# Sunday Reading.

A Secular Paper Has Some Sensible Words On this Subject.

spoke at Chautauqua on "the attitude of | the conditions were very different. The the workingmen toward the Churches says the N. Y. Sun." He divided the workingmen into three classes, so far as religion goes: those who are dominated by the Church and tear it, those indifferent to it, and those hostile to it.

ble to workingmen specifically than to the population generally. Religious belief, religious indifference, and opposition to the Church prevail everywhere in civilization; though infidelity is probably much more frequent proportionately among the rich than among the poor. Neither is there any reason why the attitude of the workingmen to the church should be influenced by the circumstance that they work for daily wages, except that, with less material and temporal prosperity, the promises of rich spiritual compensations in the life to come, which religion offers, may bring to them more consolation than they have for those whose earthly existence is more prosperous. Religion says that wealth or poverty, luxury or hardship here, is a transitory condition of no essential importance; and that the only riches really worth possessing or obtaining are the spiritual treasures of eternal value and permanence.

Hence when the Socialist assailed the Church on the ground that "the clergy do not assist the workingman in his efforts to better his condition," he made an utterly unjustifiable attack. The Church exists solely for the purpose of bettering the condition of the workingman and every other man. It is founded on that theory only. Its whole efforts are expended to that end, and to that end exclusively. It is not working for any selfish advantage to itself or to any party, but for the good of all mankind, which good, according to its belief, depends on the acceptance by all of the conditions of salvation that it lays down as imposed by God himself.

If the theory of the Church is sound, there is no way of bettering the workingman's condition except its way, and he can get assistance to that end from the Church only. He cannot better himself, according to its teaching, unless he betters himself spiritually, and fits himself for citizenship in heaven; and whether a man is rich or poor the same necessity rests on him. It does not measure wealth or poverty by earthly standards, but by the everlasting standards of heaven. The basis of all the evils of human society, it teaches, is disobedience to the law of God, and the only cure for them is obedience to that law. That remedy it seeks to apply by cultivating in men the love of God, as essential to their peace here and eternal peace hereafter.

The socialistic lecturer at Chautauqua maligned the best friend the workingman has. He assailed the one institution which is organized and conducted for preserving and propagating the Christian doctrine of the brotherhood of humanity, and which is solely and unremittingly occupied in the effort to elevate the race. As a matter of individual opinion, he might have denied the efficacy of the means employed by the Church, but he could not truthfully deny that the Church is laboring to improve the condition of the workingmen in the only way in which, according to its belief, the improvement can come. The Church is for no other purpose than to make men better.

### AFTER EIGHT CENTURIES.

At Schlestadt, in Alsace, is a very ancient church, founded about the year production of the Holy Sepulcher, at Jerusalem, but was never completed after the original plan, and during the centuries since its commencement, has been greatly neglected and suffered to fall into decay, and it is only within a few years

In repairing the floor of the church an opening was found, giving access Lawo stairways to two subterranean chambers. On further exploration these were found to contain four tombs, three of which were resemblance to a human figure that the architect in charge caused a plaster cast to be taken of the impression in the mortar, which resulted in the head and bust of a ot view. woman, who had evidently been buried in

greatest interest among the Alsatian archæologists, and after carefully studying the matter they have come to the conclusion that the woman whose features have been so strangely preserved to us was the daughter of the Countess Hildegarde, the founder of the Church. Towards the end of the eleventh century Alsata was ravour and have the block places and better that the exception of the episcopal minister at that time in Charlottetown there was not another of any demomination.

Our students with their present excellent of the eleventh century Alsata was ravaged by the black plague, and history records that Hildegarde, her son Conrad, and her daughter Adelaide all succumbed to the terrible melady. Evidently, then well adoing the form of the eleventh century, Christianity was introduced by Roman catholic concerns them when they reflect upon the fact that A. B. Pierson, "About one hundred years and her daughter Adelaide all succumbed to the terrible melady. Evidently, then well adoing the fact that ago, Senghuni, a distinguished official, this noble lady was given the horier of a to recite his Greek lesson. church burial, notwithstanding the panic which the pestilence must have caused; but to prevent contagion, her grave was illustration of the religious enthusiasm of immediately filled up with mortar, a the Russians, and their desire to extend method of burial which has had advocates, the knowledge of truth. The authorities even in the present century. The soft mortar took a perfect imprint as it hardeninto Siberia and bring back a lot of Buded around her torm, which it retained after the body itself had entirely decayed. In spite of their loudly-expressed dissent. in the tomb of the seventeenth century, are Christians."

WORKINGMEN AND THE CHURCH | where it has been safely preserved to the present day.

The somewhat similar imprints of human bodies found at Pompeii will natur-Last Wednesday a Chicago Socialist ally be suggested in this connection, but bodies of those who perished in the great eruption that destroyed that city were covered over with a mass of volcanic ashes, which hardened around them and safely preserved their form for nearly eighteen hundred years. But the material was coarse, and little but the general form of the bodies can now be distinguished. In Such a classification is no more applica- this medieval grave, however, the grain of the mortar was so fine that the features. even the expression are well preservand the sad but noble countenance of medieval countess shows her to have been worthy of her high station. Even after the lapse of eight hundred years we can hardly avoid a feeling of sorrow at her sad tate, which was the indirect means of preserving her features to future generations of mankind .- Popular Science News.

### THE CHARTREUSE PERES.

The Midnight Mass and the Rigid Life of This Silent Order.

I made a visit on the 16th and 17th inst. to the Convent La Grand Chartreuse, which lies off the mountains south of here and Chambery, and north of Grenoble. I stayed all night in the convent and attended midnight mass. My bedroom (No. 13) was about half as big as that little bedroom you and I occupied at Jesi during our Italian trip, but more plainly furnished. As I couldn't sleep very well, I got up and went to mass at a quarter to eleven, stayed there nearly two hours, and then went to bed at 2 a. m. At a few minutes before eleven the monks (Peres, not Freres) came filing in from their cells, each carrying a little lantern. Not one of them uttered a word for some time; then one of them made a slight noise as though with his knuckles on a desk, and the Latin chant of about four notes began, and continued with slight interruptions for an hour and three-quarters. Then each relighted his little lantern, put out the light held in a little reflector on the breast (to light up the book before him), and as silently as they came they went off to their cells.

There are forty Peres or Pretres there, and torty-four Freres. The Peres are the earliest school education was under the re advanced, live in their cells from week's end to week's end, except for their church services at midnight and one meal together on Sundays and church holidays These Peres never speak to each other nor to any one whatever except when out on a promenade, which they take once a week. The Freres do the business of the convent, and are less restricted; though they never go outside of the twelve-acre walled en-closure, without permission. No woman is ever allowed to go inside of that walled enclosure, except by written permission from the Pope, and Queen Victoria was the last one having that permission.

My trip to this convent, though a beauti-

ful mountainous country, and the last nine kilometers up the side of a mountain torrent, delighted me greatly. There was nothing but a mule path to this convent until 1854, and their idea of living "dans une solutude absolue" was well carried out for nearly eight hundred years. It is a strange idea of God and of the way to get to heaven, that you should abandon the world and all its trials and duties so that you may please Him and gain a happy hereafter. I used to call this bandbox virtue, but now I withdraw condemnation till I know their individual griets and mental makeup. It is at least better than suicide; for time is almost always curative, and re-Curious Discovery of Tombs in an Old flection and study bring peace and mental equanimity. I will add that the Freres I met were pleasant, intelligent men, charging me moderately, and treating me well; and when I left the convent between eight 1087 by the Empress Hildegarde, great-grandmother of the Emperor Frederick Barbarossa. It was intended to be a re-production of the Holy Sepulcher, at Jebefore he closed the door behind me .-Hartford Courant.

### The Pope at the Vatican.

Alone perhaps of those who are obliged to live at the Vatican, the Pope seems to enjoy the intense summer heat, and conthat the restoration of this interesting tinues in good health despite the atmos-monument has been decided upon. phere of that part of the Eternal City, which, since the time of the ancient Romans, has always been reputed insalubrious. Unlike his predecessors, he cannot retire to the Quirinal, which was built partly that it might serve as a summer residence, nor can he leave Rome en villeempty, while the fourth tomb, which was giature. The Vatican, however, warm as it is, contains some apartments that are probably built in the seventeenth century, cool, owing to the thickness of the walls. was filled with rubbish, among which was a The historic Tower of Leo, which has lately block of mortar bearing so strong a been restored and fitted up for the hot sea-

Presbyterianism in P. E. Island.

the crypt of the church hundreds of years ago. The teatures and expression were wonderfully well preserved, and even the texture of the clothing was visible.

Naturally, such a discovery excited the Naturally, such a discovery excited the history of the Island took place in the history of the Island took place in the terrible malady. Evidently, then, walk a daily distance of three or four miles professed conversion and was baptised

A writer of the day gives an amusing the various vicissitudes of the church the grave was disturbed, perhaps by an invading army, and finally what remained of the contents was gathered together and placed contents was gathered together and placed contents was gathered together and placed church, at the request of a Corean official who had become a Christian, while Corean Ambassador to Japan, began the first protestant mission by sending from China amheret N S

NEWS AND NOTABILIA.

The 1,010th anniversary of the Parish Church of Chester-le-Street, Eng. has just been celebrated.

I have often thought what a melancholy world this would be without children, and what an inhuman world without the aged .-

Rev. T. Barras, rector of St. Michael's, London, is suffering from illness contracted by a conscientious endeavor to ascertain personally the condition of the vaults of his church, which are crowded with the dead.

Umbrella stealing is said to be of frequent occurrence in St. Paul's Cathedral. It has actually been found necessary to post up a notice warning people against umbrella thieves, and the presence of a de-tective in the Cathedral has been found de-

'Good actions, done by the grace of God, do, in His mercy, draw down fresh grace, and are the earnests of future good, and the commencement of habits of good. And evil actions, contrariwise, forfeit the grace of God, and are the parents of further evil acts and evil habits

The South London Presbytery is considering a novel point. An elder recently resigned his connection with the congregation which elected him, but contended that, once an elder always an elder," he had a right to serve on a committee to which he had been appointed by the presbytery. The presbyters will shortly give their deci-

The lete Bishop Mackenzie was very observant, and a relative recently gave an interesting example of this. During the first days of his voyage out to South Africa the Bishop suffered badly from sea-sickness, but one afternoon he noticed a tin case of arrowroot which constantly tumbled over until laid on its larger face. He took the For Neuralgia hint, laid himself on his back, and found great relief.

It is reported in the Roman Catholic papers that the Paulist Fathers are planning a new aggressive campaign for the purpose of converting protestants to Roman catholicism. They say that hitherto the chief effort of the church has been to make Catholics more catholic. Now they must go direct to protestants and put before them the claims of the church and the need of membership in it.

Henry John Pope, whose election to the Presidency of the British Wesleyan conference was announced, is fifty-seven years of age. His mother was for many years a devoted and successful class leader. His charge of Charles Welsh, an eminent local For Falling out of Hair preacher. He entered the conference work in 1858, at the age of twenty-two His advance in appointments was rapid In 1876 he became chapel secretary, and has since conducted that important connectional department of Wesleyan methodism.

It is the sorest disadvantage of riches when it makes their possessor poor in spirit. Nobody claims that this is true in the great majority of cases. Nobody denies its truth in conspicuous and offensive instances. The poor man has the advan-tage of the rich one if he so modifies his ideals that he can not only reach them but derive that content, and compass that moral and intellectual expansion, that seem in the human comedy to be denied to those whose aims are toward a wholly material prosperity and sensuous pleasures. It is the adaptation of the end to the means that suffices. Few of us need be poor .- [Brook-

The Salvation army is about to be supplemented by a navy. Their first cruiser is at present on the ways at the corner of Spear and Main streets, San Francisco, where a small army of red-shirted mechanics are busy putting on the finishing touches and getting the craft ready to carry the war into the enemy's quarters along the Sacramento and San Jouquin rivers and around San Francisco Bay. Another cruiser is expected to be built for attacking Satan in the East. It will not be long before a cruiser will be plying along the Sound and New York Bay capturing converts whenever chance offers.

Amongst the many noble acts of devotion to duty recorded of the officers and crew of the late battle ship "Victoria" as she suddenly turned over and went down to the bottom of the Mediterranean, the unselfish conduct of the young midshipman, Herbert Lanyon, who stood beside the Commander-in-Chief to the last and sank with him at the post of duty, will not be forgotten. The parents of the late midshipman have sent the lad's savings to the Missions to Seamen, as the most appropriate destination for the remaining property of one who had set such a noble example to his brother seamen of unselfish devotion

The organs of the Orthodox Church report that a redivision of the bishoprics of the Russian church has been decided upon, consisting mostly of a further division of the present vast dioceses. At present the Church of Russia is divided into sixtythree bishoprics, of which thirty-four are vicariates. Those number in all some 34,000 congregations, with 60,000 churches, chapels and other houses of worship. Each bishopric thus averages about 500 congregations and 900 places of worship. Only one bishopric has less than one million members, six of them have more than two million. It has been decided to divide the larger diocese and to increase the number of vicariates.

The prevailing religion of Corea is

Buddhism. Some of the most learned being disciples of Confucius, and some hold-

ing a religion resembling one of those of Japan. In the 17th century, Christianity under the name of Peter · · · The Government became alarmed; the priesthood led on a persecution, and the Catholic converts recanted or fled to China, or endured torture and martyrdom. In 1835 Roman catholic missions again found a way into Corea, by way of China and Mant-chooria, and the Jesuits claimed 15,000 the board of the American presbyterian church, at the request of a Corean official

medical missionary, H. M. Allen.

Messages of Help for the week.

1. "Blessed is the man that keepeth the Sabbath from polluting it. For thus saith the Lord unto them that keep my Sabbaths, and choose the things that please me. Unto them will I give in mine house and within my walls a place and a name better than sons and daughters: I will give them an everlasting name that shall not be cut off." Isaiah, Lvi: 2, 5.

2. "Be ye kind one to another, tender hearted, forgiving one another, even as God for Christ's sake have forgiven you" Ephesians, iv: 32.

3. "Seek ye the Lord while He may be found, call ye upon Him while He is near; Let the wicked forsake his way, and the unrighteous man his thoughts: and let him return unto the Lord, and he will have mercy upon him. He will abundantly pardon." Isaiah, Lv: 6.7.

4. "Trust in the Lord with all thine heart; and lean not unto thine own understanding." Proverbs, iii: 5.

5. "Honor the Lord with thy substance, and with the first fruits of all thine increase. So shall thy barns be filled with plenty.' Proverbs, iii: 9, 10.

6. "Take heed to yourselves, lest at any time your hearts be overcharged with surfeiting and drunkenness, and the cares of this life, and so that day come upon you unawares. For as a snare shall it come upon all them that dwell upon the face of the whole earth." Luke, xxi: 34, 35.

7. "Watch ye therefore and pray always, that ye may be counted worthy to escape all these things that shall come to pass, and to stand before the Son of man." Luke,

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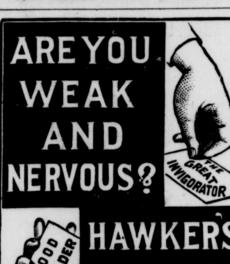
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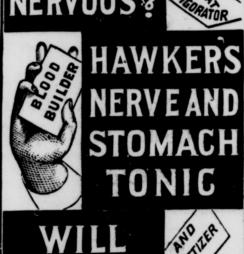
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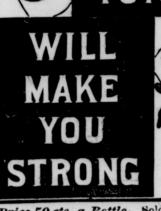
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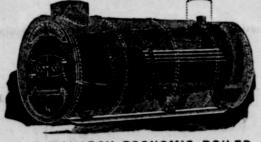
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	No of Members.	Balance in Bank	i	No. of Members.	
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