

Hayes had declared a supper, as to his having a large sum of money about him, and he went to the chamber with the same diabolical intention as the servant. He was struck with amazement! He could not believe his senses! And in turning back the bed-clothes, to assure himself of the fact, he, in his agitation, dropped his knife on the bleeding body by which both his hand and his knife became bloody. These circumstances Bradford acknowledged to the clergyman who attended him after his sentence.

A SEA-FIGHT OFF DOVER.

A singular and ludicrous circumstance occurred at Dover on Sunday, which has become the general subject of conversation. An old gentleman, who is making an autumnal excursion for his health, is accustomed to bathe at an hour of the day when the fashionable society of the place is assembled on a public walk, which runs parallel with the machines, and is contiguous to the beach. A young officer, attended by a large dog of the Newfoundland species, observed the feeble valetudinarian in a state of nudity, amusing himself shamelessly in the water, within view of the collected neighbourhood. Partly from archness, and partly by way of hint, on the indecency of such a situation, the captain threw a round chalk stone into the water, so near the person of the gentleman, that the moveable rings from the agitation of the water rippled round the head of the old gentleman as from a common centre. The dog, on this notice from his master, rushed into the sea, and miffaking for the stone the bald pate of the bather, advanced with open mouth upon his supposed prey. The diversion in which the gentleman was engaged prevented his notice of the dark terrific foe, until the warm-breath of the animal, descending upon his tonsure, excited his alarm, which was not diminished when, on turning, he beheld the expanded jaws of the amphibious monster. By this time, through the malicious activity of the officer, the melancholy predicament of this ancient Priest of the Naiads had attracted the attention of the perambulators. The man first sought refuge in flight, but the quadruped rapidly glided through the yielding element, "with lully sinews throwing it aside." At last, the fugitive took courage from despair, and facing his enemy, pugnis, unguibusque pedibus, waged an unequal war, while the multitude on the shore vociferated the familiar words of encouragement—"Now, Caesar!"—"Now, Bald-pate!"—according to the respective combatants whose cause they espoused. At last, the venerable combatant sought protection within his machine.

BALTIMORE, DECEMBER 8.

Extract of an official relation, respecting the Haytian campaign, against the tyrant Dessalines, from the 13th to the 17th of October.

A hostile attempt was to be made in the fourth part of the Island—thousands of victims were to be sacrificed to the suspicion, or rather ferocity of Dessalines. Gen. Marcou, and the inspector, Stephen Maintor, were to be the executioners of the sanguinary orders, against the district of Aux-Cayes.

Already they were busy about the means of putting their schemes into operation, when they were both arrested by the brave Col. Wagnac, whereupon the inhabitants of Aux-Cayes, rose in a body, and swore to conquer or die.

The minister at war, Gens. Feron and Val, and the Colonels Francisque and Bruni Leulane, also joined the party of patriots.

Having made his dispositions, the minister left L'Anse-a-Veau, with the 16th and 17th half brigades, and advanced to the bridge of Miragoane.—The next morning they held a conference with General Yayou, who was encamped at Petit Goave, and finding the latter well disposed to act in co-operation, they settled all points; but deferred proceeding further, until the arrival of General Petion. General Magloire Ambroise, and Colonel Homare, although the first was sick, evinced the same patriotic zeal.

On the 15th Gen. Petion arrived at Petit Goave, where he was received in the manner he deserved, by the troops. Both divisions marched to Grand Goaves, where they found General Germain; who, though he feigned to join our party, was yet soon known to be a turn-coat.

The night was passed at Leogane; and the next morning marched with the 11th, 12th, 15th, 16th, 21st and 24th half brigades, and 3 companies of dragoons, to Port-au-Prince, which place we were masters of at 4. General Germain becoming the more and more suspected, he was arrested at ten at night. A traveller informed us that Dessalines' vanguard was approaching us, and he in fact came himself, without suspicion.

At the instigation of General Yayou, the soldiers and islanders of the plains of Cul-de-Sac, started the urgency of putting Dessalines and Germain to death, in order to preserve liberty. That the soldiers were willingly disposed to do their duty—that the planters were to watch the plains—and that moreover they pledged their words, not to let Dessalines have the least suspicion of what was going to pass—they kept their promises. Dessalines traversed the whole plain, without being apprised of the disposition of the army. This circumstance reminds us of a well known sentence, that a tyrant has always a great many flatterers, and not a single friend.

Dessalines being utterly ignorant of all these facts, and not knowing of our having possession of Port-au-Prince, continued on his route, in the most perfect security. At 8 in the morning he was in the outer posts of our camp, without suspecting it, only in the moment when he was to be arrested, he conceived his error, and then trying to make his escape, he received the mortal blow, which put an end to his life and crimes.

Col. Marcabier was killed (though much regretted) in defending Dessalines. On the side of the enemy, some more were wounded, and on our side but one man killed. Thus were our proceedings in 4 days crowned with the most fortunate success. This great event so remarkable in the annals of the history of mankind, will show to the astonished and what an oppressed people are capable of; and will at the same time, gain us the esteem and admiration of other nations.

On the 18th, at nine in the morning, a Te Deum will be chaunted, in order to celebrate this memorable day, on which tyranny was abolished, and liberty restored.

Done at Head-Quarters, at Port-au-Prince, the 18th October, 1806. (Signed)

ETIENNE GERIN, Minister of War and Navy.

PETION, Commanding General of the 2d Division.

YAYOU, Commanding General of the West Legion.

VAVAL, Gen. of Brigade of the District of Nippes.

NEW-YORK, DECEMBER 26.

Foreign Intelligence.—By the arrival of the Virginia from Bordeaux, and the Penelope from Nantz, we have received Paris dates to the 2d of November. These papers contain Thirteen Bulletins from the Grand Army; but furnish no account of any battle, later than those detailed in our last Dutch papers.

Our verbal accounts from Bordeaux and Nantz correspond in the statement, that the battles, fought between the 8th and 15th of October, were much more fatal to the French Officers and troops, than is acknowledged in the Bulletins—that 5 or 6 principal officers were killed and wounded—and that at the date of the last intelligence, 150,000 Russians were within two days march of the Prussian army.

From the HAVANNA AURORA.
[TRANSLATION.]

HAVANNA, NOVEMBER 26.

By the Montserrat, Captain Francis Carbonell, arrived yesterday from Carthage, after 11 days passage, we have received the following intelligence, which was published in Panama, on the 31st of October, from whence it was brought by a vessel from Payta.

Capt. Don Santiago Liniers, having under his command about 1500 men, chiefly veteran troops, and well armed, conducted them in country boats, small schooners and gun-boats to the river Las Conchas, six leagues to the north of Buenos Ayres, and being joined by 3 or 400 volunteers, marched with great expedition, by land, to the city, in which he made a spirited attack in several points at once, which were successful; and on the 12th of August, the enemy having lost 500 men, the remainder, to the amount of 1000 capitulated and surrendered themselves prisoners of war, with the General in Chief, and his subaltern officers.

From the PERUVIAN MINERVA.
RE-CAPTURE OF BUENOS AYRES.

LIMA, SEPTEMBER 23.

Yesterday arrived here an express, which left Arequipa on the 19th inst. with the pleasing intelligence, that the victorious army of his Catholic Majesty, had re-conquered the city of Buenos Ayres on the 12th of August. Its brave deliverer was the marine captain (in the navy) Don Santiago Liniers, who having heard of the capture by the enemy, went to Montevideo, the governor of which place gave him the command of a light flotilla of about 30 sail and 1500 men, troops of the line and volunteers completely armed.

They disembarked at Puerto de las Conchas, where they were joined by some inhabitants of Buenos Ayres and the surrounding country, by which addition their number amounted to 2300, when they marched together on the 10th, to Rediro, where they were detained by various circumstances, until the 12th, when they attacked with the greatest intrepidity, all the fortified places occupied by the enemy, and completely defeated them.

At the moment of the assault the enemy surrendered to avoid being put to the sword, with which our General had threatened them. General W. Beresford is a prisoner of war, with upwards of a thousand troops, who now remain at the disposal of the conqueror.

SAINT JOHN, January 12, 1807.

WHEREAS some Villain or Villains, attacked CHAPMAN JUDSON on Saturday night last, betwixt the Hours of Six and Seven, and left him for dead—There is hereby offered FIVE GUINEAS, upon conviction of one or more of the offenders, to be paid by the MASTER of St. JOHN'S LODGE. 12th January, 1807.

From HALIFAX, January 2.

Arrived, this morning, Brig Sir John Wentworth, from Arichat; and a Government armed Schooner, 18 days from St. Johns, Newfoundland.

The master of the Schooner Trafalgar, which arrived here on Sunday last, from the Island of St. Christopher, reported, that—On the day he sailed (December 7.) the mail-boat from Barbadoes was said to have brought letters, &c. received at that Island by the Packet from Falmouth, with the first November Mail.

The Continental intelligence thus received from Great-Britain, was stated to be far more pleasing than the previous accounts:—The Prussians, supported by a formidable body of Russian troops, were said to have obtained some important advantages over the French invading army.

Large reinforcements having arrived at Barbadoes; an expedition was preparing against some of the enemy's possessions—its destination was generally supposed to be Martinique.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer of rank, dated St. Johns, Newfoundland, December 15.

"The thoughts of peace are fled.—Bonaparte, on the 15th of October, demanded an interview with the King of Prussia; which was refused.

"We are to furnish Prussia with a subsidy of £3,000,000, sterling—30,000 infantry, and 4000 cavalry.

"Two expeditions have sailed with large reinforcements for Buenos Ayres; and another was preparing—to be commanded by Colonel CRAWFORD."

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,
A few Halifax Almanacks, for 1807.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

JANUARY—1807.	Sun Rises & Sets.			High Water.	
	H.	M.	H.	H.	M.
12 MONDAY,	7	34	5	1	44
13 TUESDAY,	7	33	5	2	25
14 WEDNESDAY,	7	32	5	3	9
15 THURSDAY,	7	31	5	3	50
16 FRIDAY,	7	30	5	4	56
17 SATURDAY,	7	29	5	6	4
18 SUNDAY,	7	28	5	7	26

Full Moon, 23d Day, 10h. 9m. Morning.

TAKE NOTICE.

THE Copartnership of GILBERT & HANFORD (under the Firm of BRADFORD GILBERT, & Co.) will be Dissolved on the FIRST Day of MAY next; by mutual consent.—All Persons having any demands against the said Firm, are requested to call for payment; and all those indebted to said Firm, are desired to make immediate payment. BRADFORD GILBERT, & Co. Saint John, 7th January, 1807. t.f.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY the 28th instant, at 1 o'Clock, On the Premises,

WILL BE SOLD

THE Corner HOUSE and STORE on the Market Slip, belonging to the Estate of the late JOHN M'LEOD, being the best Stand for a Retail Store in the place. Conditions will be made known at the time of Sale.

ANDREW CROOKSHANK.

Saint John, 3d January, 1807.

RICHARD LAWRENCE,

BLACKSMITH,

MOST Respectfully returns thanks to his Friends and the Public in general, for past favours in the Line of his Business, and informs them that he still continues to carry on the same, in all its various branches, at his Shop on YORK POINT, where all Orders will be punctually executed in the neatest manner.

N. B.—WANTED, A Smart active Boy, about 15 or 16 years of age, of good connections, as an Apprentice to the said Business—Apply as above.

Saint John, 5th January, 1807. t.f.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal Demands against the Estate of the late ISAAC BOWNELL, Esq. of Digby, deceased, are hereby required to render them duly attested within Eighteen Calendar Months; and all indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

WM. F. BONNELL, } Executors.

ELISHA BUDD,

DIGBY, 10th DECEMBER, 1806.

IF ROBERT STEWART

WHO was a Private in the 42d Regiment, and discharged at the Peace of 1783, and supposed to have settled on Lands allotted by Government some where in New-Brunswick or Nova-Scotia, be alive and will apply to the Printer or the Subscribers, he will be informed of something greatly to his advantage. The said ROBERT STEWART was born at Glenbuckly in Perthshire, Scotland, eldest son to David and Elizabeth Stewart of that place, and enlisted in the 42d Regiment with which he came abroad during the American war.

Any information that can be obtained concerning him, or his legitimate issue (if he had any) will be thankfully received by Robert Pagan, Esq. St. Andrews, Mr. E. W. Miller, Fredericton, Messrs. Forsyth, Smith, & Co. Halifax, and

JOHN BLACK, & Co.

Saint John, New-Brunswick, 10th December, 1806.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons to whom the SUBSCRIBERS are indebted to, are requested to render in their Accounts without delay for settlement.—And all those who stand indebted to them by Note, Bond, or Book Account, are requested to make immediate payment, otherwise their Accounts, &c. will be sued for without discrimination.

DONALDSON & HENDRICKS.

Saint John, 30th June, 1806.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the late Copartnership of LUDLOW, FRASER, and ROBINSON, are requested to call on JOHN ROBINSON at St. John, or PETER FRASER at Fredericton, for payment before the First Day of JANUARY next, and all persons indebted thereto, are desired to make immediate payment.

Saint John, October 1, 1806.

Saint John and Fredericton MAIL STAGE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has provided himself with good Horses and a commodious Sleigh for the convenience of Passengers travelling to and from Fredericton this Winter.

The MAIL STAGE will leave Saint John every Sunday morning, and arrive at Fredericton the next day—leaves there every Wednesday, on its return to Saint John. Fare of each Passenger through, FOUR DOLLARS, Way-Passengers, three pence per mile. For Seats apply to Mr. JOHN ADAMS, King-Street, and at Fredericton of Mr. GABRIEL VANHORN. Parcels intrusted to his care will be faithfully and punctually attended to.

SAMUEL JONES.

Saint John, 5th January, 1807.