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SIXTEEN PAGES.

ST. JOHN, N. B, SATURDAY, SEPT 14

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PRESIDENT MCKINLEY'S LIFE. Since this paper was issued last week, a great nation has been startled and horrified by the dastardly attempt at the life of its beloved president, and the world again stands aghast at this latest effort of anar-

Up to Thursday of this week it looked as it the effort of the would be assassin to take the life of President McKINLEY was in vain, as his physicians had pronounced him all but out of danger. but the people have become so aroused that they will not be satisfied with the protection that is afforded at the present day against anarchist and all other enemies of law and order.

Hitherto America has been the refuge of the scum of Europe, the men who know no law and because of their conspiracies against law and lawmakers were driven from place to place until eventually they had to cross the ocean.

Their secret societies have flourished in the larger cities of the United States and their attempt against life and property have been in some instances attended with fearful success. Who does not remember the Chicago tragedy and the Pittsburg affair and the retribution that tollowed but it seems to have required this, la est crime-this attempt upon the life of the president to thoroughly arouse the people. If the result is better regulations for the safety of law, order and property, the sappression of anarchiem and all that pertains to anarchy then the president will not have suffered in vain.

We in Canada have a deeper interest in the suppression of these advocates of lawdesences than can be imagined, it may be at the present time. Though politically divided the people of North America practically form one community and what is for the benefit of one country in this respect must be for the good of all. While sympathizing with our neighbors in their anxiety for the life and safety of their good president our best energies should be put forth to assist them in the extermination or banishment of these lawless pests.

CRISPI AND ITALY.

The recent death of FRANCESCO CRISPI recels the incidents in the national development of Italy which he witnessed, and in which he had a large share. CRISPI was one of the stormy spirits who came to the front during the revolutionary movement which swept over Europe in 1848. Those were days when many thrones see med to be crumbling. CRISPI was a leader in the revolution which overturned the kingdom of the Two Sicilies.

Forced into exile by the defeat of the Sicilians by the Swiss, he associated himself with MAZZINI'S forts to promote revolution throughout Italy; and in May, 1860, was one of the thousand red-shirted followers of GARIBALDI when he landed at Marsala and set on toot the revolution which made VIC OR EMMANUEL King of

Revolution is not the best school of statesmenship. I's me hods are too direct and too arbitary. But CRISPI combined the fervor of a revolutionist with the adroitness of a diplomatic. He had a violent temper, but he knew hew to control it when it was politic to do so When he was elected president of the Italian Chamber of Deputies, he allayed the un asiness which was felt regarding him by entious speech in which be compared himself to E na, and told the d puties that, although his

internal ardor might consume him like the fires of a volcano, his intellect would remain cold and calm like the snow undicurbed on the mountain summit.

He displayed both rassionate fervor and cold ealculation in the methods which he adopted for realizing his ideals. These was achieved, greater Italy. He belped to bring the little kingdoms and duchies to. gether into one kingdom; and then, brough a long career in parliament and in different ministries, he promoted everything which could give Italy a place among the first powers of Europe, withou much regard to what it cost or how the money was procured.

The practice of whipping, which is now followed in America only in the poorest schools and by the poorest teachers, is still considerably in favor in England. A reference to the matter by Ambassador Choate, in a speech before the London University College School, has aroused a vigorous discussion in English papers, and brought out some interesting testimony. A Yorkshire magistrate, who has made a special investigation, finds that among juvenile offenders sentenced to ordinary punishment about thirty per cent. are reconvicted. Sheriffs report that such punishment has no deterrent effect. The strongest argument of all, however, is the brutalizing effect upon him who inflicts the whipping. No one who compares the schools and schoolmasters of today with those of half a century ago would wish to return to the harsher methods which prevailed then.

It is inconvenient for nations, as fir individuals, to live beyond their means. The enormous military and naval expend itures and the colonizing adventures which CRISPI favored, forced Italy ahead at too rapid a pace. High taxation and wide spread social discontent are the present results. In spite of these conditions, and of painful scandals affecting his personal reputation, the place of CRISPI among the unifiers and builders of Italy is secure.

An American paper draws attention to the fact that it is a curious coincidence the name of the would-be assassin of Pres Mc-KINLEY, which by the way, for the further edification of readers, we would repeat, is pronounced 'Cholgosh,' is derived from a Polish verb, which means to drop, creep or crawl. Used as a noun it means a creering crawling thing such as a snake.

One Hopeful Sign.

While I was living in California, writes an Englishman, I had the opportunity of noting the extreme consideration shown to employees by California employers. I cannot recall an instance of a cruel and cutting rebuke from one in authority to a clerk or servant during the seventeen years of my stay.

A friend of mine had a clerk who was always forgetting important duties. Let ters would be forgotton, important entries on the books omitted, and messages, even, were sometimes not delivered. Said my friend to me one morning:

'Really, I must speak to John.' So John was summoned, and I wen-

dered what manner of rebuke would fall

'John,' said my friend, it is most sctonishing what a very bad memory you have. But I believe that it will improve, because I have noticed that you have never once forgotten to draw your salary on the first of the month.'

John took the hint, and after that friend was more faithfully served.

Our Chadless Future.

How our dear old mother-tongue grows! And what a debt it owes, exclaims the · Saturday Evening Post,' to the newspapers-especially to those of the yellow variety. There are no more children in these newapapers-no, not one. Children have become 'tots'-all, rich and poor, good and bad-all 'tots.' Consider the headlines: 'Lost Tot Found By Policeman Flanigan; ' Brave Rescue of Three Tots By Officer O'Rourke; 'One Hundred and Twenty. Tots Endangered By an Orphan Asylum Fire.' It must have its effect upon the language; tot is the coming word.

But who would be guilty of standing in the way of progress ? 'Tis a survival of the fittest no doubt. 'Tot' is a shorter word than child. All we need is to become familier with it. I have a wife and seven tets, a men may announce as easily as in the old way. How many tots ? the census taker all enquire. The teacher is destin ed particular to reap the benefits of the new word Now, tots, which of you can tell me who discovered American? The stage shall share: Tee-wenty years ago I drove her from me door-me only tot !

The day shall surely come, too, when

our quotations will be modernized, as Chaucer is now. Tupper, Martin C., shall teel its vivifying touch: 'A tot in a house is a well spring of pleasure.' Shelley shall say that he 'could lie down like a tired tot, and weep away the life of care.' Our descendants shall delight in these philosowere first, united Italy, and, when that | phic truths: 'The tot is father of the man,' and, 'Men are but tots of a larger growth.' Then there is 'Sweetest Shakespeare, Fancy's tot.' How much be missed in not having the resources of modern English at his command!

But we of the present cannot hope to see the universal acceptance of the new word, however much we may wish it. We may cry with the poet. 'Ob, ever thus, from tothood's hour, I've seen my fondest hopes decay.' But the glorious language which we inherited marches on, and we may console ourselves with the thought that Heaven still lies about us in our totency.

Parental Economy.

' Papa,' said Dickey, ' all the other boys are going to have torpedoes or firecrackers or something for the Fourth of July. Can't I have anything at all ?

' Dickey,' said Mr. Stinjey, beckening mysteriously, ' come with me and I'll show you something.

He took him out to the summer kitchen and showed him a large package, neatly tolded, and tied with a string.

'There,' he said, 'are all the paper bags that have been brought into the house for champion. a whole year, from grocery stores andother places. I have had your mother save them for you. Every one of them will make as much noise as a firecracker if you fill them with air, and pop them right.

It was not exactly what Dickey had se his heart on, but it was all the ' Fourth of July he got.

The Rev. Henry R. Rose speaks very highly of the Intercolonial and its route. In addressing the General Passenger Department he says-

'This is a beautiful region of our contin. ent, and I shall lecture upon it in terms of highest praise. I was especially struck with the excellent equipment of your passenger coaches-better than anything we have in the States, save one or two except ons. Also with the fine service of your dining cars. My trip to Campbellton was highly interesting. The Metapedia region is a sportsman's paradise, and an artist's too. The sportsmen and travellers in the States shall hear my voice in ringing praise of the region. My one regret is that I did not have leisure to visit Cape Breton this time, Hope to come again.

Mr. Rose who belongs to Newark, N. J. is one of the leading Divines in the United States. Last Sunday he preached twice in the Universal Church, Halifan and made a most favorable impression.

The Di infected Sex.

The danger of the 'Trailing Skirt'-to which public attention has been directed at the recent meeting of the International Conference on Taberculosis-bas so great ly impressed a well-known member of the British Parliament that he threatens to bring in a bill next session 'For the Compulsory Disintection of the Would be welldressed Woman.' According to the terms of the proposed bill every 'fashion plate' woman is to be disinfected before "entering any house. 'The disinfected sex' will probably be the new way of describing the teminine portion of the human race;

Afraid of Forming a Bad Habit,

The ' Green Bag' tells of a local justice of the peace who has promulgated the following among his set of rules governing practice before bim:

9 ' Please don't ask me to take a drink during business hours. I can't go, and I do not want to get into the habit of refusing.

I dread to think of my fortieth birthday. Why? Did something unpleasant happen then ?

A Distressing Case.

Vat's de madder, Izzy P' 'I am in great troubles. Ve soldt a men a set of teeth mit a gold plate at four

tollars down und two a veek. Und he hasn't made de second payment.' 'Vy ton't you take de teeth away from him ?'

'Ve can't. He's got lockjaw.'-New York 'Life.' ' Lovely, dear, lovely ! said the artist's

wife. ' But I think those sheep look too much like clouds-er-that is-of course, darling -unless they are clouds!

They say Miss Pinkton is crezy to go on the stage.' 'Has she any talent in that direction?' 'Don't know. Never saw her n a bathing suit. - New York "Life ! Umbrellas Made and Re-covered at Duval's 15

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News of the Passing Week.

This week the Provincial militia wen

into camp at Sussex.

Pres. MoKinley was shot down by an assassin at Buffalo last Friday. His condition is hopeful.

Dr. Atherton of Fredericton was severely injured this week by being thrown from bis carriage.

R. E. Hubley of Sussex a member of the First Canadian Contingent died on Monday last.

The Provincial synod of the Church of nd opened in session on Wednesday at Montreal.

Towns the English champion oarsman on Monday defeated Gaudaur the world

A fierce fire raged at St. Johns Nfld. to Wednesday over \$500,000 worth of property was destroyed and two lives lost. A fund for Jim Parker, who saved Pres-

ident McKinely's life, has been started in Syracuse, N. Y., the Herald being made custodian of the fund.

There is a water famine in Cape Breton county, N. S. The reservoirs are all dry, and the water for themines is being bauled a distance of ten miles.

Gangrene baving set in, the surgeons at Bellevue hospital, New York bave decided that John Nelson, the cyclist, must have his leg amputated in an effort to save his

A 15 round bout between Young Saxe of Boston and Arthur Cole of Biddeford, at Portland, Friday night, went the limit and was declared a draw. Both men were strong at the fraish.

Mr. Geers Tuesday afternoon wired the managers of the Readville track that he accepted he offer of Mr. Ketcham of a \$20 000, purse for a race between The Abbot and Cresceus, providing the wiener takes the whole purse.

The autumn races of the Seawanbaka-Corinthian Yacht club, which were to have been held Saturday at Oyster Bay, New condition of Pres. McKinley.

A special from Silver City, N. M. says: Antonio Maggio, the musician and alleged anarchist, who is said to have predisted the assussination of Pres. M Kinley before Oct 1, 1901, was arrested at San Rits, a mining camp near Silver City, N. M., at 6.30 Monday atternoon by U. S. Marshal Foraker, on instructions from Washington.

Admiral Schley and his counsel in Wash ington Friday began helding sessions with the witness a they will esh. There were beard Friday Admirals Watson and Barker. The sittings were private and the character of the evidence was not disclosed Admiral Watson was at Guantanamo on the day of the battle of Santingo.

At Charter Oak Park, Hartford, Coon. Friday afternoon, in the charter Oak stakes Fleata we the favorite, bringing in the avotion pools, to \$108 for the field. The first heat went to Dolly Bidwell, the next three and the race were taken by Eleata. The 2 11 pace was taken by Matin Bells in straight heats. Leols won the 2 25 trot the 2.27 and Frazier

Judge A. T. Clearwater of Kingston, N Y., just returned from Bar Harbour, was with ex Speaker Thomas B. Reed when Mr. Reed heard the news of the attempt to kill President McKinley. Mr. Reed said the time had come to protect presidents from close contact with large crowds. It was not a question of courage. All presi dents were courageous, but they should protected.

A Northern Pacific train of nine cars, seven freight and two passenger coaches, collided with an engine in the Jamestown, N. D., yard Monday. The killed: John T. Galley, Clearwater, Kan : R. D. Vick ers, supposed to be from Chicago; H. J. Kirkpatrick, Eiden, Iowa; Robert Glency, Cayuga, Oat ; one unknown. Five people were injured, one of whose died Monday morning, and two others probably cannat

Engineer M. B. Stover was killed, Fireman Mariow was farally injured and helf a doz in passengers were out by broken

glass in the wreck Monday on the Baltimore and Ohio at Burton tunnel, Wheeling W. Va., of the through express. There were six coaches in the train which were loaded with excursionists bound for Cleveland to attend the G. A. R encampment. A broken flange, presumably derailed the engine and three cars, including the baggage car. The wreck took fire and all three cars were destroyed together with their

The Canadian and Irish rifleman met Monday on the long range at Sea Girt, N. J., in a special contest between teams of five men each. They shot over the 860, 900 and 1000, yards ranges, the Canadians using the English military rifle and the Ulster representatives shooting with Mann-Licher guns. In consequence the Canadian received an allowance of eight points each for 40 points for a team, and honors went to Canada by 18 points on the gross score The scores were: Canada, 593; Ulster Rifle association, 620.

An indignation meeting attended by about 500 Poles, of which it is estimate & there are 80,000 in New York, was held in New York Sunday and bitter words of denunciation of Czolgosz and his crims were uttered, while the expressions of sympathy or the President and those belonging to him, was warm and universal. Doubts as o the nationality of the would-be assassin was expressed and it was decided to send a delagate to Cleaveland and Toledo and to prove to the American people if possible that Czolgosz is not a Pole, but a Russian by descent.

At the Church of the Good Shepherd. Episcopal, Watertown, Mass., Sunday, a petition was circulated among the congregation and will be placed in public circulsion Monday, asking Samuel L. Powers, representative in Congress from the 11th Massachusette district, to advocate in Congress a bill to declare as treason and to probibit under extreme penalties the holding of meetings by persons known or proed to be anarchists or the teaching of the doctrines of anarchy or the circulation of its literature.

Herman O. Armour of New York City, died suddenly of spoplexy Sunday at his summer cottage in Saratoga, NY., Mr. Armour was born in Steckbridge N. Y., in 1837. He went west and in 1855 began York, have been called off owing to the his business career in Milwaukee. He went into the Chicago grain markets and established himself there as a grain commission merchant in 1862: In 1868 he b . came a member of the firm of H.O. Aimour and 1870 of Armour & Co, At the time of his death he was vice president and director of Armour & Co.,

> In the 25 mile motor paced race at Pleasure Beach track, Bridgeport, Conn .. Jimmy Moran of Chelses detested Harry Caldwell of Manchester, N. H., by over a mile and a third. Time 41.24 4 5

> Plans for the Constitution have been changed, it being announced that she will be taken to Bristol, where her spars will be taken out and the yacht will then be towed to New London. Thirty of her crew were discharged Saturday when they recevived their season's wages and \$70 racing

> The new tariff schedule arrived in Manilla by the transport Kilpatrick. Copies

> > Coninned n page Eight.

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