

Notes of Provincial Industries.

Lumber Manufacturers Organize.

Following the recent organization of the Maine Lumbermen's and Land Owners' Association at Bangor, an association of lumber manufacturers has been formed, embracing in its membership most of the leading mill men of northern New England. At a meeting held at the Quincy House in Boston last week, about fifty men were present, representing over \$75,000,000 invested in forest lands, sawmills and lumber manufacturing generally, and organized the Northeastern Lumbermen's Association, with officers as follows: President, E. J. Lawrence, Shawmut, Me.; vice-presidents, George Van Dyke, George R. Eaton, William A. Taft; directors, George R. Eaton, Lancaster, N. H., E. J. Lawrence, Shawmut, Me., George Van Dyke of Lancaster, N. H., Samuel Sterns of Bangor, William H. Gray of Boston, William Murchie of Calais, Me., C. P. Stevens of Richmond, Vt., M. G. Shaw of Bath, Me., John H. Henry of Lincoln, N. H., Wm. W. Bailey of Cookshire, W. A. Taft of Boston, Geo. H. Fitzgerald of Island Pond, Vt., Wm. W. Brown of Portland, Me., Melville P. Milliken of Richmond, Me., O. A. Smith of Bartlett, N. H., G. M. Phillips of Fairfield, Me., C. H. Stevens of St. Johnsbury, Vt.

The present condition of the spruce lumber business, the immense amount of lumber now being used for wood pulp and paper, the unusually short crop of logs being harvested this year, the present low prices prevailing for spruce, the improved methods of manufacture and transportation, cooperation in the sale and distribution of lumber products, questions of transportation and delivery, schedule of prices the coming season, relative value of dimension orders and random lumber were among many subjects discussed. It was decided to hold the next meeting February 21, and all lumber manufacturers of the northeastern section, including the maritime provinces, are invited to join the association.

Halley Bros. & Co., St. John, are doing an active winter business, employing about thirty men, at their planing and wood-working mill in Broad street. They manufacture all kinds of interior house finish, including doors, sashes, wainscoting, hardwood flooring, mouldings, stairwork, etc., using up about a million feet of pine and half a million feet of other woods yearly. Just now, during the season when building operations are practically suspended, they are making up a large stock of mouldings, doors, windows, etc.—some three thousand doors and three or four thousand glazed windows—for the spring and summer demand. The firm have a large provincial trade, and are now engaged in filling a \$3000 order for the interior finish of the new St. Mary's convent at Newcastle. They make a specialty of matched hardwood flooring, of which they have lately supplied 10,000 feet for new dormitories at Sackville, and 3000 feet for the Manchester building on King street, this city, besides numerous smaller lots in the city and throughout the province. This establishment has been in operation and in its present hands since the great fire, and as one of the city's prosperous and growing industries.

The plaster quarry at Elgert's Landing is being worked this winter, by King and Howell.

The Amherst, N. S., car works have an order for a large lot of car wheels for the Quebec Central Railway.

George Nelson and William Bray have leased the Bray Bros' lower mill on Calkin's creek, Albert county.

J. F. Black, Richibucto, has placed a new engine in his carriage factory, from the Robb works at Amherst, N. S.

The contract to build a public wharf at Bass River, N. S., has been awarded to John McMillan of Port Hope, at \$2500.

C. W. Wiggins' hoop factory at Young's Cove, Queens county, is running full time, and will turn out half a million hoops this season.

At Stanley, York county, Dr. Moore intends building a brick residence in the spring, and Andrew Douglass will erect a brick building for a store and offices.

William H. Murray, of Marble Cove, St. John, is to add to the equipment of his saw mill a new and improved saw carriage from the Watson Engine Works of Brantford, Ont. A. A. Benson, representing the Watson company, was in the city last week.

The Spanish West India market for potatoes has proved very attractive to the Nova Scotia farmers during last season. Kings county alone sent to Havana over 30,000 barrels, besides those which were shipped by way of Halifax and Annapolis. —Truro News.

J. Dix Fraser, of the Nova Scotia Iron Works, Ferrona, has returned from Newfoundland, where he has been superintending the sinking of shafts and tunnels on the iron property at Belle Isle, owned by the New Glasgow Iron and Railway Company. They will commence to ship iron to Nova Scotia in July.

The Havelock Mineral Springs Company held their annual meeting at Petitcodiac last week and elected officers as fol-

lows: Geo. W. Fowler, president; Rev. W. Keith, secretary, Geo. Trueman, treasurer; directors, Geo. W. Fowler, Geo. Trueman, E. P. Eastman, C. B. Keith and F. W. Emmerson.

The Woodstock board of trade urgently advocates the formation of a maritime board of trade, and suggests St. John as the place of meeting and the latter part of April as the time for holding the same.

S. B. Hunter, Harvey Station, is doing a lively business in hoop poles, railway ties and hemlock laths this winter. He is sending large quantities of poles to G. F. Beach's hoop-shaving establishment at Vanceboro, and shipping laths to various American markets.

R. Phinney & Co., Richibucto, who commenced the manufacture of men's heavy hand-made boots in connection with their tanning business two years ago, are having more orders for their now famed "North Shore" boot than they can fill with present facilities, and are making arrangements to enlarge their business.

The Bridgetown Driving Park Company, of Bridgetown, N. S., has been incorporated, with a capital stock of \$4000 and the following incorporators: Leander R. Miller, J. Warden Beckwith, merchants; John L. Cox, stipendiary magistrate; Orlando T. Daniels, barrister, and Elwin Ruggles, barrister, all of Bridgetown.

Gillmore Bros., new sawmill at Esdraelon is receiving its equipment of machinery and will soon be in readiness to start up. It will contain a rotary, shingle, lath and clapboard machines, planer, and a wainscoting and matched-flooring machine. It is located on the Cold stream, convenient to Glassville, Knowlsville, Windsor and Coldstream, and is an enterprise long needed in that section.

The Halifax Electric Tramway Company, Limited, has been incorporated, for the purpose of acquiring the Halifax street railway and converting it into an electric road. Prominent in the new company are H. M. Whitney of the Dominion Coal Company, and formerly president of the West End street railway, Boston; G. B. M. Harvey, Boston; James Ross, Montreal; M. Dwyer, David McKee, J. Y. Payzant, Allan Haley, Thomas Lynch, A. Burns, and W. B. Ross, Q. C., of Nova Scotia.

The Caledonia gold mines appear to be on the eve of a boom, says the Gold Hunter. The old Brookfield mine, under the management of W. I. Libby, is now turning out good ore, and about forty-five men are employed. This mine is run on a most economic scale, one engine and boiler doing the whole business, and the company are continually improving their plant. A new dry-house has been built, and the old one fitted with a furnace and all appliances for assaying the gold. T. Foster has arrived to start up the old Philadelphia company's property, which will make matters still more lively.

The business depression existing all over the country this winter does not seem to be very badly felt in Fredericton. All of the factories are running on full time and appear to have all the work they can handle. The stores also are apparently well patronized. In the New Brunswick Foundry this is one of the busiest winters they have had for some time. They are busily engaged at present getting machinery for a new mill at Blackville ready, and repairing and putting in new machinery at the Shogomac mill. They will also manufacture a large number of mowing machines, probably turning out about the same quantity as last year.—Gleaner.

The Golden Lode Gold Mining Company of South Uniacke, N. S., held their annual meeting recently, at which the reported development of the mine during the year was highly satisfactory, and Manager Hayward was highly complimented for the intelligent and skillful way in which he had operated this mining property. A shaft 7 x 14, 403 feet deep, has been sunk and timbered during the past five months at a cost of but \$11.18 per foot. The output of gold averaged seven ounces per ton, and it is estimated that the company have fully \$30,000 worth of the precious metal in sight. This property adjoins the well known Thompson-Quirk mine at South Uniacke, and is considered by experts as one of the best gold mining areas in Nova Scotia.

James Fleming, proprietor of the Phoenix Foundry and Locomotive Works in this city, has just sent out from his shops a new handsome and powerful locomotive for Canada Eastern railway. Although this is the dull season in the foundry and machine line, Mr. Fleming is employing upwards of fifty men, and his establishment is a busy place. Among other work in hand they are building a large boiler and engine for the Fredericton Boom company, an engine for L. M. Jewett's tugboat, Fanphone and a compound engine for the steamer Hero, owned by D. D. Glazier & Co. They have also just turned out all the engine castings for a new tugboat being built by Mr. Snowball at Chatham and are constantly doing a large amount of mill and steamboat repairing.

Armstrong Bros', foundry at Broad and Charlotte streets, this city, employs eight or ten hands and uses about 150 tons of iron yearly in making all sorts of castings and general foundry work. They have been twenty-five years established, and have a large and well equipped plant, including machine shop 45x80 feet, and foundry of about the same dimensions. Their business consists largely of building

work, and general repairing. This being the dull time for orders in the building line they are principally engaged in making up stock for next season. This firm formerly manufactured soft-pipe as an important branch of their business, but the American manufacturers finally cut them out, as the latter got their iron for \$11 a ton, whereas it costs the St. John manufacturer about \$18. But this is one of the drawbacks that will be remedied in time, when St. John manufactures her own iron, from the ores that lie in such profusion near at hand.

JOE PALMER'S GOOD FIGHT.

The Latter Part of it was Without Thumbs, But he Won.

"In those days," said the man with the broad white hat who is spending a few days in Louisvill, "Creede was a booming camp. You can make books on that. And it was a camp that it pleased an old timer to set foot in. Tenderfeet were not stacking up against the fellows then. It was a reminder of Deadwood and Leadville. It was a reminiscence of '49."

"But, as I was saying, that fight that Joe Palmer made against the 'Orleans Kid' was as good and game a fight as a man ever saw. Palmer is in Denver now. What does he do? Well, everything; for Joe is an all-round gambler. Down in Creede he ran a house for Jeff Smith. The Kid came in there one night and got noisy and abusive. The fact that he had killed four men didn't cut any figure with Joe, who politely but firmly told him to get out. The Kid left sulky, and we fellows at the table, watching the play between turns of the cards, just took a flyer, in our inner consciousness, that there'd be trouble before morning."

"Joe stepped out of the place a little afterward. He was gone but a moment or two, when we heard a shot. We sprang up from our chips, leaving our bets on the layout, and rushed outside. And there, we saw a fight!"

"Palmer was standing in the middle of the street, right under the electric light. In the bright glare he was the fairest of targets. The Kid was by the corner in the shadow of the stores. Both of them were blazing away at less than thirty paces. The Kid's second bullet struck Joe in the thumb of his pistol hand, and the gun fell to the ground. Joe picked it up with his left hand and went on shooting. Another bullet from the Kid struck Joe's left thumb and the six-shooter dropped again. We all thought Joe would run then sure, because we couldn't see how he could ever cock his gun to keep up the fight. He stooped over, as cool as you please, grabbed his gun in his right hand, and cocked it by rubbing it downward against his leg."

"When the two men had used up all their cartridges and the fight was over, the Kid staggered away. He had lost. Four of Joe's six bullets had hit him. He went out, though, in his lingering six weeks' game with death, and got well enough to kill a man up in Duluth, and go to the Minnesota pen."

College Girls Coasting on Palm Leaves.

Wellesley College girls are having gay times nowadays, and if you see any of them in town with battered cheeks, skinned noses and bruised hands you need ask no questions, for they have been coasting! Splendid opportunities there are for coasting at Wellesley; there are plenty of hills and plenty of room right there on the grounds. I was greatly amused when they told me about sliding down that hill exactly in front of the college on dusters! It all came about this way: One inventive genius did not have a sled and did not know where to borrow one; but the crust was perfection and of short duration, so while she stood, with her task of sweeping just concluded, with duster in hand, the thought, "Why not use the duster?" came like an inspiration, and out she skipped to the top of the hill, and down she sped, seated in state in her duster. The news spread and the craze grew until every duster on the premises was well worn out. After that, palm-leaf fans were pressed into service, and it is whispered that pillows have now and then proved the most agreeable and satisfactory of conveyances.

Lady Franklin in Wood.

What is said to be the figurehead of the old English bark Lady Franklin, which was lost while rounding Cape Horn ten or fifteen years ago, was exhibited in front of the marine junk shop of Peter Dwyer, Pratt street, New York, last week. It is stated that the figure drifted about the Atlantic for years, until covered by barnacles, when an Italian bark bound for Baltimore picked it up and brought it into port. The figure's history is obscure, but it is so old that it is decaying, and is an exceptionally fine piece of work. It is a full-length figure about seven feet high, of a woman in white robes. Her features are plump, smooth and delicately marked. Her black hair is parted in the middle, and falls in a plait down her back. Her head is crowned with a wreath. A graceful, well formed figure is enveloped by the white robes which fall in folds, suggestive of carelessness, as they are swayed by the breeze. The right hand of the figure is resting on the woman's breast, while her left hand holds back her skirt. The woman is supposed to be Lady Franklin, wife of Sir John Franklin, lost in Arctic exploration.

A Duel to the Death.

Some Frenchmen were boasting of their 'affairs of honor' when one of them, a Marseillais, declared that he had indicted upon an antagonist the most dreadful tale that a duelist had ever met.

"How was it?" asked everybody.

"I was at a hotel, and I chanced to insult a total stranger. It turned out that he was a fencing master."

"One of the other of us," he declared in fearful tones, "will not go out of this room alive!"

"So let it be!" I shouted in response, and then I rushed out of the room, locked the door behind me, and left him there to die!"

Prince Bismarck has Curious.

"Prince Bismarck has a curious superstition in connection with the number 'three.' He has served three German emperors, fought in three wars, signed three treaties of peace and established the Triple Alliance. The arms of the family bear the motto, 'In Trinitate Robur.' The trefoil leaves and oak leaves. All car-

tatures represent him with three hairs on his head. He has three children, Herbert, William and Marie. He has three estates, and, finally he has under him three political parties, the conservatives, the national liberals and the ultramontanes. It is not astonishing, under the circumstances, that he should entertain a particular regard for the figure '3.'"

THE SKIN DEPTH OF BEAUTY.

A Young Woman of Observation Says the Scientists Go Too Deep.

"I wish science would mind her own business," said a young woman of observation as she laid aside her wraps. "I have just come from a class lecture for women given up at Waldorf, and the lectures told us that beauty is not skin deep at all. She wanted us to believe—it was a lecture—that the charm of our pretty faces depend upon our muscles and nerves and when we look particularly charming it is because we have had these nerves and muscles well under control—that they twitch and pull just the way we want them to."

"That's all right. I mean I know perfectly well that I couldn't coyly drop my eyelids if I were to tell me I was the sweetest thing in the world, and modestly blush up to the roots of my hair at the compliment if I didn't work the eyelid muscles, and squeeze the blood up into my head by closing my larynx for time. Beauty is skin deep for all that. The science or no science. Why take my skin off and I couldn't blush at all, and a nice-looking object I'd be winking skinless eyelids, wouldn't I? Fancy Venus as a physiological chart displaying the uncovered muscles, or Helen of Troy showing the nerves and muscles that brought out her killing smile. I don't believe Paris would have tumbled head over heels in love with that sort of living picture, do you?"

OUR YOUNG GIRLS.

OVERSTUDY AND TOO RAPID GROWTH OF TEN PROMOTE DISEASE.

We See Sallow and Bloodless Faces and Attenuated and Lank Bodies.

others Not Sufficiently on the Alert to Guide and Control Their Daughters.

Paine's Celery Compound The Great Brain Food and Flesh-builder for all Young Girls.

Overstudy in school and in the home, confinement for hours each day in badly ventilated buildings, and a too rapid growth of body, very often promote disease and suffering. Thousands of young girls are suffering to-day. They may be seen going to and coming from school. Their sallow, bloodless faces, their attenuated or lank forms indicate disease.

Mothers are to blame for the unhappy and dangerous conditions of their girls. They strongly encourage their daughters in one direction—cramping the brain—but neglect to warn them of the rocks and quicksands on which many precious lives are wrecked. The results are often terrible. Headache, nervous prostration, debility, irregularities of the system, dyspepsia, liver troubles, and other forms of disease, bring quite an army of young girls to the grave every year.

Wise and prudent mothers, when any symptoms of danger assail their girls, invariably use that great brain food and flesh-builder, Paine's Celery Compound. This wonderful medicine enriches the blood and gives it a free and healthy circulation; it braces the nerves, gives physical strength, promotes good digestion, and gives sweet natural sleep.

No other medicine in the world can give the satisfactory results that flow from the use of Paine's Celery Compound. It should be the chosen medicine for every young girl who is delicate, weak and sickly. Mrs. A. R. Stinchcombe, 19 William St., London, Ont., writes as follows:—

"DEAR SIR:—I think it a duty to write you for the benefit of all who have delicate children, and to make known what Paine's Celery Compound has done for my girl. She has been delicate all her life. I have tried my medicine, and have had her under allopathic and homoeopathic treatment, with but little benefit. Almost in despair, and as a last resort, I tried Paine's Celery Compound, and after using three bottles she is now perfectly well and strong. I have also used your medicine myself for complications arising from overwork and loss of rest, and am greatly benefited thereby. I would strongly urge all who are in any way afflicted to do as I have done, 'try Paine's Celery Compound,' and be convinced of its wonderful curing power."

Whiskey as an Anesthetic.

There are cases in which whiskey beats either chloroform and the like all out. A big red faced fellow, who was suffering from a long spell of enforced abstinence as



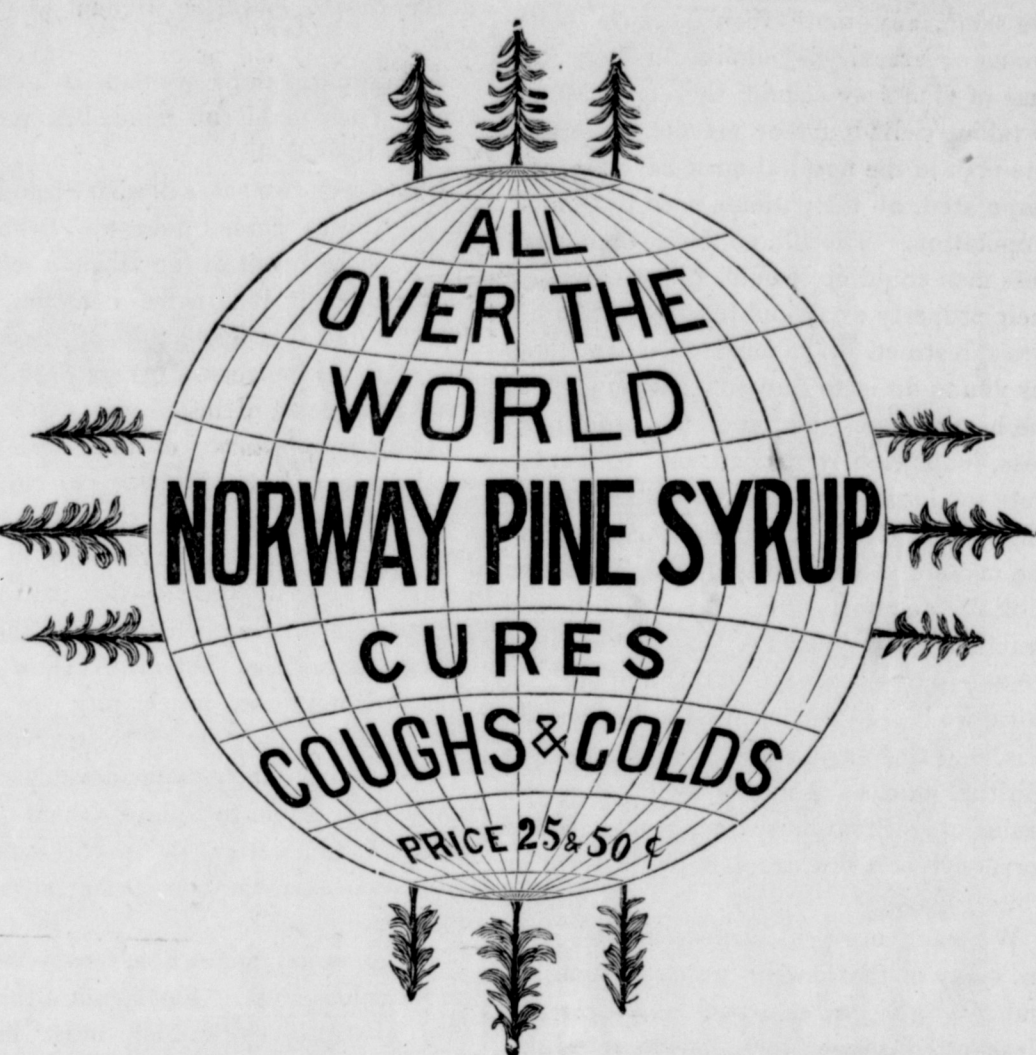
YES,

I Tell you Children will grow up to have a clear and healthy skin if they use

BABY'S OWN SOAP,

and don't you forget it and get some cheap substitute.

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL.



Use Only Pelee Island Wine Co's. Wines. THEY ARE PURE JUICE OF THE GRAPE.

E. G. SCOVIL, AGENT PELEE ISLAND GRAPE JUICE, ST. JOHN, N. B. DEAR SIR:—My family have received great benefits from the use of the PELEE ISLAND GRAPE JUICE during the past four years. It is the best tonic and sedative for debility, nervousness and weak lungs we have ever tried. It is much cheaper and pleasanter than medicine. I would not be without it in the house. Yours, JAMES H. DAY, Day's Landing, Kings Co.

E. G. SCOVIL, Tea and Wine Merchant, 62 Union Street, St. John Telephone 523. Sole Agent for Maritime Provinces. J. S. HAMILTON & CO'S Communion Wine, guaranteed pure juice of the Grape. Registered at Ottawa.

well as from an injured toe, was brought into the office of a well known physician of central Maine, to have the toe amputated. The sufferer objected to the use of chloroform, but when the doctor turned out a tumbler of whiskey for him to drink, he no longer opposed the proceedings and the toe was cut off without trouble. Reviving after the operation he looked at the foot meditatively for a moment and then cocked his eye shrewdly at the doctor. "Say, doc," he remarked, "G' me another tumbler of that whiskey an' you may cut off another toe if you wanten."

Confessing our Mistakes.

It is difficult to account for the almost universal dislike manifested to acknowledge mistakes. In a general way, every one knows that he makes them, and freely admits the fact. It is indeed, merely admitting that he is fallible, which is a truism that no sane person would dream of denying. But when it comes to some particular case—some notion held that has been proved incorrect, some step taken which is seen to have been unwise, something done thoughtlessly which second thought shows to have been wrong—there is a strange unwillingness to avow the error. People will enter into long explanations, make excuses, allege reasons, set forth arguments to vindicate themselves, or, at least, plead all the extenuating circumstances; will do anything, in fact, except utter the simple and true words, "I was mistaken." Many, doubtless, resist the conviction within their own minds that they have been in error, and persuade themselves, by specious arguments, that they were right; but many more too clear-sighted for this illusion, are equally unwilling to acknowledge to others what they can not help confessing to themselves. Knowing that they have been in error, they will yet resort to almost any other course than that of frankly saying so.

Don't Expect too Much.

Parents must not expect too much of their children. Men and women of great talent are rare, and the mass of us expect to walk in the humble paths of life. Let the parent watch the bent of the child's inclinations, and judge from them only what calling he seems most fitted for. In the vast majority of cases where it is essential that the child should be a bread-winner as soon as he attains years of discretion, it may be necessary for him to do much work that is irksome and for which he has no special adaptation before he can choose a calling of his own. The man who is compelled by penury to carve out a career for himself acquires a rugged strength by the means that often enable him to out-distance his rival who has molded his life from more plastic circumstances.

A New Version.

The old proverb says, 'The receiver is as bad as the thief,' and sometimes it happens nowadays that the receiver is as bad as the original board of directors.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

FOR BRONCHITIS, La Grippe, Etc.

"I obtained immediate relief in a case of bronchitis, caught while in camp at Sussex, by the application of your Minard's Liniment."

"L.-COL. C. CREWE-READ."

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Consumption.

Valuable treatise and two bottles of medicine sent free to any sufferer. Give Express and Post Office address. T. A. SEAGUS CHEMICAL CO., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

An Optical Delusion.

It is a very common sight in Galveston, Texas, to move a house. Even two story frame houses by the liberal use of mules and wooden rollers are moved from their sites to vacant lots many blocks distant.

This fact explains what a leading citizen meant, when after an oyster supper he started for home and was discovered by a policeman holding on to a lamp-post and saying: "Whip up them mules."

"What do you mean?" asked the policeman.

"What do you 'spose I mean. How can I cross street til dat house gets pasht? Whip up yer mules, I shay."

The house which the reveller imagined was moving was a brick building six stories high, and held down by a \$400,000 mortgage.

At the Opera.

Mrs. Blackroads (watching some fashionable ladies in the boxes)—The brazen creatures! How dare they show themselves in that disgraceful condition? Mr. B.—Hush! Maria! Don't show your ignorance! Them's the livin' pictures we've heard so much about.