

SOCIAL and PERSONAL.

(CONTINUED FROM FIFTH PAGE.)

by W.C.B.

Mrs George Gibbs of Cambridge is visiting her parents, Mr and Mrs Charles King.

Miss Grace Stevens has gone to Woodstock to spend a month with Mrs J Rankine Brown.

Mrs W W Inches is very ill with the prevailing influenza.

Miss Mary Berrie of St Andrews is in town, the guest of Mrs Marshall.

Mrs W B Wetmore, who has been very ill for the past two weeks is reported much better.

Mrs Frank V Lee returned from the west on Tuesday.

Miss Ethel Hanson was in town this week spending a few days with her sister Miss Daisy Hanson.

Miss Elizabeth McKensie passed a very creditable examination and has entered the Boston city hospital training school for nurses.

Mr and Mrs Beverly Stevens entertained their winter club on Tuesday evening.

Miss Ethel Waterbury is in St Andrews visiting Miss Nellie Stuart.

Mrs Ernest Lee, who has been confined to the house for the past four months, left for Clifton Springs on Wednesday.

Mrs William Dannie entertained the winter club on Tuesday evening.

The St Croix winter club will be entertained this evening by Mrs Wilfred Eason.

Mr. and Mrs J Fred Douglas and Miss Young are visiting in Fredericton.

Miss Nellie M Hill and Harry W Smith of the Union are to be principals in an interesting event on January 31st.

Miss Eva Vaughan is in St John receiving instruction in vocal music from Professor J S Ford.

Miss Effie Cunningham, Eastport, is in town in attendance at the Stephen business college.

Miss Agnes Lawler is welcomed home from a pleasant visit in Boston and Brookline.

The home of Mr and Mrs Chas Huestis on Main street, has been brightened by the arrival of a girl.

Mrs W Tarr who has been with her sister, Miss T Lee the past six months, has returned to Newport, R.I.

Will Eush, Robinson is taking the commercial course at the St Stephen business college.

Ira P Urquhart and Miss Eida D Farthing, who have been spending a few weeks at Mr Urquhart's home in King's county, returned to St Stephen on Thursday last week. Mr Urquhart will spend a few weeks here before returning to his summer's work in Maine.

ST. ANDREW'S.

Jan. 23.—Miss Wilson is acting as organist of All Saint's church at the present time.

Miss Mowatt of St Andrews is spending a little time with Lady Tilly.

Miss Waterbury is visiting her friend, Miss Stuart.

Mr George Mowatt has gone to Fredericton, to attend a meeting of the Farmer's and Dairymen's association.

Mrs George S Grimmer, we regret to say, has been somewhat indisposed lately.

FLASHES OF FUN.

"When a visitor announces that he is only stopping over between trains his host at once becomes more cordial."

"But, ma, Uncle John eats with his knife."

"Hush, dear. Uncle John is rich enough to eat with a fire shovel if he prefers it."

Jinkins—I see that a lobster which had lain 100,000 years has been dug up at Easton, Md.

Simpkins—I told you long ago that you shouldn't give up hope.

"Why do you ask the Lord to give us each our daily bread?" asked the Sunday school teacher of a small pupil.

"Cause we want it freeh," promptly replied the little fellow.

"Have you ever heard Paderewski?" inquired the patron.

"No," replied the musical barber; "you don't suppose I'd patronize a man who wears his hair that way, do you?"

Markley—Yes, I'll dispose of my property in Swampscott at a sacrifice. It costs me \$3 a foot.

Starkley—What'll you sell for?

Markley—I guess I'll have to sell for about a \$1.50 a gallon.

Blobbs—How does old Gotrox get along with Lord Simpkins since his lordship married the old man's daughter?

Slobbs—Very well, indeed. You know the Lord loveth a cheerful giver.

"Mamma," said little Flossie, "I guess my dollie's awful proud."

"Why so, dear?" asked her mother.

"Cause she can't bend her knees, and I have to lay her on her stomach to say her prayers," replied Flossie.

Mamma—Do stop crying, Ethel. You never bear me crying when my hair is combed.

Ethel—B but your hair ain't h-bitched to your head like mine is.

"Oh, mamma!" exclaimed little three-year old Margie, running into the house greatly excited. "What do you think? The old speckled hen has laid a nest of little chickens!"

The most complete collar shaper and edge finishing machine ever made. The top of your collar is as smooth as the side, when done on our machine. We have the sole right to use it for St. John. Send your work to us and avoid the trouble you are having elsewhere. Neck-bands replaced, hosiery darned, repairs made. All free. Ungar's Laundry, Dyeing and Carpet cleaning works. Telephone 58.

"Hit the Nail

On the Head."

If you have eruptions, pains in the head or kidneys, stomach trouble and feelings of weariness, "Hit the nail on the head." Hood's Sarsaparilla is the hammer to use. It will purify your blood. The masses praise it for doing this and making the whole body healthy.

Sick Headache—"I was troubled with sick headaches. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, my husband having been cured of salt rheum by it, and soon it made me feel like a new woman." Mrs. Robert McAfee, Deerhurst, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S CAREER.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE FOURTH

the money; therefore, of course she cannot buy the box. This being perceived, the next offer was to lay by the box till it could be purchased; and the answer was, "Oh, well, if you will be so good as to do that." On quarter-day, before seven in the morning, the Princess appeared on her donkey to claim her purchase.

A very much prettier story, however, is told by her governess, Baroness Selwyn, of how she first obtained a knowledge of her

Nearness to the Throne.

No one had been allowed to breathe a word of this to her. But events now began to happen which changed her position to a certain extent. King George IV died, which brought the Princess a step nearer to the throne; and there was no longer any reasonable prospect that King William could have children to succeed him. Thus the child of Kensington Palace became, beyond all doubt, the next in succession, with only an old man, of indifferent health, intervening. And she herself was only twelve. In these circumstances a Bill was brought into Parliament to make the Duchess of Kent Regent, in case her daughter should be called upon to ascend the throne before she came of age. When these public precautions were taken, it was thought necessary to inform the Princess herself of her true position—that she was not merely one of a band of Princes and Princesses, the younger members of the family, but the first among them—the future Head of the Race. Sue was in the midst of her daily lessons—somewhat surprised it would seem, at the grave work required from her, which was not expected from the other Princesses when the great intimation was made to her. The story is told in a letter from the Baroness to the Queen, written in 1854, and apparently recalling to her the incidents of her youth. "I ask your Majesty's leave to cite some remarkable words of your Majesty's when only twelve years old, while the Regency Bill was in progress. I then said to the Duchess of Kent that now, for the first time your Majesty ought to know your place in the Succession. Her Royal Highness argued with me, and I put the genealogical table into the historical book. When Mr. Davys—the Queen's instructor, after the Bishop of Peterborough—was gone, the Princess Victoria opened the book again, as usual, and seeing the additional paper, said, 'I never saw that before.' 'It was not thought necessary you should, Princess,' I answered, 'I see I am nearer the throne than I thought.' 'So it is, Madam,' I said. After some moments, the Princess resumed: 'Now, many a child would boast, but they don't know the difficulty. There is much splendour, but there is much responsibility.' The Princess, having lifted up the forefinger of her right hand while she spoke, gave me that little hand, saying, 'I will be good. I understand now why you urged me so much to learn even Latin. My cousins Augusta and Mary never did it, but you told me Latin is the foundation of English grammar, and of all the elegant expressions; and I learn it as you wish it, but I understand all better now,' and the little Princess gave me her hand repeating, 'I will be good.'"

It is seldom that a little scene like this stands out so distinctly in the early story even of a life destined to greatness. The hush of awe upon the child; the childish application of this great secret to the abstruse study of Latin, which was not required from the others; the immediate resolution, so simple, yet containing all the wisest sage could have counselled or the greatest her vowed, 'I will be good,' make a perfect little picture. It is the clearest appearance of the child Queen in her own person that we get through the soft obscurity of those



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And an endless variety of the most FASHIONABLE and RELIABLE GOODS suitable for

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to be found in the city and offered at very low prices to cash customers.

W. Tremaine Gard, 48 KING ST. Goldsmith and Jeweller

childish years. The same hand which placed itself so solemnly in the anxious guardian's hand, to give weight to the simple vow inscribed long after, in full maturity; a few words of recollection upon the margin of this narrative. 'I cried much on hearing it,' writes the Queen. When King William IV. was crowned the Princess was not allowed to take part in the ceremony. The sailor king's manners and habits were, to speak mildly, not of the most courtly or gentlemanly, and the Princess was better away from his licentious court. She was the heiress of the throne of England, and at this time her mother took her on short tours and visits through different parts of England. All the most interesting cathedrals and towns were visited and enjoyed. Crowds daily saluted her as she walked through the streets. It was thus her wise mother accustomed her, unconsciously, to the multitude of eyes that were to watch her every movement and detail of a public life. Difficulties of all kinds, however, as was natural, beset her young path. Her position was infinitely more delicate and critical than had she been the daughter of the reigning Sovereign, holding a natural place in his family.

The diary of the late Mr Greville shows painfully enough some of the early troubles to which the Princess, and especially her mother, was exposed, King William took dire offense at the wise restraint under which the young Princess was brought up and so far forgot what was due to a lady and his guest, as to upbraid the Duchess of Kent at his own table for keeping her young daughter as much as she could out of the unwholesome air of the court. When we read of this scene of Queen Adelaide's confusion and the Princess's tears, and the painful family squabble revealed to all the gossiping, whispering world we can realize better what difficulties must have been in the way of such a serious education and such a seclusion from courtiers, flatteries, and Royal bad manners as made the Princess Victoria, when she came to the throne, the admiration of all who surrounded her. Evidently to her brave mother and guardian she owed much and she never forgot for a moment the great debt.

The fault-finding of the carping critics of the court did not move the Duchess of Kent a hair from the course of training she planned out. During the whole of her education and training, the young princess remained in England, refraining from all visits to relatives in Germany, especially her mother's warm-hearted kindred.

Red Nose.

It is generally supposed that the most frequent cause of a red nose is overindulgence in alcoholic beverages, and "rum blossom" is one of the most common and cruel names applied to it. Through this misconception much injustice is done to many a worthy man and woman, who must suffer not only from personal disfigurement, but also from injury to his or her reputation.

The disease is known as rosacea, a congestive affection of the skin. It attacks chiefly the nose, but sometimes also the adjacent portions of the face, the forehead and cheeks.

The redness increases little by little, and at first comes and goes irregularly. At this stage it appears after exposure to cold,

after a hearty meal, or after drinking a little more than usual.

After a while the redness and congestion persist, being intensified by the cause just mentioned, but not disappearing at intervals. Soon the veins of the nose or other parts affected, become as fine, wavy lines running through the skin, and later the skin becomes thickened.

It is greasy, and little pits, which are the mouths of the oil-gland ducts, are seen dotted over the surface. The surface is roughened and uneven, the nose increases in size and becomes shapeless, and pimples of varying size appear more or less thickly on it.

All these changes do not occur in every case, and the process may stop at any one of them. Sometimes a burning is felt, especially during the periods of greatest congestion, but as a rule no abnormal sensation is complained of.

The trouble begins usually after the age of thirty or thirty-five years, but sometimes earlier, and affects women more often than men. The common causes are some disturbance of the stomach, bowels or liver, due to eating poor or too highly seasoned food, the abuse of alcoholic beverages, lack of exercise, and so forth. Habitual exposure to cold winds or to the rays of the sun may also produce it.

Treatment consists in removal of the cause. Great attention should be paid to the mode of living; the diet should be regulated, highly seasoned and indigestible food, alcohol and strong tea being forbidden; constipation, so often present, must be overcome, and all the functions of the body should be inquired into and corrected if not properly performed. Exercise in the open air is necessary, but the face must be protected from cold winds and from the sun.

In mild cases oxide-of-zinc ointment, lime-water, or a bismuth lotion is often of great benefit. In severe cases stronger remedies, or even the use of electricity or the knife may be called for.

One Hen One Day One Mill

It costs a mill a day—one cent every ten days—to make a hen a lively layer when eggs are high, with SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER. Calculate the profit. It helps young pullets to laying maturity; makes the plumage glossy, makes combs bright red.

Sheridan's CONDITION Powder

fed to fowls once daily, in a hot mash, will make all their feed doubly effective and make the flock doubly profitable. If you can't buy it we send one pack, 25 cts. five, \$1. A two pound can, \$1.25. Sample poultry paper free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of this Province at its next session, for an Act to amend the law relating to Hard Labor sentences in whole for the purpose of the better enforcement of such sentences in the Gaol of the County of the City and County of St. John.

Dated the 17th day of January A. D. 1901. By order GEORGE R. VINCENT, Secretary.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to Legislature at its next session for the passing of an act to incorporate a company by the name of THE COLLEGE CITY PARK, Limited, for the purpose of acquiring, owning and managing Real Estate, and improving the same, and the erection of cottages and other buildings thereon, with power to lease, mortgage or sell the same, and with such other powers as may be incident thereto.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 14th. 1901.

Tenders for Debentures.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the undersigned, Saint John, N. B., up to noon on Saturday, the second day of February next, for the whole or any portion of Debentures issued by the New Brunswick Cold Storage Company, Limited (as authorized by 63 Victoria, Chapter 49) to the amount of sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) bearing interest at four per cent. per annum guaranteed by the Government forty (40) years and secured by first mortgage on the lands, buildings and plant of the Company. These to be issued on the completion of the building of the plant; the estimated cost of which is eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$87,500). The Company reserving the right not to accept any tender. If tender accepted, a deposit of ten per cent. will be required which shall be placed in a chartered Bank and shall bear same rate of interest as the Bonds.

A. GEORGE BLAIR, JR., Secretary. The New Brunswick Cold Storage Company, Limited, P. O. Box 30, Saint John, N. B., January 12, 1901.



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HAYMARKET SQUARE POLY MORPHIANS.

ANNUAL CARNIVAL Victoria Rink

January 28th, 1901.

\$40—IN PRIZES—\$40

- \$10.00 Best combination, three or more. \$10.00
- 5.00 For Best Ladies' Original Character. 5.00
- 5.00 For Best Gentleman's Original Character. 5.00
- 5.00 For Ladies' Handsomest Costume. 5.00
- 5.00 For Gentleman's Handsomest Costume. 5.00
- 5.00 Best Representation of a Character. 5.00
- 5.00 Best Representation of a Character. 5.00

New Features and Big Attractions will be announced later. R. J. WILKINS, President. R. D. WOODROW, Secretary.

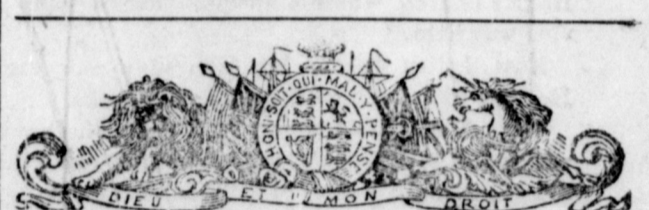


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Where shall we send the wagon, and when? Phone 214. AMERICAN LAUNDRY, 98, 100, 102 Charlotte St.

RODSOE BROS., Proprietors. Agents B. A. Dyeing Co., "Gold Medal Dyeing" Montreal



SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Bay du Vin Wharf," will be received at this office until Friday, February 16th, 1901, inclusively, for the reconstruction of the outer end of the Wharf, at Bay du Vin, Northumberland County, Province of New Brunswick, according to a plan and a specification to be seen at the offices of E. T. P. Sheehan, Esq., Resident Engineer, St. John, N. B., and C. E. W. Dodwell, Esq., Resident Engineer, Halifax, N. S., on application to the Postmaster at Bay du Vin, N. B., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenders. An accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, for eight hundred dollars (\$800.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party declines the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, JOS. R. ROY, Acting Secretary. Department of Public Works, Ottawa, January 17th, 1901. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.