### PRINCE OF THE CHURCH

CEREMONIES OF THE INVESTI-TURE OF A CARDINAL.

How the Red Hat is Conferred-Origin and History of the College of Cardinals-What has Been Done in the Instance of the American Bishops.

hat to Mgr. Satolli soon after Dec. 13. Now that it is authoritatively and positively announced that Archbishop Satolli is to be tell how a Cardinal is made and what his duties are.

als consists of seventy members, divided | ing in the cathedral on Fifth avenue. into three ranks-Cardinal Bishops, Cardinal Priests, and Cardinal Deacons. Of the former there are six, each of whom has charge of one of the suburban sees in Rome. There are fifty priests, each of Cardinal long before his ordination.

iastical writers, and are used to designate the fixed permanent clergy of any church | Latin formula of the public consistory. -those who were so built into it and necrevolve round them as a door round its birges. They are thus distinguished from

charge they were permanently committed were styled Cardinal Priests. The dea- and to gather up the Cardinal's train. cons were at priest seven in number, in imitation of the original apostolic instituparticular districts, but as time went on In the evening it is carried in great style by and beg me for something to stop this tenand various charitable institutions for the residence of the new Cardinal, accompanitached to them, arose here and there liveries. throughout the fourteen regions into which Rome was divided, each deacon had a all present, retires to his apartments. The region, with its institution assigned to his | Cardinal Dean recites a prayer over the care. They were then styled Cardinal new members,, who thereupon are embrac-Deacons, from the fixed nature of their ed by the Cardinals present and welcomed

For a long time there was no such think as a Cardinal Bishop, because the Pontiff himself presided in Rome in that capacity. But there were several Bishoprics in the immediate neighbourhood of Rome-namely, Portus, at the mouth of the Tiber, Ostia, on the opposite side of the river, Praeneste, Sabina, Tusculum, Albano, and St. Rufina-the Bishops of which appear from the very early times to hav sat in synod with the Bishop of Rome, which later developed into a closer connection.

In the eleventh century these sees were reduced to six, St. Rufina having been united to Portus. At the council held in Rome 1059, under Nicholas., it was decreed that Popes should henceforth be elected by the six Cardinal Bishops, who should be the Bishops of the sees named.

The number of Bishops fluctuated until 1586, when Sixtus V. ordered that the that number today.

The Cardinals owe their appointment solely to the Pope. The Pontiff as a rule announces the names of those appointed at a consistory of the Cardinals. Usually at the consistory following the names are made public.

In the case of a new Cardinal residing near Rome, he is summoned before the is given him. In the case of a Cardinal living any distance from Rome, a member nore, is designated as an Ablegate, and, together with a member of the Papal guard, is sent to the new Cardinal with the zuccet- Holy Ghost. Amen. to, or skull cap, the red berretta, and the documents authorizing the investiture of the new Prince of the Church with the

As soon as the messengers arrive at the house of the new Cardinal, the member of the Papal guard presents him with the skull cap; then the Ablegate is introduced, and after a short speech asks the Cardinal ber of the Papal guard will be sent with to fix a date for the bestowing of the ber- the skull cap, and the beretta and the

Mgr. Cesare Roucetti was the Ablegate and Count Marefoschi the member of the Papal Guard who came to this country at the impossible American in Paris alighted the elevation of the late Cardinal Mc- at a hotel, to find it absolutely full. Closkey. The berretta was imposed by in old St. Patrick's Cathedral, in Mott street, on April 22, 1875, being preceded by Bishop Loughlin of Brooklyn.

Although Cardinal McCloskey was made office, and there only remaines the chama member of the College of Cardinals by Pope Pius IX, he received the red hat from Leo XIII. He was summoned to Rome at the death of Pius IX, but did not reach there until after the election of Leo, from whom he received his hat and his title of Santa Maria scpra Minerva.

In the case of Cardinal Gibbons, Mgr. Straniero and Count Mucciola were the messengers from Rome. Archbishop Peter R, Kendrick of St. Louis, Mo., imposed the berretta in the Cathedral in Baltimore on June 30, 1886, after a mass celebrated by than any other animal.

Archbishop Williams of Boston. The Cardinal went to Rome and was vested with the red hat and the title of Santa Maria in

The raising to the cardinalate as a matter of fact means the investiture of three hats-the skull cap, or zuccetto; the berretta, which is the same shape as the ordin-Cardinal Gibbons will present the red | ary berretta, and differs only in color from a priest's or bishop's, and the red bat. This last is simply held over the Cardinal's head by the Pope and is never worn. At made a Cardinal, it may be interesting to a Cardinal's death it is laid upon his breast until the interment, when it is suspended over the sanctuary of his cathedral. Car-In the first place, the College of Cardin- dinal McCloskey's may still be seen hang-

At the imposing of the berretta a cardinal makes an oath that within a year he will visit the tombs of the apostles, and it is while on this visit he usually goes through the ceremony which makes him a full memwhom holds a title or parish in Rome, and | ber of the Sacred College. This is the fourteen deacons. The latter hold no most important and interesting of the ceretitles, and may be laymen. Cardinal monies. The day preceding the hour ap-Antonelli was a layman and was created a pointed for the public consistory the chief this business five years; many of my of the College of Apostolic Cursores, in The words cardinals, cardinare, incar- full official costume, repairs to the redinare, are found in ante-Nicene eccles- spec ive residences of the newly created Cardinals, and notifies them in a regular

This is one of the most brilliant scenes essary to its being that is might be said to conceivable. Surrounded by the members of the Papal Court, the Holy Father sits on bis throne at the far end of the Sala Regia, Bishops, or priests, or deacons, whose with his golden miter upon his head. Long connection with a church was loose or rows of benches are placed on each side of him, upon which sit the members of the Parish churches, or titles, were first in- Sacred College in their full cardinalatial stituted in the time of Pope Marcellus robes. On the steps before their eminences (304-309.), and the priests to whose sit their chaplains, whose duty it is to hold the scarlet berrettas on their knees

The hat is only placed by the Pope on the Cardinal's head; he then lifts it up and tion. They were not at first assigned to hands it to the prefect of papal ceremonies. the master of the pontifical wardrobe to the relief of the sick and poor, with chapels at- ed by two prelates and five servants in rich

> After the giving of the hat the Pope rises, and, imparting the apostolic benediction to into the ranks of the sacred senate.

The ceremonies open with the "Obedience." This consists of the Cardinals going up one by one to kiss the ring of the Eisherman. After the professed Cardinals come the newly elect, who have first taken, in the Sistine Chapel, the oath of allegiance prescribed by the apostolic constitution, in presence of the Pope, the Cardinals, and the superiors of various religious orders. They enter the consistorial hall in procession and kiss the hands and feet of his Holiness, alt r which they exchange the accolade, or ecclesiastical embrace, with their colleague, beginning with the senior member of the S cred College and ending with the last promoted

During these proceedings one of the consistorial advocates pleads the cause of the beatification or canonization of some person eminent for sanctity. The new Cardinals then return to the pontifical throne, and the Pope places the red hat on the head of each one, saying as he does so, in Latin, "Receive, for the glory of Almighty God and the adornment of the Holy Apostolic See, this red hat, the sign of the unequaled dignity of that even to death by number of Cardinals should never exceed the shedding of thy blood thou shouldst seventy, and the sacred college remains at show thyself intrepid for the exaltation of the blessed faith, for the peace and tranquillity of the Christian people, for the increase and prosperity of the Holy Roman church. In the name of the Father, and

of the Son. and of the Holy Ghost. Amen." After the public consistory a secret consistory takes place. In this consistory the Pope closes the mouths of the new members by saying: "We seal your lips so that ye may not be able to speak your ecclesiastical function." The business of Pope, who confers upon him the berretta, the meeting is then transacted, and at the and at the following consistory the red hat | end the junior Cardinal Deacon rings a little bell, when the Pontiff, making the sign of the cross over them, opens their lips again by saying: "We open your lips of the Pope's household, usually a Monsig- so that in consistories, congregations, and other ecclesiastical functions ye may be able to speak your opinion. In the name regular customers, had recommended her

This ceremony is of great antiquity, having existed since before the thirteenth century. A few days after this consistory dear friend for sending her to me. I the new Cardinal takes formal charge of the titular church to which he has been

In the case of Mgr. Satolli no ablegate will be sent to this country, Mgr. Sharretti having been designed by the Pope to act as ablegate on that occasion. A numvarious documents--New York World.

Easily Arranged.

The are telling the story in London that

"I have nothing," expostulated the host, almost tearfully, "nothing. The first floor Archbishop Bayley, then Archbishop of is taken by the Queen of the Ostenders, Baltimore. The ceremony was performed the Queen of Montegaria occupies the second, the Duke of Cottonopolis is sharing the third floor with Caliph of Port Said, by a solemn pontifical mass, celebrated is sleeping on the billiard table. As for and the Crown Prince of Nova Esperanza myself, I have to make up a bed in the

ber of my daughtdr. Of course-" "Is that your daughter?" interrupted the American, pointing to the young lady at the desk.

"Yes, sir." "All right; I ll marry her after lunch." And, giving his valise to the speechless Boniface, he added, "Now, you can take my baggage up to our room,"-London Argonaut.

Alligators grow slowly. At 15 years of age they are only two feet long. A twelve. footer may be supposed to be 75 years old. It is believed that they grow as long as they live, and probably they live longer

### TOLD BY FINGER NAILS. HOW MANICURES TELL PEOPLE

WHAT THEY LIKE.

Individual Tastes and Dispositions to be Recognized at Sight-Nalls that Indicate a Love of this or that-Some that Show Bad

"Dear me, but you are luxurious in your tastes!" said a pretty little manicure who does a thriving business in caring for the hands of men as well as those of women. The customer to whom she spoke was a young woman whom the manicure had never seen before.

"And, pray, how do you know that I am luxurious in my tastes?" the customer asked in astonishment, and at the same time with much interest.

'Oh, I can tell by your nails. You hear people constantly talking of character being shown in the hands, feet, eyes, or mouth, but no one but a manicure with years of experience knows how people can be read by their finger nails. I've been in customers are men, and I've got those who come to me regularly down pretty fine, and yet I've never exchanged a dozen words with most of them. I judge everybody the first time that I fix the nails, and it is often that I make a wrong estimate of a person's

"But what in the world can you tell what a man or a woman is merely by the finger nails?" asked the customer.

"Because they are such telltales. As soon as I took your hand in mine and saw how your nails grew into the flesh at the points and sides, I knew instantly that all your tastes are luxurious, and vou indulge yourself, too, just as far as you can, don't you?" "I'm afraid your are right."

"There, now, I knew it. All of my customers who have such tastes have nails that grow into the flesh. They quarrel about it dency, but I can't stop the work of nature. Of course, it's ugly and often causes pain to have the nail embed itself in the flesh, but if one is fond of self-indulgence one must pay the penalty, even to the finger

"The other day a little woman came in here with pale nails; they were almost leadcolored. She made two or three pleasant remarks, and finally said

" 'I wish my nails were pink like those of most girls." " 'But you can't have pink nails so long

as you are so melancholy,' I answered, and " You never saw me before, and don't

know whether I'm melancholy or not!" "'Oh, yes. I do,' I said, 'because the color of your nails tells me so. I've several melancholy customers, but they don't know that I know it. When a person is subject to fits of the blues, or rather is in a constant state of depression, the nails seem to turn lead-colored from sympathy. If you would

your nails would grow pink after a while.' "Then she told me how she had lost her sweetheart just two weeks before they were to have been married; and although three years have elapsed she has never been able to shake off the melancholia."

make up your mind to always be cheerful,

For a while only the sound of the file

was heard, and then the customer said: "Do you know what you've been telling me is very interesting? I wish you would tell me more, for I'm going to begin to

"Well," resumed the manicure, "broad nails indicate a gentle, timid, and bashful nature. Of course, people with broad nails opinion either in consistories or in other often overcome their timidity and have perfectly easy manners, but they are invariably gentle. I made a customer very angry once. She was a middle-aged woman, and it was the first time that she had ever come to me. She said that a dear friend, Mrs. Brown, who was one of my of the Father, and of the Son, and of the to come to me. As soon as I began to work on her nails she began to quarrel. She quarreled with my instruments and my way of using them, and finally let in on her worked away and said nothing, and when I | few weeks old, the other boy is a fine finished her nails looked really beautiful. She looked at them and then at me aud

> "'You must think me very disagreeable,' "'Oh, no,' I answered . 'I knew you would quarrel about something when you sat down, because your narrow nails told me that you had a quarrelsome nature, and you are not only quarrelsome but you have an inordinate ambition. Pardon my frankness, but people with narrow nails like yours are always quarrelsome and ambi-

"She flounced out, but she has come to me once a week ever since.

build came in. He fixed his piercing eyes upon me, and seemed to be trying to read me, but I had the advantage, because I could read him without glancing at his face. After a time he began to question me about my business, and I plucked up courage to volunteer:

"And you are a student-you are fond of knowledge and are tull of liberal senti-

"He stared at me as if I were crazy, and said nothing more, but when he went to leave he undid a parcel, took out a book, and wrote upon the fly leaf, 'For the little manicure who read the author at first sight From the Author,' and presented it to me. That author was one of the most popular belonging to the realistic school, and I guess he thought I was a witch, or of course he thought that nobody would take him for a student with his magnificent physique. He didn't know that his round nails had indicated to me what his chief characteristics were, and he has never been back since. Perhaps he was afraid of me; but any way I prize that book he gave me above

anything else that I have. "Small nails indicate littleness of mind, obstinacy, and conceit. Watch out for the person with small nails, especially if it happens to be a man, for he will be capable of petty thoughts, speeches, and actions, and thinks more of himself than of any one else. It it is a woman, she is apt to be spiteful and jealous, and, generally speaking says things behind your back that she wouldn't to your face.

"People of bilious temperament have red and spotted nails, and so do martial men, delighting in war. Where you see these red nails you may be sure that the person possessing them is easily irritated, though apt to get in a good humor just as

"There is a superstition to the effect that white marks on the nails denote misfortune, but there is nothing in it. These white marks that schoolgirls call beaux, merely show that there is too much acid in the system. They are rather disfiguring, but are easy enough to get rid of if one is inclined to diet for a week.

"People with very pale nails are subject to much bodily infirmity, and if you observe them closely you will find that they always have a grievance. They really are easily imposed upon, and often suffer persecution from neighbors and friends, and they dote on talking about their troubles. Be lenient with them, because they cannot

RICH BARNEY BARNATO. The Kaffir Financier and how he set out to

Mate a Fortune. Barney Barnato's name is a power in the world of finance, for Barney is easily king in the nation of promoters. A few years ago he was penniless, today he is owner of millions, has the stock markets of Europe at his beck and call, and the ear of a confiding public ready to listen to anything he has to say. He is a man of only 43 years of age, and established an immense tortune in South Africa, whither he went in the early '70s, having tired of clerical work in London. Through numerous turns in the wheel of fortune during the first four years of his stay, he accumulated \$25,000. He started in as a promoters bought four diamond claims with his \$25,000, was able to sell them in 1881 at something like \$500,000, and is supposed after a series of such enterprises to be worth about \$200, 000.000 today. As a spicimen of what such a man can do, it is related of him that a only short time ago he made a paper corporation with a capital of \$1,000,000 sold it to a syndicate for £2,500,000, and in twenty-four hours the syndicate had sold it to the public for £5,000,000. This tale is probably a pure bit of romance, yet represents so exactly the part which a successful promoter may be said to take in financial matters that there is a possible grain of truth in the exaggeration. His power is certainly immense, and in the flood of speculation which has deluged European markets his figure stands out in bold relief. When recently there was danger of collapse in the South African securities he restored public confidence by purchasing enormous quantities of securities at market rates. At that time he was probably not quite prepared to have a serious fall in prices. When he is ready to step aside and count his earnings South African gold mines will furnish some interesting reading for the public prints.

To see Mr. Barnato at home, Spencer House, St. James,' you would think he had not a care in the world; tons of letters, crowds of callers are attended to and dismissed as if it were all play: he finds time to write a play, to drive, to entertain and be entertained, and always time to visit the nursery; for Mr. Barnato has three children. The youngest baby boy is only a sturdy little fellow; and the eldest, a sweet little girl whom her father adores.

Mrs. Barnato is a handsome, stately woman, and a fitting chatelaine for the palatial mansion now in course of erection

A Stationary Population. How little the population of France moves about is shown by the last census Out of 28 million inhabitants 21 million live in the town or village in which they were born, and 301/2 millions have not moved out of their native departments. "That very day a stout man of athletic France from colonies or foreign countries

## Timely Warning.

The great success of the chocolate preparations of the house of Walter Baker & Co. (established in 1780) has led to the placing on the market many misleading and unscrupulous imitations of their name, labels, and wrappers. Walter Baker & Co. are the oldest and largest manufacturers of pure and high-grade Cocoas and Chocolates on this continent. No chemicals are used in their manufactures. Consumers should ask for, and be sure that

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BUCKETS FROM THE WELL.

SET down the bucket and draw a single bucket-full of water from your well. By looking at and tasting it you know the condition of all the water in the well. A man doesn't need to talk long on a subject in which he is interested in order to show you his real character. You can form a pretty correct opinion of him often in ten minutes. On the same principle you are frequently able, from the occurrences of an hour, to judge of the history of years. This is Nature's way of teaching large truths

For instance, here are two or three short sentences taken from a letter, which in all does not comprise more than a hundred words; yet they point out what went on during twelve years of the writer's life.

"Sometimes," he says, "I had an awfnl pain and distress in the stomach, which no medicine that I took relieved. I had a sour taste in the mouth and pain after all I ate. There was also a sense of fullness and tightness at the chest, and I was constantly belching up wind. From time to time I consulted a doctor, who gave me medicines, but I got no better. In this manner I continued to suffer for twelve

Now think a minute what this means. Healthy people cannot understand it at all; but most of us have undergone pain enough, some time or other, to help us to ancy what such a long and weary stretch of it | Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. Only a million and a half have emigrated to must be. It is like a cold rainstorm that never ceases; like a corpse in the house that is never removed; like a screeching noise in the ears night and day; like the when you try to sleep; like -- but what's and then ends in recovery or death-a thousand times worse.

> Well, the letter says that after almost came into the writer's shop and told him of yer siller, ma leddy." a remedy which she had the best of reasons for believing in, as it had cured her husband of the same kind of disease. He procured it, and soon realized its virtues. more; what the doctors, with all their experience, failed to accomplish was done by this medicine, so easily that it seemed like

the act of one who, by some strange power, says to an evil thing, "Depart!" and it

Having gratefully announced his recovery, the writer of the letter adds:-Since then I always keep this medicine in the house. When any of my family are ill we resort to it, and it never fails us. You can publish my statement that other sufferers may hear of it. Yours truly, (signed) William Parry, Pork Butcher, 135, New Chester Road, Rock Ferry, near Liverpool. December 20th, 1894.

Another man tells a similiar story—the history of eight years instead of twelve, to be sure. Yet eight years are quite enough to be filled with physical and mental distress. Pain in the chest, sides and stomach; the eructation of sour, trothy water; being so inflated with wind that he was obliged to loosen his clothing; loss of appetite and sleep, and the uselessness of all medical treatment, etc.—this is the substance of what he was called upon to pass through.

He, too at last heard of this medicine, and used it. "Now," he says, "I am altogether a new man, and my health is better than ever. (Signed) Charles Appleyard, Ledsham, near South Miltord, Yorkshire. February 9th, 1893."

So runs the stories of illness and recovery-thousands of them in Englandthousands of them everywhere. The same dreadful indigestion and dyspepsia (the curse of the race), and the same cire in every case in which it has been tr. d-

Would Bear It in Mind.

Dr. Chalmers, the eminent divine, was knowledge of an enemy following you every | fond of telling the following story: Lady step you take, and standing over your bed | Betty Cunningham, had some difference of opinion with the parish minister, instead set forth what it means not to see a well of putting her usual contribution in the day for a dozen years. It is worse than a collecting plate, merely gave a stately bow. sharp fit of illness, which lasts a few weeks | This having occured several Sundays in succession, the elder in charge of the plate at last lost patience and blurted out: "We half an average lifetime of this, a customer | cud dae wi' less o' yer manners an' mair o

Dining on one occasion at the house of a nobleman, he happened to repeat the anecdote, whereupon the host, in a not-over It had power to reach the very source of pleased tone, said: "Are you aware, Dr. his malady. The wearing, exhausting pain became less, and soon returned no mine?" "I was not aware, my lord," re-