the ulster.

it's bad enough to have to

buy a ready made ulster, but

I couldn't go a ready-made

But he will some day...

FRASER St. John.

he is at home, and rehabilitated, at least in his own eyes, no one is aware of his sins he fondly imagines, so the past lies behind, the future is still a blank and the glorious present is his own. Presently he begins to think of dinner, and so atches at the door with the lordly impatience of one who is sure of his position, but feels that its importance is scarcely being recognized.

I let him in, and he enters with a breezy haste, and a boisterous joy at seeing me, which is intended to distract my attention, and telling me he has spent the entire morning in an eager search for me, which has only just been successful.

Of course the dog is at a disadvantage in not having had language bestowed upon him with which to conceal his thoughts, but still he does the best he can with the means at his command; and when he has had the advantage of constant association with man, and the opportunity of observing his little ways, he is really not far behind him in powers of deception.

GEOFFREY CUTHBERT STRANGE. WONDERFUL ECHO.

But Not Just What the Marquis Expected it

At Madame Arabelle's the conversation turned upon echoes, and a lady in the company declared that she knew of one that

repeated a sound nine or ten times. "Pooh! that is nothing," said the Mar-

beat yours into fits." "Impossible!" said everybody in chorus.

"You can easily put it to test, if you like." row to hear for ourselves."

the Marquis took his departure, meditating a little scheme of his own. On reaching his mansion he sent for his old lackey, San-

"You are up to all sorts of tricks, old chap; do you think you could manage to play the part of an echo?"

"Certainly my lord; you have only to shout Ho! Ho! and I repeat the same."

"Very well, to-morrow afternoon you shall go and stand in that clump of trees behind the lake and repeat thirty times any call that you may hear, gradu-

Next day his lordship's friends came

"Now, ladies and gentlemen, your

"No, thanks, Marquis, your voice is

I don't mean to assert that train men are steps with the air of a conqueror, and sends than mine."

Whereupon the Marquis inflated his saints; far from it, they would scarcely be forth a peal of deep-toned barks, which lungs and called out at the top of his

"Are you there?" "To which the echo made answer: "Yes,

(Curtain.) Watching the Press. The thoroughness of Press censorship in

my lord, I've been here a couple of hours!"

Austria is demonstrated by an amusing story told in a German newspaper. An editor, being at his wit's end for a leading article, had the inspiration at the last moment to print these lines :-

"After carefully perusing the leading article written for the present number by one of the ablest of our contributors, we have arrived at the conclusion that it may be misinterpreted by the authorities, and regarded as an attack upon the Government. We ourselves consider it to be perfeetly innocent; but as we are unwilling. for our readers' sake, as well as for our own, to have our newspaper confiscated. we have very unwillingly, though, as we think, prudently, resolved to withdraw the article. This must serve as an apology to our readers for the blank space in our present issue." Imagine the shock with which he heard from his clerk the next morning that the paper had been confiscated by the police. "For what reason?" asked the astonished editor. "For malicious ridicule of the institutions of the Austrian Empire by the omission of the leading article," replied the clerk.

Japs in Australia.

Large numbers of Japanese are appearing in the Australian colonies. There are two peculiarities about them, which will tell quis; "I have an echo in my park that can both upon the future character of the population among whom they settle and the present character of the labour problem. The first is, they go to stay as genuine em-"Very good, we will step across to-mor- igrants, and with no intention of returning to their native land. In this respect they "Yes, come without fail," and so saying, differ intirely from Chinese, who, if possible, must find their way back to China alive or dead. The Chinaman is a mere periodical migrant who wants to make his little pile among the Outer Barbarians, and then return to the Flowery Land to spend his declining years and to be buried in the land of his fathers. The second thing is, that wherever they go they are displacing Chinese labour. They are in every way superior to Chinese servants, and in Australia command wages on the Australian or English scale. Men and women alike emigrate, and the Japanese Government favors the emigration.

Two of a Kind

A certain lady, having had a few hot words with her husband one day, had ocvant for some fish for dinner.

"Jane," she said, "go to town as soon as you can and get me a plaice."
"Indade an' I will, ma'am," said Jane, "an' I may as well get wan for myself, for I can't put up with the master any more

Wore Itself Out.

than yourself."

Arthur: "And do you really love me.

Mabel: "If I did'nt, do you suppose I could possibly endure hearing you ask that silly question thirty or forty times a day?"