

TWAS NOT A PATRIARCH.

BUT ANOTHER LUMINARY HAD AN ATTACK OF THE D. T.'S

A Halifax Alderman Makes a Startling Statement That is Challenged by the Sons of Temperance—He Says He Made a Mistake in His Man—Other Matters.

HALIFAX, Jan. 14.—The temperance conference last week between the city council and the law and order association has been fruitful in after sensations. Ald. Butler put the sons of temperance into hysterics by stating that he had nursed a grand worthy patriarch of the order through an attack of the delirium tremens in Boston. Grand Scribe Saunders came out with an offer to pay \$100 to any charity to be named by Ald. Butler if he would but name his drunken G. W. P. then in confidence. This offer the alderman declined to accept on any consideration whatever. Then the list of G. W. P.'s for half a century was printed and Ald. Butler was again asked to name the man who had been in his nursery. This brought the reply from the representative of ward 2 that he has been mistaken; that after all his victim of the D. T.'s had not been a ruler of the sons of temperance at all. However the alderman stuck to it that he had nursed some one, and that the man was prominent and had claimed to be a leading temperance advocate. The story is going the rounds that the D. T. gentleman referred to is a member of the local legislature. Possibly that body of distinguished statesmen will also be after the outspoken alderman.

Ald. Hamilton sent a thunderbolt into another camp when he stated that he knew a leading official in this city who used temperance to get into office and yet had during elections tried to debauch the constituency with whiskey. There has been no challenge to name this man except on the part of the Halifax Chronicle and the motives of that journal are not disinterested. It is said to be the fact that Ald. Hamilton has only indirect evidence that could be used to substantiate his statement if he were called upon for the proof.

Then Ald. Hamilton also sailed into Forward, a temperance paper and its editor. The editor sent along a challenge and Ald. Hamilton at once began getting ready to meet the adversary.

All this is interesting to the public but it is probable that both aldermen did themselves more harm than good by making the assertions they did—assertions which one had to withdraw and which the other will have some difficulty in defending.

A. M. Hodge former proprietor of the "Kandy Kitchen" is bankrupt, offering his creditors 25 cents on the dollar. W. H. Johnston, the piano dealer capished him for the price of a piano Hodge had offered in a guessing competition. Then John Tobin & Co. arrested him on a capias for an account he owed them. Now came the assignment. The question is "what next?" Hodge was thought to be doing a great business. He came here some years ago with Uncle Rutas Somerby's "Japanese Village," and when that attraction folded its tents and stole away Hodge remained behind, opening up on Barrington street, and doing a rushing business. Now comes the end, if indeed the creditors will allow it to be the end, for there are mutterings that they will make it very warm for Mr. Hodge before some of them are done with him.

COMPANY MANNERS.

People should be the same for themselves as for their guests.

"Never be content with an imitation of a good thing when the reality is obtainable," is a piece of sound advice, and well worth remembering. It is particularly to the point, I think, in the case of manners, for nothing can be more palpably unnatural and forced than what are popularly known as 'company manners.' Do not allow your children to have two sets of manners, one for every day home use and the other for special occasions, and visitors. Begin your training by insisting on the same gentleness, courtesy, and general good behavior from them at all times as you would wish them to exhibit were they in the company of the person of all others whom you would wish to think well of them. If you do this you will never have reason to fear that your children will appear less well-bred than they really are. Manners are a pretty sure index of the qualities of heart and mind, and you may know that the person who always is gentle and kind in action is so at heart. In fact manners are the sort of complexion of the inner man, and just as a clear healthy complexion denotes a healthy body, so gentleness and kind manners indicate like qualities of heart. Of course, company manners may be anything you like for the moment, but they are unnatural and are sure to appear so; just as the rogue on the cheek fails to deceive anyone for

long into the belief that it is the blush of health, so are they also detected as a mere sham and a fraud.

Good manners ought to belong to all classes of society, to the child of the peasant as to the child of the peer, and, therefore, let no humble mother think that for her little ones they are of no importance, for they are of the greatest, not only because so much of a girl or boy's success in life depends on good manners, but also because the little acts of courtesy and words of kindness and refinement which we class together under this comprehensive title, are all important factors in increasing the happiness and peace of the home. Some children are naturally gentler and better mannered than others, but even the roughest diamond may in time be polished, so if mothers do not succeed for a long time in raising the standard of manners to the desired level they should not be too much discouraged. We are creatures of habit, and the very making ourselves behave with unvarying gentleness and courtesy, in spite of natural irritability, will in time discipline us into being at heart more like the ideal we have set before ourselves as perfection.

A PROVIDENTIAL RESCUE.

FROM A LIFE BURDENED WITH PAIN AND SUFFERING.

Langnor, Fever, Headaches and Pain in the Region of the Kidneys Made the Life of Mrs. McCaule Miserable—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured After Other Medicines Failed.

From the Gravenhurst Banner.

Poor health is an affliction that is dreaded by every one, and the first sign of approaching disease is usually met with an attempt on the part of the patient to check and kill it. Frequently, however, even the most skilled physicians fail, and the sufferer endures a weary round of agony such as those who are in the full enjoyment of health can have no conception of. But when at last a medicine is found that will cure, its worth cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. It is without price. Such is the opinion of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McCaule, of Ashdown, Ont. Mr. McCaule tells the story of his wife's illness and cure as follows:—"For three or four years past my wife had been constantly failing in health. The first symptom of her trouble was languor and loss of appetite, accompanied by bearing down pains and headaches, which effected her periodically. As time grew on she was attacked by pains in the region of her kidneys that became almost unbearable owing to their severity. Home remedies and different medicines were tried, but with no good results. Last winter she grew so weak and helpless that I was obliged to seek medical aid for her, and accordingly sent her out to Barrie, where she received the best medical attention, the result of which was only slightly beneficial. On her return, owing no doubt to the tediousness of the journey, she suffered from a relapse and her trouble came back in a form more aggravated than before. I noticed in a paper which I was reading one day a testimonial from one who had been cured of a similar trouble, and although knowing that other remedies had failed in my poor suffering wife's case, there was yet a ray of hope. I therefore procured a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and on my return home administered the first dose to my wife. It is perhaps needless to relate that before the first supply was exhausted she found great relief. My wife now commenced to enjoy a buoyancy of spirits and kept on taking the Pink Pills with increasing good results. By the time she had used six boxes her condition had so improved that her neighbors were almost unprepared to believe the evidence of their own eyes when seeing the change in her appearance. Before taking the pills it was a severe task even to dress herself, much less to do any household work, while now, although not having used any of the pills for more than a couple of months, she attends to all her household duties without the slightest inconvenience. Taking all these things into consideration, I feel it a duty I owe to other sufferers to recommend these little pink messengers of health which stood between my well nigh distracted wife and the jaws of a lingering but certain death."

DANGER IN BARBER SHOPS.

Microbes Lie in Wait for the Heads of Customers.

If there's one place where germs of all sorts swarm more thickly than any other place it is in a barber shop. Hundreds of people come and go and are brushed and combed and lathered and shaved with the same instruments. Every customer brings in his private stock and leaves contributions for the future customers. When business is slack the brushes become stock farms and

Ask your grocer for
Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best

gardens by themselves without outside assistance.

But the more dangerous pests of the barber shop are much smaller. Some are microbes, but several important ones are vegetable parasites, minute plants or fungi.

The principal diseases of hair are ringworm, barbers' itch, favus and baldness. Ringworm of the scalp is called by the skin specialists tinea tonsuras. It causes one or more circular bald patches of various sizes on the head, covered with scales looking like ashes, with numerous small broken off stumps of hair. Sometimes there are several such patches. It is a highly contagious disease and difficult to cure. In fact, it is only curable by shaving all the head and pulling out the diseased hair by the roots with a pair of pincers, which hurts. This treatment must be kept up for months.

The causes of ringworm is a fungus called trichophyton tonsuras, which grows in the hair follicles and the skin, and flourishes in barbers' brushes and combs.

The second disease of hair is barbers' itch, also called tinea sycosis, or ringworm of the beard. This comes chiefly from lather brushes, and causes an inflammation of the hair follicles, with the formation of dull red fleshy tubercles. The redness and scaliness are at first slight, but increase until the hair becomes dry, brittle, and finally drops out. The skin becomes thick and sensitive, so that the unfortunate victim would like to take chloroform every time he is shaved. Barbers' itch lasts a long time, and often gives rise to permanent disfigurement. The cause is another fungus somewhat like the ringworm fungus. It is always caused by the brushes and lather cups, which become impregnated with the fungi.

Barbers either take no special pains with their brushes, in which case the brushes become zoological gardens, or else they do what is almost as bad—wash them every day with soap and water. In the last, although free from wild beasts, they become famous botanical gardens. It is the result of a botanical nature that gives rise to the microscopic plant collections, which cause the three diseases—ringworm, barbers' itch and favus.

For prevention of baldness, and to renew and thicken the growth of the hair, use Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. Physicians endorse and recommend it.

"Thoroughness is what counts with me. Business men want such helpers as I send out. I don't have half enough. I want good workers—can't waste time with the other sort. No good in business, either. Circular sent free—ask Snell's Truth, N. S."

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS.

Announcements under this heading not exceeding five lines (about 35 words) cost 25 cents each insertion. Five cents extra for every additional line.

WE CAN GIVE POSITIONS to persons of all grades of ability. Agent, Book-keepers, Clerks, Farmers' Sons, Lawyers, Mechanics, Physicians, Preachers, Students, Married and Single women, Widows. Positions are worth from \$400.00 to \$2,000.00 per annum. We have paid several of our canvassers \$50.00 weekly for years. Many have started poor and become rich—like us. Particulars upon application. State salary expected. T. H. LINS-COTT, Manager, TORONTO, ONT.

WANTED Old established wholesale House wants one or two honest and industrious representatives for this section. Can pay a hustler about \$12.00 a week to start with. DRAWER 29, Brantford, Ont.

SIGNS! Our White Enamel Letters make clean signs for office and store windows; for beauty and durability they are unsurpassed. We are sole importers and agents of the original Letter since 1881. ROBERTSON STAMP AND LETTER WORKS, St. John, N. B.

WANTED Young men and women to help in the Armenian cause. Good pay. Will send copy of my little book, "Your Place in Life," free, to any who write. Rev. T. S. Linscott, Brantford, Ont.

PHOTO Outfits and materials, Kodaks and Cameras from \$5 to \$100. Practical information ensuring success, free. Save time and money by consulting us. ROBERTSON PHOTO SUPPLY CO., Masonic Building, St. John, N. B.

WANTED MEN everywhere to paint signs with our patterns. No experience required. Thirty dollars weekly. Send stamps for patterns and particulars. BARNARD BROS. TORONTO, ONT.

WANTED RELIABLE MERCHANTS in each town to handle our waterproof Cold Water Paint. Five million pounds sold in United States last year. VICTOR KOFOD, 49 Francis Xavier, Montreal.

RESIDENCE at Rothessay for sale or to rent for the Summer months. That pleasantly situated house known as the Titus property about one and a half miles from Rothessay Station and within two minutes walk of the Kennebecasis. Rent reasonable. Apply to H. G. Fenety, Barrister-at-Law, Pugsley Building. 24 6-11

Nos. 44 and 46 Pearl Street, New York, Dec. 16, 1896.

DEAR MR. KERR: I know you will be gratified to learn that I this morning received my certificate from the University of the State of New York, entitling to the use of the letters C. P. A. (Certified Public Accountant). * * * New York State has taken the initiative, and has recognized accountancy as a profession, and the letters C. P. A. will hereafter carry the same weight here as C. A. (Chartered Accountant), do in England. * * * I can only repeat * * * whatever success I may have met with is owing to my training at the St. John Business College. (Sgd.) BROWNELL MCGIBBON, C. P. A.

Day and Evening Classes re-open Jan. 4th. S. KERR & SON.

"Tetley's" TEAS

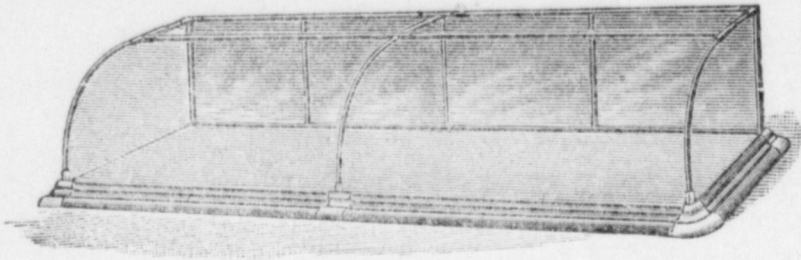


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Are not injurious to nerves or stomach because early pickings only are used in blending. Older leaves contain strong acids that are not found in those we use.

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In Lead Packets to preserve their Fragrance. 400, 500, 600, 700, PER LB.

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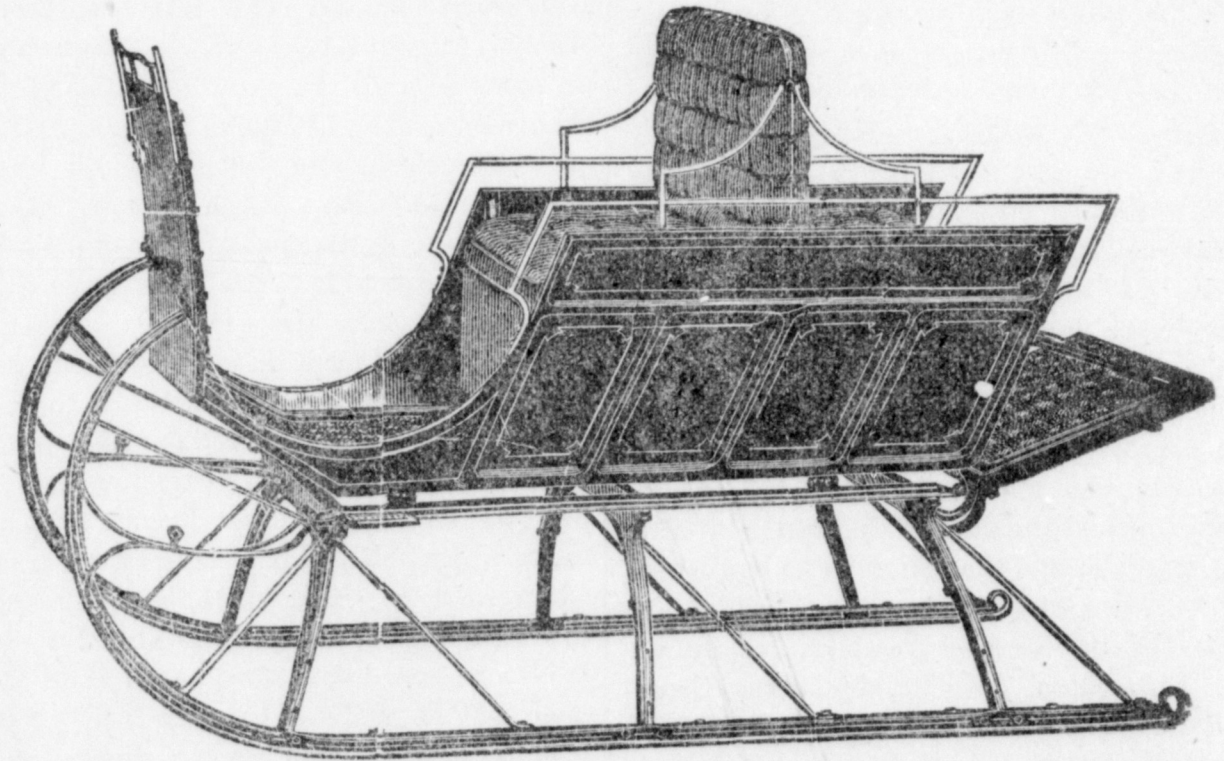
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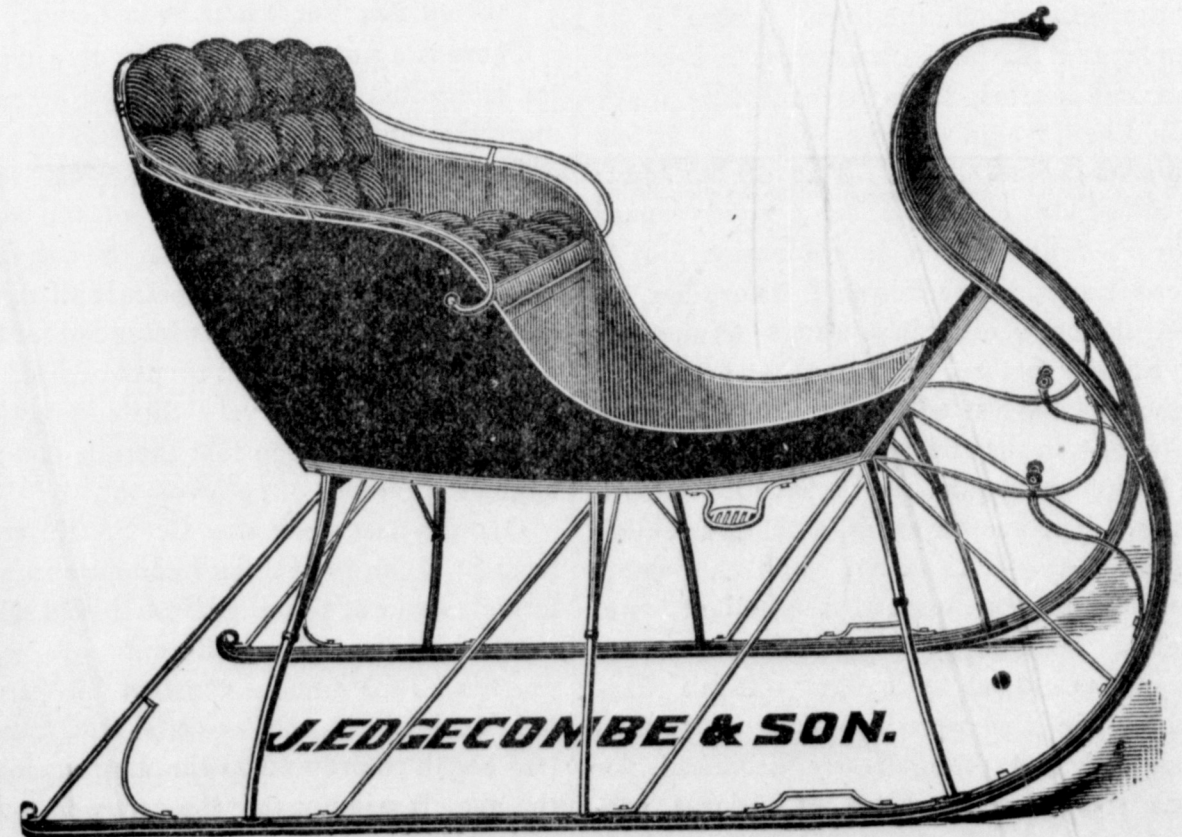
Merry Sleigh Bells

Winter is here and we are waiting for the snow.

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And then on this SINGLE SLEIGH just the thing for comfort and for fast driving. Strong and Durable. For prices and all information apply to

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