PROGRESS, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1899

WASN'T GRIP THEN IT

THE DAYS WHEN COLDS HAD NO DIGNIFIED NAMES.

The way in Which People of Other Years Broke up a Cold-Grip was Then a Cold in the Head and Pneumonia was Lung Fever -Doctors not in Demand.

"So the grip is raging down your way just now I see" said an up river man the other day. "It's funny how time changes everything even the names and treatment of certain diseases, for of course the prevailing winter diseases of recent years are indentical with those known forty years ago under | Girl." different names."

When I was a boy at home we used to have epidemics of "influenza colds" every few years. I've had a pretty good seige this winter of what is now called grip and I don't see that it differs in any way from one of those old time colds. There were the same pains in the head, back and legs The same loss of strength and appetite with great mental depression. Our grand mothers had a good old way of their own of doctoring all the ills their children and grandchildren were subject to. Call in a doctor for a cold ! Well I guess not. The people of that day-the people in the country districts I mean-would seriously contemplate sending a man to the asylum who spent money on a doctor for anything short of typhoid fever or a dangerous physical injury. It was well tor the patient this sentiment prevailed. The old time doctor was a serious proposition as you would know if you had ever been subjected to his treatment. The only thing one heard about colds was that they must run their course. Every properly regulated family had its stock of herbs hanging in great bunches from the garret rafters and if there wasn't something among them that could cure you then you were a hopeless case -I might say morally and physically. The stock was replenished every summer; and the freshness of the supply was thus assured. For every ill there was a corresponding panaces in the attic, and most diseases met their Waterloo in that old herbarium. 'Nothing in the line of colds short of whooping cough or influenza was considered worthy of "treatment." Be careful and not get your feet wet,' would be the warning 'and keep your chist and throat warm' and the cold was supposed to wear itself out. For whooping-cough the remedy was flaxseed tea a compound popularly supposed to 'ease the cough'; an influenz i but cold merited the distinction of a course of treatment. The patient was kept indoors and in severe cases in bed. Warm drinks were administered and the victim was fed enormous quantities of food in season and out. You know the old saying "stuff a cold and starve fever.' If the cough was "tight" a sweat was the loosening sgency. Extract of skullcap and lady supper quieted the nerves and a small handful of poppy leaves added to the dose, induced sleep. "The idea of influenza proving fatal was unheard of but there are of course lots of instances where consumption originated in an influenza cold. While I admit the wonderful strides of medical science yet I question whether these homely old methods of treating colds and all the minor ills has ever been improved apon. Even severe attacks of pneumonia have yielded to them-but they used to call it lung fever twenty or thirty years ago. Pneumonia under that name was unheard of. I wish I had time to tell you how they broke up a in fever those days. I often think the cure was nearly as bad as the disease, but still the fever always had to take a back seat. Then it was considered almost a disgrace for a grown woman to be ignorant of the use of the different herbs and a good housewite would as soon think of neglecting to lay in the winter's provisions as not to provide the annual gathering of herbs."

rheumatic fever that every step was torture, and she could not walk from one side of the stage to the other. Beerbohm Tree himself, not to be downed by his wife, has a fine record with managers, and

is warranted to keep engagements unless dead and buried. An attack of congestion of the lungs almost got the better of him several seasons ago; but he took a room next door to the theatre, and every night, in spite of physicans' orders and warnings, he was wrapped up like a mummy and carried from his bed to the stage. where he played his role in "The Dancing

Ellen Terry's martyrdom is chronic, for she suffers very frequently from the most violent form of neuralgia and night after night will play, with the utmost ease and grace, while enduring pain that would make the average man groan. Duse is another of neuralgia's victims, and Rejane with an abscess in her side, never missed a night's performance. Clara Morris acted | desired to cross. regularly during years when, on account of serious spinal trouble, every movement of her body caused her excruciating pain She often said, jestingly, that scenes of agony came easily for her, for all she needed to do was to drop the mask and show her own suffering.

One of Sothern's plays came near fizzling out on its first night, because of Virginia Harned's illness. She was seriously ill. The physicians said it would be impossible for her to leave her bed, and that an attempt to do so might be fatal. The manager was wild. Sothern was worried. Explanations were prepared for the public; but Miss Harned announced that she would play on the opening night. When she says she will do a thing, she does it. Commands, entreaties had no effect on her. When the night came she had a temperature and pulse that made the doctor's hair stand on end, but she dressed, was carried to the wings, and went on, while two doctors watched her from the wings and poured restoratives down her throat each time she left the stage. Half the time she had no definite knowledge of what she was doing, but went through her part mechanically. At the end of the evening she was completely delirious; but the play had scored a hit, and the audience knew nothing of the cost. Painful accidents often occur on the stage and are borne with such sang froid by the sufferer that the audience has no idea anything has happened. Booth one night, in falling, ran a nail into his side. so completely ignored the accident even his fellow actors did not know that anything had happened until after the act had ended. The great Talma broke his arm in the second act of a play, finished

and went on with the play as though no-

thing had happened. It was not long ago that Mantell dashed his hand down upon a table and ran a spindle clear through his palm and out the back of his hand. Without even faltering in his lines he held the spindle with his left hand, pulled his right free, wound his 'kerchief around it hand went on with his part as though his and nerve had never been tried. Evidently some members of the profession are more convincingly heroic roles, and probably all of them count more or less martydom in the year's work.

MOST NOVEL OF BRIDGES.

Tall Tale of a Solemn-Faced Man About Riskey Western Journey.

'Speaking of bridges,' said the solemn faced man, 'I think the most novel and original, and, for that matter, the most quickly constructed bridge I ever heard of was one desinged on the spur of the occasion by a friend with whom I was travelling to connect the sides of a chasm which we

'When we came to the place where the bridge should have been we found that the bridge that had spanned this chasm had been carried away by some of the terrible guests that swept down the treeless adjacent mountains. It seemed hard to me that there was nothing to do but go back and go around another way, about fourteen miles further, but my friend was quite equal to the emergency. We were pack ing with us a piece of brown cotton cloth, forty-tour and a halt yards. The chasm was thirty-feet wide.

'We took that piece of cotton cloth and doubled it into four folds, which, you see, folded it up into a length of 34 feet 1½ inches. When we arrived there the wind was blowing a gale square across the chasm. The weather was the coldest I ever knew.

'My friend took that piece of cotton cloth | a little of course, in freezing, and was now doubled it as I have teld you, and then thirity-four feet scant, thus giving a trifle What's Most Called for Must be the Be loosely folded over on itself for conven. less than two feet at each end, a pretty ience in carrying to a warm spring near by, with the situation of which it seems he was acquainted, and dipped it in the water He kept it there until it was thoroughly bridge stout enough to bear out weight. saturated, meanwhile explaining to me his plan of operations. enlarged telescopic coal chute, such as they 'When it was all soaked we took the cloth to the edge of the chasm and stood use on coal wagons in the city, turned facing each other, he with his right with the curving side upward; a bridge arm extended toward me and I planned, constructed and put up in about thirty minutes. It was slippery, and we my left arm extended toward with put the wrong side up for safety; but we him, our hands meeting and the two arms each had dew arctics with very much corbowed slightly, with the bowed side uprugated soles, and by using great care we managed to get across all right. ward, like a flattened arch. Then we took that soaking wet bundle of cloth and drew carried it along with us on our shoulders one end of it across that arch, each of us the way you would a canoe, Ito the house holding a corner down with his free hand, of the man where we are going. We stood the act, had his arm pulled into plac of and then we cast the rest of the cloth it up on end against the side of that man's



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house, and left it there. We didn't need the cloth right away and we left it there to thaw out and got our friend to fold it up then and send it along by a man that was coming our way.'

A DRUGGIST'S FAITH.

HEROIC STAGE PEOFLE.

How Some Actors and Actress Suffer and Yet Play Bravely on.

The courage with which the injured members of the "Cyrano de Bergerac" company insisted upon playing their roles atter the Brooklyn accident is only another proof of the nerve with which actors endure physical suffering rather than disappoint the public and the manager. One hears a great deal about stagetolk and their eccentricities; but their heroism isn't often exploited, and they themselves have a fashion of making light of it. Mrs. Brown Potter was recently obliged to give up her work in Dumas's "Three Musketeers" on the first night ot the play; but she fought hard against the ill ness, and, even in the acute stage of pleurisy, with her temperature at 104°, and her breath an agony, she insisted upon acting, and entirely concealed her suffering. Mrs. Beerbohm Tree, who took up the part of Miladi on twelve hours' notice, has a reputation for stoi ism and has appeared on the stage when so racked by We Will Make You This Offer for a Short Time Only.

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loose The gale blew the cloth out

straight across the chasm and it froze stiff

as a boasd as it went. The other end fell

on the opposite edge of the chasm and we

set our end down on this. It had shrunk

'Then we pulled the bridge over and

of a remedy is the strongest kind of a proof that it will do what it promises. for tear that that would not make the Paul Livingood, druggist, of Allentown, Pa., says: "Dr. Agnew's remedies have sold away beyond my expectations. You 'So there we had over this thirty-foot can quote me for saying that Dr. Agnew's chasm a bridge that was in shape like an Catarrhal Powper is the best seller for catarrh I h ve in the store. Many of my customers praise it highly." It is a great remedy and has a continental reputation.

One Cause of Trouble.

She: 'I wish Christmas really was a season of general peace and goodwill.'

He: 'Well. it might be if somebody hadn't introduced the custom of giving Christmas presents.

'George,' she said, 'if you must go' (the hour was one in the morning), 'promise me one thing.'

'I will, dearest,' he replied ; 'what is it ?' 'Stop and tell the butcher to send us up some lamb chops for breakfast.' And so they parted.

De Gauche (who had just broken a plate) : 'Oh, I am sorry !'

Mrs. Flash: 'It's of no consequence; don't apologize.'

Flash, junior (age five): 'No, don't matter; it's only a borrowed one ! Ain't it. ma ?'

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