

Ward Chipman & Co.

# THE NEW-BRUNSWICK ROYAL GAZETTE.

[Volume IV.]

TUESDAY, 23d FEBRUARY, 1819.

[Number 52.]

## The Gazette.

By ALEXANDER DAVIDSON, Esq.  
one of the Justices of his Majesty's  
Inferior Court of Common Pleas  
for the County of Northumberland,  
in the Province of New-Brunswick.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that on application of MICHAEL LUMLEY, of the Parish of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, Yeoman, to me duly made pursuant to the directions of the Act of the General Assembly in such case made and provided, stating that Robert C. Commelin, late of the Parish of Chatham, in the said County, is justly indebted to him in the sum of one hundred and sixty four pounds eighteen shillings: And hath departed from this Province after the said debt was contracted, or keeps himself concealed to avoid being served with the ordinary process of law, with an intention of defrauding his Creditors, which departure or concealment has been proved to my satisfaction; I have directed all the Estate real and personal of the said Robert C. Commelin, within the said County, to be seized and attached, and that unless he the said Robert C. Commelin, shall return and discharge his debt or debts, within three months after publication hereof, all his Estate, real and personal, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of his Creditors.

Dated at Nelson, in the said County of Northumberland, the twenty-first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

ALEX. DAVIDSON, J. C. P.  
T. H. PETERS, Atty.

By the Honorable THOMAS WYER, Esquire, one of the Justices of His Majesty's Inferior Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Charlotte.

To all to whom it may concern:

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that upon the application of THOMAS WHITELOCK, to me duly made according to the form of the Act of the General Assembly, in such case made and provided, I have directed all the Estate, as well real as personal, within the said County of Charlotte, of Alexander McDonald, late of Saint George, in the said County of Charlotte, (which same Alexander McDonald has either departed from this Province with intent and design to defraud the said THOMAS WHITELOCK, and the other Creditors of the said Alexander McDonald, of their just dues, or else to avoid being arrested by the ordinary process, as it is alleged against him) to be seized and attached, and that unless the said Alexander McDonald do return and discharge his said debt or debts, within three months from the publication hereof, all the Estate, as well real as personal of the said Alexander McDonald, within this County of Charlotte, will be sold for the payment and satisfaction of the Creditors of the said Alexander McDonald.

Dated at Saint Andrews, in the said County of Charlotte, this twenty-sixth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

THOS. WYER, J. C. P.

At a General Sessions of the Peace holden at Fredericton on the 15th day of January, 1818.

Ordered that the ASSIZE of BREAD be as follows:—viz.

THE Shilling Wheaten Loaf lb. 6s.

to weigh 2 1/2 lb.

Ditto Rye do. 4 1/2

And other Loaves in proportion.

By order of the Court,

G. CLOPPER,

Clerk of the Peace.

Commissariat-Office, Fredericton, N. B.  
23d December, 1817.

## CASH.

ANY Person wishing to remit MONEY to Saint John, may obtain Drafts from this Office, on the Assistant Commissary General, payable at sight.

## MISCELLANY.

NEW-YORK, JAN. 8.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Georgia, to his friend in New-York, N. J.

"While on this subject, (the importation of negroes,) I will relate an affecting anecdote that came to my knowledge yesterday. My neighbor, Mr. B. had purchased 20 of that unfortunate race, a few weeks ago in Charleston; among whom was a young woman about 20 years of age. On the way home they stopped to pass the night at a house on the road, just as the negroes belonging to the owner of the place were returning from their labour in the field. One of them proved to be the husband of the woman. They had been torn asunder two years before in Africa. They met in this distant clime, and with such emotions of joy, mixed with bitterness and grief, on the recollection of their past and present condition, as can be more easily conceived than described. They flew to each other, asked an hundred questions—and looking at the spectators who sympathised in their feelings, declared they would never be parted—Mr. B. who is a man of humanity, was present at this affecting scene. He immediately offered the owner of the husband to sell the wife or purchase the husband—but in vain. He then offered two negroes for the man—but the wretch would do neither. The momentary pleasure the poor creatures experienced, when Mr. B. was endeavoring to prevent their being separated, was converted into frantic agony when they saw nothing would avail. All who were present, black and white united in entreaties; and every eye, but the miscreant owner of the husband, was in tears. Nothing would soften his obdurate heart—and the unhappy victims of his cruelty were a second time literally torn asunder.

## Singular occurrence.

It is stated in the Boston papers, that the coal in the hold of the brig Edwin, lately arrived at that port from Halifax, was discovered as she was entering the harbor, to have caught fire under the cabin fire place; that the fire reached and discharged a blunderbuss which was loaded with four balls, that one of the balls wounded a man in the cheek; and that all the balls passed through the cabin window. The wound was not dangerous, and the fire in the hold was extinguished without material damage.

## Singular discovery.

Mr. Bullock, of the museum, with a part of his family, lately sailed in the cutter Elizabeth, on a voyage of investigation, to the unfrequented isles of the north of Europe. In Sanda, one of the Orkney isles he visited, the sand has lately been blown away to the depth of 20 feet, and has discovered the remains of buildings of vast antiquity, enclosed by stone walls, nearly half a mile in extent. Some of the houses are very large, and roofed with stone of a prodigious size. There are several circular tumuli, some containing three graves, none of which are more than four feet six inches long. There is not the slightest tradition that can throw any light on these curious remains, which have yet been but very slightly investigated.—Lon Pap.

A girl 20 years of age, is now exhibited at Brussels, whose weight is 450 lbs.; she is six feet in height, and the same in circumference.

A late French paper contains the following paragraph:—A peasant of Dallonville, in the department of Fuze, while digging in a field, lately discovered the remains of a vase, which contained from six to eight thousand copper coins the size of a franc, having the heads of all the Roman Emperors from Commodus to Constantine. It is therefore fifteen hundred years that this treasure has remained in the earth. It is valuable only to the antiquary.

From the Boston Gazette.  
CONGRESS.

The National Intelligencer gives us the Journal of Congress, for Monday and Tuesday last; but it is destitute of much public interest. A report from the Treasury Department was laid before the House, containing a statement of the Exports of the United States for the year ending the 30th Sept. 1818; by which it appears that the value of domestic produce and manufactures is estimated at 73,854,437 dols. and for foreign do. at 19,426,696. Of these exports, 41,425,552 were sent to Great-Britain, and 10,666,798 only sent to France.

## Winter management of Sheep.

When it is necessary that any Sheep, such as invalids, or Ewes with Lamb, should be housed during warm weather, care should be taken that the apartments should be airy, large in proportion to the number confined in them, with large windows in every direction which should be kept open except during stormy days and severe nights. It is also necessary that they be frequently littered with fresh straw, and that they are cleaned out whenever they become in the least offensive. A yard square should at least be allowed for each sheep—and the sheep should frequently be driven in the open field to receive fresh air. Carrots are very nutritious to sheep and pay well for the trouble of raising. They answer all the purposes of corn at a much less expense; and by giving a small quantity daily, to the sheep at the commencement of winter, they render the change from green to dry food less sudden and less injurious; particularly to old and infirm sheep; experience has taught me the value of carrots as a food for sheep. About the time of lambing I would advise the farmer to give his ewes about a pint of shorts twice each day, it will occasion a flush of milk as much and sometimes more than lambs can use. Oil cake, ground or soaked, and crushed beans,