

oath, to bind themselves to assist in maintaining the Protestant church. He concluded a long speech at a very late hour, by imploring them to read this bill a second time, convinced, as he was, that it would secure instead of weaken, the basis of the constitution. Lord Sidmouth objected to the measure with pain; but he did so for the reasons assigned by the noble Earl (Liverpool).

London, April 21.

After a very able and temperate debate, which occupied the whole of Monday and Tuesday evenings, the bill for the relief of the Catholics was lost in the House of Lords by a majority of 39. The largest and most considerate part of the population of both the British islands will, we are confident, learn this determination with surprise and regret. After so many arduous struggles; so many patient and strenuous efforts after this unattainable object, during which the approximation has become gradually nearer, to see the final consummation of their wishes apparently within their reach, and yet at last elude their grasp, is calculated to excite in no ordinary degree "that sickness of the heart which arises from hope deferred."

The best speech on the adverse side of the question was undoubtedly that of Lord Liverpool; yet it is perfectly inconceivable how he could contrive to steel his intellect against the impressions produced by the previous speech of Lord Grenville; of which, it appears to us, that the arguments were as unanswerable as the eloquence was irresistible. But, alas! it is not often that argument effects much in public assemblies. "Sua de nam certum est;" "talk as long as you please, for my mind is already made up," are the ordinary maxims of most of those, who, in all ages and countries, have met together for the solemn purpose of deliberating on the public welfare. We are sorry for this decision in another point of view. It exhibits the assembled aristocracy of the country in opposition to its popular representation, on a question of liberality, of toleration, and universal liberty. Such a decision, in these times, is not calculated to increase that reverence for the highest classes, the decay of which has been deprecated as one of the worst symptoms of the present period. Lord Grenville, well aware of this impression, insisted particularly on the importance and necessity of paying at least such a degree of respect to the other branch of the legislature, as to give their solemn decision on this great point a more careful consideration.

Mr. Lambton, on Tuesday night, brought forward his motion respecting parliamentary reform, on which none of the leading speakers on either side had then an opportunity of giving their opinion, and the debate was consequently adjourned to the following night, when the motion was finally rejected by a majority of 12.

KINGSTON, JAM. APRIL 7.

Late from South America—Arrived, His Majesty's ship Tamar, capt. Pechell, 3 days from Santa Martha. The Patriots at this city were busily employed recruiting their regiments and fitting out their squadron, preparatory to the expiration of the armistice, when the siege of Carthage would be immediately renewed, the army never having quitted the ground in front of that fortress; and it was expected that it could not hold out much longer—the Patriots having the entire possession of the River Magdalena and the country in the neighbourhood. Bolivar and Brion were both at Santa Fe; general M-Gregor was at Santa Martha on his way to the congress, as the representative of the island of Margarita, with rank of Lieut. General.

General Devereux was at Savanille, on half pay; none of the troops he sent out from Great Britain now remain. The British legion, commanded by colonel Stopford, and consisting of 600 men, are the only which troops left; they were on the Apure, and although held in high estimation for their brave y, are not trusted near the sea there.

AFRICA.

We are indebted to our correspondent at Cape de Verb Islands for the following information of the Rio Ouro on the coast of Africa from Cape Bajador to Cape Blanco.

Port Praga, St. Jago, Dec. 21.

Arrived His B. M. ship Levant, Capt. D. E. Bartholomew, C. B. commander,

late from Rio Ouro and Cape Blanco, and sailed on the 2d January for Goree and the Gambia, surveying. Capt. Bartholomew informs, that at Rio Ouro, he had an interview with a tribe of wandering Arabs and strange to learn, found among them a Free Mason, who spoke a little Spanish, and said that in Arabia Felix, where he had been, were many Free Masons, and offered to go on board the ship, but was prevented by the chief. These Arabs are in the habit of burying their bodies in the sand, whenever they discover a boat approach the shore, and lay thus concealed until the party lands, when by a signal or yell of the chief, they all instantly rise, surprise and make prisoners of the party. The officers and crew of the Levant, whenever they landed were prepared with side arms and muskets, and when approaching the natives, required of them to lay down their arms, they doing the same. Capt. B. describes them as a treacherous race, and though he never saw above 6 or 7 persons at a time, yet he never saw the same persons a second time save the chief. On getting under weigh and coming down the river, he saw numerous fires along the banks, signals of his departure, and believes that a great number of the natives had assembled at different points, waiting a favourable moment to board the ship. Capt. B. thinks from their expressions, they knew his ship to be a man of war, and looking at the colours, made a loud yell, and said they were not Spanish. He describes the river, if such it may be called, as being about 23 miles in length, and three in width, and the banks not so high as the topmost head, with quicksand bottom, for in weighing his anchor, found it buried several feet in the sand, and many fathoms of the chain worn perfectly bright; he found the channel winding, and passage intricate, and on the bar at the mouth was only water to pass at spring tide consequently had to remain until the next spring tide before he could return. At the head of the river is a small island, containing two or three acres, but he could discover no fresh water, though from the appearance a large stream emptied in against the island during the rainy season. No ore or earth was found containing gold, from which the river derived its name, nor huts or verdure discovered as far as the eye could reach, and nothing was seen but a dreary sandy desert. Capt. B. sounded the coast from Cape Bajador to Cape Blanco, which he found regular, and anchored every night in 14 fathoms, distance 5 miles from the shore, except at Cape Barbas where he anchored in 14 fathoms distance 3 miles from shore. He found good bottom in 25 fathoms, distance 10 miles from shore, and thinks that vessels may with safety run into 9 fathoms, with cables bent, excepting into St. Cyprian's Bay, where it is better to keep at a greater distance, in order to weather Cape Barbas. Capt. B. saw no huts along the coast excepting at the bottom of St. Cyprian's bay, where he discovered six on a low piece of table land and in the Bay saw two wrecks, a ship and brig, the latter supposed to be the Mary, of New Bedford, wrecked in 1818—saw nothing of the wreck of the brig Commerce at Cape Bajador.

TO LET,

And possession given next Month,



THAT commodious House belonging to the Estate of the late Duncan M'Leod, deceased, at present occupied by Geo. P. Fraser, Esq. For further particulars apply to P. FRASER.

Frederickton, 28th May, 1821.

THE Co-Partnership of M-PHERSON & WILLOX, being this day dissolved by mutual consent: all persons having any demands against the said Firm, are requested to present their accounts for adjustment, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to JAMES WILLOX, who is duly authorized to receive the same.

JOHN M-PHERSON.
JAMES WILLOX.

Frederickton, 22d May, 1821.

THE Subscriber informs his Friends and the Publick, that having purchased the Stock in Trade of the late Firm of M-PHERSON & WILLOX, he intends carrying on the Saddle and Harness Making Business in all its various branches, at the Shop formerly occupied by the said Firm; and solicits a continuance of the Publick favour.

JAMES WILLOX.

Frederickton, 23d May, 1821.

TO BE SOLD

At Public Auction, on Wednesday 20th June next, at 12 o'clock at noon, EFFECTS of the late JAMES FRENCH, of Nasliwack, deceased, consisting of Horses, Cows, Young Stock, and Sheep. A Credit of three Months will be given to those who purchase Ten Pounds or upwards on their giving approved security, and a Discount of 5 per Cent. for Cash.

ARCHD. M-LEAN, Adm'r.
CHARIFY FRENCH, Adm'r.
8th May, 1821.

FREDERICTON, (N. B.)

14TH JUNE, 1821.

(P.S. to the Gazette.)

An ACT to extend the provisions of an Act, intituled "An Act to regulate the Herring Fisheries in the Parishes of West-Isles, Campo Bello, Pennfield, and Saint George, in the County of Charlotte," to the Parish of Grand-Manan.

Passed the 20th of March, 1821.

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend the benefits of an Act, made and passed in the fifth-ninth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to regulate the Herring Fisheries in the Parishes of West-Isles, Campo Bello, Pennfield, and Saint George, in the County of Charlotte," to the Parish of Grand-Manan, in the said County—

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council, and Assembly, That all and every of the provisions contained in the above recited Act, intituled "An Act to regulate the Herring Fisheries in the Parishes of West-Isles, Campo Bello, Pennfield, and Saint George," shall from and after the passing of this Act, extend to the Parish of Grand-Manan, in the said County of Charlotte."

An ACT in addition to and amendment of an Act, intituled "An Act to provide for sick and disabled Seamen, not being Paupers, belonging to the Province."

Passed the 20th of March, 1821.

WHEREAS in the Act made and passed in the sixteenth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to provide for sick and disabled Seamen, not being Paupers, belonging to the Province," no provision is made for the recovery of the duty therein imposed—

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council, and Assembly, That upon neglect or refusal of payment, in any instance, of the duty of one penny per ton, imposed by the first section of the said herein before recited Act, upon every ship or vessel that shall arrive at any port or place within this Province, and such neglect or refusal being proved upon oath, before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, or City and County, where such ship or vessel shall arrive, the same shall be levied by warrant of distress and sale of the guns, boats, tackle and apparel, and furniture of such ship or vessel, under the hand and seal of such Justice, directed to any Sheriff or Constable of such County, or City and County, or Marshal of the City of Saint John; rendering the overplus, if any, after deducting the costs and charges of distress and sale, to the Master or person having the command of such ship or vessel.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case there shall be any overplus of such duty that may be levied and collected at any one port or place, by virtue of the said Act, in any one year, after the expenditure of so much thereof as may be necessary for the benefit and relief of sick and disabled Seamen at such port or place, it shall and may be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief of the Province for the time being, by and with the advice and consent of His Majesty's Council, to order and direct the payment of such overplus, or so much thereof as may be necessary for that purpose, to the Overseers of the Poor of any other port or place where there may be a deficiency of such monies collected at such other port or place to provide for the relief of sick and disabled Seamen there, upon such deficiency being made to appear to the satisfaction of the said Lieutenant-Governor or Commander in Chief for the time being, and His Majesty's Council.

An ACT in addition to the several Acts now in force for regulating the inspection of fish for home consumption.

Passed the 20th of March, 1821.

WHEREAS the provisions of an Act made and passed in the fifth year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulating the inspection of fish for home consumption," and of the Act, intituled "An Act in addition to and amendment of an Act, intituled "an Act for regulating the inspection of fish for home consumption," have been found ineffectual—

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Council, and Assembly, That any person offering for sale any pickled fish not previously inspected and marked by an Inspector of fish, duly appointed and qualified, shall upon due conviction thereof, by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, before any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County where such offence shall be committed, forfeit each and every barrel of fish so offered for sale not inspected and marked as aforesaid; one half thereof to be given to the Informer, and the other half to the Overseers of the Poor of the Town or Parish where such offence shall be committed, to be applied to the use of the Poor.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be, and is hereby declared to be in force and effect for and during the continuance of the herein before recited Acts, and no longer.

Part of the 81st regiment has arrived from Cork in two transports to replace the 15th, which is ordered home. His Excellency Sir James Kempt is colonel of the 81st. and therefore its being stationed here will be a very acceptable arrangement. Its character, while on the continent stood high; and under the immediate inspection of Sir James it will no doubt visibly improve in point of discipline and effectiveness.—Halifax Recorder.

It is said that the following Military arrangements are about to take place—the 74th to go to Halifax—the 64th to be sent to this Province—and the 60th to Bermuda, to relieve the 15th. The 81st Regt. of which His Excellency Sir James Kempt is Colonel, has arrived at Halifax.—ST. A.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Vestry of Christ Church, held at the Vestry Room at Fredericton, on the 8th day of June 1821.

RESOLVED,

THAT for the future the Wardens or one of them, do attend on the 24th day of June, and December following, they not happening on Sunday, if so the day following, at the Vestry Room, between the hours of 11 and 3 o'clock, to receive the Pew-rents, and those that remain unpaid one month after either of those dates, that the Pew or Pews be forfeited to the Church, and that the Wardens do proceed without delay to sell the same to the highest bidder—and likewise Resolved, that the Wardens do proceed against those that are in the arrears for land rent.

Fredericton, 11th June 1821.

NOTICE.

ALL those who are indebted to the Subscriber are once more requested to settle their accounts, or he will be constrained to proceed against them.

JEDEDIAH SLASON.

Fredericton, 9th June, 1821.

For Sale at the Female Madras School, Fredericton.

Forty-Eight Pocket Bibles, of a very neat (Edinburgh) edition; Forty-eight Hieroglyphic Bibles, of a new edition; Forty-eight Scripture helps All to be sold on very reasonable terms. 11th June 1821.

Wool Carding.

THE Subscriber respectfully returns thanks to the Public for their past custom, hoping by a strict attention to his business, and his reduced price, will merit the continuance of their favour.

RICHARD C. ROGER'S,

By H. ESTY.

N. B. Price for Carding if Wool is prepared before it comes to the Machine 6d, if prepared and oiled at the Machine 8d, persons who favor him with their Custom, can leave it with Mr. Bryan Brady at the Market-House in Fredericton, where it will be taken to the Machine and returned free from expence.

Any Person having rolls in the Machine of last year's Carding, are requested to call and settle for them, and take them away before the 20th of June next, or they will be sold at Public Auction to satisfy for Carding.

St. Mary's, 28th May, 1821.

H. A. HART,

INFORMS the Inhabitants of Fredericton and Vicinity, that he keeps on hand a constant supply of Leather, at his Shop in Water Street, (sign of the Black Boot) and at his Tan-Yard in the Lower cove, and that they can be supplied with sole Leather at one shilling and six pence per pound; upper Leather in the same proportion—freight free. Saint John, 2d June 1821.

NEW GOODS.

MARK NEEDHAM, has just received by the Ann Grant, from Clyde, and Sophia, from London, a supply of GOODS suitable for the Season:—Among which are Teas, Porter, Cheese, Soap, Candles, Loaf Sugars, (best Cogniac Brandy) W. I. Madeira, (Port and White Wines) Geneva, London Paints and Oil, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. fine Nails, &c. which will be sold low for Cash.

ALSO,

A few Barrels PORK, on Consignment. * * Persons that have not paid their Accounts for Supplies, to 30th December last, he cannot extend Credit to, until those accounts are paid.

Fredericton, 22d May, 1821.

JUST received per the Ann Grant, from Greenock, an assortment of GOODS, which will be sold low for Cash.

Those persons indebted to the Subscriber to the 24th December last, (and who since have paid no part of the balances due at that time) are requested to settle their accounts without delay—And they will be pleased to take notice, that it will not be in his power to supply them with any more Goods, until their respective balances are fully discharged.

P. FRASER.

Fredericton, May 22, 1821.

ALL persons having any just demands against the Estate of WILLIAM M'CULLAM, Pilot of Miramichi, deceased, are hereby requested to present the same duly attested, within eighteen calendar months from the date hereof; and those indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment.

CHARITY M'CULLAM, Adm'r.

HENRY M'CULLAM, } Administrators

JOHN NESMITH, }

Miramichi 1st June, 1821.

NOTICE.

FOR Sale at Auction, on the 1st of July next, at the Market House in Fredericton, 150 Tons of white Pine Timber, in the rear of the Keswick Grant, being forfeited to his Majesty.

1st May, 1821.

NOTICE.

FOR SALE, a Pew on the lower flat of the Baptist Meeting House,—inquire at this Office.

Fredericton, 5th June, 1821.