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THE
NEW BRUNSWICK
MUSEUM

On motion of Mr. Peters, Resolved that a Committee be appointed, to consist of one Member from each County, to inquire and report what further sums are necessary for the improvement of the Roads and Bridges throughout the Province.

Mr. Fraser, Mr. Munro, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Miles, Mr. Wetmore, Mr. Scovil, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Johnston, were appointed a Committee for that purpose.

On motion of Mr. Fraser, Resolved that a Committee be appointed to inquire and report what Rivers in the Province require the attention of the Legislature, and by what means the navigation of the same may be improved.

Mr. Simonds, Mr. Crandal, Mr. W. Peters, Mr. Perley, Mr. Allen, Mr. Munro, Mr. M. Kay, Mr. Vail, were appointed a Committee for that purpose.

Mr. Campbell obtained leave to bring in a bill, "for the better extinguishing of Fires which may happen in the Towns of Fredericton and St. Andrews."

On motion of Mr. Johnston, Resolved that the House do on Tuesday next, resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, on consideration of supplies to be granted for the Public Service.

On motion of Mr. Allen, Resolved that a Committee be appointed to inquire what steps have been taken towards the recovery of the sums voted in 1817, to relieve the necessities of the Poor in the several Counties in this Province, and to report thereon by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Allen, Mr. Clarke, Mr. Stubs, were appointed a Committee for that purpose.

Friday, 2d February.

Mr. Clarke obtained leave to bring in a bill, "to provide for the erecting and support of a Light-House on the Western Seal Island, in the Bay of Fundy."

Saturday, 3d February.

On motion of Mr. Chipman, Resolved that the Portrait of Lord Sheffield, instead of being restored to its former place over the Speaker's Chair, as directed in the resolution of Wednesday last, be placed in such other part of the House as the Speaker may direct.

A Message from His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, as follows:

"NEW-BRUNSWICK."

"Message to the House of Assembly, 1st February, 1821."

"G. S. SMYTH."
"The Lieutenant-Governor directs to be laid before the House of Assembly, a copy of a Letter from Earl Bathurst, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in answer to the Address of the Council and Assembly, transmitted at their request."

"G. S. SMYTH."
The Copy of the Letter referred to in His Excellency's Message, is as follows:

(COPY.)

"Downing-Street, 1st May, 1820."
"SIR,
"I have received and laid before The KING, your Letter of the 2d March last, transmitting an Address from the Council and Assembly of the Province of New-Brunswick; and I am commended to acquaint you, that His MAJESTY received with great satisfaction the expression of sentiments so congenial to the principles of Loyalty and Religion, which have always distinguished the Inhabitants of New-Brunswick."

"I have the honor to be,
"SIR,
"Your most obedient humble Servant.
(Signed) "BATHURST."
"Lieutenant-Governor SMYTH."

Dy. Assistant Commissary-General's Office, Fredericton, 29th January, 1821.

IF the undermentioned PENSIONERS, or any of them, are residing in this Province, they are requested to make personal application at this, or the Commissariat Office at St. John, in order that they may be identified prior to an application being made for an authority for paying them:—

John Hazen, Fencibles. James Barnard, do. Timothy M'Carthy, do. Thomas Mall, do. John Samples, 7th Vet. Bat. James Anderly, 7th Foot. John Smith, N. S. Fen. Fredk. Dimpler, 104th Ft. Richard Smith, do. do. James Fraser, 71st Ft. Thomas Hogg, 23d Ft. John Boyle, 98th Ft. Patrick Dargan, do. do. Wm. Hamilton, 28th Ft.

FREDERICTON, (N.B.)

6TH FEBRUARY, 1821.

Emigrant Society's Office, 1821, 2, 6.

AT the monthly meeting of the EMIGRANT SOCIETY, the accounts were audited and disbursed, and the Treasurer requested to collect the subscriptions.

It was also ordered, That a list of the members of the Society be published.

Visitors for February.

The Hon. the ATTORNEY GENERAL, MR. PETER FISHER.

We are credibly informed that several members of the Legislature have it in contemplation to propose that Friday shall be set apart for the purpose of holding a Market in Fredericton for the future.

Exported from Quebec in 1820, 319048 bushels of wheat; 109 casks Indian meal; 213 casks and 1538 bushels Indian corn; 45369 barrels flour, and 8732 cwt. biscuit.

ADDRESS

Of the House of Assembly in answer to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor's Speech.

"To His Excellency Major General GEORGE STRACEY SMYTH, Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c."

"The Humble Address of the House of Assembly."

"May it please your Excellency,
"The inhabitants of the Province of New-Brunswick were moved with sensations of truly filial sorrow, at the death of our late revered Monarch, GEORGE the THIRD, whose long and glorious reign is rendered peculiarly memorable to us, by that parental care and Royal Munificence which first established this asylum for suffering loyalty, and reared it to its present state of prosperity and happiness; and we have full and well-grounded hope and expectation, that the reign of our present Most Gracious Sovereign, will tend equally, with that of his lamented Father, to promote the welfare of his own subjects, and the security and independence of Europe."

"We unite with your Excellency in devout and grateful thanks to the gracious Providence which has afforded us the blessing of another bountiful Season, and has so amply rewarded the industry of the people. We learn with great satisfaction, that the several Institutions which have been established and fostered by the Legislature, for the promotion of Agriculture, for the settlement of the Country, and for the diffusion of Knowledge among all classes of its inhabitants, have been attended with effects so beneficial; and we beg leave to assure your Excellency that, these and all other objects that have a tendency to promote the improvement and welfare of the Country will continue to receive our unremitting care and attention."

"We thank your Excellency for your suggestion with regard to the Militia Law, on which we shall bestow our early and serious consideration."

"We also thank your Excellency for directing the Treasurer's Accounts with all other necessary information we may require, to be laid before us; and we are happy to learn, that as the Revenue of the last year falls short only of the uncommon amount of the one immediately preceding, the Treasury may still be considered in a flourishing condition."

"We are duly sensible of the importance of the point of appropriation to which your Excellency has been pleased particularly to advert. We trust that such provisions will be made in this regard, as, being wise and expedient in themselves, will therefore meet with the approbation of the Country, and receive your Excellency's assent."

"Notwithstanding the revolutions which are in progress on the Continent of Europe, and the occasional turbulence in the Mother Country, we still cherish, with your Excellency, the fervent hope and expectation, that the sacred Constitution which has hitherto preserved the realm in all its dangers, and is now the model for imitation to surrounding nations, will remain unshaken, and still dispense to the children it has reared, the full measure of its blessings and protection."

Legislative Council, 5th Feb. 1821.

His Excellency the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR came this day to the Council Chamber, when His Majesty's Council presented the following ADDRESS:

To His Excellency Major-General GEORGE STRACEY SMYTH, Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New-Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.

The Humble Address of His Majesty's Council in General Assembly.

May it please your Excellency,

The official account received and communicated by your Excellency (since the prorogation of the late General Assembly) of the demise of the Crown, by the lamented death of his late Majesty KING GEORGE the THIRD, after a reign as unparalleled for its length as for its glory, and of the accession of our present most gracious Sovereign KING GEORGE the FOURTH, (the wisdom and vigor of whose Councils while Regent, and during the late eventful struggles in Europe, afford the surest confidence that His Reign, like that of His revered and beloved Sire, will be strongly marked with zeal for the prosperity and happiness of his subjects, and the peace and security of Europe) are viewed by the Council as communications of high import.

The Council unite with your Excellency in grateful thanks to a gracious and Divine Providence, for the bounties of the past season and for the general prosperity that has rewarded rural industry throughout the Province.

Your Excellency's recommendation for the further support of the several Institutions already established and fostered by the Legislature for the promotion of Agricultural improvement, the advancement and diffusion of Knowledge, and for the settlement of the Country, and all other objects promotive of the happiness and prosperity of this Province, will claim our early and anxious exertions for their further extension and future support.

The recommendation of your Excellency for a re consideration of the first clause of the Militia Act, shall have due attention.

We receive with no small share of anxiety and interest, your Excellency's communication of the state of Politics in the Old World, and your observation that a revolutionizing spirit prevails on the Continent of Europe, altho' without having as yet led to any act of extraordinary violence interruptive of the general peace.

We lament, with your Excellency, the disturbances in the Mother Country, and earnestly hope that they are now subsiding, and that Great Britain, which has held up to the world the best example in its form of government, may long enjoy its excellent Constitution in uninterrupted peace and prosperity.

To which His Excellency was pleased to return the following answer:—

GENTLEMEN,
I thank you for this Address, in which you have expressed your readiness to take into consideration those measures that I have recommended as well as others connected with the happiness and prosperity of the Province, and I place every dependence upon the wisdom of your councils.

SAINT JOHN, JAN. 27.
BOUNDARY LINE.

The following is an extract from the late Message of the Governor of Maine, to the Legislature of that State, now in Session at Portland.

"Considering the State as deeply interested in the settlement, as speedily as possible, of our boundaries, I immediately forwarded a copy of the resolve passed at the last Session of the Legislature, on that subject, to the President of the United States. The Secretary of State of the United States, transmitted a copy of the same to the American Commissioner, who, in reply 'gave reasonable ground of expectation, in the opinion of that officer, that a final decision of all points in controversy respecting those lines, would be made in Oct. last.' As the Commissioners were to have met at that time in New-York, and our Senators in Congress would pass through that place, they were requested to make such inquiries as the interests of this State seemed to require. Not finding the Commissioners in Session, but accidentally meeting the American Agent, they were informed by him, that he was ready to bring the discus-

sions to a close, but the British Agent would not attend. All reasonable hope of a speedy adjustment seems, therefore, to have vanished. I exceedingly regret that it is not in my power to give you a more satisfactory reason for this unexpected and extraordinary delay. In the mean time it rests with the Legislature to devise such measures as are best calculated to preserve the interests of the State, and protect it from a system of pillage countenanced by the claims of pretended title, and rendered doubly active by the wholesome provisions of our navigation laws."

After reading the above very extraordinary paragraph containing so injurious a reflection on the respectable person employed as His Majesty's Agent in this business, we were induced to make some inquiries on the subject, and we have good authority for stating that so far from those employed on the part of the American Government being ready to bring these discussions to a close, Surveyors are out at this inclement season of the year, acting under special instructions from the American Commissioner, given early in the month of November last, for the purpose of supplying deficiencies in the operations of their Surveyors in the former part of the season; and that one of their Surveyors having, when in the field in the early part of the year with a British Surveyor, expressly refused to perform one most important part of his duty in examining the sources of the main Connecticut River, the North Westernmost head of which is one of the points to be ascertained by the Commissioners, a further Survey in this quarter was rendered indispensably necessary, and was accordingly undertaken about the 1st of October at the instance of the British Agent, the American Commissioner upon a representation of the facts to him, having sent a Surveyor to assist in this service, and thus fully concurring in the propriety of the measure. This Survey, although conducted with uncommon expedition, was not completed till late in November. We are further informed that the Commissioners did not meet in New-York until the 23d of November, instead of the 23d of October, as at first proposed, and that after having made arrangements for bringing all the points at issue before them to a decision at their next meeting, they adjourned to meet in New-York again in the month of May next, in order to afford sufficient time for the Surveyors to prepare their reports and plans, and naming as early a day for the meeting as would render it practicable for the persons employed under the Commission with safety and convenience to repair to New-York from their different places of residence in the spring of the year. We deprecate the premature discussion of topics such as these, but when the conduct of men in public situations is thus unwarrantably arraigned in public official documents, upon partial and incorrect statements, made possibly with a view, on the part of the informant, to screen the servants of his Government from expected censure, we think it but just, that all the circumstances of the case should be made public.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against Lieut. & Adjutant FLOOD, of the 74th Regiment, are requested to present them within the space of ten days from this date, to Capt. SHORE, who will settle the same if found to be just.

Fredericton, 5th February, 1821.

NOTICE.

DROPT in the SURVEYOR-GENERAL'S Office, a few days since, a PROMISSORY NOTE, of £9:5. The owner may have the same, on applying at the Royal Gazette Office, and paying the expense of advertising.

Fredericton, 29th Jan. 1821.

FOR SALE,

THAT valuable building Lot between the Subscriber's House and that of Mr. PETER ANDERSON—measuring 33 feet front, with an extensive rear.

If the above is not sold previous to Wednesday the 2d day of May next, it will then be sold at Public Auction—payments made easy. For further particulars, enquire of the Subscriber.

GEO. MINCHIN.

Fredericton, 23d Jan. 1821.