Notches on The Stick

"The Legends of the St. Lawrence," by Sir James M. Le Moine, author of many useful works, are-in method and construction at least-a continuation of his "Explorations in Eastern Latitudes." given to the public several years since. We have the same pleasant romance of a yachting trip down the St. Lawrence from Montreal to Gaspe, and the conversations, narratives and songs, beld by the author with his companions-and such companions too! One longs to be there-and thanks to the vivacity and skill of the writer, one is there, imaginatively, at least. Any one familiar with Jonathan Oldbuck at all knows just what a delightful melange of fact and fancy-history, legend, tolklore and description-we have. It is safe to say that this latest is not inferior in subject matter or in expression to its author's earlier books.

While yet the articles, which compose this book were in course of preparation, the following high words of recommendation were spoken by one of Canada's foremost critics and poets (John Read, of Montreal). There is one writer to whom-apart from his own ample contribution to our literature, both French and English-our poets and romanticists of either speech are deeply and avowededly indebted. Not they only. Read the prefaces of Parkman and you will know how highly he valued the aid and suggestions of Sir James Macpherson Le Moine. To us English readers Sir James M. Le Moine has been for thirty years and more a guide, trusted and revered, to all that is most romantic, most noteworthy in the story of the old regime and the new. Who that has visited Quebec with curiosity unsated as to the vie intime of that grand old fortress, has not found refreshment and satisfaction at the perennial springs of Sillery! Never were springs of knowledge entrusted by Providence to guardian more generous, more hospitable. "Through Dr. Bourinot's good offices," says our famous novelist, Gilbert Parker, "I came to know Mr. Le Moine of Quebec the gifted antiquarian, and President of the Royal Society of Canada. M. Le Moine placed in my hands certain historical facts suggestive of romance." Thus to Sir James and Mr. Fairchil t's splendid collection of Canadians the world owes a debt of which "The Seats of the Mighty," must ever remind it. Whereof anon.

The "D am stis Personæ," who contribute to the synposia on board the Hirondelle, or who manage that pleasure craft, now so elevated into literary repute, are: The Commodore, J. U. G; Mac of the Isles, Sagaman and Navigator; Carleton, Sailing Master and Old Mariner; Jean Lavoie, Steward, chef-de cuisine, and weather-prophet; Napoleon Maturin, Able bodied seamen; Pierro, Cabin boy; Fox; Sillery Collie; Tae Laird of Ravensclyffe, (Mr. Geo. M. Fairchild, of Sillery) poet, sportsman, etc; and latest mentioned, but neither last nor least, the doyen and unfailing oracle of the group, Jonathan Oldbuck, Antiquary, Naturalist, Discoverer, and, we may add what he does not-Gentleman, who is none other than Sir James M. Le Moine, Master of Spencer Grange.

In the opening chapter, on "Historic Montreal," we have the legends of Rose Latulippe, and of Cadieux, the romantic old courier de bois, and the author of a plaintive lyric in the French tongue which has come down to us, Of Rose Latulip pe-the rash and buxom French maiden who danced with a very shady partner at a dangerous hour-namely, beyond the hour of midnight on a Saturday-and was saved only by the timely arrival of the priest,we have the best account we have yet found in prose; but we were familiar with it in the verse of Mrs. Harrison (Seranus), who has conveyed it in her happiest

The story or balad of Mamselle Rose, Surnamed Lainlinge, as the story goes.

"Dance, dance, little Rose, a word in your ear, You are dancing with Lucifer, what dost thou fear.

The Cure! the Cure! He takes it all in, From Rose, in her paril of horrible sin, To Mother Marmette and the aged Seigneur, The whispering girls and the dazed voyageur.



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tion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

if not relieved, bilious fever

or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

And breathing a hurried and silent prayer, And making the sign of the cross in the air, And saying aloud, "The church hath power To save her children in such an hour." He taketh the maiden by both her hands, Whilst Lucifer dark and discomfited stands. Snorting and stamping in fiendish ire. He gains his steed with the eyes of fire, Who gives one loud and terrible neigh, And then in the darkness thunders away.

The original is given of the Lament of Cadieux, as well as an English version of which we will here give a few stanzas, regretting we have not space to copy the interesting account of the old voyageur, whose dirge was found after his death inscribed on a sheet of birch bark:

Thou little Rock of the High hill, Attend; Hither I come this last campaign to end! Ye echoes soft give ear unto my sigh, In languishment I speedily shall die.

Dear little birds, your dulcet harmony What time you sing, makes life more dear to me; Ah! had I wings that I might fly like you, Ere two days sped I should be happy too.

Lone in these woods I've known cares without end Pondering for aye the fate of each dear friend; I ask myself Alas! and are they drowned? Or by the Iroquis so ruthless found?

O nightingale, go tell my mistress true, My little ones I leave them my adieu, That I have kept my love and honor free, And they henceforth must hope no more of me.

Here then, it is the world abandons me-But I have help, Savior of man in thee! Most hol Virgin, do not from me fly! Within your arms Oh suffer me to die!

In the Third Chapter the chansons, or "Songs of Old Canada" are treated, materials for which are drawn from the translations and notes of Mr. William McLennan's little book. Of these one of the sweetest and most musical is the "A la Claire Fontaine of which Mr. McLennan says: "From the little child of seven years up to the man of silver hair, ail the people in Canada know and sing the Claire Fontaine, one is not French Canadian without that." Mr. Le Moine intorms us that "in Normandy they sing a similar chanson but the air which here is monotonous, but attractive, is different there." Of the translations we have seen we like the best Mr. Lighthall's, which begins as follows .-

Unto the cirstal iocutain For pleasure did I stray; So fair I found the waters

My 1.mbs in them I lay. "This chanson" continues Mr. McLen nan, "is typical in its giry mixture of ram bling and poetry. The first stanza, it will be seen is practically meaningless; but there comes that beautiful little choras. far more lovely in the quiet way in which

the air tempts you to hum: Long it is I have loved thee, Thee shall I love always, My dearest: Long is it I have loved thee, Thee shall I love alway. Sweet is the little address to the nightin-

Sing, nightingale, keep singing, Thou hast a heart so gay, Thou hast a heart so merry, While mine is sorrows prey."

Certain blithe little nature sketches, here and there, show how fine an eye he has, and how lively a descriptive pen our author wields. Here is a specimen:

"One bright, early June morning, when all nature seemed alive with joyous revelry in the warm sunshine of young summer, l recollect visiting Portneuf.

"The road from the station was down a tortuous hill alongside the noisy, brawling, madly, tumbling, foam covered Portneut river, entering its final race ere emptying into the St. Lawrence. What a delicious green the fields had taken on, and how fresh, the young verdure on the maple and birch beside the hemlocks' deeper tint! Among the softly murmuring pines, and balsams of the higher hillside, I heard my little friend, the white-throated sparrow. uttering in clear tones: Sweet! Sweet Canada! Sweet Canada!! but with his accustom-d shyness, keeping well out of sight.

"After a glimpse of a mill through the trees, and a short distance further on, I come upon the old grist mill that in years gone by contributed many a sack of flour towards the supply of England, now alas! doing very little more than grinding up oats for the neighboring farmers. A dusty meal-covered miller stuck his head out of a window, and wishing us a bonjour ! returned to his work. A few minutes more, and I came to the village of Portneut cosily nestled under the hill on the bank of the St. Lawrence. A little wheezy market boat was tied up to the wharf, and the en-

to welcome Josette or speed Baptiste, or bargain and bart r for all kinds and sorts of farm produce. I passed the pretty little church, and the presbytery where Abbe Provencher wrote his work, 'La Flore Canadienne,? Did Horr Peter Kalm botanize here in 1749? How I should have enjoyed botanizing through the neighboring fields and woods, I thought !"

We had marked for citation examples on P. 107-8, but must trust to the interested the duty of obtaining and reading this pleasant volume for himself.

Mr. William B. Chisholm, one of the literary critics of The Home Journal, N. Y., writes of Prof. Charles G. D. Robert last volume of verse, "New York Nocturnes,; "To the druid one of the most charming concepts in this charming little volume will be, The Solitary Woods. man:

When the nut-fed chipmunks romp Through the maples' crimson pomp, And the slim viburnum flashes In the darkness of the swamp.

And he hears the partridge drumming. The belated hornet's humming -And the faint prophetic sounds That foretell the winter's coming.

One feels free to criticise a poet of est ablished reputation—I may say fame—like Mr. Roberts, for it is precisely such to whom criticism conveys most beneficent meaning. The true poet will beckon to the critic, whether afar or near by. I ask then; why, Mr. Roberts, in these days of the recent 'clang of arms and clash of helms'-the adjustment of new issues, etc, -should the song be quite so mystic and brooding? Is there no middle ground- no possible compromise—between a hit on Manila or Santiago, and one of those low, gentle cadences with which this sweet volume murmurs? Shall not the truest druid still call out his struggling fellow mortals in the language they are themselves using from day to day—which voices their hopes and fears and their last aspiration'?" The term "druid," it occurs to us, is in danger of losing its original signification, and becoming a symbol of belittlement, as applied to the school of poetic nature lovers, or, if you insist, worshipers. We see no reason why the poet should abandon his "low, gentle cadences," even in time of war, if his taste and genius impell him to cultivate them. Mr. Chisbolm further, and more properly observes: "New York Nocturnes' has about as little to do with New York as 'Poe's Raven' had, but it is the recent thought of a true poet," [he might have added-who has taken up his residence in that city.] Full of gem-pictures and hints of higher than earthly dreams. Technically, too, it is true poetry, and not minor. Mr. Roberts has long since passed out of that, to the poet, odious category, and has now an acknowledged rank," Very true!

A gifted correspondent often mentioned in these columns, writes in praise of some fugitive lines on September, current in one of the magazines. He says: "I do not know the author. I wish I did. This is too fine not to be fathered by somebody-or mothered:"

September comes across the hills: Hark to her welcome, strong and free-The diapason of the sea,

The treble music of the rills. A flush dves every vine and tree, The sublit lead with rap'ure thrills: This is the Autumn's jubilee! September comes across the hills.

Fragrance with lavish hand she spilis: Magician of the year is she, To whom all nature bends the knee. Announced by woodland scents and trills September comes across the hills.

He speaks appreciatively of the recent Biography of Tennyson by his son: "Through the kindness of my friend, Rev J. H. Earp, of Kenneth square, I have been able to procure from the Bayard Taylor Memorial Library there the 2 vol. lite of Tenayson. This I have been reading of late, when I could read, and have found great pleasure in it. I have always admired Tennyson, but these volumes have only en-What a beautiful poem that is of 'The Talking Oak'! I thought of it this morning as I went to the station across my neighbor's pasture and stopped to rest under a mighty oak whose branches spread sixty feet. This is the tree that suggested my Quatrain, 'The Oak in Autumn':

O rock upon the towery top All throats that gurgle sweet ! All starry culmination drop Balm dews to bathe thy feet !

The sat earth feed thy branchy root, That under deeply strikes ! The northern morning o'er thee shoot High up, in silver spikes.

Nor ever lightning char thy grain, But, rolling as in sleep. Low thanders bring the mellow rain. That makes thee broad and deep !

Tennyson says that 'The Charge of the Light Brigade' was written in a few minutes. In that respect it recalls Holmes' 'Old Ironsides,' Longfellow's 'Psalm of



Thee.' I can never agree with Carlyle, anthropologists and psychologists. After that Tennyson was 'a life-guardsman spoilt by making poetry.' "

'Zion's Heral I," the independent organ of Methodism in New England, is youthful at seventy-five years, as it is demonstrated by its recent memorial number. This vigorous exponent of religious though', and of the polity and theology of the church it represents. has, under the editorial impulse and supervision of such men as Stevens, Wise, Copleigh, Pierce, Parkhurst and the two Havens, accomplished much for the welfare of mankind, during its years of in fluence, which were never more vital than in the last decade. The reminiscential papers of Rev. William McDonald, D. D., Rev. David H Ela, D. D., Rev. Geo. M. Steele, D. D., Rev. Daniel Steele, D. D., Prof. S F. Upham, D. D., Rev. D. A. duct of the commissary, quartermaster and Whedon. D. D., Rev. Wesley O. Holway D. D., and Miss Adelaide S. Seaverns ("Aunt Serens"), in this beautifully designed and illustrated number, recall the days of former success and prosperity. We are pleased to recognize in the Outlook department the capable pen of our friend, Chaplain David H. Tribou, U. S. N.

The notion that the Queen of Engla has a marked partiality for the writings of Marie Corelli has been much paraded, and we doubt not exaggerated. We have in a recent note obtained assurance that] 'there is no queen's novelist', either by letters pa'ent or royal warrant, and Marie Corelli, if she arrogates this title to herselt, does so without a shadow of right."

"I may say," explains a triend of Mark Twain, "that he reads everything in prose that is clean and healthy, yet he has never been able to find a line in Thackeray which interested him, Addison and Goldsmith are thrown away noon him, and Meredith, perhaps not unnaturally, provokes him to laughter. I asked Mr. Clemens one day how he explained this difference to the acknowledged master crafts men in his own trade, The explanation candidly given was, 'I have no really literary taste, and PASTOR FELIX.

Review of the Medical Record.

In the Medical Record for 17th Sept. Dr. Henry Morton describes Bottini's operation for enlarged prostrate, and reports five cases from his own practice. He characterizes other operations for the relief of this condition as mutilating, unsatisfactory in results and attended with a high rate of mortality, and concludes that Bottini's simpler procedure may well replace them all.

Dr. George E. Davis discourses on the physiology of the liver but adds little to the common stock of knowledge regarding the manifold functions of this long suffer-

Dr. Knox, of Texas, contribued an article on Potts' fracture and discribes the results in the first case he was called upon to treat as not satisfactory to the patient but of great benefit to himself.

Editorially Dr. Shrady deals with the physical degeneracy of the Atro-American and refers to an able paper by Dr. Furness hanced my bigh appreciation of the man. . . (J. Shadd of Washington, recently submitted to a conference of leading members of the negro community of Hampton,

Dr. Shadd points out that even under the most favorable santitary conditions the death rate of negroes is more than double that of whites. The most fruitful causes of this alarming death rate are infant mortality, tuberculosis and scrofula. With re gard to the great susceptibility of the negro to consumption Dr. Shadd remarks: "Consumption is the greatest enemy the negro has except his vices." After quoting a description of the manner in which the negroes live in the large cities "under the shadow of the Goddess of Liberty" Dr. Shrady says that their unhappy condition is a public menace and should incite philanthropists to grapple energetically with the difficulties of the situation.

Zola has submitted himself to the ten tire population of the place had turned out Life,' and Dr. Smith's 'My Country 'Tis of der mercies of a number of French expert

a careful examination they declare that he has orbicular contraction, cardiac spasms, thoracic cramps, false angina pectoris, sensory hyperaesthesia, obsessions, impulsive ideas and defective emotivity. He is a neuropath—that is, a man with a painful nervous system - yet they say that all this is not sufficient to affect in any appreciable manner his intellectual processes! I think it would have been better if, after stating his physical abnormalities, they had left us to draw our own conclusions regarding hi intellectual processes."

The News of the week chronicles Oliver H. Payne's gift of \$1,500,000 to Cornell Medical College; that another sanitary inspector has pronounced Camp Wikoff all right; that President McKinley is appointing a commission to examine into the conmedical bureaus of the War Department; that the first aid packets which were supplied to the soldiers have been most useful; that winter hospitals are being erected at Fort Monroe; that the Prince of Wales has displayed tortitude, good temper, and patience under the trying conditions resulting from his accident; that the number of deaths in India from the plague during the present epidemie has passed the hundred thousand mark; that Koch is going to study malaria; that famine is imminent at Kasan, Russia; that a movement is on foot to establish an art loan exhibition for hospitals, and that there have been several cases of yellow fever among the troops in Porto Rico. Clinical articles, reports of societies, correspondence &c., complete the number. Published weekly by William Wood and Company, New York.

The Fire Bells.

Ring out an alarm and it is headed. This is to notify you that base substitution is practised when the great, sure-pop corn cure is asked for. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor never fails to take corns off. It. makes no sore spots and gives no pain. Be sure and get "Putnam's."

Toe Personal.

Daring a Scottish tour which the poet Wordsworth took with his sister, he was greatly struck by Kilchurn Castle, and addressed a solemn poem to it. These verses happened to fall under the eye of a boy who had been asked by two ladies to read something sloud.

As innocent of its character as they, he began, in a tone intended to be impressively solemn, 'Skeleton of unfleshed humanity!'

But the effect of the phrase was more immediate and more startling than anyone could have imagined. For one of the two listeners (and she was certainly very thin) leapt to her feet and exclaimed indignantly 'Well, I am the thinnest woman in

remarks j' A brutal young man is one who would tell a girl who offers to mend his gloves that there is a hole in her tather's coat.

Ireland, but I cannot approve of personal

