Mr. Morehouse's account, £61 : 10 : 6 is not vouched by the Surveyor-General---Mr. Morehouse having declined to submit to deductions of his account. The Committee therefore recommend to the House not to pay any of these accounts where the Deputy is not possessed of the approbation of his Premier.

Another account of Mr. George West, for surveying 34 lots, viz. the Cardigan Settlement, amounts to £45, including all charges. This account is vouched by the Surveyor-General as a reasonable charge.

Mr. Bernard Kiernan and Philip Moshers' account (vide the account), amounting to £32 : 16 : 5, for surveying (by Mr. Kiernan) 100 lots, including the necessary expenses. This account is recommended by the late Surveyor-General, (George Shore, Esq.) and is accompanied with vouchers. It was sent to the House of Assembly during the Session of 1819, and appears then to have been overlooked, not being provided for in the appropriation of £296 : 2 : 4, for expenses of survey.

Lieut. MacLauchlan's account is recommended by the Surveyor-General, 24th February 1820, and amounts to the sum of £75,---viz: for 36 days surveying, at 22s. 6d., £40 : 10; four days making plan, £4 : 10; four chain bearers 20 days, at 30s. per diem, £30---making the above sum of £75.

Another account of Lieut. MacLauchlan, amounts to £70 : 0 : 9, and is recommended by the late Surveyor-General, (Shore). The charge for expenses in this account, is at the rate of 7s. 6d. per day for 29 days. From this charge the Committee are of opinion that 5s. per day ought to be deducted: the charge then would be similar to other charges in these accounts, reducing the sum to £62 : 15 : 9.

Total amount of these charges against the Province, £610 : 8 : 11.

The Committee recommend to the House, to pay particular attention to these accounts.

A Message from the Council.

"Mr. *Speaker*.—The Council have concurred in passing the resolutions of appropriation sent up by the Assembly, dated 11th instant."

Mr. *Scovil* brought in a Bill, "for the regulation of Hawkers and Pedlars in this province." The further consideration of said Bill was ordered to be postponed for three months.

Mr. *Humbert* brought in a Bill, "to appropriate a further part of the public revenue for the services therein mentioned."

A Message from the Council.

"Mr. *Speaker*.----The Council have concurred in passing the resolutions of appropriation sent up by the Assembly, dated 18th instant excepting the following, to wit,

The 2d resolution, granting to Moses Pickard, and Jesse Christy, sen. the sum of £50.

The 9th resolution, granting to the Stewards of the Methodist Chapel in the City of St. John, the sum of £200.

The 11th resolution, granting to the Committee and Elders of the Presbyterian Church in Sheffield, the sum of £100.

The 12th resolution, granting to John Colwell, Esquire, and other Petitioners in behalf of the Baptist people in Queen's County, the sum of £100.

The 13th resolution, granting to the Stewards and Trustees of the Methodist Chapel in Sheffield, the sum of £50.

The 15th resolution, granting to Henry Cronkite and Amos Dow, the sum of £25.

The 16th resolution, granting to the Deacons and Committee of the Baptist Church, in the City of St. John, the sum of £200.

"And the Council do agree to the said 2d, 9th, 11th, 12th, 13th, and 16th resolutions, with amendment to each to the effect following viz.---

"So soon as it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Lieutenant-Governor and His Majesty's Council, that the same Meeting-House is erected on land held in perpetuity for the use of that Society."

"The Council have also concurred in passing the resolutions of appropriation sent up by the Assembly, dated 20th instant, excepting the following,

To the Deacons and Committee of the Baptist Church in Sackville, the sum of £50.

To the Stewards and Trustees of the Methodist Chapel in Fredericton, the sum of £75.

"And the Council do agree to those two resolutions with an amendment to the following effect,---

"So soon as it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Lieutenant-Governor and His Majesty's Council, that the same Meeting-House is erected on land held in perpetuity for the use of that Society."

Wednesday, 22d March.

On motion of Mr. *Fraser*, resolved that an humble Petition be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that he will be pleased to direct the Attorney-General to recover from T. Price, Esq. and his sureties, the amount of their bonds for duties on rum, amounting to £1018 : 14.

Resolved, that an humble Address be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting that His Excellency will be pleased to give directions to carry into effect the resolution of the General Assembly of 19th March 1819, relative to the building of a Light-House on Point Escuminac in the County of Northumberland.

To be continued.

ORDER FOR THE INTERMENT

OF HIS LATE MOST SACRED MAJESTY

KING GEORGE THE THIRD,

Of Blessed Memory,

In the Royal Chapel of St. George, at Windsor,

On Wednesday Evening, February 16, 1820

The remains of his late Most Sacred Majesty, of blessed memory, will lie in State in the Royal apartments in Windsor Castle, from Tuesday morning the 15th instant, at nine o'clock, until the time of interment on Wednesday evening. The public will be admitted from ten o'clock till four on Tuesday, and from ten till three on the following day.

At seven o'clock in the evening of Wednesday the 16th instant, the several persons who are to assist at the solemnity will assemble in St. George's Hall, and at nine o'clock (the procession having been previously formed, under the direction of Sir George Nayler, York Herald, executing this duty on behalf of Garter Principal King of Arms) the remains of his late Most Sacred Majesty will be removed from the Royal apartments to St. George's Chapel, in the following order:---

Knight Marshal's men, two and two, with black staves.

Trumpets and kettle drums, and drums and fifes of the Foot Guards

Poor Knights of Windsor.

Pages of his late Majesty.

Apothecaries to his Majesty. — Surgeons to his Majesty.

Apothecaries to his late Majesty. — Surgeons to his late Majesty.

The Curate and Rector of Windsor.

Gentlemen Ushers Quarterly Waiters to his Majesty

Pages of Honour to His Majesty.

Grooms of the Privy Chamber to his Majesty.

Serjeant Surgeons to his Majesty.

Physicians to his Majesty

Physicians to his late Majesty.

Household Chaplain to his late Majesty.

Clerks of the Closet to his Majesty.

Equeries to the Royal Family.

Equeries to his Majesty.

Clerk Marshal and First Equery.

Gentlemen Ushers of the Privy Chamber to his Majesty.

Grooms of the Bed Chamber to his Majesty.

Master of the Robes to his Majesty.

Solicitor General. — Attorney General.

Barons of the Exchequer and Justices of both Benches.

The Lord Chief Baron. — The Lord Chief Justice of the Common Pleas.

The Vice Chancellor. — The Master of the Rolls.

The Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench.

Comptroller of the King's Household. — Treasurer of the King's Household.

Privy Councillors (not Peers)

Pursuivant.

Eldest sons of Barons.

Eldest sons of Viscounts.

Pursuivant.

Barons.

Pursuivant.

Bishops.

Herald.

Eldest sons of Earls.

Viscounts.

Herald.

Deputy Earl Marshal.

Eldest sons of Marquises.

Herald.

Earls.

Eldest sons of Dukes.

Herald.

Marquises.

Herald.

Dukes.

Herald.

The Lord Privy Seal.

The Lord President of the Council.

The Archbishop of York.

The Lord Chancellor.

The Archbishop of Canterbury.

Norroy King of Arms

Lords of his Majesty's Bed Chamber.

Groom of the Stole to his Majesty. — Master of the Horse to his Majesty

Supporter. A Gentleman Usher.	The Royal Crown of Hanover, borne on a velvet cushion by Blanc Coursier King of Arms.	Supporter. A Gentleman Usher.
Supporter. 3d Gentleman Usher Daily Waiter to his Majesty.	The Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom borne on a purple velvet cushion by Clarenceaux King of Arms.	Supporter. 2d Gentleman Usher Daily Waiter to his Majesty.
The Secretary of the Lord Steward.	The Lord Steward of his Majesty's Household.	The Master of his Majesty's Household.
A Gentleman Usher.	The Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household.	A Gentleman Usher.

THE ROYAL BODY,

Covered with a fine holland Sheet and a purple Velvet Pall, adorned with ten escutcheons of the Imperial Arms, carried by ten Yeomen of the Guards, under a Canopy of purple Velvet.

Five Gentlemen Pensioners with Battle Axes reversed. — Supporters of the Canopy, Five Peers. — Supporters of the Pall, Three Dukes.



Supporters of the Pall, Three Dukes. — Supporters of the Canopy, Five Peers. — Five Gentlemen Pensioners with Battle Axes reversed.

1st Gentleman Usher Daily Waiter to his Majesty.	Garter Principal King of Arms.	Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.
Supporter	The Chief Mourner, in a long black cloak, his train borne by two Peers assisted by the Vice Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household.	Supporter
A Peer.		A Peer.

Sixteen Peers, Assistants to the Chief Mourner

Princes of the Blood Royal, in long black cloaks, the train of each borne by two Gentlemen of the respective Households of their Royal Highnesses.

The Council of His Royal Highness the Duke of York, as Custos Personæ of his late Majesty.

Master of the Household of his late Majesty on the Windsor Establishment. — Groom of the Stole to his late Majesty on the Windsor Establishment. — Vice Chamberlain to his late Majesty on the Windsor Establishment.

Lords of his late Majesty's Bedchamber.

Grooms of his late Majesty's Bedchamber.

His late Majesty's Trustees.

Equeries to his late Majesty.

Gentlemen Pensioners, with their Axes reversed.

Yeomen of the Guard, with their Partizans reversed

Upon the arrival of the Procession at St. George's Chapel, the Knight Marshal's men, the Trumpets and Drums, will file off without the door.

At the entrance of the Chapel, the Royal Body will be received by the Dean and Prebendaries, attended by the Choir, who will fall in immediately before Blanc Coursier King of Arms bearing the Crown of Hanover, and the Procession will move into the Choir, where the Royal Body will be placed on a Platform, and the Crowns and Cushions laid thereon.

The Chief Mourner will sit on a chair at the head of the Corpse, and the Supporters on either side.

The Princes of the Blood Royal will be seated near the Chief Mourner.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household will take his place at the feet of the Corpse; and the Supporters of the Pall and of the Canopy will arrange themselves on each side of the Royal Body.

The part of the Service before the interment, and the Anthem being performed, the Royal Body will be deposited in the Vault; and the Service concluded, Sir Isaac Heard, Garter, will pronounce, near the grave, the Styles of his late Most Sacred Majesty of Blessed Memory.

N.B. The Knights of the several Orders who walk in the procession, will wear their respective Collars.

The procession from the entrance to the choir, within the Chapel, will be flanked by the Grenadiers of the Foot Guards, every fourth man bearing a Flambeau.

H. Howard-Molyneux-Howard.
Deputy Earl Marshal.

Herald's College, Feb. 12, 1820.

Wednesday Evening, February 16

The day has arrived, which consigns to the sepulchre the sacred remains of George III. the most revered Monarch that ever sat upon the Throne of England. Strange as it may seem, even this last mournful ceremony appears like another separation. It does, indeed, break the only remaining link by which the object of our affection was still held to us. The stroke of death is terrible. There are few of us who have not felt it so, when we have marked its approach, and looked upon its effects. Yet, we believe, there are as few, who, when they have seen the grave close over the ashes of those they loved, have not, at that moment, wept their loss with a keener and more hopeless anguish. There is nothing beyond the gloomy precincts of the tomb, upon which the heart can repose, except the consolations of religion, and one of its greatest, is the voice that whispers "we shall meet again." Sustained by that hallowed hope, sorrow warms into the glow of piety, and though the pang of earthly separation still lacerate the bosom, we are comforted in our grief by that divine word which has gone forth, and declared, that death itself shall be swallowed up in victory.

Feelings, kindred to these, will, we are persuaded, prevail throughout the country on this day, which may be said emphatically to terminate the mortal career of our venerable Sovereign. What we witness in the capital will also be witnessed over the whole empire. Business of every kind is suspended; the shops are closed; in the churches divine service is celebrated, while the deep funeral tone of the different bells proclaim the obsequies of the Father of his People. This spontaneous homage (for such it is) to his memory, does honour to the moral and loyal sentiments of the British nation. No Royal edict, no peremptory command, was need, to call forth this outward sign of affectionate respect. A simple suggestion from the Chief Magistrate of the City of London (and even that was anticipated by public feeling) is the only act of Authority, as far as we know, that has preceded this general tribute to departed Royalty. That which has been the lot of each of us at different periods of our lives, is, on this day, the universal lot of the people of the three kingdoms. They are assisting at the funeral ceremony of their common father, and following, as it were, his honored corpse to the grave.

The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, the Court of Aldermen, and the Members of the Court of Common Council, accompanied by the whole of the City Household, went in state to the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, to hear service performed, and a sermon preached by the High Prebend, on the solemn occasion.

The great bell at St. Paul's was ordered to be tolled from eleven to two o'clock, again in the afternoon from seven to ten. The other Churches will also toll at the same hour, and, during intervals, the whole of the day. The Union Flag will be hoisted half mast high on the Tower, Admiralty, the Parliament-House, St. Martin's Church, St. Giles', St. Swithin's, and other Churches, as also on the different vessels in the River.

Within the City preparations has been made for suspending transactions of every kind in business during the solemnity of the funeral. The Stock Exchange, by order of its Committee, and the Royal Exchange, by order of the Gresham Committee, were closed the whole day. Not only the shops, but the counting-houses of the merchants were closed. A plan was also adopted by the Bank, and the different London bankers, for paying all bills yesterday, that became due on this day at the clearance house: so that, with the exception of the Post Office, where the arrival of letters rendered the attendance of a few persons indispensible, no individual was prevented attending a place of divine worship on this occasion.

The several churches, chapels, &c. in and about London, were attended by crowded congregations. This was the case in particular at St. Margaret's, St. James', St. Martin's, Westminster Abbey, &c. St. Margaret's was thronged to excess, not only in the pews, but along the aisles, in the galleries, and even in the entries leading into the church. But though the numbers were so excessive, the most profound silence and attention prevailed. In Westminster Abbey, the Dean's seat, the pulpit, altar, prebend stalls, and the organ gallery, were all hung with black. No choir service was performed, it not being customary for the organ to play during the interval between the death and funeral of a Sovereign. Psalms suitable to the occasions were read by the minor canons; as were also the 29th chapter of Job, and the 15th chapter of 1st Corinthians, as the two lessons of the day. The Dean then preached from these words, "*God said to Moses, behold the day is come that you must die.*" The Abbey was much crowded.