PROGRESS, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1896.

The Currie Business University.

of double-entry bookkeeping.

step. He is then gradually led to do real

business with his brother merchants, jus'

a business is carried on in real life. There

is nothing imaginary, all the dates and

persons are real, and he carries on his busi-

ness at a gain or loss, according as he

shows or does not show judgment in

To say that such a method of training

puts new life into a school is to speak very

mildly indeed. The students not only take

get a practical training in carrying on and

transacting business that is simply impos-

sible of attainment under the text-book

at our schoolrooms and see this five new

actual business method in operation can

tail to see at once its gr at superiority We

than he can learn in a whole term by the

but it is the conviction of hundreds of ed-

ucators throughout the United States, why

have adopted the new method.

over and the masses that gathered there and obtained their education upon the politics of Canada have given way to another kind of instruction-education in business methods-and Berryman's hall is now known as the Currie Business University.

What a transformation! The d.faced this at the college bank He is th n shown walls, the smoky ceilings, the discolored floors have disappeared and under the journal. Later he goes to the wholesale migic touch of carpenter and painter the house and purchas s a stock of representaoll han and the different rooms on the tive merchandise, giving a check in paysecond and third floors wear a different ment for his purchase. Care'ul and deaspect-a cheerful one and a busy one. ailed instructions are given him at every

When PROGRESS' representative entered this institution a few days ago he found that there were ninety men and women there, some young, others middle aged, all learning how affairs are conducted in the business world, and as he looked about the large room which was once the hall and saw the handsome desks all oceupied managing his affairs, by students he could not help thinking that the motto of the institution "ac'ual business from start to finish" was well carried out.

vastly more interest in their work, but they And so it is. When a student enters Currie's business university he or she be. comes a merchant to all intents and purposes. He is either located in St. John or system of teaching. No one who will call in Moncton, St. Stephen or some other town according to his location in the room. At one end is the bank and the post office and wholesale house, and he buys goods. are perfectly safe in saying that a student, he deposits money (in the shape of college by means of it, can learn more in a month bank bills) he writes and mails letters, makes drafts, draws checks and keeps a old way; and this is not our opinion alone, perfect record of all his transactions just as he would do it in business for himself.

How many men there are in business today, been in business for years, who would not like to take such a course even at this late day. There is no text book instruction but competent men and womam oversee every transaction-every entry made in the books, and advise and suggest and teach the best way to do business-the right way to keep a record of what is done. To describe the rooms in a few sentences. The business department is the largest room, handsomely decorated with all such conveniences for ladies and gentlemen as cloak rooms and closets adjoining. The typewriting and custom, freight and shipping departments is in one room where the students go, when necessary to make out their way bills, ship their freight, enter goods at the custom house and take delivery of them. This shipping and custom house department is new and under the competent direction of Mr. McCullough who is also the shorthand and typewriter instructor. A'l kinds of goods are entered at the custom house and upon the same forms as are used in daily business life. The freight bills are the same too and the student who goes out of Currie's college finds nothing different in the actual business he undertakes except that his transactions are actual, not imaginary. From this room there is a convenient reception room for lady students and their friends, handsomely furnished and comfortable in every respect. In the rear is the English department where those who undertake a business course may have their deficiencies in grammar, spelling, punctuation, and all such necessary requirements, remedied. In many cases such a course is necessary, especially with those who wish to unlertake stenography and typ: writing when a tolerable knowledge of good English is most necessary. This department is also a large one and is fitted up in the same manner as the other rooms. The place is lighted excellently by the many windows in the day and by the Auer light at night. There are three sessions daily and a student can work eight and a halt hours if he or she wishes. The university is under the direction of Mr. J. R. Currie assisted by his brother Mr. J. S. Currie. Both of these gentlemen are expert accountants, both have had a long experience in teaching and and actual experience as book keepers with large firms in this city. They are assisted, as stated before, by Mr. Mc-Cullough and Jas. W. Flower, L.L. B, of Boston university has charge of the English and commerical law department. There are also lady teachers assisting in the shorthand and husiness departments. Much might be written about this excellent institution but Mr. Currie has recently published a descriptive calendar, illustrated not only with views such as are printed on this page today but with many of St. John. Some of the contents of that calendar is printed here below, but much more is found in its pages than could possibly be inserted here. The terms, expense and all information is in plain black and white. Moreover the whole book is interesting and worth reading. Send for it and see for yourself what advantages such a business university possesses.

ing of taking a commercial course, that system in this part of Canada, and its He begins his work just as a business there is not the slightest doubt of their be benefits can be received only at our school, ing able to ke p any ordinary set of books. as the system is fully covered by patents

maa begins when h : first embarks in tra le. or do general business, after they have and copyrights. Every student is assumed to be a real merchant, and takes his place in a fac- spent the required time in our actual busisimile business community, which comprises ness dep rtment. The course embraces actual training in many diff rent kinds of rated system of actual business from start he whole school. He is given a capital in

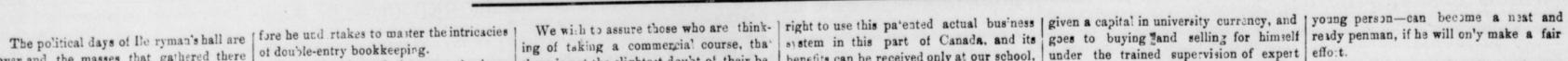
college currency, and begins by depositing business, and no work is omitted that any to finish. From the beginning to the end business man is likely to be required to of his course the stuten' learns by doing. how to make the n cessary entry in his do. This is inticn holds the exclusive Upon the first day of his entrance he is

Bookkeeping.

This subject is taught by the now celeb.



CURRIE'S BUSINESS UNIVERSITY.



accountants. As he advances he engages in undertakings more and more complex ; becomes in time a proprietor, or partner in various jobbing, manufacturing and wholesale concerns, engages in joint stock | writing with one sile of the pen, et ..., were operations, manages and handles the books acquired in the primary school, and until ot corporations, does banking and clearinghouse business, insurance, shipping. forwarding, and custom-house work, trustee and executors' accounting, assignments. et :. All this, bear in mind, is real business; the school being a business community, of which the student is a member. There is a vast difference between learning comparatively short season, work wonders bookkeeping in this way and trying to learn it by the old plan. We wish to emphasize the fact that our method of teaching bookkeeping is altogether a new gage in busin ss persuits, this acquirement departure from ordinary business college of a good handwriting is an absolute necwork, and is the only system yet devised essity. When a business man contemplafor fitting students for the real duties of tes employing an office assistant, the first the counting room.

Penmanship.

There is no more graceful accomplishment than the ability to write a beautiful hand. There is something about fine penmanship that appeals directly to one's sense of the beautiful, It touches a refined sensibility like a strain of rich music or the melody of a sweet poem. Only a coarse and cloddy nature can be indifferent to the graces of be sutiful writing, and it is a worthy ambition to strive for excellence in this art. although not every one can become a facile and elegant penman any more than any one can become a finished musician or a painter of rare pictures. Pen artists, like other artists are born rather than made. But almost every one-certainly every

The majority of peop'e write poorly, not from natural inability to write, but because they were not properly taught in the first place. Bad habits of cramping the fingers, these are corrected, good, or even fair penmanship is ou' of the question. But any one of ordinary sense and perseverance who will put himself] under the direction of a competent instructor, can correct these habits, acquire the power of writing with the arm instead of the fingers, and in of reformation even in the ugliest and most irregular handwriting.

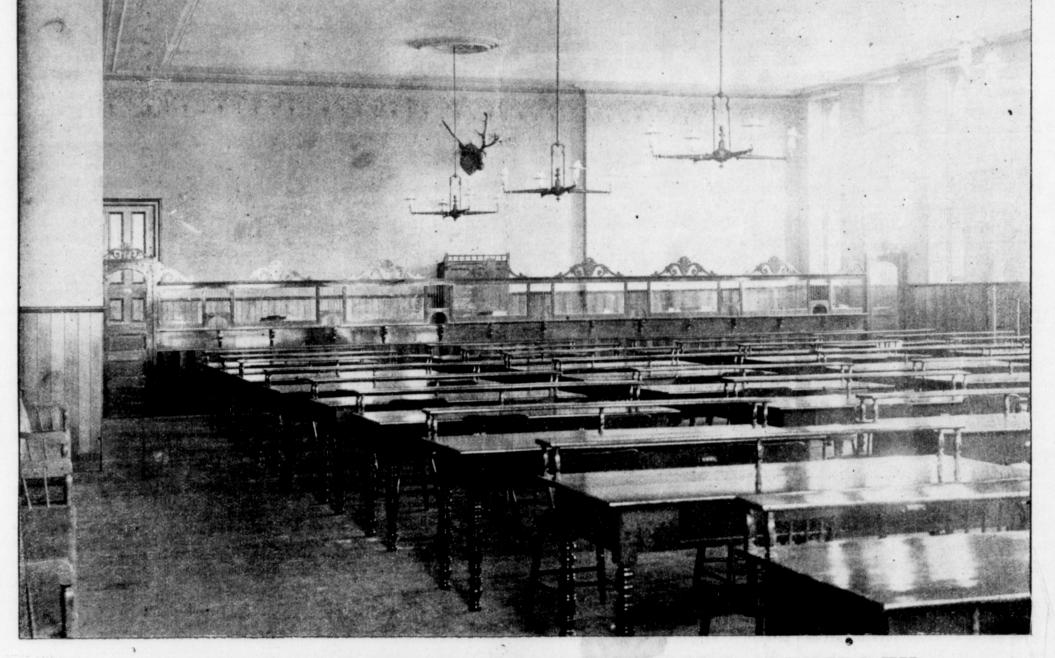
In the case of those who expect to enquestion he asks about the candidate for the position is: "Can he write a good hand ?" If he can't that settles it : the employer will look further.

In this school we make a specialty of teaching business writing, and the learner gets the advantage of daily instruction by an expert penman, who is also an experienced teacher. We take pains to improve the student's general writing in every department of his course, as we insist on neat penmanship in all written work. Rarely, indeed, do we get a student who does not make marked progress. There is no way of improving one's handwriting except to go at the task seriously and under the competent guidance of an experienced teacher. We invite special attention to our facilities for teaching [writing, as we intend in the future, as in the past, to make this an important feature of our business course.

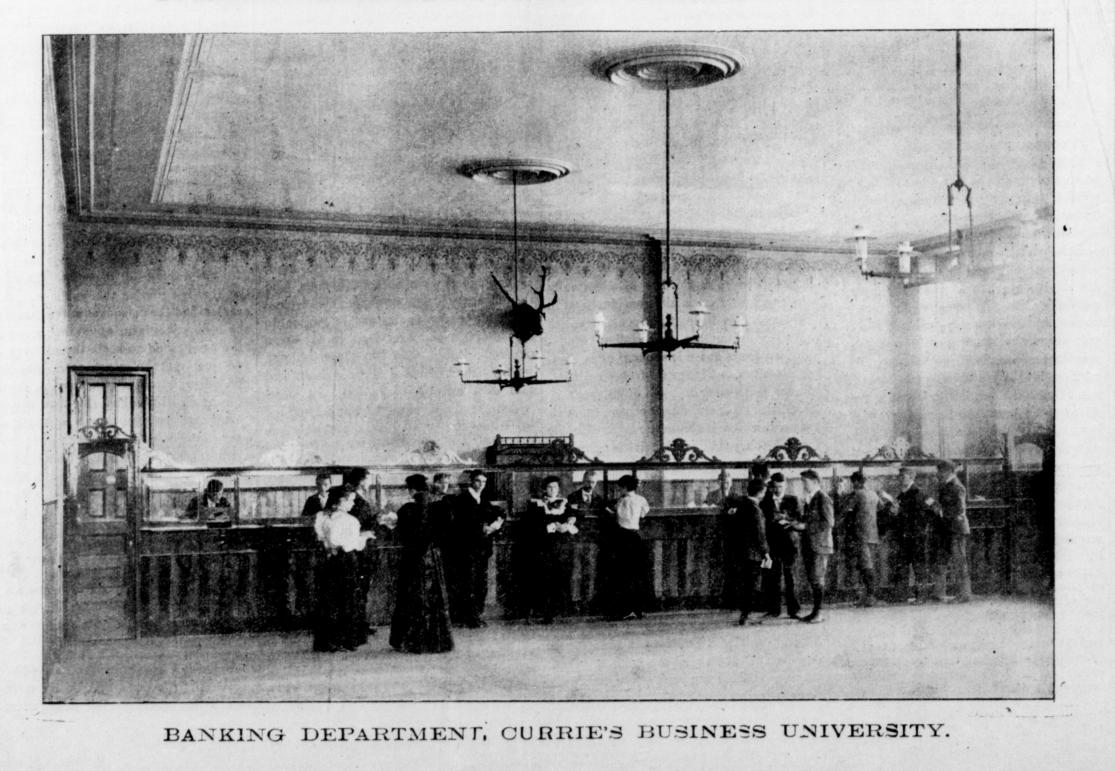
Commercial Law.

A knowledge of the ordinary principles of business law is a prime necessity to every one engaged in commercial pursuits, and is





BUSINESS DEPARTMENT, CURRIE'S BUSINESS UNIVERS.TY



now everywhere included among the elements of spractical education. Many a costly law-suit would have been avoided, did the litigants both understand the ordinary principles of the law of contracts. Not having this knowledge they apply to lawyers, who too often serve their own interests by bringing on, instead of avoiding the suit. Any ordinary, bright young man or woman, can in a few months' diligent study acquire a fair knowledge of business law in all branches, and such a knowledge is of inestimable advantage in every walk in life. Unfortunately many persons do not care for this knowledge until they are compelled to learn it from practical experience at a great cost. While we do not pretend to gradua'e lawyers, yet we recogn'ze the fact that it is necessary for every one, and especially business men, to be familiar with the laws and legal forms connected with every day business.

Shorthand Department.

Until comparatively recent years the writing of shorthand was almost unknown, except to a few reporters, and in earlier days such a person as an office stenographer was not to be found. The introduction of modern methods, however, has changed all this, and to-day the stenographer is an absolute necessity in any business office worthy of the name. Shorthand, like the telegraph, telephone, and many other modern appliances, has outgrown its infancy, and has now arrived at an age of material usefulness to the live, energetic business-man, and such a man would just as soon be without his ledger or bookkeeper as without his stenographer.

Our advice to all persons who may be puzzling their brain with this question is : Look around your own neighborhood, ascertain who the expert reporters are, and find out what system they use, and adopt it. If these instructions are followed no mistake can be made, as the system written by these experts must necessarily have stood the test of time and hard and varied work.

This is the plan that was adopted by the proprietor of this institution when opening a shorthand depa:tment. After spending a great deal of time and making numerous inquires, he found that of all the different systems in use in this province, "Scovil's Shorthand" was far in the lead, three of the expert court reporters being Scovil writers, while only one writes another system. He also ascertained that three of these official court reporters were appointed some fourteen years ago, and that since that date, although other systems have been extensively taught, and the Scovil method to a very limited degree only, no other system has developed a known writer capable of securing the certificate of competency issued and required by the Provincial Government from applicants for positions as court reporters in this province. A number of these certificates were secured some three years ago by Scovil writers, and the same are now duly registered in the office of the Provincial Secretary at Fredericton. Finding this to be the stanling of the different systems of shorthand, "Sovil's" was chosen as the best to be taught in this institution, and the work of our pupils since its adoption has fully justified the choice.

Some Things in the Calendar.

The new actual business method is an entirely 'new departure' from the old textbook plan. It proceeds upon the idea that a boy should first learn about Lusiness transactions, and how to execute them, be-