

The Royal NEW-BRUNSWICK



Gazette, and ADVERTISER.

T U E S D A Y,

O C T O B E R 14, 1800.

St. JOHN: PRINTED and PUBLISHED by JOHN RYAN, Printer to the KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY, at his Office, No. 58, PRINCE-
WILLIAM Street, where ESSAYS, ADVERTISEMENTS, &c. will be thankfully received.

[VOL. XV.]

[NUMB. 752.]

Assize of Bread,

ESTABLISHED OCTOBER 10, 1800.
The Sixpenny Wheaten Loaf 7 lbs. oz.
to weigh - - - } 1 12
Ditto Rye - - - } 2 7
And other Loaves in proportion.
WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Mayor.

LUDLOW, FRASER and ROBINSON,

HAVE RECEIVED,
By the *Britannia* from Glasgow, the
Hawke from London, and the *Liberty*
from Liverpool, and are now
opening for Sale at their Store
in Saint John-street,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDIZE;

Consisting, among others, of the
following Articles, viz:

SUPERFINE, Second & coarse Broad Cloths, Elastic Cloths, Yorkshire plains, Cassimeres, German serges, Duffels, Fearnought, Red, white & yellow flannels, Green and red bai- zes, 7-4, 8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 blankets, Point blanketing, Coverlids and car- peting, Calamanco, Durants, Moreens, Shalloons, Plain and striped wildbores, Camblets, Bombazeens, Bombazets, 4-4, & 7-8 Irish li- nens, Irish dowlas, Do. sheeting, Russia sheeting, Lancashire ditto, Scotch ditto, Irish diaper of all kinds, 6-4, 8-4 and 10-4 table cloths, Russia towelling, Flax and tow oz- naburghs, Checked and spot- ted handkerchiefs, Fancy do. Blue pullicats, Long lawns, Cambrics, Book and jaconet mullins, Mullin handker- chiefs, 9-8 and 7-8 print- ed calicos, Printed mullins, Cotton shawls, Mullin do. Cotton counter- panes, Men's cotton flo- ckings, Women's do. do. Linen and cotton checks, Striped cottons, Fine striped bed- ticks, Fustians, Corduroys, Thicksets, Striped nankeens,	Dimities, China, satin and love ribbons, Black galloon, Barcelona hand- kerchiefs, White and black satin, Black mode, Sewing silks and twist, Men's & women's gloves, Colored and white threads, Pound and paper pins, Ladies' fashionable bonnets, Do. Morocco slip- pers, Stationary of all kinds, Umbrellas, Hylon, fouchong, and bohea teas, Loaf Sugar, Raisins & currants, Pepper and pim- ento, Mustard, Powder and poma- tum, Starch and fig blue, Black lead, Porter in bottles & casks, Brown Stout in do. and do. Ale in do. and do. Port, Sherry and Lisbon wine, An assortment of buttons, Cutlery of all kinds 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. & 20d. nails, Screws and brads, Spades & shovels, Frying pans, Andirons, Shovels and tongs, Patent shot, Bar and sheet iron, Cast iron stoves, 7 by 9 and 8 by 10 crown glass, Glass ware assorted, Earthen ware do. Brown and white soap, Mould and dipt candles, White rope, Salmon twine, Wool cards, Pewter & hard me- tal spoons, with a variety of other articles.
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They have also on hand,

Turk's Island SALT, a few Barrels
of excellent Muscovado SUGAR, and
a few Tierces of PORK.
St. John, July 18, 1800.

IMPORTED

In the Brig *SUSANNAH*, JOHN WATT,
Master, from LIVERPOOL, and
for SALE by

DANIEL KING,

LIVERPOOL SALT,
Ale in barrels,
Strong, and Small Beer in bottles,
London Porter in ditto,
Port and Sherry Wine in ditto,
Soap and Candles,
A few Table and Tea sets of Liverpool
China,
Also, a compleat assortment of Earthen
Ware in crates and hhds.
Stone Bottles from 2½ to 5 gallons.
HE HAS ALSO ON HAND,
Sugar in hhds. tierces and barrels,
Rum and Molasses.
St. John, October 3, 1800.

IMPORTED

In the Schooner *Ratler*, Capt. House,
from Tobago, and for SALE by
DANIEL KING,
At his Store, North-Side of Market-
Wharf,

A FEW Puncheons of Excellent
Tobago RUM, and good SUGAR
in hhds. tierces and barrels.
St. John, 26th August, 1800.

MR. KING offers a

handlome Reward to any one that will
give information of the person, who
propagated the malicious report respec-
ting his Rum imported from Tobago
last year, so that he may be brought to
conviction. The quality of Rum from
that Island is preferred in the States
to any from the British Windward
Islands, and is known to be superior
in quality.

ALEXANDER REID,

Has just Imported in the Ship *Canadian*,
EDW. LEITCH, Master, from London,
the following

PATENT MEDICINES, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c. &c.

JESUIT'S Drops—an infallible re-
medy in all Venereal complaints,
Steers's Opodeldoc—excellent in all
Rheumatic and other complaints where
outward applications are necessary.

Turlington's Balsam,
Analeptic Pills; Hooper's ditto,
Dr. James's Powders,
Jesuit's Bark, in bottles,
Essence of Peppermint,
Essence of Lemon,
Essence of Lavender,
Essence of Bergamot,
Essential Salt of Lemons,
Lavender Water—Smelling Bottles,
Stoughton's Bitters.

LIKEWISE,

A few very compleat

MEDICINE CHESTS.

HE has remaining of his

former Importation, Excellent Old
JAMAICA SPIRITS,
London Bottled BROWN STOUT,
Ditto in Hhds. of a superior quality,
Draught and Bottled PORTER,
SADLERY,

A neat assortment of fashionable cocked
MILITARY HATS,

And a general Assortment of

GROCERIES,

Of the best quality,
ALL of which he will Sell wholesale
or retail for Cash or goods Bills of
Exchange. October 7, 1800.

ALL Persons having any demands
against the Estate of *Moses Knapp*,
late of Carleton, deceased, are requested
to exhibit their claims, duly authentica-
ted, in three months from the date here-
of; and those Persons indebted to the
said Estate are requested to make imme-
diate payment to the subscriber.

ALICE KNAPP, Admrx.

St. John, September 30th, 1800.

POST OFFICE, SAINT JOHN,
October 7th, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given,

that on and after the 9th instant,
the Postmaster of this City will proceed
to carry into execution the purpose of
an Act, intituled, "An Act for the more
secure conveyance of Ship Letters,
and for granting to His Majesty cer-
tain Rates of Postage thereon;" by
which it is enacted, "That it shall and
may be lawful for His Majesty's Post-
master-General, and his Deputies, in
his and their discretion, to collect and
receive Letters and Packets of Letters,
directed within His Majesty's domi-
nions, and also to any of the kingdoms
and countries beyond the seas, and to
forward the same by any ships or ves-
sels that he in his discretion shall think
fit, (although not Packet-boats).

"And also that it shall be lawful
for such Postmaster-General, and his
Deputies, to demand and take for eve-
ry Letter and Packet which shall be
delivered to him or his Deputies for
conveyance in the manner before spe-
cified, a sum not less than one half part
of the duties payable by law for such
Letters and Packets as if the same
were conveyed by Packet-boats. And
in cases where no Rate of Postage is
already established, then to demand
and take, for such Letters and Packets,
rates as near as the same can be ascer-
tained, equal to one half of what is
now paid for Letters sent beyond the
seas.

"And that it shall be lawful for
such Postmaster-General to demand
and take for every Letter and Packet
which shall be brought by ships and
vessels (other than Packet-boats) from
places within His Majesty's domini-
ons, and from all countries beyond
the seas into Great-Britain, to be con-
veyed by inland Postage or carriage,
Fourpence for every single Letter, and
so in proportion for Packets, in addi-
tion to any inland or internal Postage
which may arise upon the inland con-
veyance of such Letters and Packets.

"And for the encouragement of
the Masters of such ships or vessels,
it shall be lawful for the Postmaster-
General to allow all such Masters the
sum of Twopence a Letter or Packet
upon all such Letters and Packets as
they shall have or take on board such
vessel or vessels, provided such Letters
and Packets shall have been delivered
to them from the Post-Office: and in
like manner on their arrival from parts
beyond the seas, on their delivering
unto the deputy or deputies of the
Postmaster-General for such place or
port Town at which they shall touch
or arrive, it shall be lawful to pay such
Masters of ships and vessels Twopence
a Letter or Packet, for all such Letters
and Packets as they shall have on board,
provided that such Letters and Pack-
ets shall have been regularly delivered
unto the Masters by the deputies of
the Postmaster-General, or any other
persons to be authorized by him at the
place or port Town from whence such
ships or vessels have sailed or depart-
ed."

Attendance will therefore be gi-
ven at this Office, to receive such Let-
ters as may be brought for conveyance
under this Act.

There will be soon an opportunity of
forwarding Letters to Great-Britain in
this secure manner, by the ships *America*,
Duke of Kent, and General Carle-
ton, as a sealed Bag will be sent from
this Office on board of each.

The Public have their option either
to pay the Postage at the time of their
Letters being put in, or when they are
delivered to the parties to whom they
are addressed.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

SEAMEN'S JOURNALS, neat-
ly printed and stitched in Marble covers,
may be had at this OFFICE.

From the WEST-INDIES.

CAPTURE OF THE FRENCH FRIGATE VENGEANCE.

ON the 26th of August arrived at
Port Royal, La Vengeance, French
frigate, prize to La Seine, Capt. Milne.

La Vengeance mounts 50 guns, be-
sides swivels, viz. 28 twenty-four poun-
ders, 8 fifty-six brals howitzers, and 14
long nine pounders, full of men, and
many of the same families passengers on
board, that were in her when she en-
gaged and beat off the *Constellation*.
The number of killed and wounded is
yet uncertain. La Seine fell in with
her in the Mona passage, and came up
after a chase of 48 hours, during which
they had started nearly all the water on
board La Seine to lighten her. They
were 8 hours within gun shot, 4 of
which within that of a pistol when La
Vengeance having every mast shot away,
and the carnage on board dreadful, her
colours were struck. La Seine suffered
also much—her 2d or 3d Lieut. and 16
men killed and 22 wounded. La Seine
is rated 42 guns, but mounted 46, 18
and 9 pounders; the best match La
Vengeance could have met with on the
Jamaica station. Capt. Milne was 2d
Lieut. of the *Blanch* when she took La
Pique, commanded La Pique when [in
company with another frigate] she took
La Seine, and now in La Seine has ta-
ken La Vengeance.

From the RICHMOND GAZETTE of
September 16.

The account we gave in our last, rela-
tive to the Conspiracy of the Negroes in
this town and the adjacent counties, was
only an incorrect and hasty sketch, the
minutiae of this diabolical plot not ha-
ving then come to light. But since the
evidence upon which the criminals were
condemned, and their confessions since
have been detailed to us, we find that the
ground for the public alarm was extreme-
ly serious. The plan of operations to be
pursued by the conspirators, as it comes
out in evidence on the trials, was formed
by two Frenchmen (as yet unknown in
this place)—and every Frenchman in
the general massacre of the whites that
was meditated, was to have been spared.
Their object was to have seized on the
magazine of arms, &c. deposited at the
penitentiary house, on the Treasury, &c.
and to have commenced an indiscrimi-
nate slaughter (the French only except-
ed). They were then to have issued a
proclamation to the negroes to come and
rally round their standard at the metro-
polis. Had they succeeded in their at-
tempt (which was happily frustrated by
the deluge of rain that fell, and rendered
the water-courses impassable on the e-
vening fixed on for the execution of their
scheme) it is hardly possible to say how
extensive and how terrible might have
been its consequences. There appears
to have been great exertions among the
conspirators immediately in this neigh-
bourhood, and from papers found on
some of them it would seem that a cor-
respondence was carried on with Phila-
delphia, as well as with the towns of
Peterburgh, Norfolk, &c. in this state.
From the whole complexion, however,
of this daring project, it is evident that
the French principles of Liberty and
Equality has been infused into the minds
of the negroes, and that the incautious
and intemperate use of these words by
some whites amongst us, have inspired
them with hopes of success. What
effect this awful business will have on
the public mind, must depend on the
calm reflection of our countrymen.

Last Friday five of the negroes con-
cerned in the conspiracy, and condem-
ned the day before to be hanged, were
executed at the gallows near this city,
pursuant to their sentence. Yesterday
five more were executed at the same
place, pursuant to their sentence. Se-
veral others have received sentence of
death, and will be executed in a few
days. The trials are still going on.