

X. That if any goods, wares, or merchandise, whatever, shall be imported or brought, exported or carried coastwise contrary to the provisions of this Act, or any of them, all such goods, wares, and merchandise, and also the ship or vessel in which the same shall be so imported or brought, exported, or carried coastwise, with all her guns, furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, shall be forfeited; and also if any Ship or vessel shall sail in Ballast, or shall fail to be employed in fishing on the coast, in manner herein before mentioned, or being required to be manned and navigated with a Master and a certain Proportion of British Mariners, in manner herein before directed, shall not be manned and navigated according to the provisions of this Act, such ship or vessel, with all her guns, furniture, ammunition, tackle, and apparel, and all the goods, wares, and merchandise on board the same, shall be forfeited.

XI. That all and every the goods, wares, or merchandise, and all ships or vessels forfeited by this Act, may and shall be seized by the Commander or Commanders of any of his Majesty's ships of war, or any Commissioned, Warrant, or Petty-Officer specially appointed by him or them, or by any officer or officers of His Majesty's Customs; and that every forfeiture incurred by this Act, and whereof the recovery is not specially provided for by this Act, may and shall respectively be sued for, prosecuted, and recovered in such courts, and by such and the like ways, means, and methods, and the produce thereof respectively disposed of and applied in such and the like manner, and to such and the like uses and purposes as any forfeiture incurred by any Law respecting the Revenue of Customs, may now be sued for, prosecuted, or recovered, disposed of and applied either in this kingdom, or in the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Man, or in any of His Majesty's other Dominions in or out of Europe respectively, as the case may happen to be.

XII. Provided always, That in case any British ship or vessel shall be found at sea, having on board a greater number of foreign Mariners than is allowed by this Act, or any Law now in force, or hereafter to be made, and the Master of such ship or vessel shall produce a certificate of the actual necessity of engaging such foreign Mariners in some foreign port by occasion of the sickness, death, or desertion, of the like number of British mariners, or of the same having been taken prisoners during his voyage, and that British mariners could not be engaged at such foreign port to supply their room, and that for the safe navigation of such ship or vessel, it became necessary to engage and employ such foreign mariners under the hand of his Majesty's consul at the foreign port where the said foreign mariners were so engaged: or if there is not any such consul there, under the hands of two known British merchants at such foreign port, it shall not be lawful for any of the persons authorized by this Act to make seizures of ships or vessels navigated contrary to the directions thereof, to stop or detain any such ship or vessel so found at sea, or to hinder her from proceeding on her voyage; but such persons shall and are by the said Act required to endorse the certificate so produced, testifying the production thereof, and when and where met with at sea, and that the number of foreign mariners correspond with the certificate of such British consul, or such known British merchants, for the consideration and investigation of the commissioners of his Majesty's customs in England and Scotland respectively.

XIII. That for the purposes of the said Act, the conclusion of the present war shall be holden to be from the time that the same shall be notified by Proclamation or order of his Majesty in council, to be published in the *London Gazette*.

NEW GOODS.

AN EXTENSIVE VARIETY

IMPORTED BY

JOHN BLACK, & Co.

In the Ships Duke of Kent, from London, and Ruby, from Glasgow and Liverpool.

NOW OPENED FOR SALE, AT REDUCED PRICES.

ALSO,

Antigua RUM, Brown SUGAR, Leaf TOBACCO.

St. John, 23d June, 1802.

MR. BRYAN,

THERE having appeared in your paper of 30th ult. a very extraordinary ADVERTISEMENT setting forth Mr. Nathaniel Munday as an absconding Debtor, the Subscriber takes this opportunity of informing the Public, and Colonel COFFIN in particular, (what was well known to him before) that the Subscriber and Mr. JARVIS, Esq. are duly authorized to settle and pay every just demand that can be brought against Mr. Munday, that they have offered to pay Col. COFFIN's, and are still ready and willing to do so, whenever he shall be pleased to accept of what appears to be justly due.

GEORGE MCALL.

St. John, 23d June, 1802.

Hugh Johnston,

HAS RECEIVED,

Per Ship Duke of Kent, from London, and Ship Ruby, from Greenock and Liverpool,

(From the different Manufacturers in England & Scotland.)

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF British Merchandize.

ALSO,

In Brig ATLANTIC, from Jamaica and Turk's Island,

A few Puncheons high proof JAMAICA SPIRITS, MUSCOVADO SUGAR, in Hhds. and Barrels of a superior quality, SALT, &c.

All of which are offered for Sale on reasonable terms.

St. John, 9th June, 1802.

LUDLOW, FRASER, & ROBINSON,

HAVE RECEIVED per the Duke of Kent and ATLANTIC, from London, and per the RUBY, from Glasgow and Liverpool,

A very General Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

For their STORES both at this PLACE and FREDERICTON,

Comprising among others, the following Articles, viz.

SUPERFINE, Second, and Coarse Cloths,	and Tambour Veils,
Elastic ditto,	Laces and Edgings,
Cashmeres & Seriges,	Cotton Hosiery,
Red, Yellow and White Flannels,	Ladies Spanish Leather and Kid Slippers,
Green and Red Baize,	Children's Morocco Shoes,
Stuffs of all kinds,	Men and Boys Hats,
Rose and Point Blankets,	Men's Gloves,
Carpeting,	Tapes, Bobbin and Threads,
7-8 and 9-8 Calicos,	Ladies Fans,
White Cottons,	Pins and Needles,
Shawls, Dimities,	Hard and Soft Pomatum,
Apron and Shirting Check,	Packwood's Razor Straps,
Bordered Linen Handkerchiefs,	Fine Salad Oil,
Spotted do. do.	Soy and Essence Anchovies,
Romal and Publicat do.	Madeira, Sherry & Port } Wines,
Book and Jaconet Mullins,	Hyson, Souchong, Green & Bohea } Teas,
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen,	Loaf Sugar,
Flax and Tow of naburghs,	Spices,
Brown and White Russia Sheetings,	Raisins and Currants,
Disper Table Cloths,	Pepper and Mustard,
Spotted Cambric for Ladies Gowns,	White Lead,
Fashionable Trimmings for ditto,	Yellow Ochre and Spanish Brown ground in Oil,
A few Ladies fashionable Hats,	Boiled and Raw Oil in casks and jugs,
Satin, Satenet and China Ribbons,	7 by 9, 8 by 10, and 10 by 12 Crown Glass,
Modes and Pelongs,	Glass Ware assorted,
Color'd Silk Handkerchiefs,	Nails, Cutlery, Bar Iron,
Black Barcelona do.	White Rope,
Ladies long Silk Gloves,	Gun Powder and Shot,
Sewing Silks and Twist,	
Ladies Black Lace	

Which as usual, they will Sell on reasonable terms for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit.

The highest price given for SKINS and FURS.

St. John, 9th June, 1802.



BY HIS EXCELLENCY

THOMAS CARLETON, Esq.

Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c.

THOS. CARLETON.

A PROCLAMATION.

BY Virtue of the Power and Authority granted to me, in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Twenty-eighth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North-America and in the West-India Islands and the Countries belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West-Indies"—I do, by and with the advice and consent of His Majesty's Council, publish this Proclamation, hereby authorizing and permitting Wheat, Rye, Rice or Indian Corn and the Flour of Wheat or Rye—also Ash Oar-Rafters and Capstand Bars, Staves, Heading and Treennails, to be imported by British Subjects in British built ships owned by His Majesty's Subjects and navigated according to Law, from any of the Territories belonging to the United States of America, for and during the term of Six Months from the first of July next—and of this Proclamation all Persons whom it may concern will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the Twenty-fifth day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand Eight hundred and Two, and in the Forty-second year of His Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command, JON. ODELL.

William & Thos. Pagan & Co.

HAVE RECEIVED,

By the Ship ATLANTIC, Capt. Bullman, from London, and Ship RUBY, Capt. Cambridge, from Liverpool,

A FRESH AND WELL ASSORTED

SUPPLY OF

MERCHANDIZE,

Which are now opening, and will be Sold at the most reduced prices.

THEY HAVE ALSO RECEIVED By the Schooner *Susannah*,

Captain ROBINSON,

A FEW PUNCHEONS OF High Proof and well flavored JAMAICA SPIRITS.

Donaldson & Hendricks,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

Per Brig FRIENDS, Capt. JOHNSTON, From Glasgow,

A Handsome Assortment of

British Merchandize,

Suitable for the Season—all of which they will Sell at very low prices.

JAMES CODNER,

BEGS leave to inform his FRIENDS and the PUBLIC, that he has removed to the Store, the corner of King Street, formerly occupied by the late Mr. PUTNAM, deceased.

Where he has for Sale,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Dry Goods & Groceries.

Choice Old MADEIRA WINES, of a superior Quality.

N. B. The highest prices given for SKINS and FURS.

Stephen Humbert,

HAS RECEIVED

Per the Brig *Greyhound*, Capt. White, MOLASSES, in Hhds. and Tierces, and SUGAR in Barrels.

ALSO,

Per the Schooner *Sally*, Capt. Thomas, A CARGO OF

Turk's Island SALT,

Which he will Sell cheap for Cash or approved Credit.

To LET, a Room and Bed-Room, suitable for a small Family.

—Inquire as above.

SELECTIONS.

From late LONDON PAPERS.

A marvellous letter from Surinam states, that Capt. Brown, of the 5th battalion of the 6th regt. being out on a shooting party upon the Surinam River, saw a large shark near in shore, which he shot at with a bow and arrow. The fish was evidently struck, and went down, and the next morning it was seen in a wounded state close in shore; on which boats went off and brought it in and killed it; and on opening it, to the astonishment of Capt. Brown, and a considerable number of people, there was found in the stomach a woman genteely dressed, and entire except her head, which had been evidently severed from the body.

More than 140,000l. worth of the Queen of Portugal's diamonds have found an unfortunate way to Paris, before the arrival of her last casket of jewellery in England.

The new religious establishment of France has removed one common objection to church establishments. There is no Priest-craft in it. All that species of influence is now vested in the government, where *Conful-craft* has been completely victorious.

The invention by the American in France, of vessels to go under water, among its other consequences, will call for a new species of loyal execration, should we go to war again. We can no longer gratify our enemies by wishing them at the bottom of the sea.

Extract of a letter, dated Liverpool April 23.

"I have been much diverted by seeing a woman sold at public auction. On the proclamation of peace and the discharge of the seamen from the fleet, three sailors who arrived here from London, found themselves all married to the same female. They immediately put a rope about her neck, mounted her on a bench in a public place, and had her struck off by the public crier. She brought six-pence. Several thousand spectators attended.

When the brave Admiral Kempenfelt, unhappily lost in the Royal George, was coming into Portsmouth to have his ship paid off, a sailor eyed a gold laced velvet waistcoat, which his commander wore with great earnestness, and in his best sea fashion, begged to know who made it. The Admiral perceiving his drift, gave him the necessary information, and Jack went on shore. He forthwith applied to the Admiral's tailor, who, knowing the humours of his customers, went with him to buy materials, and at last asked what he would have the back made of? "made of," said Jack, "the same as the front to be sure." The tailor remonstrated, but in vain: so the waistcoat was made, and put on with an old greasy jacket over it. One day, in the High-street, the Admiral met his man in this curious dress, which occasioned him to laugh heartily; and this merry fit was not a little increased, when Jack coming up to him, lifted the hind part of his jacket, and showed his gold laced back, and exclaimed, "D—n me, old boy, no false colors; stem and stern alike by G—d."

LONDON, May 3.

On the evening of the 29th April, when the illuminations took place in London on account of the Peace, the house of William Cobbett, bookseller, in Pall-Mall, in consistency with the same spirit of anti-pacific darkness which distinguished it on the former illumination for the signature of Preliminaries, remained inexorably opaque. The mob, with equal consistency, took umbrage, and vented their indignation on the windows, sashes, and every thing about the front of the house that was not impregnable to bludgeons and paving-stones.

Mr. Cobbet has published the following, respecting the persons who broke his windows in Pall-Mall, on the night of the illumination. He says their names are Charles Beloe (son of the Rev. William Beloe), a clerk in the General Post-Office, Charles Wagstaff, another clerk in the General Post-Office; John Harwood, a sort of amanuensis to the Rev. W. Beloe; John Parnel, an Excise officer; Samuel Wife, a servant to a brush-maker at Aldgate; William Harvy nothing at all. Four of the six, he says, are in the pay of Government.

The French Budget for the service of the year has been opened in the Legislative Body. The expenditure is stated at 500 millions (nearly 21 millions sterling) for the whole year, viz. from Sept. 23, 1801, to Sept. 23, 1802.