PROGRESS, SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897

HAVE MEDICAL VIRTUE. MEDICINAL PLANTS THAT AID THE ithe water led to the discovery that it wa PHYSICIAN.

The Development of the Science of Botany From the Primitive Period-Plan's that Have Wonderful Curative Powers-How Quinine Conchon was Named.

Huge, richly colored stereopticon pictures of blossoming plants and flowers illustrated the closing lecture of the Columbia University popular course, delivered by Prof. Smith Ely Jelliffe of the New York College of Pharmacy on a recent evening, at the American Museum of Natural History. His subject was 'Medicinal Plants,' and a large audience listened with evident pleasure. He traced the development of the science of botany from the primitive period, when doctors were botanists, pharmacists, and physicians, to the present day, when the pharmacist has become the expert middleman, whose skill in compounding the medicinal virtues of plant and exact knowledge of drugs have rendered it unnecessary for the physician to bother his head about botany. He enumerated the herbs and plants and flowers that were supposed in the days of the foretathers to possess medical virtues, but have since been known to be worthless, and described those now highly prized because of real curative qualities.

First of these, he said, is the May apple that grows in abundance along shady streams and along the fences of cultivated fields all the way from Canada to Florida. Aside from its beauty of bloom and its pulpy yellow fruit, it has a melicinal prize in its root from which are manufactured podophillum pills. The toxglove, too, that, grows in stately clusters in old-fashioned gardens, has a virtue in its leaves that was known as early as the sixteenth century. From it is made digitalis, a drug of great merit in the treatment of heart trouble. Witch hazel, which formerly yielded a medicine used exclusively for bruises and sunburn, has lately been found to have great value still in the treatment of skin disease, the latter discovery being the tincture that is extracted from the branches and leaves of the last flowers of the year. The poison hemlock, which has been transplanted here in waste places from Europe and Asia, yields the poison which it is supposed socrates took for his fatal draught, and which is used now in the treatment of can cer and nervous digeases. Monk's hood, a beautiful plant with blue flowers that is cultivated for purely ornamental value in well-kept 'gardens, pields aconite. This lovely plant grows in all parts of the world, and it was known to the ancient Chinese for the poison extracted from its root. It is a deadly poison. A single root, bruised, and thrown into a tank of water will poison the entire supply. It is used efficaciously to depress the action of the heart. The green hellebore that decks the spring woods with strong fresh leaves and a spike of whitish blossoms yields another sort of posion, which makes its root valuable in veterinary medicine. Its worth as an insect and animal poison were known to the Romans, who employed it to poison vermin. The yellow-flowered, hairy weed henbane, that grows here and in Great Britain has still different and distinct medicinal properties in its root and leaves. The extract of its leaves is administered to quiet maniacs in asylums. The root has an opposite effect. Belladonna, or the deadly nightshade, yields to the pharmacist the poison known as atropine, an overdose of which will produce delirium. A good many allied species of the plant grow here, although it is not indigenous to the soil. It belongs to the same tamily as the potato. Well-known cases are on record, by the way, of poisoning from the eating raw of very young potatoes, which seem to contain some of the deadly properties of the belladonna. Atropine is also obtained from the thorn apple, a very common poisonous plant which grows in bling the blossom of the morning glory.

many visited the pool. The bitter taste of mpregnated with the properties of the virtue was not known to civilization, how ever, until it happen d that the wife of the Viceroy of Peru was lying ill of the fever, and a Jesuit priest recommended helpmeet in his colonial home.

Fernandez de Cabrersry Bobadilla, fourth | nativ s. Count of Chinchon, and the scientific name

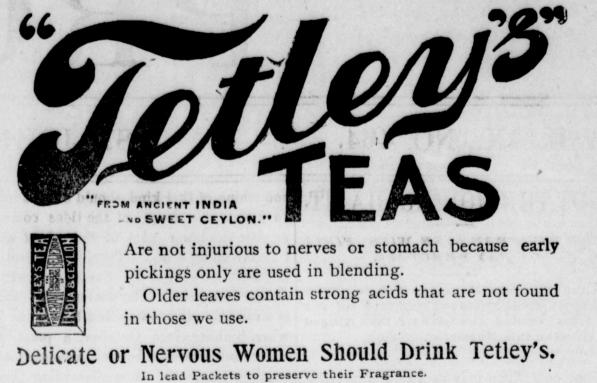
of quiaine cinchons owes its origin to the Countess of Chinchon, the Viceroy's wite, who was cured by the virtues of cinchona woma to share her dang rs and 1 ardbark.'

the greatest surprise. as no remedy was severence was rewarded and he is now then known for intermittent fever, and married. The fact is, however, that he did not find a wife among the young women with whom he had been accustomed bark of the trees growing at the gorge. Its to associate. They liked the colonists but the colony terrified them. His wife is a worthy woman, the daughter of a farm laborer, and she is making him a good

that the bark be gound to a powder and administered to be. The resultant cure so difficult to induce the far sex of their British and Datch colonists do not find it was considered so wond riul that the Vice- old homes to share their lot in newer parts roy sent an expedition into the forest to of the world; and when they have found it collect the bark, and upon his return to really difficult to get wives from the mother Spain brought it with him and gave away coun'ry many of the Dutch in th East large quantities of it to the sick. The Indies have not disdaine to be joined in name of the Viceroy was Luis Geronime lawful wedlock with th daught is of the

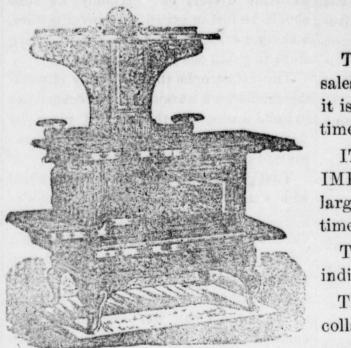
Many white men are now liv ng in tropial reg oas, 1k equatorial Afr.ca, where they ave r-ally no right to ask a white shps. Few wom n from th nor ! tem-





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few, if any, in Canada can boast. After graduating at Outario Business

College, Belleville. Oat., he spent eight years as a practical accountant and office man, gaining an experience invaluable to a business college principal. Mr. Osborne was at one time in char e of the Commer-

SCARCITY OF WOMEN. The Problem is How to Ev-n Up the S-xes

in Some Promising Colonies. Within the past fifty years the nation of Europe have seized vast parts of the earths surface, chiefly in Africa and Asia, but including also many islands of the Pacific. The total area that has thus come uniter European flags is nearly as large as North and South America together. Somo of these regions have been found to be well adapted for white settlement and emigrants have been encouraged to go to them. The European nation call these far-off lands their colonies, and they are very anxious to make themselves self-supporting and de-

velop them into markets for home manufactures. There is a question which is attracting more and more attention, and that is tho scarcity of white women in these colonies. In the French colonies, for ir stance, even where the conditions are most favorable for colonization, as in Algeria, there are from tour to six French men for every French woman. For the most part, there is no family life, and dissipation is more general than would be the case if there were more homes and more of the social life that is possible only when the sexes are in nearly equal numbers. Mr. Chailley-Bert, who recently wrote in the Paris Debats about the paucity of white women

Mr. Osborne, who has purchased the | cial and Shorthand Departments of Mount Fredericton Business College, comes to the Allison Academy, and has for the last five Maritime Provinces with qualifications as years held the position of senior teacher an all around business educator, of which on the staff of Ontario Business College. Hete ches the Isaac Pitmin system of shortband, and, as a penman, has no superior in this country.

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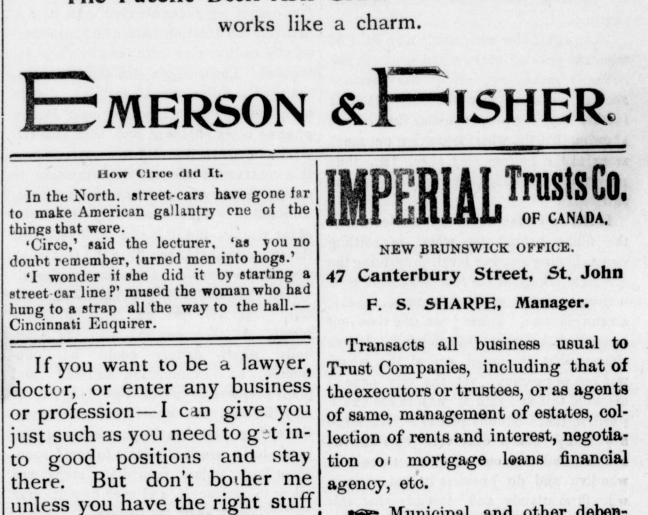
perate zone are able to survive one or two child bear ng exp renc s n trop cal Afri :a. Some white men who liv- there have expressed the opnion that it is little short ot a crime to bring women of their jown to good positions and stay race to these regios. The late Dr. Wolf, the German explorer, said that any while man there who wanted a wife should marry one of the natives of the country. in you. Primer sent free. Some of the Europeans in Africa have Snell, Truro N. S. totlowed his advice, and among them Dr. Grenfell, the explorer and missionary, who CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS. married a negro girl who had been edu-

coast. Two months ago the Canadian newspapers contained an advertisement from a mining camp in British Columbia in which it was announced that the camp was wholly destitute of women, that neither gambling nor the sale of intoxicating liquors was permitted in the settlement, that the miners were industrious, had saved money, and now they wanted wives and homes; and young woman of the Dominion were invited to enter into correspondence with a committee as preliminary

cated at a mission station on the west

spondence with a committee as preliminary to possible immigration to the camp and marriage with the bachelors thereof. The scheme is not to be commended. Each miner had better use some of the money he has saved to visit a district where women are plentiful. If he is the N. B. where women are plentiful. If he is the right sort, he will probably convince some damsel that she can be happy even in a miner's cabin in the far Northwest.

Even today, in large parts of Canada, Australia, and Cape Colony, there are not women enouth to supply the demand for wives. But when the societies that promote the emigration of women to the colonies send out a party, the last thing in their



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