

they have systematically acted as if they did not think themselves bound to make any return for it. If occasionally victorious, they forgot, in the momentary delirium of success, the unity of design which they had professed to support; if defeated, they were plunged into dejection and despair; and the sums furnished by our unfeeling generosity, were converted into gifts and sacrifices to gratify the rapacity and appease the wrath of their conqueror. If any new example were wanting to show the folly of that kind of Continental connexion which would make this country a sharer in all the calamities, not in the advantages of war, we might quote the present miserable state of Prussia. We have already observed that no power undertakes hostilities but from two motives, either for the spirit of aggrandizement, or the imperious impulse of necessity. The latter was the case with FREDERICK WILLIAM; for can any one doubt that his preparations were as great, his means of preserving his independence, and even his crown, as ample his resolution to abide the fate of arms as fixed, as if he had received from Lord MORPETH five, ten, or fifteen millions of our money? All, therefore, that we wish to shew is, since the Continental powers will at all times make war or peace when it is suitable to their interests, or when forced to do so, that the policy of subsidizing, first adopted in the reign of WILLIAM, and so prodigally carried on since the accession of the House of Hanover, has been altogether unnecessary for the accomplishment of the ends proposed.

With respect to Great-Britain, whether relatively or positively considered, it has been attended with the most injurious effects. After an expenditure of from 3 to 4 hundred millions of money, in following up the system of Continental connexion, what has been the result? What has this country obtained as a remuneration for sacrifices so vast? The result has been an addition of nearly fifteen millions to our annual permanent taxes, and an army of twelve thousand Hanoverians, whom we maintain, be it mentioned with shame and sorrow! for the defence of our rights and liberties. But it may be argued, as it has frequently been, that our trade and manufactures are involved in the issue of Continental warfare; that in order to secure to these grand objects their due weight and circulation, we are bound to interfere for the preservation of the balance of power. Our answer is short, and we trust, satisfactory.—Commerce is founded in the mutual wants and in the reciprocal demands of mankind. That country which has the means of supplying itself, the cheapest, and, in some cases, the only articles required, will always find purchasers. The distinguishing characteristic of fair trade is its facility in finding its level. It may for a moment be checked, it may be entirely excluded by the will and arms of despotism; but it must ultimately make its way, and whether the Continent belong to BONAPARTE alone, or be divided according to the best regulated scale of power between 4 or 5 great Sovereigns, neither he nor they will grant to the manufactures and commerce of Great-Britain any indulgence or privilege but what shall be consistent with their respective views, and the interests of their dominions and people. Were even a state of warfare between us and France eternal, and France the sovereign arbiter of Europe, yet would the wants of the Continent be supplied by the industry, the enterprise, and the perseverance of Britons. Let us at length open our eyes to our true interests! We have dearly paid for the advantages resulting to our commerce, from our Continental connexion, by loading ourselves and our posterity with a yearly taxation of fifteen millions of money!

MR. MORT,
By giving the following a place in your paper, you will oblige a number of your Customers.

An Extract from the New-England Charter, given by King JAMES the 1st, 1643-4.

"Provided also and our express will and pleasure is, and we do by these presents for us, our heirs and successors, ordain and appoint, that these presents shall not in any manner enure, or be taken to abridge, barre or hinder any of our loving subjects whatever to use and exercise the trade of Fishing upon that coast of New-England in America by these presents mentioned to be granted: But that they or any and every or any of them shall have full and free power and liberty to continue and use their said trade of Fishing upon the said coast in any of the seas thertunto adjoining, or any arms of the seas or salt water rivers where they have been wont to fish, and to build and set up upon the lands by them to be necessary for the salting, drying, keeping, housing, and to cut down and take such trees and other that shall be growing or being, or shall be needfull for materials, and for all other necessary easements, helps that pertaineth concerning their said trade of Fishing there and adjacent waters and forme as they have been heretofore at in full of his years to come, without making any willfull any to be remany thing into these presents contained to valuer, who shall follow."

WILLIAM DAVIDSON
Necessary to leave this Province for some time on account of ill health, the Copartnership of FRANKLIN DAVIDSON, & Co. was therefore Dissolved by agreement the 16th day of SEPTEMBER last; the said partnership will in future be carried on under the firm of FRANKLIN & THOM. 28th OCTOBER, 1806. 2W

NOTICE.
All persons having Demands against the Estate of the late ROBERT BLACKWOOD, of this City, are requested to render them duly attested, on or before the 1st day of this date; and all those indebted to ROBERT BLACKWOOD, Administratrix, are desired to make immediate payment to the said ROBERT BLACKWOOD, 2d February, 1807.

BOOKS given for Clean LINEN and RAGS at this OFFICE, 2d FEBRUARY, 1807.

SAINT JOHN, February 9, 1807.

ANSWER TO HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH, inserted in our last.
To the Honourable GABRIEL G. LUDLOW, Esquire, President of His Majesty's Council, and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.
The Humble Address of the House of Assembly.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOR,
THE House of Assembly feel with your HONOR the happy situation enjoyed by His Majesty's subjects in this part of his Dominions, remote from the bloody scenes of War, which still desolate the Continent of Europe.

Whilst we lament the unavoidable struggle in which our Parent Country has been so long engaged, for the preservation of her own liberties, and the liberties of Europe, and deplore the necessity of its continuance, we cannot but with gratitude and national pride admire the brilliant victories, which through the blessings of Providence have been achieved by His Majesty's Fleets and Armies over those of His presumptuous enemy.

We feel grateful to our most gracious Sovereign, for the fresh proofs he has given of liberality and attention to his faithful North-American Colonies, and shall endeavour by every means in our power, to merit a continuance and extension of his favour and protection.

We shall pay due attention to such Public Accounts and Estimates as by your direction may be laid before us, and shall make such provisions as the public service may be found to require, in such manner as may be most effectual, and at the same time, least inconvenient to our Constituents.

Fully sensible of your constant attention to the wants of our fellow-subjects under your protecting care, we are highly gratified by your having appropriated the annual confidential grant to the beneficial purpose of relieving the indigent sufferers from the distress occasioned by the premature and severe frost, of the autumn of 1804, and enabling them to support their families until the ensuing harvest.

We learn with much satisfaction, that the Impost Duties of the last Session, have proved so productive as to be sufficient to discharge the Public Debts. In renewing the Revenue Law to supply the exigencies of Government, we shall take into our serious consideration, the important object recommended by your Honor, and shall highly felicitate ourselves, if under your administration, we can establish a system of Taxation, calculated to guard the morals of Society, as well as be the means of its support.

We flatter ourselves, the confidence your Honor places in our zeal for the prosperity of the Colony, will not be diminished; and we shall most cheerfully, attend to the duties of the present Session, in full reliance on your cordial assent to any Laws, which, on mature deliberation, shall be thought requisite for the public welfare.

3d February, 1807.

GENTLEMEN,
I thank you for this Address, and with pleasure anticipate the success of your endeavours to attain those public benefits which are now the subjects of your deliberation.

MARRIED Last Tuesday evening by the Rev. Dr. BYLES, JOHN BLACK, Esq. to Miss BILLOPP, daughter of the Hon. Christopher Billopp, Esq. all of this City.

DIED At Annapolis, (N. S.) on the 7th ult. after a long and very painful illness, which he bore with equal fortitude and resignation, Capt. OBER WHELOCK, in the 72d year of his age—one of the first settlers of Annapolis—for many years a Representative of that Township in General Assembly; and much respected for his integrity and hospitality.

On the 12th ult. at Digby, (N. S.) of a violent nervous fever, Mr. BOTSFORD VEITS, aged 26 years, son of the Rev. Mr. Veits:—a young man universally esteemed, and sincerely lamented. He was never guilty of profaneness, intemperance, or dishonesty. During his sickness he gave every testimony of his being well prepared for an happy state hereafter.

At Sheffield, in the County of Sunbury, on the 24th ult. after a lingering and painful illness, which he bore with fortitude and resignation, SYLVANUS PLUMER, Esq. in the 57th year of his age. He was born at Newbury Port, (Mass.) in September 1750, and came to this country a few years before the American War. His loss will be severely felt, having on all occasions during his life proved himself a valuable member of the community, as well as a kind husband and indulgent parent. Great respect was paid to his memory by his numerous friends and acquaintance from this and the adjacent parishes who on the 27th ult. with great decency and solemnity attended his funeral.

TO BE LET,

And Possession given the 1st Day of May next, THAT large and commodious HOUSE in King-Street, at present occupied by Mrs. MALLARD.—The House contains 8 Rooms with fire places, a good Kitchen, and an excellent Cellar under the whole House; a large Yard and Wood House, with many other conveniences.

For further particulars apply on the Premises. Saint John, 2d February, 1807.

ALL Persons having any legal Demands against the Estate of the late ISAAC BONNELL, Esq. of Digby, deceased, are hereby required to render them duly attested within Eighteen Calendar Months; and all indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to Wm. F. BONNELL, } Executors. ELISHA BUDD, } Digby, 10th DECEMBER, 1806.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

FEBRUARY—1807.		Sun Rises & Sets.		High Water.	
		H.	M.	H.	M.
9 MONDAY,		7	2 5	0	26
10 TUESDAY,		7	1 5	1	4
11 WEDNESDAY,		7	0 5	1	40
12 THURSDAY,		6	58 6	2	24
13 FRIDAY,		6	57 6	3	10
14 SATURDAY,		6	55 6	4	0
15 SUNDAY,		6	53 6	4	57

First Quarter, 15th Day, 1h. 10m. Morning.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Finding that his Business in CHARLOTTE COUNTY requires all his time and attention, has concluded to Close his Business in this City:

He offers for Sale the remaining Stock of Goods in his Store here,

CONSISTING OF FASHIONABLE Plated and other Birmingham Ware; Ironmongery, Cordage, Shot, Fine Mullins, Shawls, Black and Coloured Silk and Barcelona Handkerchiefs, Sewing Silk, Calimere, Cake and Roll Blacking, Excellent Old Sherry and Lisbon Wine, Glafs and Horn Lanthorns, Cod Lines and Hooks, Shoe, Cloth, Scrubbing and Hearth Brushes, Copper and Tin Tea Kettles, Anchors.

And a Variety of other Articles, for CASH, at Cost and Charges.

He requests all those who have Demands upon him, will furnish their Accounts, that he may pay them off as fast as in his power, and for that purpose he desires all those who are indebted to him to pay their respective balances without delay, as all Notes and Accounts not settled before the First of APRIL next, will be put into the hands of an Attorney to collect.

COLIN CAMPBELL, Junr. Saint John, 24th January, 1807.

WILLIAM PAGAN, & Co.

HAVE RECEIVED By the Brig HOPE, Capt. FARQUHAR, from the BAHAMAS,

A CARGO of COARSE SALT of the best quality, which they will dispose of payable in FISH the ensuing Season, or otherwise as may be agreeable to the purchasers.—They have also Received for Sale, some Excellent MUSCOVADO SUGAR, and small GREEN COFFEE. 3W

Saint John, 19th January, 1807.

TAKE NOTICE.

THE Copartnership of GILBERT & HANFORD (under the Firm of BRADFORD GILBERT, & Co.) will be Dissolved on the First Day of MAY next, by mutual consent.—All Persons having any demands against the said Firm, are requested to call for payment; and all those indebted to said Firm, are desired to make immediate payment. BRADFORD GILBERT, & Co. Saint John, 7th January, 1807. 1f.

RICHARD LAWRENCE, BLACKSMITH.

MOST Respectfully returns thanks to his Friends and the Public in general, for past favours in the Line of his Business, and informs them that he still continues to carry on the same, in all its various branches, at his Shop on YORK POINT, where all Orders will be punctually executed in the neatest manner.

N. B.—WANTED, A Smart active Boy, about 15 or 16 years of age, of good connections, as an Apprentice to the said Business.—Apply as above. Saint John, 5th January, 1807. 1f.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the late Copartnership of LUDLOW, FRASER, and ROBINSON, are requested to call on JOHN ROBINSON at St. John, or PETER FRASER at Fredericton, for payment before the First Day of JANUARY next, and all persons indebted thereto, are desired to make immediate payment. Saint John, October 1. 1806.

Saint John and Fredericton MAIL STAGE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has provided himself with good Horses and a commodious Sleigh for the convenience of Passengers travelling to and from Fredericton this Winter.

The MAIL STAGE will leave Saint John every Sunday morning, and arrive at Fredericton the next day—leaves there every Wednesday, on its return to Saint John. Fare of each Passenger through, FOUR DOLLARS, Way-Passengers, three pence per mile. For Seats apply to Mrs. JOHN ADAMS, King-Street, and at Fredericton of Mrs. GABRIEL VANHORN. Parcels intrusted to his care will be faithfully and punctually attended to.

SAMUEL JONES. Saint John, 5th January, 1807.

FOR SALE,

By NEHEMIAH MERRITT, A FEW Hogheads of JAMAICA SPIRITS and MOLASSES; Also, BROWN SUGAR by the Hoghead or Barrel; Likewise, Large SALT.

Farmers Take Notice.

CHEAP and comfortable STABLING for Country Horses at the Old Brewery, by JOHN ORAN.

Saint John, 12th December, 1806.