PROGRESS' SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29. 1900,

The Shotgun Maker's Art.

The process of manufacturing gun metal | and making it into gun barrels for shotguns may be classed as one of the fine arts. The past fitteen years have witnessed great changes and marked improvements in it. At one time gunmakers depended entirely for their material upon the supply of scrap, of fine iron and mild steel, such as horse shoes, nails, old coach springs, clippings of saws, steel pens and scraps, great and small, of all kinds. The pieces were carefully sorted and placed in a cylinder which, revolving slowly, polished and cleaned them by attrition one against the other. They were then cut into small pieces of uniform size and placed in the furnace until at a white heat or state of fusion. Then they were gathered together in a bloom, after which they were welded into a rough cube of iron.

14

This cube was rolled into bars and the bars cut into the lengths required, bundled together and again brought to a welding heat. Then they were hammered into rods 5-16 inch square or smaller or larger as required by the barrel welder for the work in hand. At one time fine Damascus barrels were made almost entirely from old coach springs. It was found that this metal would make very strong and fine barrels with a great freedom from 'greys,' or the specks that disfigure berrels, but do not impair their strength. It was thought that the peculiar wear to which the fine metal in the coach springs was subjected had a tendency peculiarly to fit it for gun barrel metal.

As the years rolled on the demand for

and in the operation of welding, called jumping, they are brought together in the middle. These rods are again heated and twisted in the form of a spiral tube; this tube is brought to a white heat and glowing under the master hand is by a quick and deft movement jumped on the anvil and the open coils welded together. The tubes are immediately placed on a grooved rest and hammered lightly to round them up.

The myzzle and breech ends of the barrels baving been thus welded separately the next operation is to join them together. This is a very neat and artistic piece of work, but is quickly and perfectly performed. On first grade barrels it would require the inspection of an expert to detect the jointure, the whole tube from breech to muzzle presenting the appearance of being made from one coiling of rods. The ends of the two coils are heated and brought together, there is a light tap on the anvil and the welding is completed. In all the operations of heating, hammering, twisting and rolling, the metal has been in the fire from seven to ten times, and under each manipulation has grown purer, stronger, with increased density and ductility, resulting in an exceedingly tough and wonderfully homo geneous product. The tensile strength of the good gun metal is enormous. There is a consumption of from fourteen to seven teen pounds of prepared gun metal in maying a pair of 12 gauge barrels that will weigh, when | frished, from 31/2 to 41/2

Some years ago another metal created interest among gunmakers. It was called silver steel. It is obsolete now. It contained scraps of steel of fine quality and no iron. The rods from which the tubes were made were 3 inch wide. A figure was obtained by the welding marks of these 3 strips. At one time a Birmingham gunmaker advertised a metal called silver steel Damascus. It was simply a new name for ordinary Damascus and not superior to the latter. Figured gun barrels are not made in America.

During the past twelve years there has been gradually introduced among the gun makers, abroad and at home, the plain steel barrel, without the ribbon figure of twist, the vermicelli curl of damascus or the wavy figure of laminated steel. It is absolutely plain and is finished up deep black or black blue. Two gun concerns in

America make their own plain barrels; others import the barrels in the rough. An American firm as far back as 1873-74 used plaia steel barrels of its own manu facture and to day it employs them in an improved form in its fine guns. Other Ame. ican gun companies use the imported tubes in good and very fine guns.

American gan makers are much in favor of plain steel barrels and are taraing out some beautiful guns at very moderate prices It will be many years, if ever, that any metal will entirely supplant damascus for gan barrels. The beautifal curled figure like lacework marking the ramifying fibre of the metal is deer to the sportsman's heart

The evolution of the shotgen from the wheel lock to the present har merless gun is remarkable and interesting. The modern breech loader with its caricidge made up with one of the nico-cellulose (bulk) smokeless powders, the greatly improved wadding and chilled shot, is an extremely powerful weapon. It is handy and comfortable to use and safe to handle Accidents have decreased fally 90 per cent. since the general in. oduction of the breech loader-and those that do occur can, as a rule, be addibuted to cerelessness.

BRAVE IN THE BANKS. But as an Officer this Young Man was a' Decided Failure.

'Most good officers would make exce'lent soldiers,' murmured the old staff officer, 'but all brave soldiers would not make fine officers-no, not by a big sight !'

The time was just after supper, but the old soldier lay back with one leg thrown over the arm of his easy chair and his face almost hidden behind the cigar smoke. The light, taraed dowa, threw tha, dim

uncertain shadows of a misty past about the room. Battalions of shadows chased each other over the walls, and through the cigar smoke charging equadrons rushed batteries placed high upon the ceiling. It was the time for a story. Both the colonel and his Boswell recognized that.

'I was thicking of a child I knew in Longstreet's corps,' said the colonel simply. 'He was just 15 and a chap to be proud of. Longstreet saw him about the second fight. The general had ridden to the front, and there far ahead of the line was the boy. He was about the size of a woodstick, but he made enough noise for a brass band. The men were crouching and hiding behind cover, but to see that lad you would not have thought there was a tree or a rock in a hundred miles. Every time his gan went off it would almost knock him over. Then he would rub his shoulder, all the while jumping up and down and shouting; 'Give 'em lead, boys ! Give 'em lead!'

'Well, that time 'we give 'em lead,' and in the charge the boy was the first one over the breastworks, His commander was overjoyed to see it. After the fight the general sent for the youngster. The lad came and stood at attention bc. fore his officer as straight as you please. General Longstreet complimented him on his bravery. Then he said, 'And why are you fighting, my son ?'

'Why, to be an officer, of course, sir,

at twelve o'clock, when the savages thought they had me, sloop and all, until they stepped on deck ; then they learned that I had them.

They howled like a pack of bounds, and jumped pell mell, some into their canoes. others into the sea to cool off. I fired several guns when I came on deck, to let the rascals know that I was at home, and then I turned in again, feeling sure 1 should not be disturbed by people who left in so great a burry.

The Fuegians, being cruel, are naturally cowards, and regard a rifle with superstitious tear. The only danger from their quarter would be in allowing them to surround one within bowshot, or to anchor within range, where they might lie in ambush.

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.-Rev. W. H. Main, pastor of the Baptist Emanuel Church, Buffalo, gives strong testimony for and is a firm believer in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. He has tried many kinds of remedies without avail. "After using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was benefited at once," are his words. It is a wonderful remedy. 50 cents.-65

'They tell me that you are a vegetarian. Mr. Beechwood,' said Mr. Homewood.

'Yes,' replied the tormer, I am a Bib-'cel vegetarian '

'I never heard of Biblical vegetarians.' Well, the Bible says that all flesh is .'885.'

South American Rheumatic Cure Cures Rheumatism.-It is safe, harmless and acts quick-gives almost instant relief and an absolute cure in from one to three days-works wonders in most acute forms of rheumatism. One man's testimony : "I spent 6 weeks in bed before commencing its use-4 botties cured me." -66

'We had a professional parlor oracle at our party.

'Did she enterisin the guests ?'

"They entertained her ; she says nine out of ten asked her what we were going to give them to est.'

Help the Overworked Heart. -Is the great engine which pumps life through your system hard pressed, overtaxed, groaning under its load because disease has clogged it ? Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is nature's lubricator and cleanser, and daily demonstrates to heart sufferers that it is the safest surest, and most speedy remedy that medical science knows-67

coach springs exceeded the supply until at of prepared gun metal of good grade is last gun barrel metal was made from a mixture of pig metal of the very best ores, and today barrels in twist, Damascus, laminated and plain steel are produced smply strong for all the uses for which the shotgun is intended. Interior metal scraps of all kinds are used in making the ban rels of the very cheap guns. Fine gun barrels must be made up from the very best of material, and the most expensive steel and iron that can be produced is incorporated in the best barrels, be they twist, Damascus er laminated werk.

and reduced to a fluid state. This oper ation cleanzes it from all dross. It is then permitted to cool. While the temperature is going down it is gathered and worked into blooms. It then goes to the sterm hammer, under which it assumes the shape et square blocks. It then passes through various rolls watil bars of the proper diameter and length are obtained. The hammering has condensed the metal and el'm nated many of the impurities. The rolling has augmented its tenacity and ductility, elongating and ramifying the fibres. The mild steel to be used in connection with the fine iron is prepared in a similar manner and is made from the best Swedish pig iron and becomes extremely tenacious and elastic under the repeated heating, hammering and rolling. In these operations of preparing and refining the steel and iron there is a constant loss of metal. The loss in puddling is about 16 per cent. and in rolling 12 per cent.

pi

.The bars being now ready are cut into equal lengtht, bundled together, put into the furnace, heated and welded and elongated by rolling into rods. This process of heating, rolling and hammening is gone through with from five to seven times in the operation of meking good and first quality bricels. The quantity of mild steel used in good Damascus is about 60 per cent., and of fine iron 40 per cent. The percentage having been determined on, rods of each me'al five eigths of an inch square are bundled together, steel and iron rods being sandwiched. The bundle is then brought to a white heat and the successive layers of iron and steel welded together end rolled out into a rod. The rod is again heated and placed in a machine for the purpose and twisted into rope form until it has from ten to fif.een turns to the inch. If a fine figure is de- measured by Dixon's No. 1 105 measure, sired, from four to s'x rods of iron and

pounds. It has been estimated that a ton worth from \$300 to \$350. It is hardly necessary to state, therefore, that the gun barrels are expensive to produce.

Damascus and laminated barrels are made from two or more rods of different kinds of metal. Twist barrels may be manufactured from one or more rods. When from one rod, it is simply coiled and welded.

The breechloader, whether for traps or field work, must be "ght so as to handle quickly, thereby reducing the fatigue to a minimum, and at the same time sustain its The pig iron first is placed in a formace proportionate charge of powder. Hence, if the barrels are light, they must at the same time be strong; all of which is obtained by working the metal in the manner described. Fine gun barrels are veij beautiful to the eye. Ine mild steel and the fine iron, being joined so intirately and regalarly, form a beautiful carled figure in the damascus and a wavy figure in the laminated work. This figure is but faintly perceptible in the bright metal. It is only when the barrels are brought to a high polish and subjected to the browning

process that it is brought out. The dark lines show the steel and light the iron. The two blended, and 10 ring regularly, look not unlike a piece of lace work. A fine gun is made by skilful hands. Experi workmen get high wages. It is, 'herefore to be considered that the plice put on medium and fine guns today is not exorbit ant During the past ten years or so, laminated steel has fallen in disuse for g." ba...els to an appreciable extent.

There is not a manufacturer of guns but has from time to time to wrestle with a customer on the subject of a burst barrel, and it is a fact that these bursts usually occur at or very near the mrvzle, and the source carelessness on the part of the shooter in not obse ring the mrzzle to detect mud, sand, snow, or other foreign substances that sometimes finds lodgement during a day afield.

To illustrate the great strength of good gun metal in resisting pressures the following experiments are of interest, the conditions being excessive charges of powder fired through a ballel that had been bored out to such a degree of lightness that a very "ght tap with a file bandle would indent the metal. Indeed, so thin was the bai. el that it had the appearance of a film. Beginring with 32 drs. of black powder "he burst did not occur until 61 drs. charge

Strange Circumstance.

Mr. Potts had been hearing from the d'fferent members of a new physical club a good deal about myste lous disappearances of inarimate objects, and one day he had an experience of his own to relate.

'It is a curious thing,' he said to Mrs. Potts, as they sat at the dinner-table one night, 'a very'curious thing, and I hesitated to sperk of it this noon for fear it would seem as if I really-er- credited a supernatural agency in the matter. But that letter i om sister Helen-'

'Yes?' said Mrs. Potts, interrogat vely, as her husband paused with a deprecatory smile.

Well, really, it seems unaccountable continued Mr. Potts, 'it really seems so my dear. When you gave me that letter to read this monning, I placed it on my study table with halt a dozen others, pending a leisure half hour. Then, as you know, I was called to see Mrs. Kenyon. When I retuined, at the end of an hour, I went to my desk, and Sister Helen's letter was not there.

'I hunted carefully everywhere, though, as you are of course aware, my methodical habits make it almost impossible for me to be mistaken as to the exact place in which I put an article.

'I thought of speaking to you, but you were engaged with Mrs. Knox at the time and before she went I was summoned to the vestry to give my opinion of the new reading desk; and when I returned, half an hour later, and searched once more for the letter, there it lay, exactly where I had put it, with those other letters! It--it seems incredible that I could have overlooked it, and yet if I do not admit that possibility, what -'

'I wish you had spoken of it this noon,' remarked M"s. Potts in her briskest Sentinels on Deck. A wise man will take the weapon at his tone, as her husband's voice trailed off hand, even if it is not the conventional appealingly, 'for I cor'd have relieved one. So thought Captain Sloern, who, on your mind at once. While you were at h's sloop the Spray, made a voyage alone Mrs. Kenyon's I went into the study and dog.' took Helen's letter, to read Mrs. Knox the around the world, and met many good account of the wedding; and when she iends and singular enemies. This is his desc. ption of one comic happening, which departed, while you were at the ves sy, I returned the letter, puting it exactly might have ended in tragedy. He says: where I'd found it, so you shouldn't have I discovered, as she sailed along through a labyrinth of islands, that she was in the to heat for it. There, does that make your mind easier?' Cockburn Channel, which leads into the S. ait of Magellan at a point opposite Cape "That of course explains the matter, Froward, and that she was passing Thieves' said Mr. Potts, slowly, but it e'most Bay, suggestively named. That right she seemed to his wite as if there were a note lay at anchor in a snug cove at the Turn. ol something "ke disappointment in his I now became jaded and word from my voice. previous battling with danger and rough

replied the little hero.

'All right. I'll make you a lieutenant.' 'In a week not an officer in the arn y could strut like the new lieutenant

'Then we had another fight. The bullets began to whistle and to sing, and the new lieutenant showed signs of nervous ness. He did not shout Give 'em lead' this time, but looked all white and scored Of a sudden he dropped his sword. Right before General Longetreet's eyes the boy soldier ran away.

'The general summoned him after the battle. The lieutenant came, fearful and penitent.

'Dou you know I should have shot you, sir ?' thundered the officer.

'Yes, sir,' replied the boy. 'I don't know why I did it, sir. Shoot me if you want to, or give me my gun and I'll win my straps again.

'For a minute the general stared at his impudence, then said, 'l'll do it.'

'In the next fight I was at the iront with Longstreet. There was that boy, not a boy, but a fiend of battle, shouting, cheering, whooping at the very hont in every charge, Two men had to drag him away when we were forced back.

'After the fight Longstreet promptly had his straps returned to him. Again the youngstor went in as an officer, and again he ran. For the second time Longstreet put the boy back in the ranks in disgrace. only to reappoint him alter a fight. As usual, the boy lieutenant ran.

'Then, before he could be summoned, he sought out the general's tent. Longstreet looked at him sourly.

'What de you want ?

'The lad flung his sword on the ground and tore the straps from his shoulders. 'Take your sword,' he said. 'I wouldn't have it. I'm going back to the ranks." And he stalked proudly from the presence of the astorished general and his staff. 'Three days later a boy hero fell yards in advance of a charging gray line.'

They were looking at the man who was ccupving two seats while women were orcea to stand.

'I should judge.' said one, 'that he would ring about \$11 68.

On what do you base your estimate ?" asked the other

"The present price of pork and sausage."

Indigestion, that menace to human happiness, pitiless in its assaults, and no respector of persons, has met its conquerer in South American Nervine. This great stomach and nerve remedy stimulates ligestion, tones the nerves, aids circulation, drives out impurities, dispels emaciation, and brings flack the glow of perfect health. Cures hundreds of "chronics" that have baffled physicians.—68

'Tupper, who keeps that hair store on the corner, says the business seems to be the development of his youthful tendencies.

'How does that happen ?'

"Why, he rays he remembers that when he was a little boy in school he used to go out and get switches for the teacher.'

Little Braves .- Old time a quartera-box "Purgers" are quitting the field in whole battalions. Dr. Agnew's Little Piks at 10 cents a vial are driving them out at all points. Because they act gently, more effectively, never pain, and are easy to take. Sick Headache succumbs to one dose. - 69

'Do you think 'he mannish young woman could ever fancy the modela youth well enough to man y him ?'

'Perhaps so, if it ever becomes the fast on for chuns to marry.'

A Cry for Help.-A pain in the back is a cry of the kidneys for help. South American Kidney Cure is the only cure that hasn't a failure written against it in cases of Bright's disease, diabetes, inflammation of the bladder, gravel and other kidney ailments. Don't neglect the apparently insig-nificant "signs." This powerful liquid specific prevents and cures .--- 70

Gigsby took his Boston terrier over and had h m vaccinated the other day.' 'Did he have himself vaccinated, too?' 'No; he'down't believe in it. But he se'd he wor'dn't take any chances with the

Have you Eczema ?- Have you any skin disease or eruptions? Are you subject to chafing or scalding? Dr. Agnew's Ointment prevents and cures any and all of these, and cures Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles besides. One application brings relief in ten miuutes, and cases cured in

steel are used and bundled together, and was fined. The powder was increased 1/2 dr. vatil the bursting pressure was reached. by twisting down produce fine damascene Another berrel was burst under other conwork.

ditions of pressure. The barrel yielded to This severe twisting has shortened the the force 21 inches fom the mrzzle and rod to the desired length and increased its thickness 40 or 50 per cent. Two of was opened 41 inches; the shot charge these rods are now placed side by side reached the target paper intact, resulting with the twistings running in opposite in a pattern quite up to the standard of the boring; 11/2 ounces of No. 71 shot was directions reheated and welded into one and rolled into a flat rod or ribused in the experiments. It is interesting and instructive to know that the conditions bon of say 1 inch by 7-16 of an causing such a burst peim titte shot to be inch for the breech ends of the bairels and inch by 3-16 for the muzzled ends. The fired out of the gun before the powder gas barrels or tubes are made in two parts | has destroyed the power of the ba rel.

Valuabl eAdvice to Rheumatics.

where.

weather, and as drowsiness came on, I Eat meat spalingly, also vely "ittle spirtled the deck with tacks, for it is well suger, avoid demp teet, dirk water a. known that one cannot step on a tack bundantly, and slways rely on Nervi'ne as an absolute reliever of prin. Five time without saying something about it. A stronger then any other, its power over pretty good Christian will whistle when he pa'n is simply beyond belief. Get a bottle meets the commercial end of a carpet at your druggists, test it and see it it is tack; a savage will howl and claw the air. not so. Mecicine dealers sell it every-That was just what happened that right, merit .-- 72

60 Specialists on the Case.-In the ordinary run of medical practice a greater number than this have treated cases of chronic dyspepsia and have failed to cure -but Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets (60 in a box at 35 cents cost) have made the cure, giving relief in one day. These little "specialists" have proven their real

three to six nights. 35 cents .-- 71

Caller-My! What a big girl you're getting to be. You'll soon be able to help your mother about the house. Ethel-Oh, I do that already. Whenever she says, 'For goodness se'ce, get out of my way,' I do it.