

## THE STOLEN PAPER

It was the end of the winter season, or term, as dwellers south of the Tweed would call it, and debate ran high amongst the medical students of a certain famous northern university for what was known as the Ramsay Travelling Scholarship was about to be awarded, after the searching examination prescribed by the statutes should have been undergone; and although a dozen recently fledged medics had entered their names as candidates, the consensus of opinion of the general body of the students, seldom at fault in such instances, had decided that the running lay practically between two men, the most distinguished students of their year.

"It will be a close run," said one, who had entered his own name, "by way of form," as he expressed it; "but I think Macintyre will prove the man, after all."

"A year ago I should have said so, too," replied another; "but he has not been so steady this season, and Morrison has a better chance now."

"Well, he is a lucky man whoever gets it. Two hundred and fifty a year for four years, a good time of it at Naples, Vienna, and Berlin, and, probably, a professorship when he comes back. I wish it were mine."

"You shut up, Sime," broke in another, with more directness of speech than elegance of expression; "with ten years more hard work you might think of it; but here's Macintyre himself coming."

The subject of their remarks passed the little group, each of which proceeded to rally him on his work, on his chance of success, or on his appearance, as an impulse prompted. He took it all in genial fashion, though by no means so buoyant at heart as his manner indicated. For of late there had been gnawing at it as if at his vitals the dread that after all Morrison, his only possible rival, might oust him from the treasure prize already all but within his grasp. Of the other competitors he made no account. He was pressed, too, in money matters, a pressure due in some degree to his falling of late into habits too convivial to be discreet, considering his position and aims, and this pressure subsided in the examination would effectively relieve him from. But failure meant ruin.

"I was first in all the professional subjects," he would say to himself, in estimating his coming chances; "first, that is to say, till this season, when that fellow Morrison began to creep up upon me with his everlasting 'stewing'."

"And, then, I've half forgotten my Latin. They tell me he'll floor me in that. I wonder what possesses some of those old fogies on the Continent to lecture still in a dead language. But for that there would be no examination on it, and I should be safe to win, I believe."

And in a moment an idea struck him, which carried out to full fruition would, he felt certain, insure his success. Only the other evening before he had learnt, in the casual course of conversation, where it was and by whom the papers for the forthcoming examination were being printed. At first he recoiled from the thought, only to have the temptation again assail him, and to find him less prepared to resist it.

"Hang it all, I'll do it. All's fair in love and war, and this is both. I'll ask Katie to get for me a copy of the paper."

The previous winter he had met at a ball the daughter of a member of the firm to which was entrusted all the university papers, from tomes of classical or philosophic lore, down to the ephemeral class-list of the first year's students. A mutual attachment had sprung up between Macintyre and the young girl, and but for his late somewhat unsettled habits, her friends would have regarded the intimacy with favoring sympathy. Katie Wilson herself, though not blind to her lover's failings, had given him all the love of her ardent, generous nature, and refused to see any ground of distrust in a future allied with that of the young doctor. It was when the two had been discussing his prospects on his quitting the University that he mentioned his hopes of the scholarship.

"My father was talking about scholarship papers only the other day. I overheard him, as I was passing the drawing-room door, say something to Mr. Hutton, the registrar, 'bout them'."

"Your father? I didn't know that he took any part in the business of the firm; I understood he had retired years ago."

"Yes, so he did, but there are still some of the papers that he prints himself. 'What they are I don't know. I suppose they are too precious for the men to have in their hands. He has done them himself ever since I can remember.'"

And then the subject was dismissed for themes more attractive than examination work. But the words thus likely dropped had left their impress on the young man's mind, and on their next meeting he returned to the subject. If his suspicions were correct, what papers would Wilson be so likely to retain the printing of as those of the various scholarship examinations? And, if so, certainly of this the most important of all, the blue ribbon of the University.

"Couldn't you find out," he asked, "what the papers are your father takes the trouble to print himself?"

"Impossible; he does them in his library where he has a small printing-press, but the sheets are kept locked up in his safe."

Tenatively, gradually, but none the less surely, Macintyre worked towards his object; and if it ever crossed the mind of the innocent girl that she was being made an intermediary in a treacherous action, it was only a moment ere the suspicion was dispelled. It would have no actual bearing upon the result of the forthcoming examination, he was careful to explain; he was already sure of success, and they would get married, and would go abroad together, and by happy ever afterwards, only—only, he would like to see the Latin paper; if but for an hour, that would be sufficient, and his own Katie could replace it in the safe, and it would do no one any harm, nor himself any good, but only to set his mind at rest. And Katie consented, and said she would try to do what her lover had set his heart on.

At times she thought of taking her father into her confidence, in the hope that he might be disposed to further, for her sake, her lover's object. But on reflection she came to regard that as impossible. There were traditions of honor in the "firm," inseparable from their long connection with the University, and these honorable traditions were crystallized in the breast of the old man, and perhaps unconsciously dominated his daughter.

At all hazards she would be loyal to her

promise, the more so as she felt convinced that her father would be loyal to his trust. One thing she managed to make sure of. A little innocent questioning—innocent in form as she could make it, and yet not sufficiently so to avoid exciting the old man's suspicions—satisfied her that the papers in the safe comprehended the one she sought, and that on the morrow they would be called for by the registrar, who would take them away in a sealed parcel. Today the task she had undertaken must be performed, or it would be too late.

It was an easy matter to possess herself of the keys she required. They were together on one ring, library and safe, the only keys of which she never had any control. But then they were lying on the table, while, with his red silk handkerchief thrown over his head, her father indulged in his after-dinner nap, on this occasion, as luck would have it, a longer nap than usual. All was now plain sailing, if only he would continue to sleep a sufficiently long time. If not, why, she would confess all, and implore his forgiveness. Had she but known that two wakeful eyes were, under cover of the red silk, intently watching her every movement!

She found the papers, some eight or nine little bundles, each in its special envelope, with its appropriate title printed on the back. Yes, there was the one she sought, marked "Latin Composition," but with a huge red seal intervening between her and its contents. The seal was her father's, and after being broken it was an easy matter to duplicate it; one impression is so like another when you can secure the same original for the second as has done duty for the first. One copy was all her trembling fingers abstracted, and in another minute the envelope lay beside its fellows, bearing no outward evidence of having been tampered with.

It was dark ere she ventured out to meet her lover, with the special guarantee of his success and of her devotion.

"You are sure it can do no one any harm?"

"Quite sure."

"And that no one will ever find out?"

"Utterly impossible. I will make one or two small mistakes on purpose, so as to avert suspicion; but I tell you there is not the slightest chance of anything of the kind."

When she returned home she found her father had gone out. An hour later he returned, and dismissing his daughter for the night, proceeded to lock himself in the library. Morning was breaking ere he made his way upstairs to his room, while Kate, whom his wearied footsteps awakened, wondered what had detained him so long. Still with the unconscious and unreasoning selfishness of young love, a selfishness founded, however, on altruism, she felt supremely happy, for was not her lover delighted with her, and what was even better, had he not told her so again and again only a few short hours before?

The first three days of the competition were big with fate to most of the competitors, the fate of being weighed in the balance and found wanting. Candidates are proud at such times to compare notes after each day's performance, and each one gets to know pretty well how the others are doing. "Macintyre and Morrison in the first flight, and the rest nowhere," was the general verdict. It was also felt that the Latin paper would be decisive, and those of Macintyre's friends who knew that the paper was strong in this subject, felt anxious as to the result. Not so with the object of their thoughts; he was sure of that than anything else, as indeed he had good reason to be. Already he had the coveted prize in his grasp. He would not do the paper sine errore, he magnanimously, or perhaps it was prudently, said to himself, but as near to that as might be. Forewarned in such contests is, indeed, forearmed.

The men were already in their places, and the papers being given out, when he entered the examination-room on the final morning. His papers were handed to him, the last corner of that eager throng. He scarcely deigned to look at it, for were not its contents already known to him, and had he not its equivalent in Latin off by heart, to make assurance doubly sure? At last he looked at it, as one would cast his eye over a landscape every feature of which is familiar.

His eyes seemed to become glazed, and scarce could he see the words before them. And then a sickening feeling at heart told him how fatal was his error. The paper was entirely different from the one he had so sedulously prepared. The shock unnerved him, and though he at length essayed the task that lay before him, he knew too well it was but labor in vain. And yet—yet, without all this fruitless scheming, he felt that he might have succeeded after all.

The scholarship was awarded to Morrison. And thus Macintyre lost the prize, and Katie a lover whom perhaps she was better without. Her father had found out what she had done, and after a conference with the examiners had, on the pretext that the paper had been mislaid, secured the substitution of another piece, which he stayed up all night to print, with the results already recorded.

## REVERENCING HIS MOTHER.

A Pretty Little Story Concerning Li Hung Chang.

A Chinaman, be he king or coolie, is devoted to his father and mother. When either parent dies, custom ordains that the son shall resign all honors and employments to repair to the ancestral tomb, and mourn there for a long period.

Mr. John Russell Young relates how the Chinese premier, Li Hung Chang, was prevented from punctiliously observing the custom by an imperial decree.

The aged mother of the great Chinese statesman died, and he hurried to celebrate the rites at her grave, accompanied by his brother, the viceroy at Wuchang. Every one was expecting the premier's resignation, and his enforced retirement from all official positions. His enemies thought that Li had gone finally; his place would be filled by another, and his power become a memory.

Suddenly there came a decree from the throne, commanding Li to lay aside mourning, and at the end of three months resume office. His brother was permitted to remain at the tomb and do the filial reverence. The decree was without precedent; but the emperor was sacred, and

his command supreme. Li Hung Chang returned to Tien tsien, his home.

When Mr. Young saw the premier's yacht anchored in the harbor of Chefoo he went on board to pay his respects. The premier looked like a starving beggar. He wore the coarsest raiment. His beard and forehead had not been shaved, and his queue hung down from a clotted mass of hair. Lines of sorrow streaked his face, and his hand were grimy.

The first man in the empire, noted for his carelessness in raiment and cleanliness of person, appeared as the meanest subject, that he might, by privation and penance, do reverence to his mother's memory, according to the creed of his ancestors. A few days later, when Mr. Young met Li at Tientsin the beggar's mein had vanquished, and he was again the well-appointed nobleman.

## CAN THE HEART BREAK?

Physicians Say Not, Yet the Imagination Plays Sad Pranks.

Grief does not kill, and it is indeed very seldom that heavy sorrow causes death to any one when in a healthy condition. It is, however, very often the indirect cause of a death, either by bringing disease to a climax, or by rendering the sufferer more liable to its attack. If a man is convinced that his grief is more than he can bear, those who have studied the matter, agree that, through the force of his own imagination, the man will actually die from a "broken heart."

The great Napoleon was killed by an internal disease, but it is supposed that it would not have been fatal had not his spirits been so depressed through exile and defeat.

William Pitt, the orator, is said to have died of a "broken heart," caused by his great grief at the failure of his cherished hopes and plans. And there have been many other such instances in the history of this country. When places are raging in a town, statistics show that as many die from fright and imaginary causes as from the real epidemic, so great a hold has the fear of death on some people.

If a man is condemned to be shot, it has often occurred that on the word "fire" he has dropped lifeless, although, through accident or design, no bullet has in reality left the gun.

There is a queer case on record concerning the daughter of a celebrated French novelist, who was deeply interested in one of her father's stories. It appeared in instalments, and the heroine was suffering from consumption as the girl brooded over the sad fate of the heroine, she, too, suddenly manifested the same symptoms. A physician recommended her father to restore the heroine to health, which he did a few chapters on, and at the same time as the girl in the novel recovered, so also did his too sentimental daughter.

## ONCE IN SIX MONTHS NOT ENOUGH.

Twice a year at least it has got to be done. Every housekeeper knows it. Carpets must be taken up and beaten, floors scrubbed, paint washed, walls whitened, holes and corners overhauled and purified, useless odds and ends turned over to the ragman or the dust man, and the house made clean, neat, and orderly for another six months. Good old custom! It defines the difference between the homes of civilized human beings and the huts and the caves of savages. But some parts of the house ought to be cleansed every day. Dirt is our worst enemy. Let us not allow him to have things all his own way for months.

There is one house, anyhow, which must be kept clean all the time. The regular Spring and Autumn scouring isn't enough. The house may be rotted down and the tenant dead before that.

A famous physician says: "Intelligent men and women will go to all the trouble and expense of driving away dirt when it is where they can see or smell it, yet seem to have no idea that an enormous quantity of foul, rotten, and abominable matter exists within their bodies—the seeds of disease and premature death."

The doctor is quite right, but why don't people understand it? Because they have never been taught what "disease" really is. They think of it as something to "catch," a sort of mysterious thing which comes and goes like the wind in the tree tops. Yet disease—no matter what a lot of hard names the medical men call it by—is simply the effect of impurities that get inside of our bodies—dirt is the most wonderful and complicated house that was ever built.

Now, how does dirt get there? How can we clean it out? The questions right put to the point—both of them. Let us see. Lying on our table as we write are more than fifty letters, all on the same subject, and all saying the same thing. We pick up the first that comes to hand. It is from a woman, and we will tell you the substance of what she says. Away back in February, 1886, she was taken ill. Exactly what ailed her she couldn't tell. But that she felt weak, low, and miserable was certain. For one thing she had a hacking cough that spoke and tired her and broke up her sleep.

Often, particularly in the morning, a sour, bitter stuff came up into her throat and mouth and half choked her. Her tongue was covered with fur, and her mouth tasted badly, a sickening taste that made her shudder and shiver with disgust as one would at a mouthful of mouldy, wormy biscuit. Even good food had no charms for her; everything had lost its relish. No sooner did she swallow a bit of bread or meat than it gave her a dreadful pain at the chest and sides, as though it had lodged in the wrong place. There was the phlegm that gathered all the while and compelled her to weary herself out with hacking and straining to get it up.

Well, we needn't go much further into the details. Almost everybody who reads these lines has suffered the same way or knows others who have. The lady grew weaker, of course. What else could be expected? No nourishment, no strength. That's the law for us all—from kings to coal-heavers. A doctor gave her his opinion and his medicine. She tried the latter for two months, then stopped. What's the sense of going on taking drugs that make one feel no better? None, to be sure; it's a waste of time and money. And money is too hard to come by to throw away for no good.

By this time our friend could barely

BEST FOR WASH DAY.

# SURPRISE SOAP.

BEST FOR EVERY DAY.

walk about, and if help didn't come soon she wouldn't be able to do even that. Merciful Goodness! how many thousands of woman there are in dear old England in precisely this pitiable shape this blessed minute. Well, thank heaven, some of them hear the good news every day that dawn.

"In June," says this one, "I read the wonderful little book that tells of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. I got the medicine from Mr. F. Mays, Chemist, Friars Street, Reading, and found relief in a few days. I continued taking it, and was soon in good health. Yours truly (Signed), Mrs. Mary Skeate, St. Leonard's Square, Wallingford, Berks, November, 25th, 1892."

Constipation, indigestion, and dyspepsia, were the cause of all the mischief. From the dull and torpid stomach, from the sour and fermented food, went forth the impurities which filled the blood and set up pain and misery. That, and nothing else, was the trouble, and that is always the trouble. What makes it? Uncleanliness, ladies. Pardon us, but you want the truth. It with Mother Seigel's help, you will keep the interior of your bodies as clean as your parlors, you won't write such sad letters. Clean house, then keep it clean. Not once six months; but gently, sensibly, all the while. When you feel the dirt (you can't see this kind) wash it out at once! The human body is God's temple. the Bible says

RECALLED THE HONEYMOON.

The Young Man Made a Mistake and Used Many Soft Words.

Here is a quaint little story told of a young couple upon their wedding trip crossing from Dover to Calais. Jenny had grown tired and sickly on deck and James had led her to the saloon below, lovingly wrapping her up in a Scotch plaid in a snug-looking corner. He then went and fetched her some eau-de-cologne, and was not less lavish of endearing words until—until he found he had made a mistake.

His wife had moved to another corner of the saloon more free from draughts, and an elderly woman with just the same sort of plaid had taken her place. Realizing the condition of affairs, James dropped the cologne bottle and fled. Later he induced his wife to go and apologise to the woman he had unwittingly lavished tenderness upon, and Jenny went.

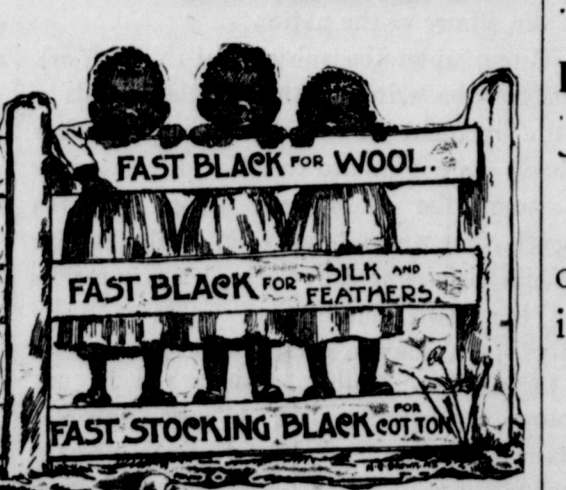
"My dear," said the elderly woman, tearfully, "don't apologise; it was nice to be called such sweet names. It reminds me of my honeymoon time. It's many a long year since my John had a tender word for me."

John never meant to be unkind, and probably did love his wife; only like many other married men, he fancied that the love which made for its itself speech without measure before marriage had no need to break silence afterwards.

## Didn't Scare.

"Scientists say that there are microbes in kisses," said Miss Kittish to Mr. Hunker. "Happy microbes!" exclaimed the young man ecstatically.

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