



ST. JOHN: PRINTED and PUBLISHED by JOHN RYAN, Printer to the KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY, at his Office, No. 58, PRINCE-WILLIAM Street, where ESSAYS, ADVERTISEMENTS, &c. will be thankfully received.

[VOL. XVI.]

[NUMB. 786.]

Assize of Bread,
 ESTABLISHED MARCH 28, 1801.
 The Sixpenny Wheaten Loaf } lbs. oz.
 to weigh - - - - - } 1 8
 Ditto Rye - - - - - } 2 4
 And other Loaves in proportion.
WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Mayor.

Ludlow, Fraser, & Robinson,
 HAVE RECEIVED
 By the AMERICA from Liverpool, the WILLIAM from Glasgow, and the ATLANTIC from London,
 A very General Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,
 Which they are now opening for Sale, at their STORE in St. John-Street, on the most reasonable terms, Comprising, among others, the following Articles, viz:

SUPERFINE, Second and Coarse Cloths, Coatings and Caf- fimers, Flannels and Baizes, Duffels' Blanket- ing, Calamancos, Durants, Moreens, Rattinets, Wildbores, strip and plain, Camblets, 4-4 and 7-8 Irish Linen, Irish Dowlas, Brown and white Russia Sheetings, Irish and Lanca- shire ditto, Flax and Tow Osnaburghs, Romal Handker- chiefs, Pullicat do. Check Linen do. Long Lawns, French Cambrics, Book and Jaconet Muslins, Cotton and Muslin Shawls, Dimities, Men's & women's	Cotton Stockings, Children's ditto, Men's Cotton pan- taloon Socks, China and Satin Ribbon, Barcelona Hand- kerchiefs, Silk Romal and Bandana do. White, black, and colour'd Pelong, Sewing Silk and Twist, Ladies long Silk Gloves, Pound and Paper Pins, Ladies Kid & Mo- rocco Slippers, Children's Moroc- co Shoes, Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea Teas, Loaf Sugar, Raifins and Cur- rants, Prunes and Figs, Pepper & Pimenta, Scented Pomatum, Port, Sherry, and Lisbon Wines, An assortment of Cutlery, Ditto of Buttons, Stoves and Sheet Iron.
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With a great variety of other Articles.
 St. John, 30th May, 1801.

HUGH JOHNSTON,
 HAS RECEIVED
 By the ship AMERICA from LIVERPOOL,
 and WILLIAM from GREENOCK,
 A General Assortment of
BRITISH GOODS,
 Suitable for this Country, and are now
 opening for Sale on the most rea-
 sonable terms.
 St. John, 23d May, 1801. 2M*

ALL Persons who have
 any claims against the
 Estate of **John Hartt**, late of
 Burton, deceased, are desired
 to bring in their accounts to
Thomas Hartt of Gagetown, or
Samuel Hartt of Sheffield, Ad-
 ministrators to said Estate, and
 all who are indebted to said
 Estate are requested to make
 immediate payment.
Thomas Hartt.
Samuel Hartt.
 Gagetown, 2d Feb. 1801.

John Black, & Co.
 HAVE JUST RECEIVED
 By the AMERICA, from LIVERPOOL,
 and WILLIAM, from GLASGOW,
 A New and General Supply of
BRITISH GOODS,
 Now opening for Sale on the lowest
 terms.—ALSO, a quantity of COARSE
 and FINE grained
LIVERPOOL SALT,
 Which will be disposed of considera-
 bly cheaper from the SHIP, than the
 STORE.
 N. B.—The above supply of Goods
 includes a large and well chosen assort-
 ment of CROCKERY.
 St. John, 26th May, 1801.

Donaldson & Hendricks,
 HAVE JUST RECEIVED
 By the Ship WILLIAM, Captain Cam-
 bridge, from GREENOCK,
 A very General and Handsome Assort-
 ment of
British Merchandize,
 Which they are now opening for Sale,
 upon very reasonable terms,
 AS USUAL.
 St. John, 23d May, 1801.

**Assistant Deputy Commissary and
 Storekeeper-General's Office,**
 ST. JOHN, New-Brunswick,
 5th May, 1801.
WANTED,
 FOR HIS MAJESTY'S Service, a
 quantity of LUMBER, compris-
 ing Ton and Ranging Timber, Scant-
 ling, Scaffold Poles, Planks, Boards,
 Malon's Laths, Shingles, &c. of which
 the particular dimensions may be seen at
 this Office, and the periods made known
 when the several quantities will be re-
 quired to be delivered at His MAJES-
 TY'S Lumber Yard, near Fort Howe,
 with every necessary information.

ALSO WANTED,
 2,943 Tons Building Stone,
 74,000 Bricks,
 675 Hogheads Lime,
 965 Loads of Sand.
 Such Persons as may be inclined to
 contract for the above mentioned ma-
 terials, or any part thereof, are request-
 ed to give in their Proposals in writing,
 sealed, on or before 12 o'clock, Fri-
 day the 19th day of June next.
 Sufficient security will be required
 for the due performance of such con-
 tract as may be entered into.
WM. ROBERTSON,
*Assistant Deputy Commissary and
 Storekeeper General.*

TO BE SOLD,
A MESSUAGE situate in King-
 Street, in this City, within 60
 yards of Market-Square, and particu-
 larly commodious for a Merchant, or a
 Gentleman in any office or profession.
 —The DWELLING-HOUSE has four
 Rooms on a floor, four Chimnies, and
 a Cellar under the whole. There is,
 besides, a large KITCHEN, connected
 with the House by a covered passage:
 And adjoining to the Kitchen are a
 WOOD-HOUSE, a STABLE and Hay-
 Loft, a good WELL and Pump, and
 other conveniences. The Premises are
 bounded Northerly on King-Street 40
 feet, and Easterly on a Cross-Street 133
 feet. Possession will be given when-
 ever required; and the purchaser will
 be allowed five years for the payment
 of the principal; giving good security
 for the same, and paying the interest
 annually. He may have also, on the
 same terms, the greater part of the pre-
 sent Household Furniture.
 Inquire of **J. BLISS.**
 St. John, 26th May, 1801. 4W.

Foreign Intelligence.

PARIS.

ARMY OF THE EAST.

APRIL 15.
 The brig *Opris* is just arrived from
 Toulon; it departed from Alexandria
 on the 16th of March.

The frigate *Regenerée*, having on
 board 300 troops, 3000 muskets, and
 several necessaries for the army, as well
 as a number of ships from the Adriatic
 and the Mediterranean, and an Aid-du-
 Camp belonging to General Murat, ar-
 rived at Alexandria.

General Abercrombie had effected his
 landing at Aboukir on the 5th of March,
 with about 13 or 14,000 men.

From that day till the 16th he made
 several fruitless attempts to confine the
 garrison of Alexandria within the walls.

The General in Chief, *Menou*, had
 arrived on the 11th, with his Staff, at
 Rahmania, where he united the differ-
 ent divisions of his army.

It is probable that by this time the
 destinies have decided concerning the
 possession of Egypt. At this time, that
 part of the globe, the most important
 for its geographical position, for the
 services which in ancient times it ren-
 dered the human race, is either to see
 the arts flourish again for ever, and taste
 the fruits of that civilization which pla-
 ces so great a barrier between the peo-
 ple of Europe and barbarous nations, or,
 falling once more under the leaden
 yoke of Pacha, see all hopes of improve-
 ment and civilization for herself and
 for beautiful and unhappy Asia, com-
 pletely destroyed. In a few days we
 shall know which has predominated in
 those interesting, but so long unfortu-
 nate countries—the genius of good or
 the genius of evil.

*Extract of a Letter from Citizen Le
 Long, Capt. of the Dubois, dated at
 Alexandria, the 23d of February.*

"The packet the Good Union, ar-
 rived at Alexandria on the 22d, after a
 violent gale of wind which had disper-
 sed the enemy's force that formed the
 blockade. The Good Union has brought
 us a considerable quantity of ammuni-
 tion, and other necessaries for the army.

*The Maritime prefect of Egypt, to all the
 Sailors employed at the different Ports,
 and about Alexandria.*

Alexandria, March 10.

"The moment I heard of the arrival
 of an English Squadron, I obtained per-
 mission from the General in Chief to
 come among you. I have learnt with
 satisfaction the conduct of the 4th com-
 pany of the Artificers of the Marine
 Artillery, in the affair of the 8th. I
 have observed the same disposition in
 all the other sailors. The British Go-
 vernment has at length given us an op-
 portunity of proving to it how much
 we are exasperated by its attempts a-
 gainst the freedom of the seas, and a-
 gainst commerce. Let us improve this
 opportunity.

A true Copy.
 (Signed) "LE ROY.

MARCH 2.

"At break of day the enemy's fleet
 prepared to cast anchor to the eastward
 of the Road of Aboukir, and all the
 ships were anchored in the morning.
 We observed about thirteen sail of men
 of war and transports on their way from
 the N. W. to join the enemy. The
 ships which blockaded the ports of A-
 lexandria having joined the Squadron,
 the French frigate *La Regenerée* enter-
 ed the old port without molestation a-
 bout nine o'clock in the morning. She
 has brought a reinforcement of 300
 picked troops, and a supply of 3000 mu-
 skets. The brig *Lodi* also entered the
 port in the afternoon. In the course
 of the day the garrison of Alexandria,
 under the command of General *Friant*,
 took post on the heights to the South-

ward of Aboukir Road. Nothing new
 occurred during the remainder of the
 four-and-twenty hours. The wind
 continued to blow from the West a
 pleasant gale, and the weather was fine.

MARCH 8.

"The wind was light and pleasant,
 but variable, from W. to S. W. with
 fine weather and a smooth sea. The e-
 nemy's manœuvres announced their in-
 tention of making a descent. All their
 boats were hoisted out, and filled with
 troops. About half after seven in the
 morning they advanced towards the
 coast between the *bogas* of the Lake
 Madie and the fort of Aboukir. Our
 troops instantly formed into order of
 battle on the heights in front of the part
 of the coast which was threatened. At
 7 in the morning, the enemy's small
 craft forming a considerable line, and
 consisting of between three and four
 hundred of all descriptions, rowed with
 great eagerness towards the shore. They
 reached it in excellent order, and com-
 menced the descent under cover of
 their gun-boats and other vessels, which
 kept up a very brisk fire that was admi-
 rably sustained by our troops.

"The enemy's troops were assailed
 with a well directed fire in files on our
 part, and a shower of case shot from fif-
 teen or sixteen heavy pieces of artillery
 judiciously placed. But the great ex-
 tent of their line prevented our troops
 from making head against them in all
 points. Our troops, although very in-
 ferior in number, boldly attacked the e-
 nemy, and charged twice with fixed
 bayonets.

"The right of the English would
 have been at once routed, had not a
 strong column from the left advanced to
 its assistance and the French were ob-
 liged in their turn to fall back. The
 engagement lasted from nine o'clock in
 the morning, but observing the superi-
 ority of the enemy in numbers, and ap-
 prehensive that by exposing the garriso-
 n, the safety of Alexandria might be
 endangered, the General fell back upon
 this place, and executed the movements
 in excellent order. The troops took
 their position at the distance of a league
 and a half in the rear of the field of bat-
 tle, their left supported by the sea, and
 their right by the Lake Madie, while
 the enemy continued in his position on
 the heights of Aboukir. We lost in
 this action in killed and wounded about
 300 men. The loss of the English con-
 sisted of 2000.

MARCH 13.

"At break of day, the alarm gun was
 fired at our advanced posts, the general
 was beat in the town, and all repaired
 to their posts. The enemy advanced
 in good order, in a close and very ex-
 tensive line. We waited for his attack
 in a firm manner. At seven in the
 morning the action took place along the
 whole of the line. The enemy's ar-
 my appeared to consist of 12,000 men,
 and the garrison had been just reinfor-
 ced by the troops of the district, forming
 altogether at most a body of 4000 men,
 of whom 600 were cavalry. The shock
 was violent on both sides. Our caval-
 ry charged twice, and the second time
 succeeded in surrounding from 5 to
 600 of the enemy, and making them
 throw down their arms, but having
 been vigorously attacked by a strong co-
 lumn of reserve it was compelled to re-
 treat and abandon the prisoners.

"On the evening of the 13th, the e-
 nemy made a movement to his left, and
 considerably reinforced it. Shortly af-
 ter a strong column attacked our left,
 and made itself master of the bridge of
 the Canal of Alexandria; but it was
 soon retaken by the republicans. The
 enemy returned to the charge three
 times on that point and they were three
 times driven back with very considera-
 ble loss.

MARCH 14.

"The whole of this day was spent in