

exertions, which are so well known, not only in this country but through the world. A cause supported by so much rank, learning, and piety, must succeed; but there is another and still stronger ground for my confidence in the ultimate success of this cause, which is, that it is the cause of God and it truth, and therefore the gates of hell shall not prevail against it."

#### LONDON, JULY 7. FREE PORTS.

The DEMERARA FREE PORT Bill was brought up yesterday, by Mr. Brogden, from the House of Commons to the House of Peers, and read a first time. The BARBADOS FREE PORT Bill was read a third time and passed.

#### TIMBER TRADE.

In the House of Lords yesterday, the Marquis of Lansdown presented the Report of the Committee on Foreign Trade, with relation to the Timber Trade. The Marquis observed, that it had been the anxious wish of the Committee to consider what was due to the protection of all the Interests connected with the timber Trade—those of the British Merchant, of the Br. Colonist, the British Ship-Owners, and British Consumer. Lord Ellenborough trusted that a short Bill would be passed before the end of the Session, which would render the duties payable according to the cubical contents of the Timber. British shipping, his Lordship stated, could be navigated at a cheaper rate than shipping from any other part of the world; a circumstance which renders unnecessary *Protecting Regulations*. The report was ordered to be printed.

JULY 8.

We have received Paris papers to the 23d instant. The following extracts in addition to the intelligence of a similar character from Nantes, Poitiers, &c. shew, that a systematic and very extensive plan has been combined to second the commotions of the capital.

#### "PARIS, JUNE 22.

"The Duke Detazes arrived in Paris yesterday. To-morrow he will receive his letters of credence from the King, and on Sunday he will set out for London.

"Agitation still continues to prevail. The students of the city of Toulouse wished to answer the call of their brethren of Paris. They have held meetings, deliberated and raised sedition cries; but those proceedings could not produce much mischief in so faithful a city as Toulouse. Measures have been taken to put a stop to such scandalous conduct by the Rector of the Academy, who is a Knight of St. Louis, and a devoted Royalist.

"A letter from Rheims states, that a great fermentation prevailed for some days in that town. Certain speeches issued from the left side contributed to inflame the people, sedition cries were raised among the assembled crowds, and some agitation even talked of proceeding to the capital. But in consequence of measures taken by the Authorities, and particularly the news from Paris, tranquillity was restored.

"A letter from Issore, dated June 13, says,---Groups have assembled here as well as at Paris. Some disturbers of the public peace have raised a slight commotion, which lasted some time. Cries of 'The Charter for ever! Let us go to Claremont!' were heard, and numbers of persons set out, uttering these cries, and declaring that they would burn the houses of the two Deputies of Puy-de-Dome (Messrs. Fayet and Favard de Longlade) but these worthies did not go beyond the walls of our town."

**LOST**, between the house of William Porter and Edward Adams, on the River Miramichi, and Mr. Smith's on the Portage, Six Notes of Hand. One order of one of said Notes amounted to £23, drawn in favor of Daglin Clonsy, which was indorsed to me, and a note against Aron Hovey, which was £3:11:6, and a note against Byron Sutor, which was £4:6:8—three of said Notes were sued, which were held against William Harris, and the order was 15s. given by George Elles. I caution all persons against purchasing said notes, as I am determined to exact the full amount. Any person finding said Notes, on leaving them at the Royal Gazette Office, or at Mr. Westmore's office, Fredericton, will be handsomely rewarded.  
MICHAEL O'CUNNINGHAM.  
Ludlow, July the 9th, 1820.

#### FREDERICTON, (N.B.)

29th August, 1820.

London dates by the English mail are to the 10th July. Mention is made in the City Gazette, received by the last arrival of the Steam-Boat, of the receipt of advices from London to the 11th of that month, but contains extracts only to the 6th. The proceedings of the House of Lords on the subject of the Queen (from the 4th to the 6th) which we have given in this publication, will be found highly interesting.

We are informed that Measles are prevailing in the City St. John, which prove fatal to the greater part who are attacked with them; children die daily with the disease: on Friday and Tuesday week, eleven were buried; and it is said that funerals take place almost every day.

The sloop Regent, Capt. Ackerly, arrived here on Friday last. Capt. A. states, that the sloop Lady Wellington, Capt. Currie, in coming through the Falls, on Wednesday morning, struck on a ledge of rocks and bilged, lost a part of her keel, and was otherwise damaged; Capt. Currie was much hurt by the boom of the sloop, so much so that he was taken up in a lifeless state; (but we are happy to hear by the Steam Boat that he has so far recovered as to be able to attend, in some respects, to his business.) A scow in which a part of the cargo was deposited, sunk; and that the goods remaining in the vessel was much damaged.

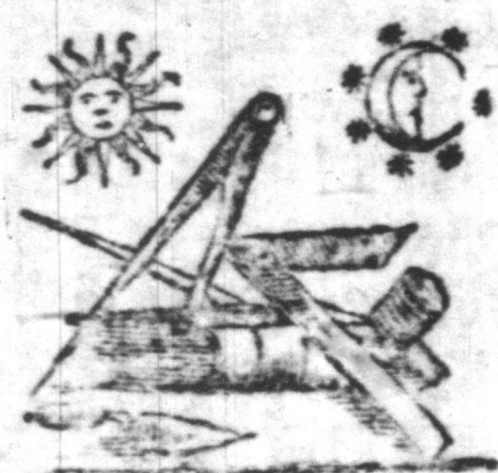
MR. EDITOR,

It may be admitted that we live in an enlightened age; at any rate we may venture to affirm, that we live at a time when every source of useful information is open to us and when the great truths of Christianity force themselves on our attention. What more could God have done for us that he hath not done? We have the sacred volume of divine inspiration put into our hands; but it is questionable whether our proficiency in knowledge has been proportionate to the means of information with which we are favoured, or whether our personal piety has kept pace with the clear discoveries of gospel grace with which we are privileged. Could it be answered in the affirmative; we should discover more of that Christian principle which is the essence of genuine piety, and less of that party spirit which eats as doth a canker worm; and is more easily evinced than defined. Bigotry is an hydra that reproduces while it seemeth to destroy itself, and which when one head hath been cut off, instantly produceth a thousand more. It generates superstition, ignorance, and arrogance. It is a spirit of malice and barbarity, which abhors, evinces against, persecutes, and would even exterminate all who would dare contradict its oracular propositions. It is a disposition which in venoms many hearts, separates many families, divides many societies, which hath thundered out many anathemas, and hath been often on the point of subverting the Christian Religion. The person who encourages, and possesses such a disposition, includes in his system only what strengthens his party, and excludes every thing that weakens or opposes it. How different is such a spirit from *liberality and candour*, the real produce of true religion.

The man who loves God will love his fellow men: he will not reflect on them by illiberality, nor persecute them on account of difference in opinion. But, if he is not content to inculcate that which is essential to piety, with so loose a spirit, he is to accommodate them to his own views. He has exchanged his firmness for a "flexible" one. "The Christian," says he, "is not to be content from the fact that he has sanctioned, and possesses the right to discriminate of spring of truth. He is to be content with all things, hoping that all things will be good in the end." Does he not give up the principle of liberty and candour, who loves a man, and hates none; and who studies to do good both to friends and enemies, while he remains firm and unshaken on the side of truth? And has he not the best claim to the dignified character of a Christian? Then let Christians, and Christian Ministers, be no longer ashamed to declare the divine denunciations against that class of sinners: let them expose that bastard class which may be pressed into any service, or engaged to serve any party; and let them hold up for imitation, the life, temper, and spirit of him, who, while on earth, "went about doing good," and who candidly said, "Whosoever shall do the will of my Father which is in Heaven, the same is my Brother, and Sister, and Mother."

I am, Your's, &c.  
PHILANTHROPIST.  
To the Editor of the Royal Gazette,  
29th August 1820.

#### NOTICE.



**SOLOMON'S LODGE, No. XXII,** meets this Evening, precisely at 7 o'clock.  
Regular Night.  
A punctual attendance of the Members is requested.  
29th August, 1820.

LONDON, JULY 10.

#### SECOND EDITION.

COURIER OFFICE. Half past five o'clock.

#### HOUSE OF LORDS.

Lord Liverpool rose, and observed, that after the appeal which had recently been made to the House by Counsel, on behalf of the Queen, to proceed forthwith with the proceedings against Her Majesty, it was the duty of their Lordships to answer that call as promptly as might be consistent with substantial justice.—[Hear, hear.]—but he was sure the House would concur with him in opinion, that they could not satisfactorily entertain a question so important to that Illustrious Personage, and of such moment to the country at large, unless a proportionate number of the Learned Judges were present. He should, therefore, move that the Bill of Fines and Penalties be read a 2d time on Thursday the 17th of August; and his Lordship further moved that in the event of the other party deeming it expedient to require further delay, such application should be made in the course of a few days. We left Earl Grey addressing the House.

#### GLASGOW.

Wednesday night an alarming affray commenced in the Salt-market, between a party of the 13th regiment of foot on the one hand, and the police and inhabitants on the other, which, for the time it lasted, had the most dreadful appearance, more so than was ever witnessed in the streets of this city. The soldiers were at length overpowered, and 16 of them were carried to the police-office, when peace was restored. Almost all the 16 soldiers sent to the police office were more or less hurt, and two of them were carried to the Military Hospital. Some of the police officers and patrol are also hurt. A civil and military inquiry is now going on.—Glasgow Courier.

#### Dancing Academy,

AT MRS. DENNISON'S SEMINARY.

**FROM** the great encouragement Miss POWELL has met with to visit Fredericton, she intends opening a DANCING SCHOOL on Tuesday September 6th, when she hopes those Ladies and Gentlemen who may honour her with Pupils, will receive that satisfaction she was flattered with at St. John, &c. &c. As no attention shall be wanting on her part to bring them forward to grace a Ball Room, which in the course of time, and a sufficient number, shall be happy to give them an opportunity of displaying the improvements they may have acquired.

Entrance one Guinea each, and two per Quarter. Young Gentlemen admitted under the age of 16. No time of absence made up but for real illness. Days and hours will be fixed when on the spot.

Fredericton, 29th Aug. 1820.

#### NOTICE.

**A** WICKED and malicious report having circulated, that I had left the County for the purpose of defrauding my Creditors, I take this public opportunity of notifying that I am, and have been for the last six weeks, attending to my Lumbering business on the Salmon River, and that I am determined to punish the author or authors of the above report, to the utmost of my power: And for the truth of the above report, I beg leave to refer to Messrs. W. & S. McDonald, Water-Street, St. John; (and as I have had conversation with one of the Mr. McDonald's, at the house of Mr. James Tilley, at Sackfield, this day, where I came for the purpose of engaging additional hands to get down my Lumber) they will be able to give any satisfaction with regard to my affairs that may be required.

PETER HUME.

Sh. 5th, 8th August, 1820.

P.S.—I fully expect to be down in St. John about the latter end of October or the beginning of November, where I trust I shall be able to satisfy all my Creditors personally.

PETER HUME.

#### NOTICE.

**ALL** Persons indebted to the late Firm of PERLEY & LANGEN, or to SOLOMON PERLEY, are requested to pay their respective balances on or before the first day of January next, or their accounts will be put into the hands of an Attorney to collect.

SOLOMON PERLEY.  
THOS. L. LANGEN.

29th August, 1820.

**FOR** sale at this Office, (price 2s. 6d.) "A Trial in the Supreme Court at Halifax, the 20th July 1820, between William Henry Hall, Plaintiff, and Major George Barrow, Defendant, for criminal conversation with the Plaintiff's wife."

Royal Gazette Office,  
Fredericton, 22d August, 1820.

**AT** a Special Session of the Court at the County Court-House, holden on Saturday the 20th May, 1820, for the purpose of Regulating the Assize Bread in the Town of Fredericton, Ordered, that from Tuesday the 23d inst. the ASSIZE OF BREAD be as follows:

**THE** Sixpenny Wheaten lb. oz.  
Loaf to weigh - - - 2 : 8  
Ditto Rye do. 3 : 8  
And other Loaves in proportion.  
By order of the Court,  
G. CLOPPER,  
Clerk of the Peace.

**PUBLIC** Notice is hereby given to all Persons desirous of having themselves or their Children inoculated by the Cow Pock—may have it done gratis by calling at Doctor Woodford's, any day between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock. He gives this early notice in consequence of the Small Pox having made its appearance in Town.

1st of August, 1820.

**J. WOODD**, Surgeon, respectfully intimates that he has begun to practice in this place; and hopes by care and attention, and from the experience he has had in Scotland for a number of years, to merit the approbation of his employers.

N.B.—Orders left at J. W's house or shop, Regent-Street, will be punctually attended to.

Fredericton, 11th July 1820.

#### NOTICE.

**THE** Proprietors of Pews in Christ Church, Fredericton, who have omitted to pay their Pew Rent due the 24th day of June last, are hereby notified, that unless the same is left with one of the Wardens before Monday the 4th day of September next, their Pews will then be sold agreeable to the regulation of the Vestry.

Fredericton, July 31, 1820.

#### FOR SALE,

**A** LOT and HOUSE, laying on the S.E. side of York-Street—the house is 38 by 33, two stories high, and nearly finished. It will be sold in its present state, or can be completed, on the shortest notice, as may suit the purchaser. As the Proprietor built it for his own use, he was particular in the choice of materials, and the execution of the work. The above property is eligibly situated. For particulars inquire of the Subscriber.

THOMAS T. SMITH.

Fredericton, Aug. 10, 1820. 5w.

#### NOTICE.

**ALL** Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Note or Book account, up to this date, are requested to call and settle the same, on or before the 20th of September next.

JONATHAN PAYSON.

Fredericton, 1st Aug. 1820.

#### NOTICE.

**ALL** Persons indebted to the Subscriber to 24th July last, are requested to come forward and settle their accounts without delay; those neglecting so to do, may expect to hear from him through another channel.

E. B. WILLIAMS.

Fredericton, 15th Aug. 1820. 3m.

#### CAUTION.

**THE** Subscriber hereby forbids all persons from purchasing, or having any thing to do, with a Due Bill in favor of Thomas Tripp, of fifty seven pounds, nine shillings, and sixpence currency, it having been already paid. The Bill is dated March 18, 1820.

AMBROSE SNOW.

Miramichi, 4th July 1820.

#### AUCTION.

To be Sold at Public Auction at the King's Store, on Thursday the 31st inst. at 11 o'clock,

**ON** account of Government, in lots to suit purchasers, 1000 pair of men's shoes.

Fredericton, 15th Aug. 1820.

#### NOTICE.

**PERSONS** in Miramichi and the neighbouring places, who stand indebted to the Subscriber, are requested to make immediate payment, as no further lenity will be shewn them.

THOMAS FURDIE.

St. John, 8th July, 1820.